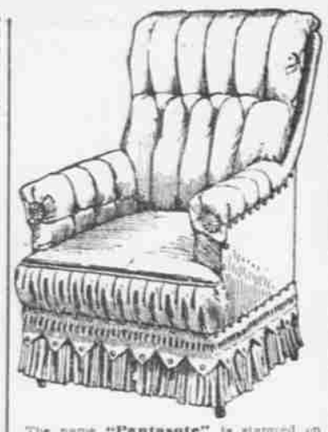
There Are CHEATS Sold for

PANTASOTE.

The imitations look like Pantasote, but their surfaces become hard and brittle, crack, scale and crumble, are dangerous, inflammable, and generally worthless.

There is a big profit for the swindling upholsterer who substitutes the cheat for the genuine, and the people have their remedy in reporting such cases. We will prosecute the fraud.



The name "Pantasote" is stamped on selvage edge of goods in the piece. Insist on getting the genuine and let us know if you don't. Samples free on application.

PANTASOTE

Is Always Satisfactory.

It is always flexible, grows handsomer as it grows older, never cracks, peels or rots; has a **fireproof**, waterproof, greaseproof, and stainproof surface which can be easily cleansed with soap and water. It looks exactly like morocco, wears **longer** and costs half as much.

Adopted by the **U. S. Government** and used for ten years by leading Railways, Steamship lines and Furniture and Carriage Upholsterers.

PANTASOTE CO., 11 Broadway, N. Y. City.

Sold by Geo. A. Rubelmann Hardware Co., Sicher-Hayne D. G. Com. Co., B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co., Stix, Baer & Fuller.

St Louis Union Trust Co.

AUTHORIZED by law to act as Executor Administrator, Trustee Under Wills, Guardian and Curator of Minors, Guardians of Persons of Unsound Mind, and to execute trusts of every character.

Business is conducted by trained agents under the direction of our Board of Directors, composed of the best known, ablest and most successful business men in St. Louis.

Capital and Surplus - - - - - - $10,000,000.00

FOURTH AND LOCUST STREETS.

Here is a Sure Cure for Constipation.

Constipation is a dangerous disease. It causes indigestion, dyspepsia, lung, liver and kidney disorders, makes bad blood and will undermine the strongest constitution. Nothing will pull you down quicker than constipation.

Neither Pills nor Any Physic Will Cure and They are Dangerous.

You know this by experience. Mull's Grape Tonic never fails to make a cure. It is not a physic. No watery and unsatisfactory stools that weaken and pull you down when you use this great remedy.

Mull's Grape Tonic is a soothing remedy, which exerts a strengthening and stimulating influence over the muscles and organs of the alimentary tube. Constipation means that the undigested food is rotting and fermenting in the alimentary canal. From this fetid mass there arises foul odors that find their way into the blood, causing bad health. Remove this and you will be well. Mull's Grape Tonic cures. Send this advertisement and 10 cents for large sample bottle to Lightning Medicine Co., 137 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

50 cents and $1.00 a Bottle at all Druggists.

For Sale and Recommended by Raboteau & Co., corner Broadway and Lucas.

ALASKAN BOUNDARY CASE NEAR CLOSE.

Commission Probably Will Complete To-Day Everything But Announcement of Decision.

AMERICANS ARE HOPEFUL.

"Interesting Private Developments" May Delay Action if Lord Alverstone Favors Claims of United States.

London, Oct. 7.—By to-morrow evening the Alaskan boundary tribunal will probably have finished all its labors except the pronouncement of its decision.

Jacob M. Dickinson of American counsel expects to say the last word in the controversy before the adjournment of the afternoon session, after which the commissioners will consider the arguments among themselves in private. They are not expected to take long before announcing their decision or their disagreement.

So fully have both sides of the question been thrashed out that there will be little left to be said when the commissioners meet in private, and it is generally believed that if the arguments have had any influence they have already had their effect.

Nothing which has been adduced is believed to have weakened the previously expressed views of the American and Canadian members of the tribunal. What influence the contentions have had on Lord Alverstone is naturally the chief point of interest and surmise. Unless he sees some reason to disagree with the Canadian case the tribunal can quickly agree to disagree.

If the American case has impressed his lordship some interesting private developments are likely to occur which may delay the decision.

In any case the best informed opinion is that some result will be reached within two or three days after Counsel Dickinson has closed his arguments. The Americans interested in the case to-day expressed, though in a guarded manner, a more hopeful view than they have hitherto held.

