MAJOR GENERAL CORBIN WILL MARSHAL PARADE AT WORLD'S FAIR DEDICATION.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, Feb. 15.—Major General Henry C. Corbin has agreed to marshal the great civic and military parade arranged for April 30 next as part of the first day's programme incident to the dedication of the buildings and grounds of the St. Louis World's Fair.

General Corbin's acceptance insures an imposing spectacle, and every effort will be made by those in charge to render the occasion one of the most interesting of its kind ever witnessed. The details suggested by General Corbin are most minute, and with a view to their successful issue the distinguished marshal has agreed with the Commissioners of the Exposition to meet them in St. Louis on March 7 for conference.

President Roosevelt and ex-President Cleveland will take part in the ceremonies, and every State in the Union will probably be represented in the pageant by its Governor and staff officers, and it is hoped to have every foreign ambassador in the United States present with members of the respective legations. Arrangements are already well in hand, with every prospect of securing full representation.

EVIL OF SPECULATION SUBJECT OF SERMONS

Pastors Draw Practical Lessons From Failure of Turf Investment Companies.

ONLY ONE FORM OF GAMBLING.

Persons Who Expected to Profit Largely at the Expense of Others Must Now Suffer.

In his sermon at Mount Auburn M. E. Church, South, yesterday morning, the Reverend Josephus Stephen attacked the gambling evil. He said the state of affairs exhibited in St. Louis last week was an indication of the tendency of the age to gain riches without work. He criticized the workings of the concerns and congratulated the city that they were exposed before more persons had lost money in them. Doctor Stephen said:

"Crimes of deepest dye in our municipal life have already revealed its loathsomeness and its danger. And now we see afresh the influence of the materialistic, money-grabbing philosophy of our age subtly permeating every department of life, and involving even the hard-working man, the woman and the child. 'They that will be rich' is descriptive of the disease. It means desire for riches, or avarice. 'The temptation and snare,' the source of so much unhappiness and crime and disorder in individual and social and national life, is not found in the making or the possession of money, but it is the love of it. 'The love of money,' says the same authority, 'is the root of all evil.'

CRAZE OF GAMBLING.

"The craze of gambling, from the winning of a prize in a so-called Christian home to the biggest turf and stock investment companies, is but a symptom of this deep-seated disease in our social life. There are forms of gambling which are readily condemned and sometimes prosecuted. But here are gigantic concerns, with their wildcat promoters, like a great octopus, existing on the simplicity and the credulity of the masses, as legitimate business enterprises. Multitudes, driven by poverty or the delusive and false promises of promoters and their agents, have put in their savings, only to be ensnared at last in the trap of failure and fraud. We need to see things as they really are, and recognize that gambling, wheresoever or by whomsoever is illegitimate and criminal, the legitimate child of our modern greed for gold.

"The speculator gives nothing to society in return for his winnings. He puts nothing into the 'deal' but wind and water and a hope of the future. One might just as well try to warm his house by blowing his breath against the bulb of his thermometer, as to claim to create values by booming stocks in market. This whole business of betting and the mere appreciation of values, so common with us, is absolutely wrong. Getting something without returning an equivalent is illegitimate, and ought not to be allowed, whatever the form. Technically it may be speculating in futures, but this whole thing is based on an imaginary foundation, on property which has no existence, save in the mind of the speculators.

"The effect of gambling, whatever the form, is to produce an abnormal excitement. It acts like a stimulant in the human system, adding no strength, but stimulating to a fictitious activity by deranging the normal conditions of supply and demand, often inflicting hardship on consumers, which it never permanently benefits. Personality it maddens and unsettles the mind. That youth which once enters its excitement will never be satisfied with, nor be of much use in the common business of life. He lives in a delirious world, in which all his faculties for honest, simple work are gradually destroyed.

RUINOUS TO MANHOOD.

"It is ruinous to manhood and to morals. To get money illegitimately saps the moral fiber. It creates social parasites. It destroys industry and discourages the wholesome discipline of steady and persistent effort. It produces unreliability. Agreeable and once honorable men have been led, by gambling, to lie to their business associates, their wives, their employers and to the courts. It is a school of dishonesty, and pollutes the moral sense, graduating from it petty thieves and prodigious ones. It makes men heartless. They suffer no qualm at others' losses nor the want brought on their loved ones by their vice. So great is the mania for gain that nothing is too sacred to gamble over. Sir Horace Walpole once said a man dropped dead in one of the clubhouses of London; upon being laid out the members of the club began immediately to bet as to whether he were dead or alive, and when it was proposed to test the matter by bleeding him, it was only hindered by the suggestion that it would be unfair to some of the players.

