CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles and cures Constipation. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

I WILL GIVE $1000
If I Fail to Cure Any Cancer or Tumor

I treat before it poisons deep glands. No Knife or Pain. No pay until cured. No X Ray or other Swindle. A Pacific Island plant makes the cures. Any tumor, lump or screen the lip, face or anywhere six months is nearly always cancer.
ABSOLUTE GUARANTEE
150-page book, after testimonials sent free.

ANY LUMP IN WOMAN'S BREAST
is nearly always CANCER and if neglected will always poison deep glands in the armpit and kill quickly.

Address DR. & MRS. CHAMLEIGH & CO.
"STRICTLY RELIABLE." THREE LADY ASSISTANTS.
Offices 201 and 203 N 12th St., St. Louis, Mo.
SEND TO SOMEONE WITH CANCER.

J. Liebig
This Signature in Blue Guarantees
LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF BEEF
Ask for LIEBIG COMPANY'S, Not simply "LIEBIG'S"
"JUST AS GOODS" ARE WORTHLESS

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
Cleanses and beautifies the teeth and purifies the breath.
Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.
Very convenient for tourists.
PREPARED BY
J. W. Lyon, D.D.S.

WANT BUSINESS COURSE IN TEXAS PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Farmers Petition to Legislature for Addition of Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Telegraphy.

SPECIAL TO THE REPUBLIC.

Austin, Tex., Jan. 18.—A large number of the farmers of Texas have taken when gratified private business colleges and private schools may as well leave Texas.

A petition signed by the members of the Farmers' Alliance reached here this morning and was presented to the Texas Senate asking that a business course consisting of bookkeeping, shorthand, writing and telegraphy be added to all the public schools of the State, the free tuition to be retained.

The measure is one of the most interesting to the general public and one from the source it comes it is more than likely that many of the legislators will want to act upon it favorably. Though it would entail a cost of several hundred thousand annually to make it operative.

A bill introduced in the House today seeks to stop fakirs in other States in Texas, making it a felony and awarding a punishment of from two to five years in the Penitentiary against ticket agents and a fine of $500 against the railroad company for each ticket that is bought in or through the State. The bill is so drafted that it applies with equal force to church fairs and any other fakirs.

Another measure introduced today seeks to give railroad commissioners police power everywhere in the State of permitting them to arrest men upon their trains in a drunken condition, or for indulging in any foul or profane language.

Some 500 merchants are attending the Legislature today for the question from the occupation tax law.

The prohibition advocates are trying their best to push their legislative measures, which in the main are very drastic, and it is evident that the prohibition bills will be on very shortly now.

Representative Cullen, acting today together in many of the companies in the House, introduced a bill requiring railroads, under penalty of a fine to give all legislators, as well as all department and higher court heads, annual passes over the roads in Texas.

WASTING AWAY

It's the small but constant loss of flesh that indicates physical waste—the gradual slipping away of healthy flesh, pound by pound, which no ordinary food seems to restore. Scott's Emulsion will restore it. This Emulsion is the greatest flesh builder obtainable. Scott's Emulsion first stops the wasting—that's one gain. Then when it supplies new flesh and takes one back to normal strength and weight, that's another gain and a big one.

We'll send you a sample, free
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

STRIKE STOPS WORK ON RUSSIAN SHIPS

Twelve Thousand Employes of Naval Yard Leave Their Work.

SITUATION IS THREATENING.

Construction of Submarine Boats, Ocean Going Vessels, and Gunboats Is Much Delayed.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 18.—Early today the employes of the Neva Shipbuilding Works decided to support the strikers of Putiloff and Franco-Russian works. Subsequently, three of the men of the Neva works informed their managers that they had gone out on a general strike.

The situation is now regarded as threatening.

The strike at the Neva works involves the suspension of the construction of submarine boats of the protector type, which was being carried on under the supervision of an American engineer, and also the work on two seagoing vessels similar to those of the volunteer fleet, and several gunboats and torpedo boats, besides the preparation of war material urgently required for naval and military purposes.

