SPRINGFIELD GETS STATE CONVENTION.

Friends of Williams and Hearst Active Among Politicians and Committeemen.

SHARP CONTEST EXPECTED.

Candidates for Governor and Minor Officers Present Their Claims, and Urge Support on Every Hand.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 3.—The Democratic State Convention will be held in Springfield on June 14. Springfield defeated Peoria by a vote of 21 to 8.

Following this, Chairman Hopkins of the State Committee announced that the committee would listen to advice from the congressional districts. He did not call it a love feast, and it was well that he did not, for the orators present unloosed their tongues and said many things that did not presage harmony. Each speaker seemed to have views different from the others and full rein was given for expression.

No partiality was shown. Democrats who fought with Bryan and those who opposed him spoke from the same platform.

Congressman James R. Williams of Carmi had many callers in his parlors during the forenoon. He made an extended address in the afternoon, which was received with enthusiasm.

Three hundred representative Democrats from nearly every county in the State were present. The presidential question received the most attention in the hotel lobbies, as well as by the orators. Congressman Williams and Mayor McClellan of New York had many friends, and William R. Hearst was well represented.

Congressman Williams gave The Republic this statement of his position:

"I shall be glad to have the indorsement of the Democracy of Illinois, and if I get it I will expect them to support me in good faith. My own judgment is that a candidate for President ought not to start out and run for the nomination as he would for a small office.

"I feel if a Democrat is worthy such a distinguished honor, that Democrats ought to be able to find it out without any special effort on his part to force himself upon their attention. I don't believe any candidate will be able to nominate himself for such an office, but the Democrats in their deliberations will finally agree upon and select the candidate whom they consider best for their party regardless of any efforts that any candidate may make in his own behalf. I am not trying to get into a dispute or wrangle with anybody, so far as the charges being made against me of political deals with anybody in or outside Illinois, they are false. There have been no such intimations from me.

HAS NO CHAIRMAN.

"I have no chairman for the State or National Committee, and am not committed to anybody. I have strong friends in several States who are for me, and I am informed there is no fixed sentiment for anybody. Democrats in Washington who have considered the matter carefully are endeavoring to find some good Democrat that can poll the full vote of his own party and appeal to those who are dissatisfied with the present administration."

On behalf of William R. Hearst, M. F. Dunlap of Jacksonville, who is in charge of Hearst's Illinois interests, insisted the sentiment of the meeting was overwhelmingly for Hearst, and indicated the sentiment of the State.

"The committee planned this meeting," he said, "without consulting the friends of Mr. Hearst. They permitted the impression to go out that there would be no candidate exploited, and then arranged the call of districts to facilitate the presentation of Mr. Williams. The fact that the boom of Mr. Williams fell and may be said to have disappeared was not due to the plans of the committee, but followed in spite of them, because the majority of those present were for Mr. Hearst.

"The plans of the committee were again revealed when James H. Eckles was put forward to speak for the Madison, St. Clair, District. Mayor Cook of East St. Louis left the room in protest. The presence of Mr. Eckles, speaking for Democrats of a congressional district of Illinois by prearrangement with the management of the State Committee evidenced a condition of affairs that did not command the support of the assembled Democrats. It had the effect of emphasizing the sentiment for Mr. Hearst, and removing all doubt, if any theretofore existed, that he will have the Illinois delegation."

VIGOROUS CONTEST.

Congressman Williams's friends by no means admit he is likely to withdraw, notwithstanding Mr. Dunlap's assertion. Every indication here to-day points to a vigorous contest on both sides for the Illinois delegation. Mayor Carter Harrison, who was not present on account of pressing municipal business, declared in an interview that he had not changed his position.

He is still for Williams in good faith and proposed to do all he could for the Congressman from Carmi. It is somewhat significant that many Democrats present indicated no personal preference. This was especially pronounced among members of the State Committee, a large majority of whom are against Hearst, but do not indicate a personal choice.

Among Congressman Williams's most aggressive supporters were Judge Jacob R. Creighton and Representative John M. Rapp of Fairfield, Editor Charles of Carmi, ex-Representative Fred Pullen of Centralia, Mayor Harry Devereux, Comptroller Jay Hall, Simon M. Rogers and R. F. Kinsella of Springfield.

