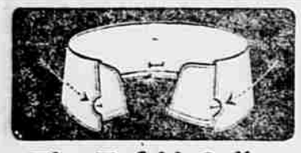
TO-DAY!

TRY

Works better with water than other brands do with milk.

10c the pound.

—MADE BY—
LAYTON PURE FOOD CO.
EAST ST. LOUIS, ILL.



The Tyfold Collar

The picture shows how the collar is cut out on each side to allow for adjusting a neck tie without springing the collar open. The collar comes close together in front, it keeps the tie in place and you don't see the cut-out part. Besides the tie is retained just over the button, which is also kept out of sight. Your summer comfort will be increased if you wear one, and you'll thank us for the style. Dealers sell them.

Cluett Brand, 25c each
Arrow Brand, 15c each

Cluett, Peabody & Co.

PILES CURED without a surgical operation. No knife. No hazardous methods used. Cure speedy, radical and permanent. If you are afflicted with any form of rectal diseases and will call or write, Dr. Smith will be glad to explain his methods, and will refer you to scores of business men who have been permanently cured by his treatment. All that he asks of any sufferer is to investigate his methods. He offers convincing proof. Any case of piles accepted on an absolute guarantee of a permanent cure.

Send 2c stamp for 36-page booklet on rectal diseases.

DR. M. NEY SMITH, Specialist,
800 Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo.
Office hours, 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Sundays, 9 to 10:30 a. m.
Established in St. Louis in 1885—Permanently located.

NOTARY PUBLIC.
JOSEPH F. FARISH.
ST. LOUIS REPUBLIC BUILDING.
Tel. Bell Main 3865. Kinloch A 673.

RUPTURE CURED FREE
For advertising purposes a few cases of rupture will be cured free. All afflicted with rupture are invited to investigate this painless and permanent cure.
DR. A. L. BOYCE,
SECOND FLOOR. 1002 OLIVE ST.

E. W. MANCSON,
Adjuster of Fire Losses for the People.
SUITE 821 AND 822 CENTURY BUILDING.
Phones M 2842, R 1735.

CITY ITEMS.

THE early risers will have ample time today to do their shopping, although the CRAWFORD STORE will close at 1 p. m. Store hours to-day and every Saturday during July and August from 8 a. m. until 1 p. m. All other days during the same period 8 a. m. until 5 p. m.

COUNTERFEITERS CAPTURED.

Members of Italian "Society of the Bad Blood."

New York, July 17.—Secret Service agents captured seven Italian counterfeiters in Brooklyn to-day, after a hard fight in which revolvers were drawn.

The Italians are members of the "Society of the Bad Blood," seven of whose members are now awaiting trial on a charge of having murdered Benedetto, whose body was found in a barrel two months ago on the East Side.

Women's Training School Excursion.

The managers of the Women's Training School will give the fourth of their series of river excursions Saturday, July 25, on the steamer City of Providence, leaving the foot of Olive street at 6 p. m. The usual music will be provided for the lower deck and a quartet of jubilee singers will entertain guests on the middle deck. For the comfort of guests, changes will be made in the dining-room arrangements and supper will be served at 5:30 p. m.

Fell From Second Story.

While sleeping near a window Thursday night, James L. Foley, 40 years old, of No. 2322 North Broadway, fell from a second-story window and sustained serious scalp wounds. Foley was bothered by the heat and sought a cool place near the window. He was found at 1 o'clock and taken to the City Hospital.

AN OLD ADAGE SAYS—

"A light purse is a heavy curse"
Sickness makes a light purse.
The LIVER is the seat of nine tenths of all disease.

Tutt's Pills

go to the root of the whole matter, thoroughly, quickly safely and restore the action of the LIVER to normal condition.

Give tone to the system and solid flesh to the body.

Take No Substitute.

MAYOR CONSIDERS IMPROVEMENT PLANS.

Hopes to Devise Method for Presenting Them to Public and Obtaining Verdict.