The completion of the gunboats and torpedo boats had been ordered within two months.

Large forces of military and police have been sent to the works.

It is feared that the men employed at the Obuhoff Steel Works will join in the movement, thus adding 3000 to the ranks of the strikers.

Eight thousand operatives of the Sieglitz Cotton Mills struck work today, demanding an eight-hour day.

The strike situation this afternoon is assuming a serious aspect. One of the cotton mills has joined in the movement, and if the rest follow they will add nearly a hundred thousand men to the ranks of the strikers.

The best feature of the situation is that the iron and steel works, which are working overtime, owing to Government orders, are disposed to meet the men's demands. The trade movement still remains strictly in the nature of a trade dispute, although the Social Democrats are trying hard to give it a political character.

The authorities are taking the greatest precautions to prevent disorders tomorrow, the feast of the Epiphany, especially around the Winter Palace, where the Emperor and the whole imperial family will be assisted for the ceremony of blessing the waters.

PROTECTIVE FEDERATION PREPARES FOR YEAR'S WORK.

Plans Call for Expenditure of $7,000 Under Direction of Executive Committee.

The work of the various Home Protective Federations in St. Louis will be prosecuted this year under the guidance of a central body, known as the Executive Committee.

The members of this committee will be W. J. Kinsella, president, A. P. Brown and Murray Carleton, vice presidents, Benjamin Gratz, treasurer, Sam M. Kennard, David Ittner, Henry Meyer, F. J. Lemp, Jr., and Christian Berner. Alexander H. Robins will be secretary and attorney.

The report of the work done by the organization for 1904 shows that $300 was expended in the protection of residence parts of the city. More than 100 saloon petitions were contested, seven disreputable places were closed, two gambling houses were raided and one suit against a druggist charged with selling liquor to a minor, in violation of the Sunday law, was won.

The expenditure of $7,000 is arranged for in the ensuing year. Each of the members of the Executive Committee has contributed $250 to the fund, and the remainder is practically assured. The work of the Federation is confined to the district west of Jefferson avenue.

WOMAN GUILTY OF ARSON.

Judge Withrow Sends Mrs. Chase to the Workhouse.

Judge Withrow yesterday morning sentenced Mrs. Rose C. Chase to the Workhouse for one year on her plea of guilty to setting fire to furniture in her boarding-house at No. 2508 Lawton avenue last September.

Mrs. Chase was jointly charged with Mrs. Nora McIntosh. When the case was called Mrs. McIntosh entered a plea of not guilty and demanded a trial. Her case was continued until the next term of court.

Mrs. Chase told Judge Withrow that she had rented and furnished the house at great expense for the World's Fair period, and had not made the money she expected. She said she did not set fire to the house for the purpose of getting the insurance money, but her object was to damage the house so the lease she had signed would be invalid.

Mrs. McIntosh says she had nothing to do with the crime, as she was only a boarder at Mrs. Chase's house, and had no interest in the business. At the time of arrest the police charged that both women had packed their trunks and sent them to Union Station, preparatory to departure for Kansas.

Inventory of Partnership.

An inventory of the partnership of Gilmore & Buhl, a clothing firm, of which the late James J. Gilmore was a member, filed in probate yesterday, sets forth a personal estate of $273,336.45. It comprises goods and chattels $92,253.71, consisting of stock of clothing, cloth and materials, factory plant and store and office furniture; accounts, $123,218.58; cash in St. Louis banks, $36,334.68; cash in New York banks, $1,205.29; cash on hand, $395.20, and notes, $19,428.96.

ALPS CONTROVERSY FINALLY SETTLED

Concessionaires Pay $40,000 to Exposition Company in Payment of All Debts.

TO ABANDON PROPOSED SUIT.

Amicable Adjustment of Differences Which Led to the Resignation of Adolphus Busch as a Fair Director.

After a lengthy controversy extending through and beyond the entire Exposition period, the differences of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Company and the German Tyrolean Alps Company have been finally settled.