Those urging Hearst's claims included ex-Representative John H. Baker and State Attorney Whitfield of Sullivan, General Alfred Ovendorff and Editor Clendenin of Springfield, W. V. Choisser of Harrisburg, Judge Hart of Benton, members of the State Board of Equalization; Yantis of Shelbyville, and Hirsheimer of Pittsfield, Editor Thomas Shoaff of Shelbyville, Judges Blair and Schuler of Mount Vernon, A. Ney Sessions and Editor Detrich of Anna, ex-Representatives Ferns of Jerseyville and Jones of Carrollton, Al Barrows of Roodhouse, State Attorney Gridley and Superintendent of Schools Hinners of Virginia, Frank Orr and State Attorney Manny of Mount Sterling.

CANDIDATES FOR GOVERNOR.

Mayor Silas Cook of East St. Louis was personally for Congressman Williams and J. Nick Perrin declared for Samuel Alschuler for President. Mayor Kern of Belleville said he was "neither for nor against any candidate, because politics in his county had not yet shaped up."

Probale candidates for Governor were on hand in force. Senator Stringer of Lincoln has received many favorable newspaper notices, as well as letters from influential Democrats urging him to become a candidate.

Mayor William C. Crolius of Joliet is an active candidate, but is handicapped on account of limited State acquaintance.

Representative James P. Wilson of Woosung, leader of the Democratic minority in the last House, is frequently mentioned.

He is a farmer and follows the plow himself. If the convention goes outside the legal fraternity for a candidate Mr. Wilson may be the man.

Albert Watson of Mount Vernon is the only candidate for Attorney General that was present. He made a favorable impression. The oratorical exhibition was the feature of the day's programme. Nearly every speaker had a grievance and used the widest latitude in expressing his views. Congressman Williams furnished one bomb when he read a letter from a Jefferson County Democrat, who, Mr. Williams declared, "had been honored repeatedly by the party."

JEFFERSON COUNTY LETTER.

In a preceding speech Judge Blair of Jefferson County alluded to the fact that Jefferson had instructed for Hearst, and this gave the Congressman opportunity to read the letter referred to, which stated that "the act of the Jefferson County Committee was a surprise to every one not on the inside. The committee was in effect secretly called together. Notice or anything indicating a meeting of the committee was printed in neither Democratic paper."

The letter stated instructions were given for Hearst and for other candidates, and that a number of Democrats had called at the writer's office and expressed their indignation at the action, and asserted that ten to one of Jefferson County's Democrats were for Williams.

Judge Blair and others interrupted Mr. Williams, demanding the name of the writer of the letter, which was refused. They then denounced the writer as a Republican.

Mr. Eckles, in his remarks, said he had no apologies to make for his action in past campaigns, and if the party ever expected to be victorious it must return to the old landmarks. He denounced the Populist tendencies of the party in recent years.

Every speaker had something with a sting in it to say; not excepting Mr. Dunlap, the Hearst manager in Illinois, who recounted conversations he had with Mayor Harrison and Chairman Hopkins, in which some incidents at the Kansas City convention were prominent. Congressman Williams leaves for Washington to-morrow morning.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN'S DEAD SISTER.

MISS NANNIE BRYAN,
Sister of William J. Bryan, who was buried in Salem, Ill., Tuesday.

PROBABLY SAVED HIS LIFE.

Carpenter Clutched Beam as He Plunged From Bridge.

By catching an iron beam as he shot downward from the main roadway above the center span of Eads bridge yesterday afternoon, John A. Russer, a carpenter, probaly saved his own life.

Fellow-workmen rescued him from the beam to which he clung despite painful bruises which almost covered his body. Russer's fall measured about fifteen feet, but had he not clutched the beam as he was falling he would have been precipitated to the frozen wharf seventy-five feet below.

Russer lives at No. 1417 North Broadway and was employed on the repairs now being made on the bridge. He was sent to the City Hospital.

THE WEATHER.

Official Forecast Announced for To-Day and To-Morrow.

Washington, Feb. 3.—Forecast:

For Missouri—Fair Thursday; warmer in northwest portion. Friday partly cloudy and warmer.