WILL ACT UNDER NEW CHARTER

Message to Council Advocates Commission of Architects to Examine All Public Buildings and Report Needed Repairs.

Under the recently adopted Charter amendment the city is authorized to submit to the voters at any time a proposition to increase the municipal bonded indebtedness for public work of a permanent character.

Mayor Wells is giving this matter close attention, with the object of devising some method for presenting it intelligently to the citizens and obtaining their verdict at a comparatively early date. He is of the opinion that the proposition should be plainly stated, in a thorough and impartial manner, so that every one may understand it.

The Mayor is inclined toward the appointment of a commission of architects to examine all public buildings and report on the improvements needed and their cost. His message to the Council yesterday, advocating such a step, is expected to bear fruition shortly.

Plans and reports relative to necessary sewer work will be submitted by the Sewer Department and the Board of Public Improvements, while the prosecution of boulevard and park system improvements may be intrusted to a commission similar to the King's Highway Commission.

As the St. Louis Chapter of the American Institute of Architects volunteered a year ago to lend its efforts to the New St. Louis movement, and as the Civic Improvement League, which is advocating the appointment of a permanent park and boulevard commission, aided the King's highway project, the city will likely have no difficulty in obtaining expert technical advice.

DELAY IN ELECTION.

A special election on a bond-issue proposition can scarcely be held in less than five months under any circumstances, as the strict provisions of the new election law will necessitate delay, owing to routine requirements in preparing for an election. Mayor Wells thinks it might be well to have the proposed commissions appointed at once, make their investigations and submit their reports and recommendations as soon as possible. But he is disposed to believe that it might be better not to begin the improvements until after the close of the Exposition, when the cost of labor and materials would be reduced and when the work could be carried to completion without interruption. However, he has not reached an ultimate conclusion to this effect, for the reason that additions to public buildings are really necessary and he is not sure that delay in proceeding should be countenanced.

"The principal difficulty that I see," said the Mayor, "lies in developing some plan for presenting the proposition to the citizens in a manner that would make it clear. We must show what work is necessary, why it is necessary, how it should be done, how much it would cost.

"The contemplated improvements may be divided into three classes, sewer work, additions and alterations to public buildings, plans for and the construction of boulevards. We know what sewer work is needed. The plans are prepared; the estimates are at hand. The Sewer Department is so organized that we do not have to look outside for suggestions. We know, too, that the public buildings are in sorry condition, and that, unless plans and system are arranged, the proposed boulevard improvements may fall of realization, or be made without recourse to system.

"I have come to no definite decision as yet as to what course we shall pursue in regard to building and boulevard projects. However, I think the taxpayers would prefer to have the advice and ideas of reliable, expert technicists. It would be a good plan to have a permanent park and boulevard commission like the King's Highway Commission. The report of that commission was admirable, and offers valuable suggestions. If a permanent commission were appointed the recommendations of the original commission could be fulfilled faster and more satisfactorily.

COMMISSION OF ARCHITECTS.

"We should have a comprehensive report on the condition of public buildings, stating what improvements are necessary and what they would cost. I believe that we could do no better than to institute a commission of architects for this purpose. Then the subject would be treated fully and well.

"There is still another question that concerns me very much. Would it be better, presuming that the voters sanction the improvements, to begin the work as soon as possible? Or would it be better to postpone operations until after the close of the World's Fair? We should arrange as soon as possible for the issuance of bonds, with the consent of the voters. But, might it not be better to begin the actual work after the Exposition?

"By waiting we might put up the buildings at less cost and maintain a balance in employment. Both the cost of material and labor may be reduced after the close of the Exposition, and we might experience less difficulty in getting mechanics. On the other hand enlargements and repairs to public buildings are absolutely necessary. It is only a matter of months when the proposed improvements will become imperative. There, in its entirety, is the problem that we must consider.

"So far I have arrived at no final conclusion concerning this all-important subject. I mention these points merely to indicate that the problem requires close study. Sentiment is one thing, business another. I am considering the question in all its phases, and hope to devise some method of presenting it to the citizens in a plain and thorough manner."