The controversy was brought to an end by the payment of $40,000 by the Alps Company in satisfaction of all claims of the Exposition Company. The money was paid Tuesday to the Exposition management in two checks, one for $30,000 and the other for $10,000.

The payment of this amount, while not as much as that which the Exposition claimed was owing to it and more than the concession company contended they owed, will result in the abandonment of the proposed suit by the Fair management against the Alps Company. An amicable adjustment of the financial differences which led some time ago to the resignation of Adolphus Busch from the World's Fair Board of Directors will result.

The dispute had its inception from the very first payment by the Alps Company to the Exposition collectors. This payment was on the basis of the required per cent on what is said to have been practically the net receipts of the concession instead of the gross receipts.

The Alps Company had let several subconcessions which brought in a considerable revenue in the royalties paid by the subconcessionaires. Instead of paying their royalty to the Exposition Company on the gross receipts of the concessions, the Fair officials claim, they paid a per cent only upon the amount of the royalties received from the subconcessions.

The Exposition management steadfastly refused to agree to this arrangement and the managers of the concession as steadfastly refused to pay upon any other basis. The controversy waged through the entire period of the Exposition, until at the close of the Fair the exposition management contended that the Alps management owed it a balance of $[illegible] while the concessionaires claimed that they owed but $[illegible].

A special committee was appointed a few weeks after the close of the Exposition by the Executive Committee of the Fair to arrange a settlement of the dispute. Several counterclaims of the Alps Company against the Exposition for rebates of various kinds were presented and the negotiations continued for several weeks without result.

Of late, however, the disputants gave signs of coming together on some basis of agreement and the end of the dispute by the payment of $[illegible] by the Alps Company is a result of the continued negotiations.

DRUG AGENT SENT TO JAIL

Paul Schneider Fined for Contempt of Court in Ignoring Restraining Order.

Paul Schneider, a merchant's agent, of No. 2638 California avenue, was fined $1,000 and sentenced to thirty days in the Montgomery County Jail by Judge Elmer B. Adams of the United States Circuit Court for contempt of court in disobeying a permanent order issued in July, 1903, which enjoined him from selling phenacetin. Schneider will be taken to jail today.

Phenacetin is a substitute for quinine made under a United States patent by the Farbenfabriken Company of Elberfeld, Germany. In 1903 the German firm discovered that packages of the drug not accounted for by them were being sold.

The suit against Schneider for infringement of patent rights was the result. Shortly after the injunction was issued the Farbenfabriken Company applied for an order of contempt, alleging that Schneider was still continuing the sale of the drug which, they claimed, he procured from a New York drug firm doing business under several different names.

Go to Laughlin's, Seventh and Locust, for good things to eat. After-theater service a specialty.

MEN IN FIGHT THINK EACH OTHER A ROBBER.

Peter Costello and Robert Scroggins Meet in Passageway and Engage in Fierce Conflict.

Mistaking each other for a highwayman, Peter Costello of No. 301 Walnut street and Robert Scroggins of No. 296 Wash street fought at Twelfth and Olive streets early yesterday morning.

As a result of the encounter, Scroggins was taken to the City Hospital, where, it is said, he is suffering from a concussion of the brain. Costello was locked up at the Four Courts.

Workmen, who are remodeling the big building at the southeast corner of Twelfth and Olive streets, have erected a passageway on the walk, which is covered over to protect pedestrian from falling timbers, stone or iron.

It was in this passageway that Scroggins and Costello met, and as one jostled the other the fight began. Both told the police that they had not met before, and in the dark each mistook the other for a highwayman.

A policeman arrived while they were struggling for supremacy and placed both under arrest. It was found that Scroggins, in being knocked down by Costello, has sustained an injury to his head, from which he later became unconscious.

$18.25 to New Orleans and Return.
Via Mobile and Ohio Railroad, January 22 and 23. Ticket office, 318 Olive street.