A Weak Spot

Is there such a place in your investments?

Do you feel Comfortable when you think of the future—of your family's future?

Would you be interested to know upon what terms you can buy a 5 Per Cent. 20-Year Gold Bond on the instalment plan—yours if you live, your family's if you die? If so, address

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK
RICHARD A. MCCURDY, President,
NEW YORK, N. Y.

P. N. CHENEY, Manager, St. Louis, Mo.
Chemical Bldg., Eighth and Olive Sts.

WANT THEIR OWN WEIGHER.

Merchants' Exchange Desires to Adopt Chicago Method.

In response to a request of the St. Louis Merchants' Exchange, the members of the Illinois Warehouse and Railroad Commission met the Weights and Measures Committee of the Merchants' Exchange last night at the exchange building to confer on the request of the committee that the St. Louis Exchange be allowed to appoint its representative as official grain weigher on the east side of the river.

Under the Illinois statute the commission is instructed to appoint the weighers at shipping points, as has been done at St. Louis, but it is contended by the St. Louis Exchange that the same privilege should be accorded it, as is done the Board of Trade in Chicago, which has the appointment of weighers and pays their salaries.

It is claimed that under the present conditions it is practically impossible to obtain prompt redress for inaccuracies of weight, and that the Merchants' Exchange could have as its representative an expert in the grain business under bond, who not only would be qualified to act, but who could be held directly responsible for mistakes, through the exchange.

The members of the Illinois Commission are of the opinion that under the Illinois statute it would be impossible for them to grant the request.

Following are the members of the commission: J. S. Neville, chairman; Arthur L. French, Isaac Elwood, William Kilpatrick and C. J. Smith.

NEW SERVANT A QUICK THIEF.

Young Woman Works Two Hours and Robs Employer.

After working little more than an hour at the home of Mrs. George H. Frederick, No. 4622 Russell avenue, an unidentified young woman, who had been employed as a servant yesterday afternoon, took a gold pin and a ring and left the house. The property is valued at $30.

Mrs. Frederick engaged the woman about 3 o'clock and went to a store for a few minutes. In her absence the servant wrapped some clothing and other effects in a bundle and disappeared through the back gate.

Neighbors notified Mrs. Frederick of the woman's departure. The police searched the vicinity, but were unable to locate the culprit.

PROMINENT CITIZENS TO ATTEND FUNERAL OF DR. J. B. JOHNSON.

The funeral of Doctor John Bates Johnson of No. 4244 Washington boulevard will take place this afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Second Presbyterian Church to Bellefontaine Cemetery. The Reverend Doctor S. J. Niccolls, assisted by the Reverend Doctor M. Rhodes of St. Mark's Lutheran Church, will conduct the services.

Doctor Johnson was the oldest practicing physician in St. Louis and was intimately connected with the local medical profession as a lecturer in the St. Louis Medical College.

Although in his eighty-seventh year, Doctor Johnson still attended several of his older patients and retained the full possession of his faculties until the day of his death. He had a remarkable memory and knew the genealogy of all the old St. Louis families better than some members of the families themselves.

He came to St. Louis in 1841 and was appointed a lecturer in the Kemper Medical College in 1846. During the Civil War he became a member of the Sanitary Commission, which cared for the sick and wounded soldiers.

He is survived by his wife, formerly Miss Nancy Lucas, and seven children, James L. Johnson of St. Louis, Mrs. Clarence O. Fallon of Chicago, Mrs. Charles Ledlie, Mrs. Alfred Jones, Misses Eugenia and Katherine Johnson of St. Louis and Mrs. Godwin Ordway of Fort Niott, N. J.

The following have been appointed honorary pallbearers: Doctors Sluder, Baumgarten, Gregory, McPheeters, Fischel, Mudd, Smith, Green, Post, Carson, Glasgow, Luedeking, Hardaway, Chapleigh, P. G. Robinson and Pollak; also Messrs. R. J. Lackland, Charles Parsons, Charles Bates, Julius Walsh, Gus Berthold, Charles Farris, Robert Brookings, Dwight Tredway, George Hitchcock, John Shepley, Hugh Campbell, Thomas Dimmock, William Maffitt, Judge Withrow and Chancellor Chaplin of Washington University.

The students of the St. Louis Medical College will attend in a body.