NOTICE!

On Wednesday, July 29, and Thursday, July 30, the steamer Corwin H. Spencer will not go to Piasa Bluffs and Chautauqua, as she is under charter on the above dates.
WORLD'S FAIR NAVIGATION CO.,
James M. Grasty, Pres.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY PARAGRAPHS.

—Doctor J. J. Miller, physician of the German Protestant Orphans' Home in St. Louis County, has resigned his charge after thirty-four years' continuous service. Doctor Hemplemann has been appointed to succeed him.

—The Board of Aldermen of Webster Groves has increased the salaries to policemen from $45 to $75 a month. The new order will go into effect next month.

—The annual camp meeting of the German Methodist congregations in St. Louis will be held on the Clayton camp grounds, one mile southwest of the county seat, from August 12 to August 16. Presiding Elder G. B. Addicks will conduct the meeting. The county parishes of both St. Louis and St. Charles counties have been invited to take part at the meetings.

—A new church for the Southern Methodists of Hilltown will soon be erected at that place. A committee was recently appointed to solicit subscriptions and has already received about $700. The Reverend John Score, pastor of Mount Zion Church at Creve Coeur, is holding a revival at Hilltown this week and will continue for two weeks more.

URGES COLOMBIAN CONGRESS TO ACT.

President Marroquin Points Out Advantages to Be Gained Through Panama Canal.

PRINCIPLES ALSO INVOLVED.

Country Considers Itself Entitled to Money Indemnity, but May Waive That in Consideration of Influences.

Colon, Colombia, July 17.—The text of President Marroquin's message submitted to the Colombian Congress has been received here. The part referring to the Panama Canal says:

"There are two alternatives before the Government. Firstly, the curtailment of Colombian sovereignty in consideration of certain pecuniary advantages, and, secondly, to rigorously maintain sovereignty and demand peremptorily the money indemnity to which we consider ourselves entitled.

"In the first case the wishes of the inhabitants of the Department of Panama will be satisfied, but the Government may be afterwards accused of failing to defend the sovereignty of the country and of sacrificing the interests of the nation.

"In the second case, if the canal is not built via the Panama route, the Government will be accused of failing to obtain the wealth of which the canal may be regarded as the beginning, and may be the sole condition of our future aggrandizement.

"I have already made known my wish that an interoceanic canal should be opened through our territory.

"I think even at cost and sacrifice we should not place obstacles in the way of such a grand enterprise, because it would surely result in a gigantic material improvement of our country; also because, once the canal is opened, we will expand and draw closer in our relations to North America, whereby our industries, commerce and wealth would be greatly benefited.

"Happily for me, the immense responsibility of deciding the question rests upon Congress, which must definitely approve or disapprove the treaty proposed by the United States Government."

The Colombian Government has submitted to Congress a statement of the paper money in circulation of Colombia on February 28, the date upon which the decree was issued stopping further emissions. On that date the paper circulation amounted to $60,298,881, issued by the national Government. This does not include $750,000 issued by the Department of Santander; $18,702,100 by the Department of Bolivar and $35,938,482 by the Department of Antioquia.

WED IN ORPHANS' HOME WHERE THEY WERE REARED.

Miss Emily Hoehle and Jacob Znofil, Childhood Sweethearts, Returned to Institution for Ceremony.

Jacob Znofil of Chicago and Miss Emily Hoehle of St. Louis, both of whom were reared at the German Protestant Orphans' Home in St. Louis County, were married at that institution Wednesday. The ceremony was performed by the Reverend A. Mueche.

The attendants were Doctor F. Wichman and Miss H. Hoehle.

The bride and bridegroom formed a friendship in their early youth. It grew into love when in later years both went out into the world to battle for themselves. Fidelity to the mother institution is a characteristic of the graduates of the Orphans' Home, and when they decided to marry they also decided to return there to have the ceremony performed.