For Illinois—Fair Thursday. Friday fair and warmer; probably snow in north portion; fresh variable winds, becoming southeasterly.

For Eastern Texas—Fair Thursday and Friday; light east to south winds.

For Oklahoma, Indian Territory and Arkansas—Fair Thursday and Friday.

For Iowa—Fair and warmer Thursday. Friday increasing cloudiness and warmer; probably snow in north portion.

For Western Texas—Fair Thursday and Friday.

For Nebraska—Warmer Thursday. Friday partly cloudy; probably snow in north portion.

For Kansas—Fair and warmer Thursday. Friday fair.

Local Report.

St. Louis, Wednesday, Feb. 3, 1904.

	7 a. m.	7 p. m.
Barometer, inches	30.29	30.50
Temperature, degrees	15	21
Relative humidity	72	53
Direction of wind	S	N
Velocity of wind	8	12

Weather at 7 a. m., clear; at 7 p. m., clear. Maximum temperature, 39; minimum temperature, 10. Stage of river at 7 a. m., 6.3.

EDWARD H. BOWIE,
Local Forecast Official.

Government Report.

Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.—Meteorological observations received at St. Louis, February 3, 1904, at 6:30 p. m. local time and 8 p. m. seventy-fifth meridian time. Observations made at the same moment of time at all stations.

Stations.	Dir.	Tp.	Mx.	Rain.	Weather.
Abilene	SE	56	62	....	Clear
Amarillo	E	40	54	....	Clear
Atlanta	W	40	50	....	Clear
Bismarck	W	-6	8	....	Clear
Buffalo	W	18	12	.14	Snow
Charlotte	S	42	48	....	Clear
Chattanooga	SE	40	44	....	Clear
Cincinnati	W	22	58	*	Snow
Cleveland	SW	14	16	.02	Snow
Chicago	NW	8	16	.02	Clear
Columbus	W	16	22	.01	Snow
Cairo	N	32	24	....	Clear
Calgary	W	14	18	....	Fair
Cheyenne	S	28	40	....	Clear
Concordia	SE	20	24	....	Clear
Duluth	W	-12	-8	....	Clear
Dubuque	W	0	12	*	Clear
Davenport	NW	2	14	*	Cloudy
Des Moines	W	4	16	....	Clear
Denver	N	40	44	....	Clear
Dodge City	E	30	40	....	Clear
El Paso	NE	60	68	....	Clear
Fort Smith		46	50	....	Clear
Galveston	SE	56	58	....	Fair
Grand Rapids	NW	6	14	.05	Clear
Grand Junction	S	42	52	....	Clear
Huron	SW	-2	6	....	Clear
Havre	E	8	12	*	Fair
Helena	SW	24	56	....	Cloudy
Indianapolis	W	16	18	*	Clear
Jacksonville	E	52	64	....	Clear
Kansas City	N	16	36	....	Clear
Little Rock	SE	48	52	....	Clear
Louisville	W	28	32	....	Clear
Lander	S	20	36	....	Clear
Montgomery	SW	52	58	....	Clear
Memphis	SW	44	46	....	Clear
Marquette	W	-8	4	....	Clear
Modena	SW	52	60	....	Clear
New York	W	20	32	....	Clear
Norfolk	W	30	38	....	Clear
New Orleans	SE	56	62	....	Fair
Nashville	NE	36	42	....	Clear
North Platte	SE	24	30	....	Clear
Omaha	N	8	24	....	Clear
Oklahoma	NE	44	54	....	Clear
Philadelphia	SW	30	34	....	Clear
Paleatine	SE	50	64	....	Fair
Pittsburg	NW	20	24	*	Snow
Parkersburg	SW	18	26	*	Snow
Pueblo	N	38	42	....	Clear
O'Aonelle	SW	12	6	....	Clear
Rapid City	NE	12	22	....	Clear
St. Paul	W	-6	0	....	Clear
Shreveport	NE	56	60	....	Clear
Springfield, Ill	NW	12	22	*	Clear
St. Louis	N	22	30	....	Clear
Springfield, Mo	N	32	38	....	Clear
Salt Lake	SW	38	44	....	Clear
Santa Fe	SW	44	52	....	Clear
San Antonio	E	64	68	....	Cloudy
Vicksburg	E	54	58	....	Clear
Valentine	SE	16	18	....	Clear
Washington	S	24	30	....	Clear
Wichita	NE	28	38	....	Clear

EDWARD H. BOWIE,
Local Forecast Official.