"Let us be thankful that we have officials whose consciences and spinal columns need no special strengthening by us, and who will faithfully do their duty in the present crisis. But let us not forget that, like other evils, a relentless war must be waged, and the sympathy and the cooperation of every good citizen is needed in the enforcing of the laws we have, and by encouraging the making of new laws that will more effectively do the work.

"I would warn the young men present of the danger of avarice, as it appeals to them in so many seductive forms in 'getting on' in the world. Seek no success that is not based on the decalogue and the golden rule. Let not your hands touch that which is not the result of legitimate work or trade. Be honest or die. Let character be the ambition of your life, the basis of all true success, rather than the mere getting of wealth.'"

EVIL LURKS IN EASY PROFITS.

Doctor Boyd Preaches Sermon Against "Get-Rich-Quick" Schemes.

So-called "get-rich-quick" investment companies were attacked from the pulpit of the Second Baptist Church last night by the Reverend Doctor Willard W. Boyd. The subject of his sermon was 'Get-Rich-Quick Gambling.' He spoke in particular of the concerns which have been exposed during the last week, but mentioned all games of chance, and condemned them in strong strong language. He said, in part:

"The pulpit has erred in not calling the attention of the people to these nefarious concerns and warning them against all gambling methods. I have sinned. But one doesn't like to be always appearing in the role of a critic. And to speak out now seems like locking the stable door after the horse has been stolen.

"Nevertheless, I want with all earnestness to warn you against quick methods of getting money. They all inevitably end, sooner or later, in failure. The only true method is the old conservative way of savings. And in our country every individual has the power to make savings, if he will, and almost as large as he will; and has the certainty that the savings when made, the wealth when accumulated, will immediately operate, in proportion to their amount, to raise the frugal person's position in life. Neither theoretically nor practically, in this country, is there any obstacle to any individual's becoming well-to-do, if he will; no obstacle, I say, except natural and inevitable ones, such as the unequal distribution of health, strength, and the faculties of the mind. Society interposes none, and none exist which society could remove. And ours is the only community on earth of which this can be said. Here are no castes, no aristocracy, except the aristocracy of brains and industry.

"Industry, economy, enterprise, let this be your rallying cry. Spend less than you earn. Put the balance into a good savings bank until the sum accumulated warrants a better investment. Then you are a capitalist and the result is, that he who began life as a common laborer drives about in his own carriage before its close. Do not let the great fortunes springing up like a mushroom, in a night, tempt you into some "get-rich-quick" scheme. The property which is rapidly gained is often quite as rapidly dissipated. Come to your climax slower; it will be more impressive and lasting.

"Shun all forms of gambling. Their gains, like apples of Sodom, will turn to ashes in the grasping. Be alert; be honest; be truthful; be diligent, and you shall stand before kings.

"This, above all: 'To thine own self be true, and it must follow, as the night the day, thou canst not then be false to any man.'"

BLOOD POISON

Bone Pains, Itching, Scabby Skin Diseases, Swellings, Carbuncles, Pimples, Scrofula

Permanently cured by taking Botanic Blood Balm. It destroys the active Poison in the blood. If you have aches and pains in bones, back and joints, Itching, Scabby Skin, Blood feels hot or thin, Swollen Glands, Blisters and Bumps on the Skin, Mucous Patches in Mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples or offensive eruptions, Copper Colored Spots or rash on Skin, all run down, or nervous, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, Carbuncles or Boils, Swelling in the Neck, take

Botanic Blood Balm, Guaranteed

to cure even the worst and most deep-seated cases where doctors, patent medicines and hot springs fail. Heals all sores, stops all aches and pains, reduces all swellings, makes blood pure and rich, completely changing the entire body into a clean, healthy condition. B.B.B. has cured thousands of cases of Blood Poison even after the disease has reached the last stages.

Old Rheumatism, Catarrh, Eczema

are caused by an awful Poisoned condition of the Blood. B.B.B. stops Hawking and Spitting, Itching and Scratching, Aches and Pains; cures Rheumatism, Catarrh; heals all Scabs, Scales, Eruptions, Watery Blisters, foul, festering Sores of Eczema, by giving a pure, healthy blood supply to affected parts.