After the ceremony a wedding supper was served at the home of Mrs. Hackermeier, mother of the institution. Later in the evening the couple departed for Chicago, where they will reside.

AMERICAN JEWISH PETITION IS OFFICIALLY DECLINED.

State Department at Washington Makes Public Diplomatic Correspondence With Russia.

Washington, July 17.—It is stated by the Secretary of State that the incident created by the question of the presentation of the Jewish petition to Russia is closed.

The State Department to-day made public the correspondence that has taken place respecting the petition. Its substance has already been forecasted in the press dispatches.

The correspondence consists of an instruction to Mr. Riddle, United States Charge at St. Petersburg, reciting in detail the petition and directing him to present the same to the Foreign Office, if it were willing to receive it.

It is stated by Mr. Riddle that the Foreign Office would not receive it under any circumstances, and Secretary Hay so informed the B'Nai Brith committee in a brief telegram.

Enjoy the cool, pleasant climate of Minnesota. Stop at Hotel Metropolitan, St. Paul. Best service, European and American plan.

DISCHARGED THROUGH UNION, TENZER GETS DAMAGES.

Verdict of $1,650 Against Clothing Company for Workman and Daughters Who Took Strikers' Places.

Because he was discharged to make room for union labor, John Tenzer of St. Louis yesterday received a verdict of $1,650 in the Clayton Circuit Court against Gilmore-Ruhl Clothing Company.

Tenzer and his two daughters were hired by the defendant about a year ago under a yearly contract to take the places of strikers.

After working nearly a month the strike was settled and the union employes refused to work with him. He was then discharged. Tenzer brought suit on the contract in St. Louis. It was taken to Clayton on a change of venue.

CONVERTED INTO OPERA-HOUSE

Stanberry Baptists Will Build New Church Edifice.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Stanberry, Mo., July 17.—The Baptist Church building, the first house of worship erected in Stanberry, twenty-five years ago, is being moved downtown to be converted into an opera-house.

The edifice is to be replaced by a modern structure.

Irish Land Bill Near Final Passage.

London, July 17.—The report stage of the Irish land bill was completed in Commons this afternoon. The measure will pass its third reading Tuesday and will then be sent to the House of Lords, where no serious difficulties are anticipated.

Popular excursion B. & O. S-W., Sunday, July 19. Vincennes and intermediate stations. Tickets, Olive and Sixth and Union Station.

TRADE OF ISLANDS IS $100,000,000.

Commerce of the United States With Noncontiguous Territory Shows Heavy Increase.

BULK OF TRAFFIC IS EXPORTS.

Sugar Shipped From Hawaii Amounts to $21,000,000 for the Year—Products of Alaska and Philippines.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, July 17.—The commerce of the United States, with its noncontiguous territory, will amount to nearly $100,000,000 in the fiscal year just ended.

The figures for eleven months, ending with May, as announced by the Department of Commerce through its bureau of statistics, amount to $86,581,026, and as those for the single month of May amount to nearly $9,000,000, it is apparent that the total for the full year will fall but little below $100,000,000.

Of this grand total of nearly $100,000,000 of commerce with the noncontiguous territory, more than one-third is merchandise shipped to that territory.

Of the grand total of $86,581,026 in the eleven months ending with May $33,080,779 was merchandise shipped to Porto Rico, Hawaiian Islands, Philippines, Guam, Tutuila and Alaska. Of this total of practically $33,000,000 a little over $11,000,000 went to Porto Rico, $10,000,000 to Hawaii, $8,000,000 to Alaska, a little over $3,500,000 to the Philippines and nearly $10,000,000 worth to Guam and Tutuila. Of the $53,000,000 of merchandise received from this territory nearly $22,000,000 came from Hawaii, $11,000,000 from the Philippines, $10,500,000 from Porto Rico, and $10,000,000 from Alaska. The $10,000,000 from Alaska is merchandise, and does not include the gold received from that territory, which amounted in the eleven months to $4,510,677. Adding these shipments of gold Alaska sent us to the grand total of merchandise above mentioned, and estimating the month of June, the grand total will probably reach the round sum of $100,000,000.