ADVOCATES A THIRD BRIDGE.

North St. Louis Citizens' Association Takes Action.

The North St. Louis Citizens' Association held its regular meeting last night at the North St. Louis Turner Hall, Twentieth and Salisbury streets. The free bridge question was considered and President Crone appointed a special committee to congratulate with kindred associations regarding the matter.

The secretary was instructed to call the attention of the Park Commissioner to the accumulation of snow and ice around Hyde Park. The matter of poor gas supply in North St. Louis received much attention. The ordinance establishing a dumpheap at the foot of Ferry street was approved and a special committee was appointed to push its passage.

The association unanimously resolved to join the Million Club.

STONE SPEAKS ON CAMPAIGN FUNDS

Missouri Senator Says Gravest Danger Is Money in Politics.

ASKS FOR INVESTIGATION.

Thinks Roosevelt Is Unaware of Sharp Practices of Contest That He Might Profit by Election.

The Republic Bureau,
Wyatt Building, 6th and F Streets.

Washington, Jan. 18.—Senator William J. Stone of Missouri, in the first political speech delivered in the Senate since the election, reopened to-day the charges that Cortelyou used his knowledge as former Secretary of Commerce and Labor to secure large contributions from trusts to the Republican campaign fund.

His argument upheld his resolution, recently introduced, which calls for an investigation of contributions by corporations to national campaign funds. Cortelyou, he declared, stands negative and silent, while the President's public answer to Judge Alton B. Parker admitted that contributions had been received.

He found evidence of the existence of the evil in Thomas W. Lawson's article for January, in which the Boston man asserted that to his knowledge a $[illegible] corruption fund had been raised to beat Bryan in 1896. The use of money to corrupt the electorate, Senator Stone concluded, is the gravest danger threatening the Government, and he demanded a full investigation to ascertain the extent to which such corrupting influences have permeated both parties. Republicans allowed his address to go unanswered until he had ended, when Senator Hansbrough requested that the President's answer to Judge Parker be read in full. This was done.

Practically all of the Missouri delegation came over to the Senate Chamber to hear the speech. A fair attendance of both sides of the Senate were present, including such leaders as Spooner, Platt, Allison and Gorman. Contrary to expectations, he was not interrupted, or answered, during his address.

Mr. Stone did not use his faculty of dramatic delivery, but contented himself with a deliberate reading of his manuscript, adhering closely to the written speech.

In reviewing the charge made by Judge Parker in the late campaign, Senator Stone declared:

Mr. Cortelyou has not yet answered it. He stands mute, wrapped in grim silence. The Senator contended that "disguise it as you may, in substance, they referring to the President and Elihu Root admit the acceptance of financial aid from corporations which exist in contravention of law, for the purpose of establishing industrial monopoly by destroying competition, and which ordinarily expect favors, directly or indirectly, from the Government."

With deliberation, he proceeded:

"Under the circumstances this act of the Republican chairman was one of gross public immorality, if nothing worse. Could anything be more despicable?

"To what level have we fallen if the American people can look upon such conduct with complacency?

"Aye, and to what level have we fallen if the American Senate can contemplate this national shame with indifference?

"This offense, made by the President and Mr. Root is monstrous. There is no need to decry or condemn it; it speaks for itself."

REFERS TO ROOSEVELT.

Mr. Stone also took cognizance of the recommendations made by the President in his last annual message for the protection of the integrity of elections, saying:

"What the President asserts is true, and what he counsels is wise, but I am surprised that he should, so soon after election, denounce this particular crime in language so explicit and diffuse. If Judge Parker spoke truly, then the President himself is the conscious beneficiary of the very evil he condemns.

"The President's intrepidity puzzles me to determine whether he was in fact advised, and to what extent advised, as to the immoral means employed to promote his election. I would prefer to believe that the President is ignorant of many things done for his profiting. Theodore Roosevelt is instinctively an honest man. But he is also inordinately ambitious, and I have thought that ambition had so blurred his native honesty as to blind him momentarily, and to make him do things or suffer things to be done, that would otherwise be repulsive.