Cancer Cured

Botanic Blood Balm Cures Cancers of all Kinds, Suppurating Swellings, Eating Sores, Tumors, Ugly Ulcers. It kills the Cancer Poison and heals the sores or worst cancer perfectly. If you have a persistent Pimple, Wart, Swellings, Shooting, Stinging Pains, take Blood Balm and they will disappear before they develop into Cancer. Many apparently hopeless cases of cancer cured by taking Botanic Blood Balm.

OUR GUARANTEE.
Buy a large bottle for $1 of any druggist, take as directed. Botanic Blood Balm (B.B.B.) always cures when the right quantity is taken. If not cured your money will promptly be refunded without argument. Blood Balm Co.

Botanic Blood Balm (B.B.B.) Is

Pleasant and safe to take. Thoroughly tested for 30 years. Composed of Pure Botanic Ingredients. Strengthens weak kidneys and weak stomachs, cures dyspepsia. Complete directions go with each bottle.

Sold in St. Louis by Lindell Drug Store, 6th and Washington ave. Call or write. Blood Balm sent by express.

VICTIM OF GUN EXPLOSION TO BE BURIED IN ST. LOUIS.

Body of Albert Tacke, Who Was Killed on Battleship Massachusetts, Will Arrive To-Day.

The body of Albert Stephen Tacke, who was killed on the battleship Massachusetts by the explosion of an 8-inch turret gun while at target practice off the Island of Culebra, near Porto Rico, on January 17, will arrive in St. Louis this morning from New York.

A telegram from A. S. Barker, commandant of the navy yard at Brooklyn, received yesterday morning, announced that the body had been shipped to St. Louis via the West Shore, Toledo and Kansas Railroad.

The funeral will take place from the home of his mother, Mrs. Mary Nagle, No. 2123 Miami street, on Thursday, at 2 o'clock. The service will take place at St. Mark's Church. The Reverend H. E. Ellts will conduct the service.

The first ship crew of the Naval Reserves of Missouri will attend the funeral. The pallbearers will be selected from boyhood friends. The interment will be made in St. Matthew's Cemetery.

Tacke was 25 years old. He had served in the navy four years. He entered the service shortly after the blowing up of the battleship Maine.

RAINS IN KENTUCKY.

Small Streams Overflow and Wash Away Bridges.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Owensboro, Ky., Feb. 15.—A steady rain has fallen since yesterday morning, and all the small streams are overflowing, with much danger to farm lands.

Several bridges have been washed away in the county. Although the Ohio is falling yet, Rough Pond and Green rivers are higher than they have ever been before. Much damage is reported in the way of lost logs and timber.

STORM RAGES IN OKLAHOMA.

Sleet, Rain and Snow Follow a Dense Fog.

Guthrie, Ok., Feb. 15.—The worst storm of the winter struck Oklahoma about midnight and has been raging with terrific fierceness ever since.

Sleet was followed to-day by a driving snowstorm, a cold norther accompanying. On account of their good condition, no damage to cattle or wheat is expected.

The rain was preceded by a dense fog, the only one known to present residents of the Territory.

Flurry of snowstorm as viewed from in front of The Republic office at Seventh and Olive streets, the elements beating against the Missouri Trust building.

PROTEST AGAINST SOCIAL EVIL BILL

Catholic and Protestant Congregations Voice Their Indignation in Mass Meetings.

STRONG RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED

St. Malachy's Pure Home Association Asks Representative Carr, Author of the Measure, to Resign.

Meetings were held yesterday afternoon throughout the Second Legislative District to protest against the social-evil bill introduced in the General Assembly of Missouri by W. P. Carr, the Representative of that district.

At all the meetings resolutions were adopted severely censuring the bill, and praying the Legislature not to pass it. At the meeting at St. Malachy's School Hall, Twenty-ninth street and Clark avenue, Mr. Carr was asked in unreserved language to resign his seat. The meeting at St. Mary's School Hall, Third and Gratiot streets, requested that Mr. Carr resign if he does not at once withdraw the bill.

Meetings were also called for by Lutheran Trinity congregation, Eighth street and Lafayette avenue; St. Paul's Evangelical Congregation, Ninth and Lafayette, and the Jesus Evangelical congregation, Twelfth and Victor streets.

The meeting at Twenty-ninth street and Clark avenue was under the auspices of the St. Malachy's Pure Home and Protective Association. It was presided over by M. J. Ryan, president. John C. Kenney was secretary.

The speakers were all opposed to the bill, which provides for the segregation of vice. None thought it practical, and said that even if assured that it could be successfully carried out, they were against recognition by law of the evil.

