16 PAGES TO-DAY

THE ST. LOUIS REPUBLIC.

WORLD'S FAIR—NOW OPEN—CLOSES DEC. 1.

NINETY-SEVENTH YEAR. SATURDAY. MORNING. SEPTEMBER 17. 1904. PRICE { In St. Louis One Cent. Outside St. Louis, Two Cents. On Trains, Three Cents.

Competent Help
Is quickly secured through Republic "Want" Ads.
14 Words or Less 10c.
Take your Ad to any drug store.

GARBAGE BILL AGAIN IGNORED

Chairman of Sanitary Committee Announces Report for Next Tuesday Evening.

PETITION IS PRESENTED.

McCarthy Says House Is Not to Be Forced to Do Anything, and "Squealing" Must Stop.

STATEMENT OF SPEAKER PRO TEM. McCARTHY.

When requested for an explanation as to why the garbage bill had not been passed at the request of some 5,000 business men, Speaker Pro Tem. McCarthy said last night:

"We don't want to be in too much of a hurry about this thing, and we don't want anyone to think we are being forced to report it. As soon as some of these fellows quit squealing about inaction probably we'll do something."

Despite the exhortations of the representatives of 5,000 of the city's business men, voiced in open meeting last Wednesday before the House of Delegates, the garbage measure was again ignored by the lower branch of the Municipal Assembly last night.

No explanataion was vouchsafed by the chairman of the Sanitary Committee except that the committee had not met to consider what its report would be. It was announced later, however, that a meeting would be called some time before next Tuesday's meeting in order that the bill may be placed on its passage Tuesday night.

When it became apparent that the bill was not to be reported last night, Delegate Birge presented a petition which he moved to have spread upon the minutes of the meeting.

Speaker Pro Tem. John R. McCarthy moved an amendment to the petition, which, had the Speaker decided in favor of, Mr. McCarthy would have nullified the object of the petition. Mr. McCarthy moved to amend the petition and refer it to the Sanitary Committee. This procedure would have kept the names of several hundred reputable citizens in favor of the passage of the measure off the journal records.

Mr. Hughes, whose motion was seconded, called attention to this fact and called for a ruling from the chair. Mr. Gazzolo spoked to Mr. McCarthy. The latter gracefully withdrew his motion, and a peculiar situation was relieved.

Speaker Pro Tem McCarthy opened up a little on the disposition of the garbage measure before the close of the meeting. When asked why the bill was not reported, he said:

"We don't want to be in too much of a hurry about this thing, and we don't want anybody to think we are being forced to report it. As soon as some of these fellows quit squealing about inaction probably we'll do something."

Mr. McCarthy introduced a measure to fix the rate of water tax for supply furnished the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Company for the months of June and July. Fourteen cents a thousand gallons was specified.

The Busch bill, an ordinance to allow switch privileges to the Anheuser-Busch Brewery, was passed unanimously. The Transit bill, a measure asking for double trackage privileges between Fourteenth and Eighteenth streets, was also passed.

Hearrel Jury Fails to Agree.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Neosho, Mo., Sept. 16.—The trial of R. C. Heafrel, charged with murder in the second degree for the killing of John Culkin, an old farmer, in the Corn Exchange saloon, last November, was finished yesterday. The jury, after being out twenty-four hours and failing to agree, was discharged.

LEADING TOPICS —IN— TO-DAY'S REPUBLIC

For Missouri—Fair Saturday, except showers in northeast, warmer in east. Fair Sunday.

For Illinois—Fair and warmer Saturday. Fair Sunday.

PART I.

Page.
1. Will Make Missouri Day One of Greatest at Fair.
2. Bullights Win in Both Courts.
3. Plenty of Money for the Campaign. Indiana Democrats in Harmony Conference.
5. News From the City Churches.
6. Editorial. Book Reviews.
7. Visitors Registered at the State Buildings.
8. Dun's and Bradstreet's Weekly Trade Reviews. Of Interest to Women. Real Estate Transfers.

PART II.