JOHN BATES JOHNSON,
Oldest practicing physician of St. Louis, whose funeral takes place to-day.

SPECIAL MEMORIAL SERVICES.

Medical Society Honors Memory of Doctors Derivaux and Johnson.

The St. Louis Medical Society held a memorial service last night at the Board of Education rooms in honor of Doctors Armand Derivaux and J. B. Johnson, both of whom were members of the association.

Remarks were made by Doctor William M. McPheeters, Doctor R. M. Funkhouser, Doctor J. M. Scott, Doctor L. Bremer, Doctor Pinckney French and Doctor Greenfield Sluder.

Two committees were appointed, one to draft resolutions concerning the death of Doctor Johnson, another regarding Doctor Derivaux. The members of the first committee are Doctor William M. McPheeters, Doctor S. Pollock and Doctor J. M. Scott; of the second, Doctor J. K. Bauduy, Doctor F. R. Fry and Doctor W. R. Dorsett.

Honorary pallbearers to serve at the funeral of Doctor Johnson, which takes place this afternoon at 2 o'clock at the Second Presbyterian Church, Westminster and Taylor avenues, were named.

NORWEGIAN CROWN PRINCE PROBABLY WILL VISIT FAIR.

Christiania, Norway, Oct. 7.—King Oscar yesterday received C. W. Kohlsaat, the St. Louis Universal Exposition's Commissioner, in private audience. His Majesty manifested great interest in the Exposition, and said he regretted he could not go to the United States, but he hoped Crown Prince Gustaf would represent him at St. Louis.

WORK BEGINS ON BUILDING FOR WORLD'S FAIR HOSPITAL

Structure Will Contain All Modern Improvements and Must Be Finished by December 1.

Work on the World's Fair Hospital building commenced yesterday. Plans for the structure have been completed, and it is specified in the contract that the structure must be turned over to the Exposition company by December 1. The contract is held by E. L. Wagner & Son, the price being $16,000.

The structure will be a perfectly equipped, modern emergency hospital, containing all appliances for treating the sick and injured. It will occupy a space in the Model City, which will be located near the northeast corner of the grounds.

In shape the building will be a Roman cross. A corridor, floored with granitoid, completely bisects the lower story. The ground space covered is 106x109 feet.

At the northeast corner of the hospital will be located the X-ray room, and across from this will be the apartment for treating sunstroke patients. The latter will be equipped with a granitoid floor, bathtubs and a large marble slab, on which heat cases may be treated by means of a shower. The office of the Medical Director will occupy the front part of the building.

Back of these rooms, and so arranged that it can be separated entirely from the front of the building, will be the hospital proper. Wards for men and women, each 21x47 feet, will be arranged.

Special attention will be given to the operating-room, which will have a north and west exposure. In connection with this is the sterilizing-room. A door from the operating-room opens under a porte cochere, for ambulances.

As soon as the new hospital is completed the present structure used as a temporary emergency hospital will be removed. Unlike the large exhibit buildings, the hospital will be covered with a drop siding, to be roofed with shingles. The only staff used will be on the columns which support the front portico.

FERRIS WHEEL AT WORLD'S FAIR.

Famous Structure Will Be Set Up on Skinker Road.

It was announced yesterday that a contract has just about been completed between the World's Fair and a Chicago company to exhibit the Ferris wheel at the Fair. It will be located on the Skinker road, about where the fire engine house now stands.

A force of laborers is at work dismantling the famous wheel, which will be brought here in sections and set up. The cost of wrecking and rebuilding the wheel will be approximately $100,000. This amount the exhibiting company will be allowed to retain of the first receipts.

After $100,000 has been received by the company, one-third of the profits become its property and the balance will go to the Exposition Company. The value of the wheel as junk is estimated at $30,000, but, because of the expense attending its removal, the present owners are said to have purchased it for $8,100.

The history of the Ferris wheel abounds with legal complications. Time and again there have been reports of its sale and projects for its removal. At the close of the Columbian Exposition it was taken to its present situation on the North Side of Chicago. The patronage there was too small to make operating it profitable.

COLONEL W. H. MOORE RETURNS.

Enlists Many Governors in Interest of "Good Roads."

Colonel W. H. Moore, president of the National Good Roads Association, returned to St. Louis yesterday after an extended tour through the United States in the interest of his organization. He visited the World's Fair in the afternoon, and was in conference with several Exposition officials.