The Reverend Father Ziegler, in speaking on the resolutions, said: "For many years the Police Department has played 'checkers' with this question, and to-day, in various districts of our city, stand monuments of the former occupants—houses without tenants—without even a door or a window in them, and I might add that there is not enough water in the Mississippi River to cleanse them and make them fit for occupancy by even the lowest class of people. If the district now commonly accepted is abandoned no respectable family would reside there, and a black mark of infamy would still remain.

"If the Legislature should enact this bill, I say without fear of successful contradiction, that the news will be heralded throughout the world that St. Louis has a section in the city which is disreputable. The recognition of this evil is against all moral principals, and as God himself did not confine it to one locality, man cannot have supreme authority over it."

The following resolution was adopted:

As citizens of St. Louis we condemn such a measure in the strongest terms and hereby call upon the members of the General Assembly of Missouri to assist us in defeating the bill.

Further, as W. P. Carr claims to father the bill, No. 184, thus misrepresenting our interests at the capital he, the said W. P. Carr, should resign his seat in said Legislature.

The meeting called at St. Mark's Evangelical Church, Third and Soulard streets, did not take place because of the inclement weather. The pastor has drawn a set of resolutions, and the trustees of the church will sign them.

The meeting at St. Mary's School Hall was attended by representatives from that parish, the Annunciation, St. Peter and St. Paul's, St. Vincent de Paul's, and the South St. Louis Protective Association. The chairman was Joseph Balzerm and the secretary, G. L. Goetz. Vigorous speeches were made by the officers, Henry Mundt and Edward V. P. Schneiderhahn.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted.

Having been threatened in the past by measures presented to the General Assembly, by other indirect attempts and by many written suggestions made to the Police Board of St. Louis, all of which mentioned our district specifically, we protest against said bill in self-defense.

Further, we protest against said bill because it is an attempt to permit indirectly what is directly forbidden.

We protest against delivery to the Police Board of arbitrary and despotic powers.

We protest against sussender to said Police Board of legislative power permitting it at will to nullify the laws of Missouri relating to public morals and decency as to such portion of the territory of Missouri within the limits of St. Louis as it may select.

We protest against delivering to said Police Board the judicial power to inferentially brand, by their decree, a district as disreputable and notorious.

We protest against delivering to the Police Board the right of eminent domain, which it would vest by said inferentially exercise, without at the same time providing for compensation for property taken or injury done.

We protest against delivering to that body which is sworn and relied upon to enforce the law, the power to annul the law which it is called upon to enforce.

We protest against this terrible union of executive, legislative and judicial power in the Police Board, over which the citizens of St. Louis have no control whatever.

We protest against said bill as unconstitutional and illegal.

We protest against said bill as bad in principle and unchristian.

We must assume that the Honorable Mr. Carr, our Representative, when he introduced said bill, was uninformed of past attempts to segregate the moral offal of the entire community in the district which he now represents. Since said introduction he has been informed. We, therefore, request that he withdraw said bill. But if he does not, in such an event he fails to represent the wishes and the interest of the district he represents. In such an event we repudiate his representation and call upon him to resign his seat in the House of Representatives.

We demand that our other Representatives, Messrs. Luic and Tichacek, present this protest to the honorable House of Representatives. A copy hereof is to be sent to Representative Carr.

RETURNS TO THE CAPITAL.

Appropriations Committee Ascertains Needs of State Fair.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Sedalia, Mo., Feb. 15.—H. H. Weaver, chairman of the Appropriations Committee and other members of the Appropriation Committee of the Missouri Legislature, who have been here to ascertain the needs of the Missouri State Fair, returned this afternoon to Jefferson City. They have visited the State Fair Grounds and had a conference with members of the State Fair Board and prominent citizens. Last night the visitors were dined at Robinson's Hotel.

COLD WAVE FROM THE NORTHWEST CHECKS ST. LOUIS SNOWSTORM.

Continued From Page One.

Very few telephones were working in the county yesterday, as nearly all the wires were down. On account of the continuity of the storm, no attempt was made to repair them.

EAST SIDE TRAFFIC DELAYED.

Steam and Electric Roads Temporarily Tied Up by the Storm.

The sleet and snow storm on the East Side yesterday affected railroads and street-car lines. Railroad trains were from an hour to two hours late in getting into East St. Louis in the evening and the street-car service was interfered with by the heavy coating of ice on the wires and the tracks.

The heavy drifts of snow and ice kept the trackmen busy all afternoon and evening.

ILLINOIS IN BLIZZARD'S GRASP.

Heavy Snow Cripples Traffic Throughout the State.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 15.—Springfield is in the grasp of a blizzard. It is the severest storm of the winter.