Page.
1. World's Fair News.
2. The Republic's Daily Racing Form Chart. Race Results and Entries.
3. Cardinals Badly Beaten by Pirates.
4. The Republic's "Want" Advertisements. Birth, Marriage and Death Records. New Corporations.
5. Rooms for Rent Advertisements.
6. Happenings in Illinois Cities and Towns. Weekly Bank Clearings. River News.
7. Financial News. Favorable Forecasts Knock Props From Under Chicago Wheat.
8. Talk on Monorails by London Doctor. Suits Against World's Fair Delinquents. Want to Be Divorced. One Thousand Candidates Will Be Initiated.

DOCKERY PROCLAIMS A HOLIDAY THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE STATE ON MISSOURI DAY, OCTOBER 11

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Jefferson City, Mo., Sept. 16.—Governor Dockery to-day issued the following proclamation:

To the People of Missouri: The World's Fair city yesterday won distinction in the enthusiasm and attendance displayed in celebrating St. Louis Day. Unstinted praise is due the people of the enterprising metropolis.

Missouri should emulate the example of St. Louis, in appreciation of the greatest industrial exposition of the age. The opportunity will soon be afforded. The Missouri Commission and the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Company have set apart Tuesday, October 11, as Missouri Day.

It will be the last distinctive opportunity for the organized assemblage of Missourians during the progress of the Exposition.

Missouri Day in attendance should surpass all others. It can be done. Systematic effort by the press and the people from the Ozarks to the Iowa line, and from the Mississippi to the Kansas border, will bring to St. Louis on that occasion a vast multitude of Missourians.

The metropolitan and country press, I am sure, will lead the way. The chief officers of cities, towns, counties, commercial clubs and other organizations should heartily co-operate, and give one day to the glory of this Commonwealth.

Transportation facilities will be ample. Extremely satisfactory railroad rates are already assured.

A great military parade, consisting of a detachment of the regular army, the entire National Guard of our State and other military organizations, will be one of the attractive features of the occasion.

Now, therefore, I, Alexander M. Dockery, Governor of Missouri, do earnestly request that all public offices be closed October 11, 1904, and the people refrain from their usual avocations to celebrate an event which gave that resplendent jewel Missouri to the flashing crown of our great Republic.

In testimony whereof I hereunto set my hand and cause to be affixed the great seal of the State of Missouri. Done at the City of Jefferson this sixteenth day of September A. D., 1904.

(Signed) A. M. DOCKERY.

By the Governor: Sam B. Cook, Secretary of State.

WILL MAKE MISSOURI DAY ONE OF GREATEST OF FAIR

Governor Dockery Issues Proclamation Calling Upon the People of the State to See That October 11 Surpasses All Others as to Attendance—Programme Partly Completed.

Missouri Day at the World's Fair, October 11, will be made one of the great days of the Exposition.

In his proclamation, calling upon the people of Missouri to observe Missouri Day, Governor Dockery states that it should surpass all others in attendance, and that it can be done and a strong effort will be made to substantiate the statement of the chief executive of this State.

The railroads of the State have made a low rate of 1 cent a mile from every point in Missouri. Special trains will be run, and provision will be made in the way of coaches to handle thousands and thousands of visitors.

The Missouri World's Fair Commission and the Exposition authorities have been at work on the programme for several weeks, and the full details will be announced within a few days. It is known, however, that the programme is a most elaborate one, and that nothing will be spared to give the people of "Grand Old Missouri" something that will be more than worth their time to come to the Exposition.

One of the features of the day will be a military parade, which will be participated in by every one of the troops on the grounds. Exercises will be held at the Missouri building, addresses being made by President Francis, Governor Dockery and one other speaker yet to be selected. The Missouri building will be headquarters for the visitors during the day, and souvenirs will be distributed. The day will close with a reception and ball to Missourians and their friends.

The people of Missouri will find much of interest in the different Missouri exhibits. In the opinion of all visitors to the Exposition, Missouri has made a great showing, and every citizen of the State should feel a keen sense of pride in what has been done, and as a matter of education as well should see the exhibits for themselves.

YOUNG COUPLE TWICE MARRIED

Ray R. Salt and Bride Re-enact at Clayton, Ceremony Performed at Hot Springs.