Injured in Bakery Fire.

August Kieffer, employed in a bakery conducted by his brother, Theodore, was slightly burned in an attempt to extinguish a fire that badly damaged the building at the northeast corner of Twenty-fifth and Dodier streets, yesterday afternoon. His hair was singed and the skin on his face, hands and neck was blistered. The damage to the building and stock is estimated at $150.

MISTAKE CHARGED TO ACCOUNTANTS.

American Steel Foundries Company Explains Misunderstanding as to Firm's Capital.

ASSETS ARE MISSTATED.

Directors Say That Inaccuracy Caused Stock Exchange to Strike Securities From the Listings.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New York, Feb. 3.—Charges of inaccuracy and omissions in an official statement issued Tuesday by the directors of the American Steel Foundries Company explaining the "misunderstanding" which led the Stock Exchange to strike the company's securities from the stock list were made to-day by Arthur L. Dickinson, senior partner in the firm of Jones, Caesar & Co., public accountants, who formerly acted for the American Steel Foundries Company.

In the statement issued by the Foundries Company, referring to the inclusion of the $500,000 item for working capital, the responsibility for the mistake was placed upon the accountants.

Mr. Dickinson said to-day that Mr. Max Pam, counsel for the Foundries Company, had been notified, several months prior to the application to list the stock on the New York Stock Exchange, that $1,000,000 was to be provided for working capital instead of $500,000 and that a copy of the corrected balance sheet had been submitted to him.

"On August 30, 1902," said Mr. Dickinson, "Max Pam, counsel of the Foundries Company, wrote instructing us to change the balance sheet previously submitted so as to add additional $500,000 working capital and thus show current assets to be $4,166,009. We carried out these instructions and submitted a balance sheet including the $500,000 due from the venders, so making the total current assets $4,166,109.42.

"Upon this balance sheet being submitted to Mr. Pam on September 3, a consultation between him and ourselves took place, as a result of which our representative clearly understood that an additional $500,000 of working capital was to be provided by the venders, making a total of $1,000,000. The necessary alterations were made, and the amended balance sheet, showing the current assets at $4,666,109.42, as compared with the $4,166,109.42 in the previous balance sheet, was sent to Mr. Pam.

"Subsequent balance sheets of the company were prepared from the books, as of August 31 and September 30, in each of which the amount of $720,000, due by the vendors—$280,000 having been paid in August—was clearly stated as an asset of the company, and these balance sheets were furnished to company by ourselves, no exception being taken to them by any one on behalf of the company and no suggestion being made that the $720,000 was not collectable.

"In November the statements of July 31 were sent into the Stock Exchange as the basis of the application to list the stock, as well as a condensed form of the balance sheet of September 30, to make it similar in form to that of July 31. At the same time when these balance sheets were sent in we made inquiries of an official of the company as to the balance of $720,000 still appearing to be due from the vendors and were informed by him that there was no reason to suppose that the balance would not be collected in due course.

"Balance sheets for October 31, November 30 and December 31 were afterward prepared from the books and submitted to the company, each one showing an asset of $500,000 due by the vendors, but it was not until the December balance sheet came before the directors early in February that any question was raised as to the incorrectness of this item.

MAKES TWO FUTILE ATTEMPTS

Burglar Tries to Enter Nurse's Apartment Within Hour.

A burglar made two attempts within an hour to enter the apartments of the Misses Elizabeth C. Howard and Mary E. Stewart, trained nurses, living at No. 4102 Cook avenue, last night, but was scared away by the screams of the young women.

The first attempt was made when the light was burning. The young women had not retired, and when the window was raised from the bottom they thought their friends were trying to scare them. After closing the shutters they retired, but were soon awakened by the sound of the window being lowered from the top and the rustle of the curtain as the intruder tried to climb over the sash.

