

SEE WEDNESDAY'S REPUBLIC FOR MERCHANTS' MIDWEEK ANNOUNCEMENTS

ATTENDANCE AT THE FAIR LAST WEEK WAS 874,954

Total Admissions for Six Days More Than 80,000 Ahead of the Missouri Period, Establishing a New Daily Average and Breaking All Records Since the Exposition Opened—Greater Crowds Expected.

Table with 2 columns: RECORDS FOR WEEK ENDING SEPT. 11, and RECORDS FOR PERIOD SINCE OPENING.

The breaking of World's Fair attendance records seems to be a weekly feature at the Exposition now, and last week was no exception to the rule.

Even Missouri Week, which eclipsed all previous six-day periods by 15,000, was overtopped, last week having surpassed it by almost 100,000.

Table with 2 columns: RECORDS FOR WEEK ENDING SEPT. 11, and RECORDS FOR PERIOD SINCE OPENING.

The present week, it is confidently predicted, will witness a still greater attendance, and it is thought the "million-a-week" mark will be passed.

Total attendance for nine days in September amounts to 1,266,290, or almost a quarter of a million more than the admissions for the entire month of May.

ORCHARD ARRESTED AT WEST PLAINS

Writ of Attachment Served on Senator When He Returns to Home.

GIVES BOND FOR APPEARANCE.

Released by Sheriff, With Instructions to Present Himself at Jefferson City December 15 and Explain.

West Plains, Mo., Sept. 11.—When former Senator James Orchard arrived here today to spend Sunday with his family he was served with a writ of attachment by Sheriff Kimberlin of Howell County, and cited to appear at Jefferson City December 15 and show cause why he did not appear as a witness at the time set for the Harris trial and give testimony.

WOMAN FORGETS WHERE SHE LIVES

Mrs. Rose Stacy, Separated From Friends at the Fair, Is Aided by the Police.

Mrs. Rose Stacy, a visitor to the World's Fair from Marshalltown, Ia., cannot locate her boarding-house and has been forced to seek temporary quarters in the Matron's room at the Four Courts until her friends are found.

CANADIAN TRAIN ROBBED OF \$6,000

Four Masked Men Dynamite Express Safe and Ransack the Registered Mail.

Winnipeg, Manitoba, Sept. 11.—The Canadian Pacific Railway westbound transcontinental express was held up by four masked men four miles west of Mission Junction.

NATIVES MURDER TEN CHRISTIANS

Workers at German New Guinea Catholic Mission the Victims.

FIVE OF THEM ARE WOMEN.

Thirty Members of Attacking Party Are Captured and Sixteen Executed for the Crime.

Brisbane, Queensland, Sept. 11.—News has been received from German New Guinea, saying that natives attacked the Catholic mission and murdered Fathers Rasch and Rutter, Brothers Bley, Pflanz and Schelkens, and Sisters Sofia, Agatha, Annie, Agnes and Angella.

LEADING TOPICS

TO-DAY'S REPUBLIC

- For Missouri—Fair Monday; warmer in west, Tuesday fair; warmer in east. For Illinois—Fair Monday; cooler in extreme south, Tuesday fair; warmer in west and south. For Arkansas—Fair in west; showers and cooler in east Monday, followed by fair, Tuesday fair, warmer.

PREACHER REBUKES ROOSEVELT AS HE SITS IN AUDIENCE

Oyster Bay Pastor Delivers a Startling Sermon on "International Peace."

ATTACKS "BIG STICK" POLICY.

Roosevelt, Present With His Wife and Daughter, Shows Intense Interest in the Minister's Discourse.

BEAUTIFUL PEACE THEORIES.

The Reverend Doctor Washburn Deplores the Failure of Arbitration Schemes to Prevent Devastating War.

REPUBLICAN SPECIAL.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Sept. 11.—"International Peace" was the theme of the sermon preached to-day by the Reverend Doctor H. H. Washburn of Christ Episcopal Church, to which President Roosevelt listened attentively.

Doctor Washburn, looking the President squarely in the face, deplored the failure to preserve peace among the nations of the earth. He exposed the folly of the boasted civilization which holds up vast armies and navies.

The minister's remarks were regarded by many in the audience as being a direct attack upon the President's "big stick" policy.

"You remember," said the preacher, "when a peace congress was held composed of representatives from home and abroad, and when arbitration was advocated for the settlement of all disputes between nations. The theory is beautiful and Godlike; but we cannot overlook the fact that children are being born to-day who in the future will double up their fists at supposed wrong or injury as quickly and defiantly as did their grandfathers and great-grandfathers."

"We have to look beneath the surface of things to find the bed rock upon which our feet may stand. Not that efforts should be lessened to accomplish, if possible, by arbitration the settlement of international differences, but more than this, in every civilization legislation must regard the principles underlying all precepts of righteousness as contained in the Old and New Testaments."