Because of parental objections to a civil law marriage, Ray R. Salt of St. Louis and his bride of nearly a year, went out to Clayton Thursday evening, where they again went through the ceremony, the Reverend Doctor Stultz, a Methodist minister, officiating.

Mrs. Salt was Miss Cora L. Reynolds of Memphis, while Mr. Salt is chief clerk of the Washington Hotel. Mrs. Salt has been in St. Louis some time, but it was only Thursday, after the arrival of her sisters, Mrs. Ida Wynne, Mrs. Estelle Mahoney and Mrs. Walter Hightower, that they decided to have the marriage ceremony performed according to the ritual of the Methodist Church in deference to the wishes of Mrs. Reynolds, mother of Mrs. Salt.

The party was out for an automobile ride early in the evening, when it was suggested that they go to Clayton. They arrived there about 8:30 o'clock, a license was secured, and they repaired to the Methodist parsonage, where Doctor Stultz performed the ceremony at 9 o'clock. The party then returned to the Washington Hotel, where they are at home to their friends.

The first ceremony was performed in Hot Springs, Ark., last winter by a Justice of the Peace, but when the mother of the bride was informed, she requested a church service and her wishes were complied with.

Mr. Salt had known Miss Reynolds for some time before their first marriage ceremony was performed. He was living in Hot Springs at the time, and his wife was spending the winter there with her mother. They left the hotel one afternoon and were married without notice to Mrs. Reynolds or any of their friends. No objection was made to the match, but the church ceremony was insisted upon by the mother of the bride.

Mrs. Salt, as Miss Reynolds, was a general society favorite in Tennessee. Her family is wealthy and one of the old Southern aristocratic families of Memphis.

BRYAN'S LUNG IS AFFECTED.

Complications Follow His Efforts at St. Louis Convention.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 16.—Mr. Bryan's rest in the wilds of Wyoming, away from the towns and telegraph, which began today, was an enforced one, taken under the orders of his physician, who assured him that permanent injury certainly resulting in the impairment of his lung power, and possibly pulmonary troubles, would follow did he not take a vacation.

The fact is that Mr. Bryan's strenuous efforts at the St. Louis National Convention left him with an injured lung that would not respond to any treatment, and the doctors peremptorily ordered an absolute rest.

Mr. Bryan thinks that two weeks will fully restore him, but the doctors, while admitting his wonderful vitality, think he needs take more

PARKER'S VISIT BRINGS HARMONY

Peace Reigns in Tammany Hall and New York State Seems Assured to Democracy.

STANDARD BEARER HOPEFUL.

Conferences in New York End All Differences—Democratic Candidate Will Make Several Speeches.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New York, Sept. 16.—Just before Judge Alton B. Parker started for home at Esopus to-night he made the formal declaration that he is very hopeful of his election to the presidency.

The announcement followed numerous conferences with the leaders of all factions of the Democratic party during the last two days.

As a result of Judge Parker's visit to New York, and the conferences with the leaders, complete harmony has been restored in Tammany Hall and New York State.

Judge Parker and Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, were together nearly three hours to-day.

When Mr. Murphy called on Judge Parker at the Astor Hotel he was accompanied by State Senator Victor J. Dowling and Secretary Smith of Tammany Hall. After Mr. Murphy left the hotel, Senator Dowling remained to converse with the nominee.

In half an hour Mr. Dowling came down and made the following statement:

"I have been asked by Judge Parker to say that he feels extremely jubilant and is very hopeful of the present outlook. He will return home to-night, well pleased with the conditions he found existing here, and in particular is he gratified at the many evidences of harmony that exist on every hand. He feels hopeful in the extreme."

With the Senator was Mr. Smith. "What was the result of Mr. Murphy's talk with Judge Parker?" he was asked.

"Well, it's just this," Mr. Smith replied. "Mr. Murphy told Judge Parker that he expected to receive as much recognition as Mr. McCarren, and the Judge told him to rest easy on that score; that he would get all the recognition to which he was entitled."

Judge Parker will return to the city in about a week, and will keep well in the foreground of the campaign until election. It was definitely settled that he will make several speeches—six or seven, probably—toward the end of the campaign. This subject was discussed with the leaders to-day, but no selection of dates or places was made.

He will, from now on, be a much more conspicuous figure in the work of the canvass than he has been.