Snow has been falling continuously for twenty-four hours, and a high velocity of wind prevails. The predictions are that the temperature will fall twenty degrees by Monday morning.

The snow seriously crippled the street-car service from noon until the cars were sent to the barns to-night. Long before daylight this morning the car company put out its snowplows and a force of men to get the snow off the tracks. Quite as fast as the snow was removed it drifted back and covered the rails. In the afternoon, cars passed over some of the lines only once in an hour, and on several lines no attempt was made to operate.

Fearing a continuance of the heavy fall of snow the various railroads entering Springfield commenced preparations this evening to clear their tracks by setting all the available snowplows to work. All the dispatchers agreed that if the storm continues the roads will have serious difficulty in keeping their trains moving, and, fearing blockades and snow-bound trains, they have set to work to offset these conditions.

The various passenger trains through Springfield were from thirty minutes to several hours late.

STORM THROUGHOUT MISSOURI.

Heaviest Snowfall of Season in Western Part of State.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 15.—The heaviest snowfall of the season in Western Missouri prevailed to-day. It covers the ground in Kansas City to a depth of seven inches.

Through trains are generally late, and street-car traffic in this city was hampered somewhat. The telegraph and telephone companies suffered slight damage.

The lowest temperature was 12 degrees above zero at 6 o'clock to-night, when the prospects were for moderating weather.

DAMAGE TO FRUIT TREES.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Sullivan, Mo., Feb. 15.—A severe storm has prevailed since yesterday. There is a heavy coat of ice on everything, breaking limbs from the trees. Four inches of sleet covers the ground and a fine snow is falling, with high north wind. If the cold increases many of the fruit buds will be killed by the coating of ice. Unsheltered stock are suffering greatly and weaklings will perish.

COAL FAMINE IMMINENT.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Golden City, Mo., Feb. 15.—The sleet, which fell yesterday, has been succeeded by a howling blizzard, which has raged all day. The ground is covered and the snow is drifting badly. Owing to impassable roads a coal famine is imminent.

SNOW A FOOT DEEP.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Warrensburg, Mo., Feb. 15.—The work snowstorm in years has been raging since Saturday. The snow is about one foot deep and badly drifted. Many roads are impassible.

SNOW DRIFTING BADLY.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Monroe City, Mo., Feb. 15.—A snowstorm has been raging for twenty-four hours. About nine inches of snow has fallen and it is now drifting badly.

TEMPERATURE DROPS 40 DEGREES.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Shelbina, Mo., Feb. 15.—The most severe blizzard of the winter came yesterday and is still raging. Nearly eight inches of snow has fallen and the temperature has fallen forty degrees. A cutting north wind is drifting the snow and section men are ordered out to watch the railroad track.

ALL TRAINS DELAYED.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Moberly, Mo., Feb. 15.—Snow has fallen continuously since 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. It is now ten to twelve inches deep. Passenger trains are delayed from one to two hours. Walking and driving are difficult on account of the heavy drifts.

RAIN AT NEW MADRID.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New Madrid, Mo., Feb. 15.—Rain has continued for twenty-four hours. The river rose six inches in twenty-four hours and is still rising. The gauge is 33.58 feet, eight feet below high-water mark of 1884. If rain is general the extreme high-water mark is expected. The lowlands north of here are now under water.

SNOW EIGHTEEN INCHES DEEP.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Sedalia, Mo., Feb. 15.—During the last twelve hours the heaviest snow of the winter has fallen. It is still snowing and the snow is from eighteen inches deep on the level to three feet in drifts. Trains on all roads are running behind schedule time.

BLIZZARD AT HERMANN.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Hermann, Mo., Feb. 15.—A blizzard struck here to-day, covering the ground with about five inches of snow, which will be a great benefit for the wheat and fruit.

INTERFERES WITH TRAFFIC.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Marshall, Mo., Feb. 15.—A snowstorm raged here last night and to-day. The snow is ten inches deep and still falling, drifting badly. Traffic greatly interfered with.

SUFFERING AMONG STOCK.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Neosho, Mo., Feb. 15.—The worst snow in years is prevailing here. It sleeted heavily yesterday and last night, and snow fell today. It is about four inches deep, drifting with the high wind. Considerable damage was done to wires and orchards. There is much suffering among stock.

TELEPHONE WIRES DOWN.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Monett, Mo., Feb. 15.—For twenty-four hours a regular northwester has been blowing throughout Barry County. The snow and sleet have done considerable damage to telephone traffic. It is the worst storm of the winter.