Doctor Washburn's subject was "The Peace of the World Lies in the Wide Adoption of the Principles Underlying the Precepts of Righteousness." The text was "Ye must have a just weight and a just measure," and some of his listeners were puzzled to know the relation between the text and subject.

The doctor began by showing that insincerity is the greatest evil of the age and unfairness the cause of trade wars. He deplored the failure of all peace conferences to realize their "beautiful theories," he said:

"There shall be a new earth only when the kingdom of God has supplanted the kingdom of man."

During a sermon after the death of President McKinley that attracted much public attention because Mr. Roosevelt was one of his hearers, the Reverend Mr. Washburn said:

"The country had never been so prosperous as on the day when the report of a pistol shot startled the earth and numbered Mr. McKinley with our martyred Presidents. Who can read history and believe that the course of events happened by chance? It was by no accident that Judas betrayed the great Nazarene to be crucified."

"But who can tell why Mr. McKinley was so suddenly taken from the earth in the hour apparently of his greatest usefulness? Who could fill his place?"

"Fortunately, a David was Vice President. How come he to be Vice President? Was it by accident? How much planning and how many mishaps did it take to create that accident?"

"Civilization ever progresses, but great reforms have only come through the perils of fire and sword. If ever circumstances indicated that one was placed providentially in the executive chair of the nation, then the circumstances that attended the promotion of Mr. Roosevelt so indicate."

WEDDING SURPRISES FRIENDS.

Samuel W. Hughes and Miss Eugenia Berry Married.

Friends of the couple were surprised yesterday to learn of the marriage of Miss Eugenia Berry of No. 4624 Forest Park boulevard and Samuel W. Hughes of No. 3965 Westminster place.

BALTIC FLEET SAILS FOR THE FAR EAST; CZAR CALLS RESERVE TROOPS TO ARMS; RESIGNATION OF VICEROY IS REPORTED

Offer of Alexieff to Retire Due, It Is Stated, to "Paramount Military Exigency in Manchuria"—Holy Synod Orders Prayers for Russian Arms Said in Churches Throughout the Empire.

London, Sept. 11.—A dispatch to Reuters' Telegram Company from St. Petersburg says it is understood that Viceroy Alexieff, in view of the paramount military exigency in the far East, has placed his resignation in the hands of the Emperor, but that no decision with regard to it has yet been made.

The vessels of the fleet are the battleships Souvaroff, Vice Admiral Rojestvensky's flagship; the Navarin, Sislov, Volki, Borodino, Alexander III, Orel and Oleg; the battleship Oslabiya; Rear Admiral Voeikov's flagship; the cruisers Admiral Nakhimoff, Dmitri Donskoi and Aurora; the cruiser Almaz; Rear Admiral Enquist's flagship, and several torpedo boats and torpedo-destroyers.

The fleet will merely touch at Libau, where it will be joined by twelve transports, colliers and supply ships, already waiting there, and will then proceed to the Orient, probably via the Cape of Good Hope.

The scene on the departure of the fleet was an imposing one. The imperial yacht, with the Emperor, Grand Duke Alexis, the High Admiral and other high naval officers on board, put out from Peterhof, on the other side of the bay, with an escort of three torpedo boats. Admirals Rojestvensky, Voeikov and Enquist went on board the imperial yacht and personally said farewell to the Emperor.

Then, with destroyers ahead and abeam, the Souvaroff led the squadron down the Finnish Gulf. The water front and the piers and forts were crowded with spectators.

CZAR CALLS OUT RESERVE TROOPS. St. Petersburg, Sept. 11.—The Emperor has called to arms the reserve troops in twenty-two circuits of the Governments of Kherson, Bessarabia, Ekaterinoslav and Taurida, belonging to the military district of Odessa, and also one category of reserve officers throughout the Empire.

The Holy Synod to-day announced that special prayers have been ordered to be said in every Russian church on Sundays and holidays for the success of the Russian arms and the safety of the troops.

In a telegram to Emperor Nicholas dated September 10, General Kurapatkin says:

"There were no hostilities to-day (Saturday) except insignificant patrol encounters, in which we sustained no casualties."

RESIGNATION OF ALEXIEFF REPORTED.

FIGHT AT MO-TIEN PASS TEST FOR BOTH ARMIES

Wrote to "wait a little," a phrase became familiar during two months of waiting in Tokyo. Later the General might go, and perhaps the correspondents could accompany him.

NOT ONE SHIRKER IN JAP HANKS. There were no shirkers, although some followed the rear of their companies panting painfully under the fifty-pound weight of equipment which they all carry.

Two days before this attack the Japanese knew, through their remarkable intelligence service, that it was planned. They foresaw largely how it would be executed, though probably they did not anticipate how stubbornly the Russians, fired with ambition to maintain the prestige of European troops and inspired by the name of Skobelev, linked with the memories of Schipka Pass, would storm the stronghold. It was Skobelev's fighting and Skobelev's men against the men and the methods of a quarter century later.