While away Colonel Moore completed the organization of the association, and got in some missionary work in many States. He secured as members of the National Advisory Committee Governors of fifteen States and as many more Congressmen.

"These officials," said Colonel Moore, "are not merely on the list for the prestige their names give, but will take an active part in the work of the association. Adlai E. Stevenson, formerly Vice President of the United States, has consented to serve as one of the vice presidents."

NO SUCCESSOR TO RISTINE.

Resignation of Exposition Director of Transportation Neither Accepted Nor Withdrawn.

No successor has been appointed to George W. Ristine, Director of Transportation of the World's Fair. He is still in Chicago, but is transacting business in connection with the Exposition's transportation. His letters handling these matters are signed as Director of Transportation.

Walter B. Stevens, Secretary of the World's Fair, said last night that the resignation had not been discussed in any recent meeting of the Executive Committee, nor, he said, had it been accepted or withdrawn. Meantime Mr. Ristine is performing the duties of Director of Transportation.

KING OF ITALY INTERESTED.

Asks Signor Mayor des Planches Many Questions About World's Fair.

Rome, Oct. 7.—The Italian Ambassador to the United States, Signor Mayor des Planches, dined with King Victor Emmanuel yesterday. His Majesty said many flattering things of America and President Roosevelt, expressing the hope that Italy would be adequately represented at the St. Louis Universal Exposition.

The Ambassador has been assured by the Italian Exhibit Committee that it will work hard, as the time is short, and that all will be ready for the opening of the Exposition.

MISSOURI COMMISSION MEETS.

Discusses Charities Exhibit and Decoration of State Pavilion.

At a meeting of the Missouri World's Fair Commission yesterday a conference was held with the State Board of Charities and Correction relative to the exhibit of Missouri in social economy. It was decided to have exhibits by models, pictures and drawings of the Missouri charitable system.

Director of Works Taylor appeared before the commission and discussed the subject of mural paintings, electric fixtures and an electric fountain in the Missouri State pavilion.

The mural paintings are to be elaborate and represent allegorically scenes of history.

Doctor John Pickard, acting dean of the State University, was in conference with Judge J. H. Hawthorne of the commission's Committee on Education, relative to the education exhibit.

TURQUOISE MINE EXHIBIT.

New Mexico Will Show How Stones Are Prepared for Market.

New Mexico will exhibit at the World's Fair a live display of turquoise mining, showing the methods used in extracting the stones from the ground. In connection with this exhibit there will be a lapidary, showing how the stones are cut, polished and prepared for the market.

W. C. Porterfield of Silver City, N. M., the Territory's Superintendent, arrived in St. Louis yesterday and held conferences relative to New Mexico's participation in the Fair. He stated that exhibits will be made in the departments of Education, Mines and Metallurgy, Forestry, Fish and Game, Anthropology, Agriculture and Horticulture.

The principal exhibit will probably be that in the Mines and Metallurgy Department, which will include the turquoise mine. In addition to its exhibits, New Mexico will have a pavilion on the Plateau of States.

JAPAN'S SITE STAKED OUT.

Commissioner Tejima Secures 50 Feet More Than Original Allotment.

S. Tejima, Japan's Commissioner General to the World's Fair, with other members of his commission, witnessed the formal staking out of the Japanese reservation on the grounds yesterday morning. The site was selected about one year ago, just after Germany had received its allotment.

The reservation is on a hill just south of the Exposition power-house, and east of the Skinker road. It extends east and west 350 feet and north and south 250 feet. At the request of Mr. Tejima, a strip fifty feet wide was added to the east end of the tract.

PRAISES FAIR ARCHITECTURE.

C. Y. Turner, Founder of the Salmagundi Club, in St. Louis.

C. Y. Turner, founder of the famous Salmagundi Art Club of New York, and who was assistant director of decoration at the Columbian Exposition at Chicago, and director of decoration at the Pan-American Exposition, at Buffalo, is at the Planters.

Mr. Turner spent yesterday in viewing the principal architectural sights of St. Louis and of the World's Fair. Before leaving for New York last night he said:

"As a New Yorker, with only a casual experience in St. Louis, I am glad to say that I go away with the highest appreciation of all I have seen here. I made a special endeavor to see, first the city and then the Fair. In both I found much to admire and little to criticise.