Taking up the details of this commerce, it may be said that the principal articles received for which the detailed figures are given are as follows:

From the Hawaiian Islands, sugar amounted to $21,000,000 in value; coffee, $225,929; hides and skins, $69,171, and fruits and nuts, $67,510. From Porto Rico, sugar, $6,997,541; tobacco and manufactures thereof, $1,813,642 (of which $1,681,608 is cigars); coffee, $712,960, and fruits and nuts, $281,842. From the Philippines, Manila hemp, $10,698,657; sugar, $270,729; tobacco and cigars, $56,732. From Alaska, the principal shipments were canned salmon, $8,401,124; other fish, $753,412; furs and fur skins, $395,793; whalebone, $115,594, and copper, $109,253.

The shipments to the territory in question include a much wider range of articles. To the Hawaiian Islands, with a total of over $10,000,000, $1,281,306 was breadstuffs, a little over $1,000,000 manufactures of iron and steel, another million manufactures of cotton, $750,000 manufactures of wood, $500,000 provisions, $309,000 mineral oils and a like value in fertilizers.

To Porto Rico the principal shipments were cotton manufactures, about $2,000,000; manufactures of iron and steel, $1,250,000; provisions, $1,250,000; breadstuffs, over $1,000,000; manufactures of wood, $500,000.

To the Philippines the principal items of exports were iron and steel manufactures, over $500,000; spirits, wines and malt liquors, over $400,000; cotton manufactures, over $300,000; mineral oils, nearly $300,000, and breadstuffs, about $25,000.

To Alaska the largest item was iron and steel manufactures, nearly $2,000,000; provisions, nearly $1,000,000; breadstuffs, nearly $500,000; manufactures of tin, nearly $500,000; manufactures of wool, over a quarter of a million; vegetables, over a quarter of a million, and tobacco and manufactures thereof, a like amount.

To Guam and Tutuila the total was $96,812, of which $20,579 was manufactures of wood, $13,067 manufactures of iron and steel, $9,524 fish, $9,208 manufactures of cotton, $8,237 breadstuffs.

THOMAS A. CLEAGE SUED FOR $28,000 COMMISSIONS.

He Repudiates the Claims and Says He Paid All That Was Due.

J. D. Cory of Los Angeles, Cal., filed suit in the Circuit Court yesterday against Thomas A. Cleage, doing business as the Cleage Commission Company, for $28,349.32 commissions alleged to have been earned by him and others in soliciting persons to place money with the Cleage Company for investment.

Cleage says he does not owe anything to the persons mentioned in the petition. On the contrary, he said, they owe him. He said he paid them all the commissions that were coming to them.

There were eighteen agents, and the claims of the others were assigned to Cory, it is stated. They operated in California and were to receive 1 per cent a month for all the money that was allowed to remain in charge of the Cleage Company, it is stated.

Doctor C. A. Grahn, who, it is stated, was the general agent, and engaged the others, was to receive 1 per cent additional.

The agents also invested money of their own, it is stated. Operations, it is claimed, began in the spring of 1902. The petition recites payments alleged to have been made on the commissions.

Attorney W. S. Montgomery of Los Angeles is in St. Louis looking after the matter. Not being admitted to practice in this State he cannot act as attorney in the case, and Attorneys McShane and Goodwin were retained to prosecute the suit.

BECAME CONSCIENCE STRICKEN

Thief Reimbursed Men From Whom He Stole at Macon.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Macon, Mo., July 17.—Some conscience-stricken mortal has been astonishing certain Macon County citizens with drafts for the last ten days.

Grandison Goodson, president of the New Cambria Bank, received $25; J. W. Gilleland of La Crosse received $25, and a merchant here who did not want his name divulged drew $50 out of the conscience fund. It is said others have received checks from the same source.