AWAKENED BY SOUND OF DISTANT VOLLEYS. On the morning of the 11th several of the correspondents who were camped at the division General's headquarters, some miles from the pass, were awakened at daylight by the sound of distant volleys.

A thick white fog covered the hills like a London fog in December, so dense that tents could not be seen a hundred yards away. The ground was muddy and trees dripped as though there had been a heavy rain.

The correspondents were soon in their saddles, but word came from the press censor that they were not to go until given permission. Within an hour most of the military attaches and newspaper men had gathered in front of headquarters, waiting to be unleashed.

Delegates from each camp were fringing with the staff officers. Word came from within that the General was acquiescent, but part of the staff unwilling.

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AT 17,000, AND THOSE OF RUSSIANS AT OVER 25,000. Tokyo, Sept. 11.—Telegraphic reports received here to-day from the headquarters of the Manchurian Army declare the Japanese to be in full possession of the Yantai coal mines and estimate the Russians at over 12,000 men and those of the Japanese at 17,000.

The estimate of losses does not include those suffered by the Russians in the rear-guard actions fought after the evacuation of Liaoyang.

The estimate of losses to the Japanese is divided as follows: In the right army, under the command of General Kurata, 4,866 men; in the center army, under the command of General Noda, 4,462 men; and in the left army, under the command of General Oku, 2,841 men.

These casualties include 23 officers killed and 464 officers wounded.

The fact that the army under General Oku sustained the heaviest losses is accounted for by its assault upon the Russian defenses to the south of Liaoyang.

RUSSIAN WARSHIP AT SAN FRANCISCO

Has Been on Still Hunt for Merchant Vessels, and Now Wants to Make Repairs.

San Francisco, Sept. 11.—The Russian transport Lena, Captain Berinsky, put into this port to-day for repairs. The ship is thirty-one days from Vladivostok, via Bayaywa, Sakhalin Island. She made the run from Bayaywa in nineteen days, which is considered fast time.

The Lena has a crew of 47 men and twenty-one officers and carries twenty-three guns.

Captain Berinsky, who officially declares the Lena to be a transport, states that her engines and boilers are in need of repairs. After passing quarantine the Lena, anchored off the Union Iron Works, where she now lies.

According to Brassey's Naval Annual the Lena formerly was the Kherson of the Russian volunteer fleet. Brassey refers to the ship as a "volunteer cruiser" and also as a "transport vessel." According to Brassey the Lena carries three 4.1-inch quick-firing guns and twenty of smaller caliber.

The arrival of the Lena has been reported to Washington. Instructions are expected from the Washington authorities to allow as to the length of time the Lena may remain in port.

Phot McCulloch, who brought the Lena into port, says that chains were wrapped around her hull, indicating that some of her plates were loose.

Immediately after the Lena dropped anchor in the bay, Captain Berinsky left the warship, but the object of his visit ashore was not announced.

An officer of the cruiser, however, stated that the Lena left Vladivostok on a cruising expedition, hoping to capture some of the transpacific vessels carrying contraband of war.

It was admitted that the vessel most eagerly sought for was the steamship America of the Toyo Kisen Kaisha, which company sent her from this port several weeks ago for the Orient. The America arrived safely at Hong-Kong on September 2.

CAME ON INFORMATION. Commander Rytshagoff, when seen to-night, stated that the Lena came here on information received from the local Russian Consul, but he declined to disclose the nature of the information. It is presumed, however, that it has relation to the shipments of arms sent to Japan.

Commander Rytshagoff stated that the Lena expected to remain here for a month. In the meantime she would be disarmed and go to the Union Iron Works to have her boilers repaired. When fitted up again the Lena would be rearmed and ready to go to any destination to which she may be ordered.

Late this afternoon Captain Berinsky visited the United States war vessels in the harbor and then reported to the Russian Consul. No statement regarding the Lena could be obtained from the Russian Consul.

The United States war vessels now in port are the cruisers New York, Boston and Marblehead, the gunboat Bennington and the torpedo-boat destroyer Paul Jones, a sufficiently strong force to prevent any breach of neutrality.

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMMES AT THE WORLD'S FAIR.

MARYLAND DAY.

- SPECIAL EVENTS. FIRST DAY TEXAS WEEK. MORNINGS. 10:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m.—Ferris Wheel gives free rides. 10:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m.—Hawthorne fountain. 10:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m.—Hawthorne fountain. 10:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m.—Hawthorne fountain.

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WANTED TO GO BACK TO PRISON

Man Out on Parole, Fearing He Would Get Into Trouble, Asked That He Be Returned.

John Dougherty, who was paroled from the Southern Illinois Penitentiary at Chester several months ago, and who was one of the men employed at the packing-houses in East St. Louis to go out on strike, wrote to the Penitentiary officials a few days before the strike was settled, asking that he be taken back to prison.