"From a technical standpoint, one scarcely expects new ideas nowadays in exposition architecture, yet I found many things, both instructive and interesting. The entire Fair scheme is dignified, wholesome and beautiful. The scene from Art Hill I had heard about, but I had no idea how beautiful it was until I saw it.

"The whole scheme is charming, and I am sure I shall never be satisfied until I see it completed."

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

If you are troubled with Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Kidney Ailments, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, or Malaria, you need the Bitters at once. It will cure you and restore you to perfect health.

A fair trial will convince you.

Cubans Study Sewer Systems.

Colonel Jose d'Estrampes and Senor Benito Lagarruella of Havana were at the Planters yesterday. Senor Lagarruella is president of the Association of Civil Engineers in Havana and Colonel d'Estrampes is director of sewer construction in that city. They have been commissioned by the Mayor of Havana to make a tour of the principal cities in the United States with a view to gaining information relative to the building of sewers and systems of sanitation in general as employed in this country.

Japanese Official on the Way.

Victoria, British Columbia, Oct. 7.—H. Ohtuska, Japanese representative to the St. Louis Universal Exposition, arrived by the steamer Shinano Maru, en route to St. Louis, accompanied by his family.

DR. HOOGEN DEAD IN EGYPT.

Practiced in St. Louis Up to Three Years Ago.

Word was received yesterday by Anton G. Stuever that his brother-in-law, Doctor Franz Hoogen, was dead at Helwan, Egypt, where Doctor and Mrs. Hoogen had a winter home.

Doctor Hoogen was well known in South St. Louis, where he was a practicing physician until three years ago, when he went abroad. He studied at one of the German universities and traveled extensively.

During the last month he and his wife had been visiting Doctor Hoogen's mother at Emrich, Germany, and from the cablegram received by Mr. Stuever it is thought that he died on board a Mediterranean steamer.

Doctor Hoogen married Miss Ida Stuever in 1890. When Mr. Stuever was in Germany during the summer he met his sister and Doctor Hoogen, who at that time seemed in perfect health.

Fifty Years the Standard

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

Improves the flavor and adds to the healthfulness of the food.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO.

BARBAGLIA WITNESS BEFORE GRAND JURY

Man Convicted of Naturalization Frauds Gives Valuable Testimony.

SAYS WITNESSES DISAPPEAR.

United States Attorney Alleges That Interested Persons Spirit Away Those Who May Implicate Them.

The Federal Grand Jury was occupied yesterday in the investigation of the recent naturalization frauds, concerning which Judge Adams gave an exhaustive and strict charge on Tuesday.

Several witnesses were examined and the work will be pushed as rapidly as possible until all complaints regarding violations of the Federal statute in 1900 have been investigated. No indictments have been found, but the foundation for several has been made.

John Barbaglia, who, with Martin Levin, was convicted and sentenced to a term of imprisonment for assisting in procuring false naturalization papers, was among the witnesses yesterday, having been brought from the Penitentiary in Jefferson City to give the Grand Jury the benefit of his information.

It is understood that he has furnished additional testimony which will result in developments of an exceedingly interesting nature before the adjournment of the present Grand Jury.

"The greatest handicap which the Grand Jury has encountered in investigating the naturalization frauds in St. Louis during the past two years," said United States District Attorney Dyer yesterday, "is in preventing the running off of our witnesses.

"It is almost impossible to keep them from being tampered with by those who are interested in preventing them from telling what they know. Money has been furnished and tickets have been purchased to get them out of town.

"Desperate means have been employed to get the money with which to block the investigations which the Federal Grand Jury has been carrying on. In the neighborhood where the most of the foreigners live, for whom fraudulent naturalization papers were secured, contributions have been levied upon questionable resorts of all kinds in order to raise the money to send the Grand Jury witnesses away, and threats and violence have been resorted to.

"Some of those who were sent out of town have returned and will testify. I cannot reveal anything that occurs in the Grand Jury room, but the members are thoroughly impressed with the sweeping charges concerning naturalization frauds given by Judge Adams, and will investigate thoroughly. It is not out of the way to say that disclosures of more than ordinary interest will come of the investigation."

MUSTARD THROWN ON WOMEN.

Wienerwurst Vender Charged With the Offense.

Misses Lucille and Nellie Levy of No. 4320 Lindell boulevard were prosecuting witnesses yesterday in the Dayton Street Police Court against Henry Geitz of No. 221 North Third street, who was charged with throwing mustard upon them at Sixth street and Washington avenue last Tuesday night.