Mr. Goodson said during the year 1885 he was working in the harvest field with a number of hands. He threw his vest on a fence near some trees. One of the pockets contained a sum of money, the exact amount of which he cannot recall. When he put on his vest the money was gone. While having suspicions, he was unable to obtain sufficient evidence to warrant the arrest of the suspected party. With the $25 draft that came to Mr. Goodson was the following note:

"Some years ago I took from you an amount of money that I do not now exactly remember. It was a theft. The inclosed draft will reimburse you."

There was no name. The letter came from Ohio. The others received almost identically the same sort of notes, and the handwriting was the same in each. None of the recipients is disposed to quarrel with fortune by investigating the mystery.

Cuba Makes Fair Appropriation.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, July 17.—Word has been received at the State Department from Minister Squiers that the Cuban House of Representatives has passed the Senate appropriation of $80,000 for participation in the St. Louis World's Fair.

BOARD SAID TO HAVE LOOTED RELIEF FUND.

Manila Earthquake Survivors Deprived of Nearly $250,000 Since 1863.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, July 17.—Discovery has been made in the Philippines that the fund subscribed in Spain, Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines for the relief of the survivors in Manila of the earthquake of June 20, 1863, has been woefully looted.

Of nearly 500,000 pesos only 80,000 remain in the possession of the Monte de Piedad. The War Department is investigating the matter, and the sufferers or their heirs may now receive their portion. It is estimated that the deposit should now amount, with interest, to 150,000 pesos.

On October 6, 1863, the subscription amounted to $439,620.06 gold, and a committee, composed of Archbishops and other officials of Manila, was appointed on distribution. In spite of the exigency the committee allowed seven years to elapse before even appraising the losses.

Meanwhile hundreds of survivors had died. It then allowed $365,703.50 in claims, and further decided to pay only 7 per cent of this money. A Dominican friar disbursed this money, but, according to the insular archives, he overdrew about $5,000 and made no explanation.

Not until 1879 was an accounting demanded by royal order, and the insular government then failed to comply. Three years later the Colonial Minister made a half-hearted movement in the matter, and the Treasurer General of the islands reported that he was debtor in the sum of $400,320, an amount too great to be paid in one settlement, but might be paid in four.

Between this time and March 2, 1883, all but $112,100 had disappeared, and a report was made that the difference had been distributed and all sufferers relieved. Regarding the balance it recommended to the Madrid authorities that 30 per cent be donated to the Monte de Piedad, 30 per cent to a new orphan asylum, 30 per cent to the parish relief committees, and 10 per cent for the erection of churches in poverty-stricken parishes.

SIX REGIMENTS TO BE TAKEN FROM PHILIPPINES.

Force in the Islands to Be Reduced to Approximately 5,000 Troops.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, July 17.—Within a few months the troops in the Philippines will be reduced by approximately 5,000 men. Acting upon the recommendation of General Davis, the commanding General of the Philippines, the Secretary of War has directed that six regiments, three of infantry and three of cavalry, shall be withdrawn and brought home as soon as it is practicable to do so.

Not long ago General Davis informed the War Department that there was no longer any necessity for maintaining the present large force in the islands, as it is possible to reduce the number of soldiers at some of the posts and to dispense with some of the garrisons altogether. Secretary Root has accepted the judgment of General Davis and accordingly decided to bring home some of the troops.

The withdrawals will be commenced as soon as the transports are available for the service. It will probably be several months before all of the six regiments reach Frisco, as some of them are in remote parts of the islands and their movements will necessarily be somewhat slow.

In the withdrawal of soldiers preference will be given to those who have been longest in the service in the islands.

$12.00—Put-in-Bay and Return—$12.00.
T. P. A. Excursion August 1st, via Clover Leaf Route. 194 North Fourth street.

Rural Delivery Routes.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, July 17.—Rural free delivery will be established to commence September 1 as follows:

Arkansas—Arkadelphia, Clark County, one carrier; length of route 23½ miles.