RIVER REACHES DANGER LINE.

Paducah Rivermen Fear Another Flood if River Continues.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Paducah, Ky., Feb. 15.—Indications point to another flood. The river reached the danger line, 40 feet, to-day and has commenced to rise rapidly. The rain which set in at 8 o'clock last night was continuous until 6 o'clock to-night, when it turned to sleet.

At 10 p. m. the streets were covered with ice and street-car traffic was abandoned.

The Tennessee and Cumberland rivers are out of their banks and much of the country along those streams is under water. Boats are experiencing difficulty landing here, as there is scarcely any wharf room. The wind is upstream to-night and the river rough. The Harry Brown, with thirty barges of coal, had to tie up above here. The rainfall is 1 3-4 inches.

CATTLEMEN WILL SUFFER.

Sleetstorm Injures Stock in Indian Territory.

Ardmore, I. T., Feb. 15.—One of the worst sleetstorms in years prevails throughout this section of the Indian Territory.

The storm began late last night, with a decided fall in temperature, following the heavy rains of the last few days.

Everything in this part of the Territory was covered with ice and it is believed cattlemen will suffer the loss of much stock.

An Efficient Remedy.

EUPEPSIA TABLETS will cure long-standing cases of indigestion and restore the stomach to a healthy condition. At all druggists for 50c. Money refunded if they fail. Send for book, "Treatise on Stomach" troubles and three days' treatment, both of which will be mailed free of cost. Eupepsia Chemical Co., 323 Clark avenue, St. Louis, Mo.—Adv.

ARNOLD'S CONFIDENTIAL CLERK WILL APPEAR BEFORE GRAND JURY.

Continued From Page One.

country, and the police of other cities requested to be on the lookout for them.

It is now believed by employes of the Arnold Company and attaches of the St. Nicholas Hotel that Gill A. Lumkin and Lumpkin A. Gill are one and the same person.

A signature of "G. A. Lumpkin" was yesterday identified as Gill's handwriting. The initials "G. A. L." in Lumpkin's signature are said to be identical with the intials "L. A. G." in Gill's signautre. Persons who knew Gill's handwriting stated that it was not different from that contained in the signature of G. A. Lumpkin.

GAVE BIG ORDERS FOR STATIONERY.

Only half has been told about the reckless expenditure of depositors' money. According to statements made by employes, Arnold & Co. ordered more stationery and printing than any railroad office.

Circulars, pamphlets, and letters were ordered by the millions, to say nothing of embossed letter heads, envelopes, checkbook and certificates of deposit. Everything was of the finest. It is estimated that the company's expense for printing amounted to between $10,000 and $15,000 a month.

Some idea of the loose methods of the company's business system may be gleaned from the fact that deposits were not always acknowledged when received. Nearly every Sunday the girls had to work in order that all deposits might be acknowledged on Monday.

WERE ARNOLD AND GILL KNOWN UNDER ALIASES?

Former, Known as E. J. Davis, Said to Have Operated a Cheap Book in Pool Alley.

That E. J. Arnold and his St. Louis manager, L. A. Gill, were known by assumed names seems certain, according to statements made by those who knew the men for many years.

Many declare that they knew Arnold as E. J. Davis when he was operating a 25-cent book in pool alley fifteen years ago. Others say that Gill was known as G. A. Lumpkin in Kansas City and New York.

Prior to 1899 a man named G. A. Lumpkin conducted a grain commission company of the "get-rich-quick" order at Kansas City. Many have been found who declare they were surprised to see him traveling under an alias in St. Louis.

Several years ago, under the name of G. A. Lumpkin, Gill, it is said, conducted a bucket shop on Broadway, New York City, but, as he was a "good fellow," those who knew him did not care to question his real identity.

It is now thought that both Arnold and Gill are on their way for foreign parts, where, it is alleged, much of the money has been invested in foreign exchange.

Gill paid his bill at the St. Nicholas Hotel last Thursday night. He had lived at that hostelry, it is said, for the last two years.

He had several trunks in his room, which he had removed with as much secrecy as possible. He was aided, it is said, to make a quiet exit by the employes, who looked upon him as a "Prince," and who would do almost anything for him on account of his kindness to them.

The crowds that thronged the office of the Arnold Coompany in the Benoist building for several days after the crash have evidently become resigned to their loss. Only an occasional straggler appeared Saturday before Patrolman P. J. McKye, who has charge of the deserted offices during the course of the Grand Jury investigation.