"I prefer to believe the best of him, and all things considered, the best I can believe is that the President, being an honest man, smarting under the sting of venomous and being himself no longer interested in campaign contributions, has resolved unselfishly to exert his strength to promote the public welfare in this behalf."

He urged an investigation, under the President's leadership, and, closing, said:

"I hope Senators will vie with each other in running this accursed treason down. Guard the Republic against this crime, which strikes at the root of political life. Corruption is like a worm in the bud. If not plucked forth it will destroy the flower of liberty. Let us make our elections a true expression of the free, intelligent, unbought will of the American people. Let us give to the maxim, 'Vox populi vox Dei,' a vital meaning in American public life."

Now You Can Buy Diamonds on Credit.
Your account is welcome. Come and select the diamond you want to wear. Immediate delivery. Lubke Bros. & Co., second floor, 308 N. 6th, corner Olive.

BULLET FIRED AT NEGRO STRIKES BAGGAGE AGENT.

Policemen of Texarkana Pursue Escaping Prisoner From One State Into Another.

SPECIAL TO THE REPUBLIC.

Texarkana, Ark., Jan. 18.—While Policeman Henry Smith of the Texas side and Walter Harris of the Arkansas side of Texarkana were shooting at an escaping negro prisoner at the Cotton Belt Station, at 2 o'clock this morning, one of the bullets from their revolvers struck Cotton Belt Baggage Agent George Maher in the chest, inflicting a very dangerous and probably fatal wound.

A passenger train was on the siding at the time and many persons were on the platform. The negro was a petty offender and the city authorities have ordered an investigation.

Maher was formerly engaged in the newspaper business in Kansas and Oklahoma, where he is well known.

UNITED RAILWAYS CO. SUED.

Horace F. James Says He Was Kicked by Conductor.

Horace F. James filed suit in the Circuit Court yesterday against the United Railways Company for $4,500 damages alleging that a conductor of a car kicked him on December 23 last as he was getting off the car at Eighteenth street and Clark avenue. The trouble was caused, he alleges, by his pulling the bell cord when the car was not stopped after he had signaled.

Edward Houlihan sued the United Railways Company for $15,000 damages for alleged personal injuries. Jeremiah Nolan sued the St. Louis Transit Company and the United Railways Company for $7,500 damages for injuries alleged to have been sustained October 23.

BELGIUM BUILDING OFFERED AS ARMORY

Julien C. Hillaert, World's Fair Commissioner, Writes Colonel McKenna of First Regiment.

TOO LATE FOR LIEGE FAIR.

Framework Is of Finest Steel—Can Be Obtained at Small Cost and Made Permanent.

The Belgian building at the World's Fair, the framework of which is constructed entirely of the finest steel, has been offered for sale to the First Regiment of Missouri for an armory, a letter to this effect having been sent yesterday to Colonel Frank B. McKenna of No. 1 Lenox place, Commandant of the regiment, by Julien C. Hillaert, representing the Belgian Government in St. Louis.

No specific price is asked by the Belgian Commissioner for the structure, but he says that it can be obtained very cheap. The Government has intructed him to dispose of it in America, and has given him full power to make the bargain.

It was the original intention of the Department of Expositions of the Belgian Government to take the building back to Liege, where an international exposition opens next May. The project was abandoned when it was found that it would be impossible to tear the pavilion down, transport it and reerect it in Liege in time for the opening of the exposition.

The building is 250 feet long, 85 feet wide, 55 feet high from the floor to the dome and 25 feet in height in either wing. The roof is in the form of an arch and the dome is formed of stained glass, all the light in the building being admitted by this device. There are no columns in the interior and the support for the walls and roof is offered by the arched framework.

It required twenty-two railroad cars to transport the steel across the country, and it forms the sole cargo of an ocean steamship owned by the Atlantic. The steel alone weighs 20 tons, and is the product which the foundries of Belgium, long famous for the quality of their goods, can turn out.