404,450 VISITED FAIR ST. LOUIS DAY

Revision of Official Count May Show Slight Difference Either Way.

ABOUT 369,000 WERE PAID.

Comparison With Chicago Day Favorable to St. Louis—Week's Attendance Probably Will Exceed 1,000,000.

OFFICIAL COUNT AND ESTIMATED ATTENDANCE.

Official count, recorded admissions	404,450
Free admissions, unofficial estimate	25,000
Advance sale of souvenir tickets, estimated	40,000

The official count of the admissions for St. Louis Day was completed yesterday. It reached the splendid proportion of 404,450 recorded admissions. The official count has not yet been verified, and it was given out yesterday with the reservation that the corrected count might show a slight difference either way.

St. Louis Day, of course, brought out the largest attendance of the Exposition, exceeding the best previous attendance, on Labor Day, by the tidy amount of 184,828. The splendid showing of the loyal citizens of St. Louis on the city's day at the Fair was gratifying to the Exposition officials, and every one else who has the interests of the city and its great enterprise at heart.

While the proportion of paid admissions for the day was not given out yesterday, it probably stood at approximately 369,450 paid admissions to 35,000 free admissions. This estimate is based on the known fact that the average free admissions on an ordinary day approximate 8,000. It is estimated by Exposition officials that about this number of passes were used yesterday, and, in addition to those, about 7,000 school children were admitted free into the grounds.

The pass list would have been greatly less than that but for the fact that about every concession of any kind on the grounds engaged extra help in anticipation of the enormous attendance of St. Louis Day. One of the largest restaurants on the site employed 250 extra waiters just for that day. All of this extra help used their passes, making up for the number of regular passholders who paid their way in yesterday.

NETS HANDSOME SUM.

The great attendance of Thursday will net the Exposition a handsome sum, the gross receipts of the day being figured at about $175,000 from all sources by those who have the temerity to hazard a calculation on such an unknown quantity as gate receipts. In the opinion of some of the Exposition officials it is believed that from 30,000 to 40,000 souvenir tickets were sold downtown.

In every way the comparison between the results of Chicago Day at the Columbian Exposition and St. Louis Day at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition is favorable to the latter. At the time of the Chicago Exposition the population of that city was about 1,250,000, with a population surrounding it within a certain radius greatly in excess of that within the same radius of St. Louis. The attendance on Chicago Day was 761,942.

The population of St. Louis, according to the last census, was about 575,000. The Gould Directory gives it at present as about 635,000. Allowing for an influx of strangers at the present time it is perhaps 700,000.

The proportion of Chicago Day attendance to the city's population then is less than that of St. Louis Day to the latter city's present population, the proportion for St. Louis being considerably more than two visitors to the Fair on St. Louis Day to every inhabitant of the city.

The great attendance on St. Louis Day will no doubt bring this week's total up to the highest mark ever attained for a single week since the opening of the Fair. It will almost certainly be more than a million. This estimate is based on the approximate attendances for the five days of the week so far.

The attendance for Monday was about 120,000; Tuesday, about 110,000; Wednesday, about 127,000; Thursday, 404,450; Friday, about 125,000. Saturday is always one of the largest days of any week, and with fair weather to-day is expected to prove no exception. If the weather be propitious it is quite certain to reach 100,000. This low figure would bring the total week's attendance up to a few thousands more than a million.

The following are the admissions through the various entrances of the Exposition: Lindell, 422,627; Parade, 4,132; States, 59,548; Cheltenham, 320; South Railway, 2,997; Grand View, 902; Agriculture, 14,807; Belleview, 197; General Service, 734; County, 175; Convention, 7,329; Administration (Skinker), 45,508; Pike, 29,712; Inside Inn, 3,459.

JOHN M. GLOVER ISSUES CHALLENGE FOR DUEL.

Seeks Encounter With James M. Stewart as Result of Recent Altercation.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Cripple Creek, Colo., Sept. 16.—Attorney John M. Glover, formerly a Missouri Congressman, has written a letter to James M. Stewart, prospective Democratic candidate for Sheriff of Teller County, in which he challenges Mr. Stewart to fight a duel.