The young ladies, accompanied by relatives, viewed the Veiled Prophet parade from a store near the corner. After it had passed the party started to take the cars to return home.

Geitz is a wienerwurst vender and has a stand at the corner. The Levy party was passing Geitz's stand when the mustard was thrown. The young ladies' costumes were soiled and some of the mustard struck Miss Lucille in the eyes. She was taken into a drug store at the corner, where her eyes were bathed. Geitz was arrested.

He denied that he threw the mustard. He said confetti was thrown at him and that he dodged, and that some one else threw the mustard.

He said he could produce witnesses to prove his statement. The case was laid over.

Prescription No. 261, by Elmer & Amend, will not cure all complaints, but it will cure rheumatism.

DENIES ANTAGONIZING AKINS.

W. H. Osmer at This Time Does Not Criticise Republican Leaders.

William H. Osmer, one of the participants in the Gustin meeting of county chairmen and secretaries in Clayton last Monday, takes exception to the statement that he said anything reflecting on the leadership of State Chairman Akins or National Committeeman Kerens, and denies that any one was inclined to criticize either of the leaders.

Mr. Osmer is said to be not the only Republican at the conference who does not wish the impression to gain ground that he is opposed to the State chairman or National Committeeman.

Post-office patronage affects the views of a large number of the Republican officials.

Good Government Republican Club.

The Good Government Republican Roosevelt Club will meet this evening at No. 2309 Eugenia street.

"REOPENED WOUNDS OF RACE ENMITY."

Federal Officeholder Emphatically Disapproves President's Negro Policy.

HIS OPINIONS ARE PUBLISHED.

Freedom With Which He Criticizes Roosevelt's Course Excites Comment in Administration Circles.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New York, Oct. 7.—Henderson M. Somerville of Alabama, chairman of the Board of General Appraisers in the customs service, has not gained favor with the administration by an article over his signature in the current number of the North American Review, in which he criticises the President's attitude toward the race issue with a freedom that is remarkable in view of the fact that he holds a Federal appointment by the grace of Mr. Roosevelt. In this article Mr. Somerville says:

"The disturbing effect of President Roosevelt's attitude toward the negro never can be adequately estimated in its retardation of the solution of the race problem which is staggering American statesmanship. The appointment of the negro Crum as Collector of Customs at the Port of Charleston, in opposition to the known sentiment, even of the Republican Senate, and other like presidential policies, produced great excitement, in the South and reopened the wounds of race prejudice which were gradually being allayed.

"These issues were made paramount in the recent Democratic primaries in the State of Mississippi, where a most exciting election was held. The result was the nomination of a candidate for Governor who avowedly tolerated negro lynching and strenuously opposed the policy of negro education. As the New York Sun well said: 'This means a deeper barbarism for the Mississippi negroes, a greater danger for the Mississippi whites.' The overzealous friends of the negro thus become practically his worst enemies."

Had this criticism of the President been made by some person not in the Government service it would not have attracted attention among officials of the administration. Though Mr. Somerville's right to hold his opinion of the wisdom of the President's policy in dealing with the race problem may be conceded, as is contended by many officials, he has shown a lack of delicacy in publicly criticising his policy and continuing to hold office under the administration.

Notwithstanding the displeasure occasioned by the publication of Mr. Somerville's article, it is not probable that it will be made the ground for his removal from office. For some time there has been more or less friction between the Board of General Appraisers and the Treasury Department growing out of a difference of opinion as to the exact relations between them. Some of the members, and chief among them Mr. Somerville, have held that the board was in large measure independent of the department and occupied a position analogus to that of a United States court. It cannot be said that this friction had gone so far as to lead to a determination on the part of the President to remove Mr. Somerville from office, but there is reason to believe that, if such a removal has been contemplated, it will be deferred, so as not to put the chairman in the position of being disciplined for his criticism of the President.

THREE GREENVILLE WEDDINGS

Greenville, Tex., Oct. 7.—Three weddings took place here to-night. Miss Ora Jones was married to Mr. Charles A. Stinebaugh of Dallas; Miss Winnie Mitchel to Mr. S. B. Brooks of Durant, I. T., and Miss Edith Benett to Mr. Horace Kelten of Greenville.

TWENTY-SEVEN TEACHERS RESIG

Board of Education Notified T Instructors Will Quit Thei Positions.