You need not fear alkali or other injurious ingredients if you use Ivory Soap.

99 44/100 Per Cent. Pure.

DEATH RESULTS FROM TRIVIAL ACCIDENT

W. H. Glassmeyer Succumbs to Blood Poisoning, Superinduced by Injury to Toe.

STUMBLED ON CHURCH STEPS.

Slight Bruise Which Appeared Was Neglected Until Too Late for Medical Skill to Save His Life.

One of the most trivial accidents, the stubbing of a great toe, caused the death of William H. Glassmeyer of 3805 Page avenue, a modern giant and one of the best-known butchers in St. Louis.

His death was caused by blood poisoning which was superinduced by what he thought a trivial hurt, and which he neglected to attend to until too late.

Hale and hearty, Glassmeyer left his home Christmas morning to attend 5 o'clock mass at the Rock Church. As he ascended the steps of the edifice he kicked his foot between the top of one of the stairs and the weather boarding with which it was covered. He was about to fall, but was caught by several persons who were entering the church at the time.

The accident bruised the great toe of the right foot considerably, but as it did not inconvenience Mr. Glassmeyer at the time the matter almost slipped from his mind. Several days afterwards the foot began to worry him, but he concluded that it would be all right in a few days.

Instead of getting better the foot gradually got worse, and it was not until the toe began to swell that he became alarmed and called in a physician.

It was found necessary to lance the injured member, and Glassmeyer was forced to go to bed. The physicians told him they were afraid blood poisoning would ensue. Several days later their fears were confirmed.

All the skill known to modern medical science was used to prevent the spread of the dreaded disease, but without avail.

It crept by degrees to the heart, and finally dropsy set in. Early yesterday his condition became so serious that it was deemed advisable to summon the parish priest, who administered the last rites of the Catholic Church. At 10 o'clock the unfortunate man died, surrounded by his family.

Mr. Glassmeyer was 59 years old. He had a butcher shop at No. 3174 Easton avenue. He had been engaged in the business in St. Louis thirty-five years.

At one time he was the proprietor of three shops. Then he controlled most of the trade of the West End. He was born at York, Pennsylvania. He was one of the best known in his line of business from the fact that he was the first president of the St. Louis Butchers' Union. At their first picnic and barbecue, fifteen years ago, he won a silver tea service as the most popular butcher in the city.

For many years he was known as the biggest butcher in St. Louis. He was a giant in stature, measuring slightly over 6 feet, and at one time weighed 310 pounds. At the time of his death he weighed 245 pounds. Although very large, he was extremely active, and many remember him as the big butcher who generally won the fat men's races at the annual butchers' barbecue.

Besides his wife, Mr. Glassmeyer leaves two sons and two daughters, William J., Hester B., Ida M. and Mrs. William H. Hoppe.

The funeral will take place from the family residence to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock, to St. Alphonsus (Rock) Church, Grand and Finney avenues. The burial will be in Calvary Cemetery.

The pallbearers will be selected from the members of St. Louis Council, No. 1, Knights of Father Mathew, of which Mr. Glassmeyer was an active worker.

MOLASSES SMEARS THE DEBRIS

Thousand Gallons Spilled in a Freight Wreck at Waterloo.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Waterloo, Ill., Feb. 15.—One thousand gallons of molasses were poured out over the debris of a freight wreck near here early this morning.

A broken flange of a car wheel caused eight cars of a northbound M. & O. train to be demolished. Six of them were loaded with lumber and two of them were tank cars filled with sirup.

The molasses ran out over the wreckage and down into a creek near by. Farmers for miles around brought vessels in which they carried away many gallons.

The track was torn up for 200 yards. The train crew and five tramps who were stealing a ride had a narrow escape from death.

The passenger and express from St. Louis was obliged to go around by Belleville over the Illinois Central tracks. On account of the molasses it is a very difficult wreck to clear away.

Hundreds of persons visited the scene of the wreck and many children ate molasses until they were sick.

FOUND FROZEN TO DEATH.

Battleford, N. W. T., Feb. 15.—Engineer Vance of the Canadian Pacific exploration party on the new line to Edmonton has been found frozen to death near Lizard Lake, where he was exploring.

He had sent his driver ahead with instructions to prepare a camp, and was following on snow shoes. He did not reach camp and a searching party found his body frozen stiff. The weather was bitterly cold, the thermometer registering 38 below zero.

ICY PLUNGE FATAL FOR DUCK HUNTER

Theodore Thompson of Belleville, Ill., Escaped Drowning to Die From Shock.