The letter is the outcome of a fight which occurred between Glover and Stewart at the Democratic caucus a week ago, in which Stewart knocked Glover down. As a result of the encounter Glover carried a black eye for several days.

Trouble between the two dates back to Stewart's term as Sheriff, when he and Glover engaged in several altercations.

Dividend of Two Per Cent.

Philadelphia, Sept. 16.—The directors of the Philadelphia and Reading Railway have declared a semiannual dividend of 2 per cent on the second preferred stock of the company.

RUSSIA CONCEDES ALL UNITED STATES DEMANDS.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 16.—The Russian Government has given its answer to the United States and England on the question of contraband of war. While Russia maintains a dignified position, she accedes to practically all the demands of the two countries.

No shipments of foodstuffs, etc., shall be considered contraband so long as consigned to private firms, and there shall be no challenges unless a ship's papers are irregular.

At all times the burden of proof shall rest with the captor to show that goods are not consigned in good faith, but are intended for a belligerent.

A rumor has been in circulation for some time that Vice Admiral Doubasoff is to succeed Vice Admiral Avellan as the head of the Admiralty Department as a result of the controversy over contraband trade, in which Admiral Avellan strongly opposed any concessions to the British and American protest.

JAPS REPORTED ADVANCING ON MUKDEN FROM THE EAST

Outpost Skirmishes Already Have Taken Place and Large Bodies of Kuroki's Army Are Moving Forward in the Liao Valley to Strike the Russian Flanks—General Kuropatkin's Fortifications at Tie Pass Indicate His Retirement Further North, Though St. Petersburg Believes He Will Make Stand at Mukden.

GEN. STOESSEL EMPOWERED TO SURRENDER PORT ARTHUR.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 16.—It has been reported here from Mukden that the Japanese are advancing upon Mukden from the east, and a strong Russian force is prepared to meet them.

Twenty-six wounded men were brought into Mukden this morning from Major General Mistchenko's division of Cossacks. Particulars of the fighting are not available, but it is supposed that it was only an outpost skirmish preceding the Japanese attack.

General Kuropatkin reports that reconnoissances have established the fact that the Japanese are massing near Yentai and Bentsiaputze. Large bodies of Japanese are also moving in the Liao River Valley.

The greater part of Field Marshal Oyama's army, however, is still near Yentai, encamped along the heights between the mines and the railroad.

While the War Office does not expect an immediate advance, the preliminary dispositions of the Japanese forces are taken to indicate that the Japanese intend when they advance to strike from the eastward. They seem to be avoiding the territory west of the Liao River, possibly because it is flat, and would give the Russians the advantage of their superiority in cavalry.

KUROPATKIN STRONGLY FORTIFIES TIE PASS.

There is considerable mystery about Kuropatkin's plans. Although all the information obtainable indicates that the bulk of his army is still around Mukden and the official intimations are that Kuropatkin does not contemplate retiring further at present, there is considerable skepticism on these points.

About all that is definitely known is that a considerable number of his troops have already gone north, that the heights near the Liao River at Tie Pass have been fortified, that the pass has been secured and that cavalry is scouting wide on the Russian flanks to signal the first indication of a new turning movement on the part of the Japanese.

The Japanese are now expected to redouble their efforts before Port Arthur, when the news received is not encouraging.

In spite of the success which hitherto has attended the defense, the Russian lines are being drawn closer, the garrison is undergoing severe privations, and its resisting power is weakening under the strain.

A final sortie of the Russian squadron at Port Arthur may be expected at any time. When the command of the squadron was turned over to Rear Admiral Wren he received strict instructions that if the fortress falls, not one of the Russian ships must fall into the hands of the Japanese.

STOESSEL EMPOWERED TO SURRENDER PORT ARTHUR.

SPECIAL BY CABLE TO THE ST. LOUIS REPUBLIC AND THE NEW YORK HERALD.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 16.—(Copyright, 1904. All Rights Reserved.)—I hear from well-informed sources that the situation of General Stoessel at Port Arthur is considered exceedingly critical, owing to lack of ammunition. The fact cannot be surprising to anyone who has noted the terrific output of shot and shell since January.