NEW EVENING SCHOOL REA

Reassignments Made, and G in Jefferson School Will E Taught to Cook—World's Fair Exhibit.

The Committee on Instruction of Board of Education met yesterday a noon, heard the report of the Sup tendent as to the matter of resignat recommendations for appointments reassignments, and made recomme tions to the Board to be acted upo the meeting next Tuesday night.

Superintendent Soldan reported the lowing resignations and recommend they be accepted:

John E. Lautner, assistant, High School; dis P. Kelly, Ames School; Virginia L. ley, Baden School; Mae Ryan, Douglass S Hannah J. Wannall, Harrison School; Gus Mack, Irving School; Anne Cantillon, M School; Elizabeth Scott, Marquette School en G. O'Neill, Penrose School; Ella L. S Shields School; Margaret W. Prentis, Sto School; Mrs. Elmira Napier, L'Ouverture S Jeanette I. Mack, L'Ouverture School; Wi Walsh, Mann School; Mary R. Haycraft, W ley School; E. Augusta Durant, Bryan School; Martha Kalter, Dozier School; Ida McKelly, Lowell School; Maud L. Fli Gertrude Lyons, Nannie M. Platt, Virgi Richardson, Martha V. Flickner, Kat Husbands, Anna White, Bryan Hill A. M. dergarten; Gertrude Hall, Ann Lee Chile Anna Ernst.

The following reassignments as pal sistants were recommended: Tillie man, Lelia F. Clapp, Sarah Abrah

The following transfers were repo

Cordelia M. Schiefer, Emerson School, ferred from Crow School; Anna Baker, ington School, transferred from Sh School; Minnie T. Shores, Vashon S transferred from Dumas School; Eli Hawkins, L'Ouverture School, transferre Vashon School; Nonie L. Heddergott, School, transferred from Lowell School; Julia C. Burke, Ellsworth School, ferred from Cote Brilliante School; Lora kins, Peabody School, transferred from School; Anna M. McCarthy, Howard S transferred from Shaw School; Rose C. celius, Wyman A. M. Kindergarten, trans from Clinton P. M. Kindergarten.

The following appointments as assis in Central High School, to take effe the beginning of the first half quart the present scholastic year, were r mended: H. F. Hook, E. W. Mahood Mrs. Cecilia Hospes.

Superintendent Soldan reported tha Director of the Educational Depart of the World's Fair has assigned a p ment space to the exhibit of the Bos Education of St. Louis. It is located the main north entrance of the bull extends along the second aisle at the and is located between it and the in court, receiving full and direct light seven of the immense windows o courtyard.

Two matters should receive imme attention on account of the time it will probably require to carry them Superintendent Soldan said.

One of them is the building of an mental facade or inclosure to the allotted. Drawings and specifica are to be prepared by the Building partment immediately and bids for. The contract is to be awarded as as the drawings and specifications ca completed.

The Committee on Instruction re mended that a new evening scho opened in the Jefferson School buil This will be done Monday night.

It was also recommended that a in the Jefferson School be set asid the establishment of a cooking sc Lessons in cooking will be given to between 14 and 20 years old.

A tuition fee of $140 a year was re mended, to be charged all pupils o Gallaudet deaf-mute school living side the city. As formerly, no tuition be charged residents of the city.

Doctors Agree, Alcohol Dangerous in Kidney Remedi

J. P. McCORMACK CURED OF BACKAC AND KIDNEY TROUBLE.

Aug. 4, 1903, J. P. McCormack of Springfield, Mass., *writes: "I shall alway ready to recommend to any sufferer from backache or kidney troubles your ver fective Kidney-Wort Tablets. They are absolutely all you claim for them."*

Many people suffering from headaches, dizzy feelings, rheumatism, loss of appetite or loss of strength do not think of their kidneys. Yet the kidneys are accountable for more aches and pains than any other organ of the body. They are the unsuspected cause of many serious diseases. The concentrated specific, Kidney-Wort Tablets, cures all these symptoms of kidney disease.

If you have backache, if making ter is painful or if compelled to ge during the night, the Kidney-Wort lets will cure you, as they have c thousands of others.

Has your urine, your back, your eral health led you to wonder if kidneys are sound. Write Dr. Pet gill, Burlington, Vermont. Give your symptoms. He will advise free.

DR. PETTINGILL'S

Kidney-Wor Tablets

Non-Alcoholic, Concentrated, No Spoon Needed