Mr. Hillaert will request the Department of Transportation of his country to take the building home in case he cannot get a suitable price, and set it up as a railroad station. The railroads are all under the control of the Government. Mr. Hillaert does not know the cost of the building exactly, but states that the steel construction alone cost more than $[illegible].

One of the peculiarities of the building is that it has no windows. This is the custom in Belgium to avoid the window tax, levied there.

ATTACKS HIS MOTHER'S WILL.

W. H. Haggerty Says Parent Left Estate to His Sisters.

William H. Haggerty applied to the Circuit Court yesterday to have the will of his mother, Mrs. Anna M. Haggerty, set aside. He alleges that she was unduly influenced to leave her estate, consisting of a large amount of real estate and personal property, to her youngest daughter, Louise H. Haggerty, except $1 each to her other seven children and three grandchildren.

Mrs. Haggerty, who was a widow, died last November. The plaintiff alleges that his sister and others, to him unknown, induced his mother to execute the instrument. The will recites, it is alleged, that Mrs. Haggerty had previously given sufficient to her other children and grandchildren. His mother was sick, infirm and weak when the will was executed, March 3, 1903, it is alleged.

Real Estate Transfers.

ALLEY [illegible] Andreas Mathesen and wife to Augustus Diepenbrock and wife, $ [illegible]

BIRCHER [illegible] City block 4891, Engelbert Schaper to Benedict Thelemann and wife, [illegible]

BROADWAY [illegible] Charles and Tony, city block [illegible], John W. Parr Jr. and wife to Mary Lawrence Tyrrell's heirs, undivided [illegible]

CHESTNUT [illegible] corr. South, on which it fronts 45 ft., city block 341, Eleanor B. Gogan to Aulie Restaurant Co., [illegible]

GOODE [illegible] Cottage and St. Ferdinand, city block [illegible], Mary Alice Bressler to Leon Marschal, [illegible]

GOODE [illegible] Cottage and St. Ferdinand, city block [illegible], Harry Wolfe to Mary Alice Bressler, [illegible]

HAMPTON [illegible] and 50 ft. n. e. Adelbert, east of Kingsland, city block 1891, Benjamin Blet to Harold Realty Co., [illegible]

EVANS [illegible] Pendleton and Newstead, city block [illegible], John Quigley and wife to Rosalind Washburn et al., [illegible]

McKINSON [illegible] Second n. w. corr. Withers, city block [illegible], Wettasch & Weber Mfg. Co. to George A. H. Mill, w. d., [illegible]

McPHERSON [illegible] Westminster place, bet. Euclid and Walton, city block [illegible], Union Trust Co. to Kenton Realty Co., spl. w. d., [illegible]

MADISON [illegible] bet. Broadway and North, city block [illegible], Mary E. Palmer and husband by trustee to F. Baldor, [illegible]

MINNESOTA [illegible] Gravois, 2011 Sarah, 2013 Pamela to George E. Kapp, w. d., [illegible]

MORGAN [illegible] Park, city block [illegible], Henry W. Hill et al. to Anna Hill, [illegible]

NORTH MARKET [illegible] Twenty-first, city block [illegible], Chas. G. Sifel's testamentary trustees to W. Arnold, [illegible]

OLIVE [illegible] Hamilton, city block [illegible], Wm. Russell and wife to Jas. J. Gleason, Archbishop, [illegible]

SHENANDOAH [illegible] Madison, city block [illegible], Hamilton and wife to [illegible]

THIRD [illegible] Hamilton and Rutgers, city block [illegible], Drummond Realty and Investment Co. to Leonard Matthews, [illegible]

THIRD [illegible] N. Thirteenth, city block [illegible], Thos. F. Byrne and wife to Richard Harris, [illegible]

VERNON [illegible] Kingsland, city block [illegible], Clarence G. Cuttingham and wife to A. H. Mayer, [illegible]