General Stoessel, according to the tenor of my dispatch a few days ago, has full liberty to surrender when he finds the situation hopeless. Indeed, he has instructions to do so.

Independent and apart from scarcity of ammunition, the garrison for some time has been reduced to a diet of black bread, while the masses of unburied bodies which the Japanese refused to allow to be buried cause terrible pollution of the air.

General Kuropatkin telegraphs that he wants officers, and great efforts are being made to provide the same.

An official order has been issued, relieving employes of the state railways qualified to serve as officers.

A number of section torpedo boats have been supplied to Russia by Germany. You may be quite sure, neither Mukden nor Tie-Ling will be seriously held. The latter has been called the Thermopylae of Manchuria, but it can be easily turned.

Owing to the latest news from Port Arthur, the idea of the Baltic fleet starting appears to be quite abandoned.

JAPS CAPTURE ANOTHER PORT.

Chefoo, Sept. 16.—The Japanese troops beween September 8 and 10 captured a fort situated on a high hill, two miles east of Golden Hill, by assault. The fighting was not severe. The Japanese were able to remain in the fort, because the quality of the powder used at Golden Hill was so poor that many shells fell short and others failed to explode.

The Japanese are said to be tunneling under the Russian forts with the intention of blowing them up. The work of tunneling is slow and arduous.

The Russians have placed mines under all the public buildings, wharves, arsenals and everything that could possibly be of use to the Japanese, with the intention of causing their destruction should the Japanese enter the city.

A shell struck a destroyer, which was lying in dock undergoing repairs, knocking it into kindling wood and killing seven sailors.

CRUISER LENA TAKEN TO MARE ISLAND.

San Francisco, Sept. 16.—The Russian auxiliary cruiser Lena is to-night at the Government naval station at Mare Island, having departed from San Francisco Bay this afternoon under escort of the cruiser Marblehead.

The Lena is now under the local jurisdiction of Rear Admiral McCalla of the Navy Yard, the responsibility of her safekeeping having been transferred from Rear Admiral Goodrich. The entire crew of the Lena is aboard of the Russian vessel and will doubtless be detained at Mare Island pending an official decision as to their disposition.

The work of dismantling the Lena will be commenced at an early date and workmen have been engaged to place her in a seaworthy condition.

PROTEST AGAINST OPENING IROQUOIS

Memorial Association Attempts to Keep the Theater's Doors Closed.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Chicago, Sept. 16.—The feeling against the reopening of the Iroquois Theater next Monday night culminated to-day when the Iroquois Memorial Association issued a formal condemnation of the project, and protested against the city's licensing the theater under the new management.

The petition of the association, which was first circulated last spring, now contains several thousand names, among them the signatures of more than 3,000 school teachers. The association's officials to-day appealed to the clergy for their aid in preventing the reopening, and it is said that several hundred ministers will unite in the protest.

President James J. Reynolds of the memorial association asked Corporation Counsel Sexton for permission to have the association's architect, J. E. O. Pridmore, make an inspection of the theater before a license is granted. Mr. Sexton said he thought the plan would not be opposed.

"If any legal way is found to prevent the issuance of the license," Mr. Sexton said, "I will stop the issuance and cause the matter to be adjudicated. As far as I can say now, if the building complies with the ordinance, a permit will have to be issued."

W. P. DEPPE RESIGNS POSITION WITH "BIG FOUR."

Assistant General Passenger Agent Will Go to New York to Enter Mercantile Pursuits.

W. P. Deppe, chief assistant general passenger agent of the Big Four Railway system, has resigned his position to remove to New York and engage in mercantile pursuits with a new company, of which he is to be a managing director.

Mr. Deppe, who lives at the Hamilton Hotel, is one of the best-known railroad officials in the West, and is especially well liked in St. Louis, where he has occupied a prominent position with railways for the last twenty years. He is also popular socially.

His resignation takes effect October 1, but it is probable that Mr. Deppe will be in St. Louis for another month, adjusting his affairs, before his departure for New York, where he believes that his new position will prove as congenial and profitable as he could wish.

JEFFERSON CANCELS DATES.