Illinois—Buda, Bureau County, two carriers; length of routes 48¾ miles. La Moille, Bureau County, two carriers; length of routes 46 miles. Mount Carroll, Carroll County, one carrier; length of route 23¾ miles. Ohio, Bureau County, one carrier; length of route 22¾ miles. Orangeville, Stephenson County, two carriers; length of routes 45¾ miles. Stockton, Jo Daviess County, three carriers; length of routes 67¼ miles. Walnut, Bureau County, one carrier; length of route 24¾ miles. Warrenburg, Macon County, one carrier; length of route 24¾ miles. Wilmington, Will County, two carriers; length of routes 47¾ miles. Winslow, Stephenson County, two carriers; length of routes 46¼ miles.

Rural carriers have been appointed to fill vacancies as follows:

Missouri—Paris, William Branhom, carrier; H. B. Wetmore, substitute.

Kansas—Osawatomie, Fred M. Dickerson, carrier; Henry A. Dickerson, substitute.

Illinois—Galena, Frank A. Knoebber, carrier; Henry A. Knoebber, substitute; Rankin, Arthur F. Sibrel, carrier; Nora Sibrel, substitute; Sheffield, Jens C. Clauson, carrier; J. M. Goldsmith, substitute.

Texas—Joshua, George W. Blair, carrier; Noble B. West, substitute; Kaufman, George D. Stovall, carrier; Cora Stovall, substitute; Manor, Burleson Fleet, carrier; Eugene Burleson, substitute; Frank Fitzpatrick of St. Louis; L. J. Cartier of Bonneats Mills, and Richard L. Renfro of Bethany, Mo., have been appointed railway mail clerks.

Big Four Sunday Excursion.
75 cents to $1.50 round trip to Bunker Hill, Pana, Litchfield, Shelbyville, Mattoon and all way points Sunday, July 19th. Train leaves 8:32 a. m. Tickets Broadway and Chestnut and Station.

SHIPYARD TRUST MORTGAGE IS TO BE FORECLOSED.

Sensational Legal Battle Expected When Case Comes Up for Hearing in the Courts.

New York, July 17.—Judge Kirkpatrick, sitting in the United States District Court, signed an order on application of counsel representing the Mercantile Trust Company of New York permitting that corporation to foreclose the $10,000,000 mortgage of the United States Shipbuilding Company, held by it as trustee for bondholders.

The petition read to the court sets forth the default in payment of the interest charges due early in July.

The petition may be filed with any United States court and a day will then be fixed for argument by counsel for and against the allowance for the foreclosure. Receiver James C. Smith, Jr., will oppose the suit.

The order permitting the filing of the petition had been anticipated by counsel representing the receiver and the legal battle to prevent foreclosure, when it takes place, will be of a sensational nature.

PAID BILL WITH BULLET.

Lunch Counter Proprietor Fired Three Shots in Exchange.

Three men who have not been identified paid for 40 cents' worth of lunch in M. Phillips's restaurant at No. 916 North Jefferson avenue with a pistol shot, and the proprietor gave them in change a volley from his own revolver.

About 2:45 o'clock yesterday morning the three men entered the lunchroom and gave their orders. The bill amounted to 40 cents. After eating the men started to leave the place without paying. Phillips demanded his money.

"Maybe you think you can get it," said one of the men.

The lunch man threatened to call a policeman. One of the men then drew a pistol from his pocket and fired one shot at Phillips.

"Take your pay out of that," exclaimed the man as he started to run away.

"Here, you've forgotten your change," shouted Phillips as the trio sped down the street and he sent three bullets after them.

Policeman Dennison was attracted by the shots, but when he arrived the men had disappeared.

SAID HE WAS ROBBED OF $500.

Police Investigate Anonymous Telephone Message to Night Chief.

Night Chief Gillaspy at 3 o'clock yesterday morning received a message from a man who did not give his name that a man had been drugged and robbed of $500 in Tom Allen's old saloon, which is now being conducted by J. Gillespie, at No. 619 Market street.