Their screams attracted Mr. and Mrs. John Hungerford, who occupy other rooms on the first floor, and Mr. Hungerford went for a policeman, who made a search of the premises.

A footprint in the snow on the window sill and the opened shutter were the only evidences of the intruder.

HOUSE DEBATES GOEBEL AFFAIR.

Indiana and Kentucky Lock Horns in Fierce Discussion of Extradition Question.

TAYLOR'S RETURN DEMANDED.

James Declares It Is Ridiculous for "Rough-Rider President" to Frame Extradition Treaties With Foreign Powers.

Washington, Feb. 3.—Indiana and Kentucky locked horns in the House to-day. The debate, which involved nearly every member of both State delegations, was fast and furious from start to finish. Kentucky demanded of Indiana the return of W. S. Taylor that he might be tried for the assassination of William Goebel. The attack was made by Mr. James of Kentucky, and the defense was led by Mr. Crumpaker of Indiana. Party feeling rose to an extreme tention. The diplomatic appropriation bill was under consideration at the time.

Mr. James fired both sides of the House to interest and feeling by declaring at the outset that the "Rough-Rider President" was ridiculous in his message to Congress favoring international extradition treaties, when one State could not get from another fugitives from justice. He had, he said, introduced a bill in which the Federal Government made extradition compulsory where persons had been indicted for crime. For four years, he said, Governor Durbin of Indiana had protected Taylor, who had been regularly indicted in Kentucky for the murder of Goebel, "and yet I notice that when Durbin comes to town," continued Mr. James, "he is wined and dined by this great Don Quixote upon extradition, who absolutely confides to Durbin the right to give the waiting and anxious world the news that Hanna can run for President if he wants to. And when we all read that, we again declare 'the King can do no wrong.'"

HEATED ARGUMENT.

These remarks met with Democratic applause and laughter, but stirred the opposition to action, and for something like two hours many members were on their feet at a time, and the criminal and political records of both Kentucky and Indiana were handled without gloves.

The Democrats maintained that a State government had no right to take the question of "fair trial" into consideration in honoring extradition papers from another State, while the Republicans maintained that history would justify Indiana's action in this case.

When Mr. Crumpacker took the floor in defense of Indiana, he was beset by a volley of questions from the Democratic side, and was hardly able to maintain the thread of his argument on account of interruptions.

The tension was lessened and better nature restored by the interposition of a speech on the reorganization of the consular service by Mr. Adams of Pennsylvania, but it afterward broke out again under the lead of Mr. Stanley of Kentucky, only to be again quelled by a long speech against Canadian reciprocity by Mr. Kolsted of Minnesota.

The session was concluded at 5 o'clock by a ten-minute appeal by Mr. Harrison of New York for equal treatment of American citizens abroad, especially for American Hebrews in Russia.

COAL DEALERS ALLOWED MORE TIME TO UNLOAD.

Missouri Railway and Warehouse Commission Revokes Order of Central Car Service Association.

The following decision has been rendered by the Missouri Railroad and Warehouse Commission in the matter of the complaint of the Coal Dealers' Protective Association of St. Louis versus the Central Car Service Association as regards the time limit for unloading:

In considering the matter of the complaint of the Coal Dealers' Protective Association of St. Louis versus the Central Car Service Association, it appears in the testimony that the service accorded the coal dealers of St. Louis has not improved since 1903, when the question of car demurrage was up before this board. In fact, it appears to have grown worse, and such being the case, we are of the opinion that the former free time of seventy-two hours for unloading soft coal is not unreasonable. Therefore, the order of the Central Car Service Association of St. Louis, effective January 2, 1904, reducing said free time limit to forty-eight hours for unloading soft coal, is hereby disapproved. This order applies to all railroads in Missouri, wherever deliveries of coal may be made.

WESTERN MILEAGE QUESTION.

Southwestern Bureau Will Remain in Operation in St. Louis.

The press reports from Chicago relating to a meeting of the Western lines on mileage matters were somewhat misleading. The Southwestern Mileage Bureau will remain in operation, with headquarters at St. Louis, and the mileage credential will be honored in all territory where it has been formerly good, including the lines of the Missouri Pacific and Rock Island system west of the Missouri River.