Actor's Illness Prevents His Appearing on the Stage.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New York, Sept. 16.—The theater-going public who are admirers of Joseph Jefferson, and who most pleasantly anticipated seeing him upon the stage this winter for his customary brief tour, will hear with regret that the veteran actor is ill at his country home in Buzzard's Bay, Mass., and that he has canceled all engagements for the season. Mr. Jefferson, though 75 years old, has enjoyed excellent health, and is very vigorous for a man of his years.

Recently while at Buzzard's Bay Mr. Jefferson was attacked by what appeared to be somewhat serious indigestion.

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMMES AT THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Massachusetts, Colorado, Rural Letter Carriers' and Red Men's Day.

SPECIAL EVENTS.

SIXTH DAY OF TEXAS AND WOODMEN'S WEEK.

MORNING.

9:00—Guard mount, Second Kentucky, West Point Camp.
Guard mount, Woodmen of the World, Administration quadrangle.
Anthropology, Lecture, Professor Starr, Anthropology building.
9:25—Colorado Day Parade, Fair grounds.
9:30—Governor Peabody of Colorado calls on President Francis.
10:00—Session Germanic Congress, Congress Hall.
Meeting American Mathematical Society, Congress Hall.
Drill, Forty-second New York, Administration quadrangle.
Lecture, "Growing Hardy Fruits," by Professor N. E. Hansen, Congress Hall.
Massachusetts Day, parade, Fair grounds.
Judging Cattle, Live-Stock Forum.
Meeting Electrical Congress, Hall of Congresses.
Meeting Mexican War Veterans, Hall of Congresses.
10:15—Governor Bates of Massachusetts calls on President Francis.
10:20—Colorado Day ceremonies, north side, Palace of Agriculture.
11:00—Colorado Day, distribution of 100,000 Rocky Ford cantaloupes, Horticulture building.
Massachusetts Day exercises, Massachusetts building.
English classes, Moro Village, Philippines.
12:00—Reception, Massachusetts Day, Massachusetts building.

AFTERNOON.

1:00—Homing pigeon race from Sullivan, Mo., to Model Poultry Farm.
1:30—Demonstration in breeding, field crops, live stock, Congress Hall.
2:00—Cattle judging, Live-Stock Forum.
Red Men's Day exercises, Temple of Fraternity.
2:00—Parade of prize winners, Live-Stock Forum.
4:00—Missionary prayer service, Woman's Archorage.
4:20—Child gardeners at work, United States Plant Map.
5:00—Drill, Scouts, Philippines.
Drill, Forty-second New York, Administration quadrangle.
Manufacture of liquid air and hydrogen, jurytrown, Liberal Arts building.
Weekly reception, Brazilian building.
6:30—Parade, Constabulary Band, Philippines.

EVENING.

8:00—Drill, United States Marines, Plaza St. Louis.
7:00—Dinner, Liberal Arts Club, Fair Japan.
7:30—Informal reception to Germanic Congress, Das Deutsche Haus.
7:45—Display fireworks, Stadium.
8:00—Colorado Day reception to Governor and Mrs. Peabody, Kentucky building.
Lecture, Secretary of the Treasury, Leslie M. Shaw, Festival Hall.
Dinner to Electrical Parliament, Das Deutsche Haus.

REGULAR EVENTS.

MORNING.

8:00—Grounds open.
Exhibit palaces open.
Troop drill, United States Marines, Plaza Orleans.
Pike open.
Foreign buildings open.
8:30 a. m. to 7:00 p. m.—Ferris Wheel runs, giving best view of $50,000,000 Exposition.
8:29 a. m. to 6:00 p. m.—Free guides leave stations within Jerusalem every 15 minutes.
8:35—Feeding birds and game, Missouri outdoor exhibit.
9:00—Guard mount, Scouts, Philippines.
Feeding beavers, Palace of Forestry, Fish and Game.
Tagan class, Model School, Philippines.
10:00—Feeding seals, Government Fisheries Pavilion.
Queen's Jubilee presents on view, Construction building.
Heliograph demonstrations, Signal Corps, podium, Government building.
10:30—Igorote, Negrito and Moro class, model School, Philippines.
Biograph exhibit, Interior Department, Government building.
Demonstration, model dry dock, Government building.
Drill, seacoast guns, Government Hill.
11:00—Programme by Indian pupils, porch, Indian School building.
Wireless telegraph demonstration, Government building.
Kindergarten classes, Model Playgrounds.
Cascades in operation.
11:25—Radium lecture, Interior Department, Government building.
12:30—Milking and feeding cows, dairy test, Dairy Barns.