Patrolmen Stewart and Kraemer were sent to investigate. The policemen found Owen Brennan, porter in the saloon, and took him into custody. The patrolmen report that they ascertained that Brennan had been spending money freely and that he had given away about $60.

Captain Reynolds was not entirely satisfied with the explanations given by Brennan, and his special officers have been set to work to ascertain, if possible, who sent the message to Chief Gillaspy.

Chautauqua Lake, N. Y., and Return, $14.00.
From Chicago, via Erie Railroad, July 24th. Return limit, thirty days. Trains leave Chicago 10:30 a. m., 5:15 p. m. and 10:00 p. m. Write D. M. Bowman, G. W. P. A., Erie Railroad, Chicago, for information and illustrated Chautauqua folder.

Army Orders.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, July 17.—Army orders were issued to-day as follows:

The following changes are made in the Quartermaster General's department:

Lieutenant Colonel J. W. Jacobs, Deputy Quartermaster General, is relieved of his duties in charge of the general depot, Quartermaster's Department, in this city, and will proceed to San Antonio, Tex., for duty as Chief Quartermaster of the Department of Texas.

Major Thomas Cruse, temporarily on duty in the office of the Quartermaster General, is relieved and will proceed to St. Louis.

Captain George O. Cress, Fourth Cavalry, Quartermaster at Fort Riley, Kas., is relieved of his present duties and assigned to the duty of supervising the construction work at that post.

Captain S. R. Bootes, Chief Commissary, Department of Texas, is relieved and will be assigned in charge of construction work at Key West Barracks, Ala.

Major Luther R. Hare, Twelfth Cavalry, having been found by an Army Retiring Board incapacitated for active service, his retirement is announced. The leave granted Second Lieutenant Harry Parshall, Twenty-second Infantry, Department of the Missouri, is extended fifty days.

Leave for four months is granted Captain Herbert H. Sargent, Second Cavalry.

Recruit Sterling Tupper, Mounted Service, Jefferson Barracks, is transferred to the Signal Corps as private and will be sent to the Signal Corps post, Fort Myer, Va.

Farmer Fatally Wounded.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Chillicothe, Mo., July 17.—In a row at Chula, in the northeast part of Livingston County this morning, P. M. Pierson, a farmer, was shot and probably fatally wounded by Krug Alnutt, a carpenter. The two quarrelled and Alnutt started to leave the saloon warning Pierson not to follow him. When Pierson came after him Alnutt shot, the bullet taking effect just below Pierson's heart. His recovery is considered impossible.

You Can Drink Glass After Glass of

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It will do you good, and the more you drink the better you like it. It is not only the best of tonics, but the most refreshing and delightful of all beverages for hot weather.

Sold everywhere, or by mail for 25 cents. A package makes five gallons. Beware of imitations.

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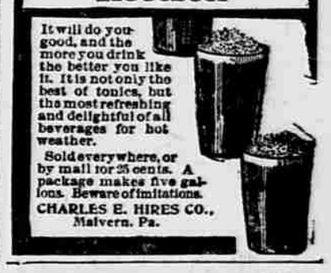

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LIGHTNING STROKE KILLS GRANDMOTHER AND BABE.

Mrs. Joseph Stephenson and Infant Struck Down at Weldon, Colo., by Bolt From Clear Sky.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Marceline, Mo., July 17.—The bodies of Mrs. Joseph Stephenson and baby granddaughter arrived here last night from Weldon, Colo., where both were killed by a bolt of lightning Wednesday morning.

Mrs. Stephenson was walking in the yard with the babe in her arms. Mrs. Vanderpool, mother of the child, was walking beside her when the lightning stroke came, killing Mrs. Stephenson and the child.

Mrs. Vanderpool fell to the ground, but, except for the shock, escaped injury. The sky was clear save for a small cloud floating above them, from which the bolt came. The bodies are burned and blackened.

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