There has been a new interchangeable 2,000-mile train ticket established. The bureau for this will be located in Chicago, and this ticket will be honored on all lines of the Burlington, Union Pacific, Northwestern and Santa Fe systems, also on Rock Island, Missouri Pacific and Frisco systems west of St. Louis throughout Kansas and Colorado, but not south of the Kansas lines on these systems; that is, this ticket will not be good south of Kansas. This ticket will become effective March 1.

Illinois Lines.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 3.—Articles of incorporation were filed to-day by the Illinois and Kentucky Railroad Company, with its principal office located at Chicago. The capital stock is $2,500 and the object is to construct a line from Harrisburg to the Ohio River and to Marion, Carrier Mills and Eldorado, through Williamson, Saline, Pope and Hardin counties, in Illinois.

Articles of incorporation also were issued to the Herrin and Southern Railroad Company, with its principal office located at Chicago and with a capital stock of $10,000.

Missouri Electric Line.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Marshall, Mo., Feb. 3.—Colonel C. H. Case of New York was here to-day and held a meeting in the interest of the Missouri Electric Railway, projected to run from St. Louis to Kansas City. Four thousand dollars is all that is asked from Saline County in furtherance of the road. A committee was appointed to solicit the amount.

George H. Campbell Promoted.

New York, Feb. 3.—George H. Campbell, assistant general superintendent of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company at Baltimore, has been appointed general superintendent, with offices at New York, to succeed George F. Randolph.

Appointed Industrial Agent.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Bloomington, Ill., Feb. 3.—J. H. Hardebeck of Kankakee has been appointed industrial agent of the Big Four system, with headquarters at Indianapolis.

Freight Handlers Strike.

New York, Feb. 3.—Six hundred freight handlers, employed by the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, have gone on strike for higher wages. They are employed at the piers on the East River.

W. I. Allen Resigns.

Richmond, Ind., Feb. 3.—W. I. Allen, general manager of the Chicago, Cincinnati and Louisville Railroad, has resigned.

SYRUP OF FIGS

To sweeten,
To refresh,
To cleanse the system,
Effectually and Gently;

Dispels colds and headaches when bilious or constipated;
For men, women and children;

There is only one Genuine Syrup of Figs; to get its beneficial effects

Acts best on the kidneys and liver, stomach and bowels;

Always buy the genuine—Manufactured by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.

The genuine Syrup of Figs is for sale by all first-class druggists. The full name of the company—California Fig Syrup Co.—is always printed on the front of every package. Price Fifty Cents per bottle.

RAILROADS GAIN MORE TONNAGE.

Gross Earnings of All Lines for First Three Weeks in January Is $18,865,825.

Earnings of railroads still show a larger tonnage movement than last year, which is rather remarkable, considering many of the adverse factors affecting the situation.

Gross earnings of all railroads in the United States reporting for the first three weeks of January are $18,865,825, a gain of 3.7 per cent compared with last year.

Earnings of many large systems in all sections of the United States have been reported for the month of December, and gross earnings are 4.3 per cent larger than in December, 1902.

Erie, Reading and Jersey Central all report a considerable decrease in earnings, due in large measure to the difference in anthracite coal traffic. In December, 1902, the coal traffic was unusually heavy following the close of the coal miners' strike, and an increase in December, 1903, compared with the preceding year, could hardly be expected.

In the following table is given earnings of roads reporting for January to date, compared with last year, and earnings of the same roads for the first three weeks of December; also earnings of all leading systems reporting for December and the two preceding months:

	1903.	1902.
January, 3 weeks	$18,865,825	$18,191,710
December, 3 weeks	20,801,755	19,821,710
December, month	78,963,755	75,700,694
November, month	80,956,669	78,594,941
October, month	89,842,669	82,589,254

Separated by classes earnings for December now show only a small gain on trunk lines, while anthracite coal roads reporting and Pacific roads report a decrease.

There is a considerable increase in the earnings of granger roads, now including Northwest and Omaha.