VISTA [illegible] Virginia and Chippewa, city block [illegible], John W. Eller and wife to Edward L. S. Hayes and wife, [illegible]

VISTA [illegible] bet. Compton and Vandeventer, city block [illegible], Will J. Terry Realty and Investment Co. to John W. Ellebracht and wife, w. d., [illegible]

WARNE [illegible] bet. Cinde and Algerton, city block [illegible], Benedict Fries and wife to Ernst H. Kiel, [illegible]

WARREN [illegible] being 22½ and 24 Warren, city block [illegible], William Luebbeke and wife to Rosie Cassella, [illegible]

WASHINGTON [illegible] Thirteenth, fronting thereon 104 ft., bounded s. by St. Charles, city block [illegible], Nelle Reeburn and wife to Owner Realty Co., w. d., [illegible]

WASHINGTON [illegible] being 1917-19 Washington, city block [illegible], Siberia Beach and Land Co. to Essex Investment Co., w. d., [illegible]

WESTMINSTER [illegible] bet. Walton and Taylor, city block 4377, Addie P. Withrow and husband to A. R. Fischer Architectural and Building Co., w. d., [illegible]

WEST PINE [illegible] being 4209 and 4211 West Pine, city block [illegible], Thomas Kinsella and wife to Alfred H. L. Klaus et al., w. d., [illegible]

Building Permits.

Frank and Lena Biesterfeld, two-story brick dwelling, No. 4428 Lexington avenue, $2,300.

Sunshine and Flowers

In Florida. The "Dixie Flyer" from St. Louis, via Nashville, Chattanooga and Atlanta, will take you there comfortably. Call at Illinois Central ticket office, 198 North Broadway.

Removal of Curatrix Asked.

Samuel P. Patterson applied to the Probate Court yesterday to have Mrs. Mary M. Patterson removed as curatrix of the estates of her children, Perry B. and Milly J. Patterson, whose father, Samuel P. Patterson, is dead. The petitioner states that Mrs. Patterson is incapable of executing the trust.

Estate of Augusta S. Knox.

An inventory of the estate of Augusta S. Knox, filed in probate yesterday, sets forth a personal estate of $120,095.66; real estate on Finney avenue, five lots in Waukegan, Ill., and a lot in Bellefontaine Cemetery. The personality consists of stock, $65,020; notes, $54,315.50; bonds, $7,298.75; cash, $1,278.41, and accounts, $1,132.60.

COL. BECKWITH SAYS:

"I Take Pleasure in Commending Pe-ru-na For Coughs and Colds."

COL. PAUL E. BECKWITH.

Colonel Paul E. Beckwith, U. S. Col. retired, 1st Reg. Minute Men, in a letter from 1508 Vermont avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C., writes:

"From the unqualified indorsement of many of my friends, I take pleasure in commending your remedies for coughs and colds."—Paul E. Beckwith.

IN FIELD OR BARRACKS PE-RU-NA IS EFFICACIOUS.

The constant exposure to the elements encountered in an outdoor life is not so apt to cause coughs and colds as sedentary habits.

Those who are brought face to face with the weather every day in active life are much less liable to catarrhal diseases than those who are housed up in dry ventilated rooms. And yet both of these classes are more or less subject to catarrh and catarrhal diseases.

ALL CLASSES ARE SUBJECT TO CATARRH.

The soldier as well as the civilian finds it frequently necessary to use Peruna on account of coughs and colds.

No one is exempt. The strong and healthy are less liable than the weak and ill, but none entirely escape.

Peruna has always been a great favorite with the military men, both in the army and navy.

The strongest kind of testimonials are received from officers of high rank concerning the virtues of Peruna for all catarrhal ailments.

Only a small per cent of these can be used for publication for want of space. Mr. Harrison L. Deam, Burnside Post No. 8, Department of the Potomac, Colonel Encampment No. 69, Union Veterans Legion; Colonel Green Clay Smith Regiment, No. 17, U. V. U., Department of the Potomac; Military Order Loyal Legion, Department of Columbia; Major 24th Indiana Veteran Volunteer Infantry, writes:

"There is no longer any question as to the curative qualities of Peruna in all catarrhal troubles. Its successful use by many of my friends entitles it to confidence and endorsement."