AFTERNOON.

1:00—Literary class work, Indian School building.
1:30—Classes of blind and deaf, east nave, Palace of Education.
1:30—Boer War, three famous battles.
Hourly milk tests, Palace of Education.
2:00—Cascades in operation.
2, 4, 6, 8, 9:30—Battle of Santiago, Navy Show, west end of the Pike.
Biograph exhibit, Interior Department, Government building.
2:30—Drill, United States Life-Savers, lake north of Agriculture building.
3:00—Kindergarten classes, Model Playgrounds.
Heliograph demonstrations, Government building.
Radium exhibit, Interior Department, Government building.
Feeding of birds, Government bird cage.
Spear-throwing, Igorote Village, Philippines.
Demonstration, floating dry dock, Government building.
3:30—Boer War, three famous battles.
3:30—Dress parade, United States Marines, Plaza St. Louis.
4:00—Wireless telegraph demonstrations, Government building.
Biograph exhibit, Interior Department, Government building.
Drill, United States Hospital Corps, camp near Parade entrance.
Programme, by Indian pupils, porch, Indian School building.
Feeding the seals, Government Fisheries Pavilion.
4:35—Feeding birds and game, Missouri outdoor exhibit.
Drill, seacoast guns, Government Hill.
5:00—Cascades in operation.
Old Indian sports and pastimes, Plaza Indian School.

EVENING.

6:00—Flag salute and dress parade, Indian School.
7:00—Milking and feeding cows, dairy test, Dairy Barns.
7:30—Boer War, three famous battles.
7:30 p. m. to 10:30 p. m.—Ferris Wheel, Best place to view illuminations and fireworks.
7:30—Illumination of grounds and buildings.
8:30—Cascades in operation.

MUSIC EVENTS.

MORNING.

9:30—Indian Band, Indian School.
Government Indian Band, Indian School.
Organ recital, Iowa building.
10:00—Orchestra Concert, Missouri building.
10:30—Piano recital, Indiana building, Theodora Sturkow.
Weil's Band, Colorado Day exercises, Horticulture building.
11:30—First United States Infantry Band, Government building.
Scouts' Band, Philippines.
Grenadier Band, Massachusetts building.
11:30—Organ recital, Alexander Guilmant of Paris, Festival Hall.

AFTERNOON.

1:30—Government Indian Band, Indian School.
2:00—Weil's Band, Live-Stock Forum.
Vocal concert, Missouri building.
Orchestra, Temple of Fraternity.
Piano recital, Miss Theodora Sturkow, Indiana building.
2:30—Recital, Kentucky building.
3:00—Victoria Band, Canadian building.
3:30—Mexican Band, Jerusalem Gardens.
4:00—First United States Infantry Band, Government building.
Garde Republicane Band, Administration quadrangle.

EVENING.

8:00—Exposition Orchestra, Tyrolean Alps.
7:00—Constabulary Band, Philippines.
Vancouver Band, Plaza St. Louis.
7:30—Mexican Band, Cascade Gardens.
Organ recital, Charles Galloway, Festival Hall.
Grenadier Band, Plaza St. Louis.
Victoria Band, Stadium.
8:00—Concert, Kentucky building.
8:30—Exposition Orchestra, Tyrolean Alps.

WARMTH FROM THE SOUTH.

Forecaster Predicts Rise in Temperature for To-Day.

Milder weather for the next few days is the prediction of Weather Forecaster Bowie. Winds from the north will cease blowing and southerly breezes will bring warmth from the southland. In predicting warmer weather Forecaster Bowie says that it will not be uncomfortably hot.

The barometer over St. Louis and vicinity fell somewhat last night, but not enough to augur rain.

The warm wave that will visit St. Louis to-day is not confined to this region, but will take in the Western States. The forecast for to-morrow is: Slightly warmer weather, with south and southwesterly winds.