Southern and Southwestern roads continue to report a large gain, due to the heavy cotton movement. Earnings of roads, compared by classes, and the gain over the preceding year, are given below:

	—Gross Earnings— 1903.	1902.
Trunk, Eastern	$15,645,415	$15,022,473
Trunk, Western	8,576,669	8,464,113
Anthracite coal	6,794,209	7,310,342
Central West	7,898,764	7,455,494
Grangers	5,504,029	5,229,207
Southern	13,346,158	12,465,733
Southwest	28,402,503	14,587,582
Pacific	7,693,187	7,155,351
United States roads	$78,903,755	$75,700,694
Canadian	4,227,964	3,914,699
Mexican	3,718,493	2,537,513
Total	$86,983,210	$82,151,407

To Submit Bond Issue.

New York, Feb. 3.—Official announcement was made to-day that the directors of the Delaware and Hudson Company have decided, subject to approval of the stockholders, to issue $7,000,000 of new stock to be offered to present stockholders at 155.

RUN ON BANK IS CHECKED.

Offer of Assistance Made by St. Louis Institution.

Houston, Tex., Feb. 3.—The run started on the Planters' and Mechanics' National Bank yesterday had completely subsided to-day when that institution opened for business.

The bank received many offers of assistance. Among them was one from Vice President Marshall of the National Bank of Commerce, St. Louis, who wired from New York that his bank could be called on for anything needed. The offer had a most beneficial effect.

The receivership of the Kirby Lumber Company and the Houston Oil Company, which started the run, will be terminated on February 17.

BELIEVE THAT SULLY'S PROFITS ARE FROM THREE TO SIX MILLIONS.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New York, Feb. 3.—Chief interest in the cotton market to-day centered in speculation as to the probable profits of Daniel J. Sully on his latest bull campaign—profits which are believed to be enormous, despite yesterday's panicky slump and whatever holdings the bull leader may still have.

It was said that the bull pool's profits up to date amounted to 135 per cent, but on how much money invested or how many bales of cotton bought and sold could not, of course, be learned.

Some of Mr. Sully's friends estimated that he had made a clear profit of $3,000,000 to $6,000,000 in this latest campaign.

It was estimated to-day that the South is $300,000,000 richer as the result of the high prices at which the cotton has actually been sold.

The market was very unsettled at the opening this morning and the active months dropped 50 to 60 points during the first half hour's trading. Considerable long cotton came out and the traders hammered the market, the transactions being large and the excitement very great. In the afternoon the market steadied on short covering and fear of a very bullish ginners' report next Tuesday, but continued very sensitive.

One prominent broker said:

"Perhaps Sully is only fooling the traders a little with his vacation. You will observe that he is not leaving the country and will be within reach of a telegraph and telephone while he is away."

RIVER NEWS.

Rise and Fall of the Rivers

For 24 hours, ending at 7 a. m.:

St. Louis, Wednesday, Feb. 3, 1904.

Station.	Danger.	Gauge.	Change.
Pittsburg	22.0	4.0	-0.5
Parkersburg	36.0	9.0	-0.6
Cincinnati	50.0	19.5	-0.5
Louisville	28.0	9.0	-0.9
Nashville	40.0	5.9	-1.7
Chattanooga	23.0	2.3	-0.2
Florence	16.0	2.3	-1.0
Johnsonville	21.0	5.0	-1.5
Evansville	25.0	28.3	-2.2
St. Paul	14.0	....	Frozen
Dubuque	15.0	....	Frozen
Davenport	15.0	....	Frozen
Keokuk	15.0	....	Frozen
Grafton	27.0	6.7	0.0
Omaha	19.0	....	....
Kansas City	21.0	11.1	*0.5
Boonville	30.0	2.2	-0.2
Hermann	24.0	5.4	0.0
St. Louis	30.0	6.3	-0.3
Chester	20.0	6.1	-0.8
Cairo	45.0	29.5	-0.6
Memphis	23.0	20.8	*0.1
Little Rock	23.0	8.7	-1.9
Vicksburg	45.0	23.7	*1.6
Shreveport	20.0	4.3	-0.8
New Orleans	16.0	5.6	*0.9

*Rise. -Fall.

EDWARD H. BOWIE,
Local Forecast Official.

River Forecast.