Men Cured

STRICTLY RELIABLE. LARGEST PRACTICE IN THE CITY.

Dr. Meyers' Staff of Physicians.

Many Men Treated for a Weakness Which Never Existed.

NOT WEAKNESS; SYMPTOMS!

By far the greater number of patients, however, seeking relief for so-called "Weakness" is furnished by healthy and robust men. On examination we find a prostate gland which has been damaged by either a contracted disorder or early dissipation. These patients have no weakness at all. Prematureness, Loss of Vitality, etc., are the symptoms, or disordered function, of the chronically inflamed prostate gland. We find that by curing this inflammation full vigor at once returns. It should be understood that tonics, electricity, etc., might cure a real weakness, but would do harm in inflammation. The main object is to reduce the size of the tender, swollen and inflamed prostate. This we accomplish by local treatment, thus avoiding drugs. Men who have unsuccessfully treated for a weakness should now understand the cause of failure.

CONSULTATION FREE. We are perfectly willing to wait for our fee until our patients are cured to stay cured.

DR. MEYERS & CO.
N. W. Cor. Broadway and Market. St. Louis, Mo.

WHITE SEAL BEER
A WHOLESOME WINTER BEVERAGE
National Brewery Co.

100,000 BOTTLES GIVEN AWAY ABSOLUTELY FREE!

Thousands Are Using Laxative Boro Pepsin Now—The Greatest Remedy of Modern Times.

Won't You Try It--Free?

Scores of worthless preparations are offered nowadays which the public is induced to buy by shrewd arguments and often through doubtful testimonials.

Therefore, we proclaim our FAITH in Laxative Boro Pepsin by offering to anyone who has never used it before a regular twenty-five-cent bottle, free of any cost whatsoever, by sending us the coupon below properly filled out. We will then send you an order on a local druggist for a full-sized twenty-five cents bottle. We will pay the druggist ourselves for it. This offer is only made to people who have never before used Laxative Boro Pepsin.

You WILL BE under no obligations whatsoever by accepting this offer. We only want to convince you what it can do for you. We do not believe in publishing testimonials, of which we have a great many, but let the preparation speak for itself, which is a fair proposition and you can be your own judge.

The above offer itself should convince you that Laxative Boro Pepsin DOES what we claim. If there was any doubt of results we would not buy a bottle for you at our expense.

Are you or anyone in your family suffering with any of the following complaints: Constipation, kidney or liver troubles, or any disease caused therefrom, such as dyspepsia, indigestion, catarrh of the stomach, chronic constipation, rheumatism, nervous or sick headaches, gallstones, yellow jaundice, sleeplessness, insomnia, hysteria, irritability and all forms of stomach troubles? If so, LAXATIVE BORO PEPSIN will positively cure you.

Laxative Boro Pepsin is a scientific preparation of the three greatest principles known to modern medical science; a thorough laxative, a perfect digestive and a true intestinal antiseptic, from which it derives its name.

LAXATIVE BORO PEPSIN is unlike other remedies in its action. It simply puts the SYSTEM in a sanitary condition, thereby removing the cause of the disease.

Before making our free offer we tested Laxative Boro Pepsin through physicians and hospitals. We employed it in cases of stomach troubles which were claimed incurable; in thousands of the most difficult cases it proved most satisfactory and wonderful results; hence our free offer to the public.

Sold only in 25c and 50c bottles. It is economy to buy the 50c size as it contains three times the quantity.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON.

Give name in full and write plainly.

My complaint is.....
Having never used Laxative Boro Pepsin, I ask you to send me a twenty-five-cent bottle free of charge.

Name .....

Address .....

Mail to Senoret Chemical Company, 812-814 Elm Street, St. Louis, Missouri, U. S. A. (1)