BOAT CAPSIZED IN OKAW RIVER.

Companion Found the Body Leaning Against a Willow on an Island Where Harbor Was Sought.

Shocked by an icy plunge, received by the capsizing of a hunting boat in the Okaw River, near Posey, Ill., yesterday, Theodore Thompson of Belleville, Ill., lived only long enough to reach the shore of an island in the middle of the stream, where his body was later found by Rudolph Serth, his companion, leaning against a willow, with the skiff only a few feet away.

Thompson and Rudolph Serth of Lenzburg departed Saturday night for a duck hunt on the Okaw River. It has been the custom for many of the hunters to take their boats to Posey, on the Southern Railroad, and then float down the river to New Athens, and come back by way of the Illinois Central Railroad. The drift down the Okaw River is about thirty miles.

TRIPPED BY FERRY CABLE.

In Thompson's boat, which they put in the river at Posey yesterday morning, they drifted to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad trestle, just below Savage Lake, when, in passing under two wire cables used for ferrying at that point, the boat was capsized.

According to Serth, in passing beneath the first cable Thompson's hat was knocked off. This caused him to throw up his hands in passing beneath the second cable. His hands caught the rope and the force swung the boat around and capsized it.

Serth and Thompson were both excellent swimmers. Serth swam for the cable and Thompson made for the boat, which he righted and into which he climbed. The oars and the guns were lost, and as the current is very swift there, Thompson guided the boat into a clump of willows.

Meanwhile, Serth pulled himself, hand-over-hand, to the shore. He then located Thompson, who was leaning against a willow tree on the island. He cried to Thompson to stay there until he got help from a farmhouse only a few hundred yards away, and Thompson said, "All right."

Serth returned in about half an hour with several farmers, and they called to Thompson. He made no reply, and when the farmers rowed to where his boat was lodged between the willows they discovered that he was dead.

His body was quickly taken to the shore, where artificial respiration was tried and restoratives were forced between his lips in a vain effort to revive him.

THOMPSON'S FAMILY INFORMED.

Thompson's body was taken to Carlyle, Ill., from which place Serth telephoned to Belleville, telling his relatives of the accident. Serth then boarded the train for East St. Louis and arrived in Belleville last evening.

Cyrus Thompson, the young man's father, and William, his brother, departed for Carlyle last evening. The body will be brought to Belleville this morning or as soon as possible after the inquest.

Thompson was 29 years old and one of the most popular young men of Belleville. He was a Yale graduate and was associated with his father, Cyrus W. Thompson, in the Harrison Machine Works of Belleville. He was an athlete of local prominence and had a reputation as a hunter and fisherman.

BARBERS INDORSE SENATE LICENSE AMENDMENT BILL.

Present Law Discriminates Against the Smaller Towns and More Expert Tonsorialists.

A mass meeting of the barbers of St. Louis was held in Walhalla Hall, Tenth street and Franklin avenue, yesterday afternoon to indorse the bill pending in the State Senate amending the barbers' license law.

The law as it now stands provides that in every city or town of 5,000 inhabitants or more, no barber is allowed to work at his trade unless he has a license, issued after he has passed an examination held by a State Board of Examiners. The amendment would make the law applicable to the whole State.

C. W. Frazee acted as chairman of the meeting. M. E. Murray, editor of the Professional Barber, a paper devoted to the interests of the trade, delivered an address. He said that much good would result to the trade by the adoption of the amendment, as the standard of the trade would be raised.

He said when the law is applied to one portion of the country and not to another, barbers who cannot pass the examination locate where the law does not apply. This affects not only the more expert barbers, but also the public.

He was followed by other speakers, who spoke in the same strain. The sense of the meeting was in favor of the movement and that barbers of the better class should do all in their power to aid in having the amendment passed.

The Incumbent.

Mrs. Browne: "You are president of your Sunshine Society, aren't you?"

Mrs. Malaprop: "Yes. I'm the present incumbrance."—Philadelphia Press.

Married Women

Every woman covets a shapely, pretty figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is often destructive to the mother's shapeliness. All of this can be avoided, however, by the use of **Mother's Friend** before baby comes, as this great liniment always prepares the body for the strain upon it, and preserves the symmetry of her form. **Mother's Friend** overcomes all the danger of child-birth, and carries the expectant mother safely through this critical period without pain. It is woman's greatest blessing. Thousands gratefully tell of the benefit and relief derived from the use of this wonderful remedy. Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per bottle. Our little book, telling all about this liniment, will be sent free.

Mother's Friend

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.