The rivers in this district will fall.

River and Business.

Harbor gauges yesterday marked 6.3 feet, indicating a fall of .3 of a foot in 24 hours. Navigation at St. Louis is suspended. Weather fair.

To-Day's Weather.

Fair and continued cold.

River Rialto Brevities.

—Captain James Koger, president of the St. Louis and Tennessee River Packet Company, has been appointed one of the delegates to present the petition of the Tennessee River Improvement Association before Congress on February 15.

—Captain I. P. Lusk, general agent of the Diamond Jo Line, returned yesterday from Eureka Springs, where he has been spending several weeks.

—Many members of the river fraternity attended the wedding yesterday of Engineer Sam Critchfield to Miss Effie Yancy of Cape Girardeau.

—Captain Joe McCullough will be one of the pilots of the steamer Cape Girardeau when navigation opens.

—Although heavy ice continues to fill the channel, the ferryboats have resumed operations, the harbor tugs being used to break a path through the ice.

By Telegraph.

REPUBLIC SPECIALS.

Cairo, Ill., Feb. 3.—River gauge reads 29.2 feet, showing a fall of .7 of a foot during the last 24 hours. Weather cloudy and cold. The rivers are nearly free of ice and navigation has been resumed. The Annie Russell, Captain Russell Gardner's pleasure boat, came out from St. Louis to-day. Gus Heiner is her captain and Henry Partee her pilot. They laid up at Thebes last night. They found the ice very heavy. Captain Gardner arrived from St. Louis by rail this afternoon, and the boat will go south with him aboard.

Paducah, Ky., Feb. 3.—The gauge reads to-night 24.6 feet, and falling. Weather cold and clear, with wind from the north. Clyde to the Tennessee River this afternoon with a good trip. Butorff to Nashville at noon with a fair trip. Inspectors Green and Harris of Nashville are here inspecting the steamers Dick Fowler, Wilford and I. N. Hook, all of which passed satisfactorily. Heavy ice still passing in the Ohio, and navigation is suspended above and below here on this account. Business dull.

Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 3.—The river here stands 20.8 feet on the gauge, a rise of .1 in the last 24 hours. The river here to-day is full of heavy floating ice and the local packets have laid over. They will probably resume business last of the week. The Delta arrived this morning from Vicksburg with 227 bales of cotton, 4,103 sacks cotton seed and had to tie up on the Arkansas side to get out of the heavy ice.

Burlington, Ia., Feb. 2.—The river is 3 feet 1½ inch above low-water mark, indicating a fall of 2¾ inches in the past 24 hours. Weather clear and colder.

Chester, Ill., Feb. 3.—Gauge 5.8 feet, a fall of .4. Weather clear and mild. Ice thinning out.

Grand Tower, Ill., Feb. 3.—Ice some heavier to-day. Gauge reads 9.2 feet, and falling. Weather clear and cool.

Cape Girardeau, Mo., Feb. 3.—Weather clear and colder. River falling. The gauge reads 16 feet.

Vicksburg, Miss., Feb. 3.—The gauge shows 23.7, a rise of 1.4. The Warren was sold today (terms private) to K. B. Massey of Burnside, Ky., and left in his charge for her new port. The Cordill cleared for Natchez. The weather is clear and cold.

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 3.—River falling; canal 6.8, falls 6.4 and locks 20.4. Clear and cold.

Cincinnati, Feb. 3.—River 18.5 feet, falling. Packet navigation still suspended. Clear and colder.

Pittsburg, Feb. 3.—River 5.8 feet at Davis Island dam. Clear and cold.

Wheeling, Feb. 3.—River 7 feet 11 inches; falling. Cloudy and cold.

Evansville, Feb. 3.—River 27 feet; falling. Clear and slightly warmer.

STARVED HIMSELF TO DEATH.

Missouri Farmer Believed Wife's Spirit Called Him.

Carthage, Mo., Feb. 3.—J. G. Myers, a prominent farmer, died to-day, having starved himself to death. He had not eaten a particle of food for forty-nine days.

Myers was a Spiritualist, and said recently that his wife, who died some time ago, was urging him to come to her. Myers was 60 years of age and well to do.

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