MUST PAY $500 FINE FOR STRIKING HIS WIFE.

Woman Who Followed Husband From Kansas City Testifies Against Him.

Harry J. Meyers, on complaint of his wife, who followed him to St. Louis from Kansas City, as exclusively told in The Republic, Friday, was fined $500 yesterday by Judge Tracy in the First District Police Court for assaulting her.

Mrs. Meyers said they were married ten years ago, and that she supported her husband nine years. Recently, she testified, he ran away from Kansas City with another woman. She found him at No. 2308 Olive street.

To Judge Tracy Mrs. Meyers declared that her husband was angered because she had him taken to the Four Courts, and that he struck her several times.

Mrs. Meyers appeared at the Four Courts Thursday night and asked that her husband be arrested. She said he had abandoned her. Policeman Ward was sent with her to arrest Meyers.

Captain Reynolds acted the part of peacemaker between the couple, but his efforts were unavailing. Meyers and his wife left the Four Courts, he promising to obtain a legal separation.

Meyers must go to the Workhouse if he does not pay the fine.

TWENTY-FOUR PRISONERS OFF FOR PENITENTIARY.

Mulvey, Who Committed Suicide in Jail, Was to Have Been in the Party.

Deputy Sheriffs yesterday took twenty-four prisoners to the Penitentiary at Jefferson City. James Mulvey, who committed suicide in the jail Friday night, was to have been one of the party, but death stayed the hand of the law.

Edgar Lee Evans, who killed his wife, Marcelia Evans, has the longest term to serve, the court having sentenced him to thirty-five years in the Penitentiary. The other prisoners are:

Ben Brumby, seven years; William Payne and Frank Smith, five years each; Mat Williams and Peter Hardy, four years each; James Hinton, James W. Sells, Charles Scott, John Wilson and Will Taylor, three years each; Harry Clayton, Sigmund Selig, Harry Tohan, Howell Ferguson, John Hanley, Ernest Hampton, William Johnson, William Tucker, Henry Nolte, Jesse Kelly, John Jackson, Sidney Harris and David Bostick, two years each.

New Spring Silks

At Exceptional Bargain Prices.

Louisine Silks, in all the new Spring shades, 19 inches wide; regular 50c quality; in this sale, per yard..... 19c

Taffeta Silks, oil boiled, in every new shade, 20 inches wide; 65c value; in this sale, per yard..... 25c

Pongee Silks, the newest Spring silk fabric, very rich and lustrous; 20 inches wide; all the latest shades; 75c value; in this sale, per yard..... 39c

Peau de Cygne Silks, soft and high lustre; a very popular silk, in all the latest colors; a $1.00 fabric in other stores; our price in this sale..... 48c

Yard Wide Silks.

Wash China Silks, 36 inches wide; 75c value, at..... 39c

Guaranteed Black Taffeta, 36 inches wide; $1.50 value, at..... 85c

White Habutai Silk, 36 inches wide; 85c value, at..... 44c

Black Peau de Soie, 36 inches wide; $1.75 value, at..... 89c

McCall's Fashion Sheets Free—All patterns 10c and 15c each.

New Spring Linens and

Wash Dress Goods.

Dress Ginghams, all new Spring styles; 10c quality, at..... 5c

Zephyr Cloths, newest Spring patterns, 15c kind, at..... 7½c

Corded Percales, Waist and Shirting styles, 15c quality, at..... 8½c

Bleached Muslin, yard wide, good as Lonsdale, 10c grade, at..... 6½c

Bed Sheets, Linen finish, size 81x90, 65c kind, at..... 38c

Table Linen, bleached damask, 62 inches wide; 85c quality, at..... 49c

Huck Towels, size 18x36, hemmed; 12½c grade, at..... 7½c

Side Board Scarfs, 72 inches long, pure linen; 39c kind, at..... 19c

Twilled Toweling, bleached, 18 inches wide, 7½c quality, at..... 4c

India Linen, 40 inches wide, fine sheer; 15c grade, at..... 6½c

A GREAT SALE NEW SPRING GOODS!

TO-MORROW AT THE

MOST POPULAR STORE — Globe — 2ND & FRANKLIN AVE.

New Spring Lace Curtains and Draperies

2.50 Lace Curtains—3 yards long, pair..... 75c

2.00 Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, pair..... 95c

2.50 Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, pair..... 1.25

5.00 Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, pair..... 1.95

95c for **Rope Portieres,** regular price 1.75.

1.39 for **Rope Portieres,** regular price 2.50.

1.75 for **Rope Portieres,** regular price 3.00.

Velvet Room Rugs.

15.00 for **Velvet Room Rugs,** size 9½x12 feet, regular price 25.00.

17.50 for **Velvet Room Rugs,** 9½x12 ft., regular price 30.00.

20.00 for **Velvet Room Rugs,** size 10 ft. 6 in. x 12 ft., regular price 37.50.

12c for Shopping Bags

25c largest size **Fishnet Shopping Bags,** extra strong leather handles..... 12c

Ladies' 2.50 Shoes 1.39

2.50 **Lace Shoes,** single and double soles, all sizes and widths, to-morrow..... 1.39

Ladies' 2.00 **Strap Slippers,** Cuban and French heels, vici kid and patent leathers, to-morrow..... 79c

Little Men's 1.50 **Lace Shoes,** heavy soles, all sizes..... 98c

Children's 25c **Knee Protectors**..... 5c

Men's 1.50 and $2 Monarch Shirts 55c

50 dozen seconds; as long as they last, 6 for $3, or, each..... 55c

$1 Free To Everybody To-Morrow!

BRING THIS COUPON WITH YOU AND GET $1.00 IN BLUE STAMPS FREE—NO PURCHASE NECESSARY.

LADIES'

20.00 SAMPLE SUITS 7.50

The Globe closed out 1,000 sample Suits worth up to $20. It's a well-known fact that samples are always made up better than regular stock, which insures the ladies much better values for the money. The sample Suits consist of best cloths, fancy mixtures, tight and loose fitting effects. Jackets satin lined. Suits worth up to $20, choice at..... 7.50

4.50 for Beautiful New 10.00 Skirts, Like Cut!

Latest shades, new pleated effect, 52 gores, a positive $10 skirt; come and see it.

75c Ladies' Percale **Wrappers,** neatly trimmed with braid and ruffles..... 39c

6.00 Ladies' **Covert Jackets,** tight fitting, new Bishop sleeve, lined throughout, collarless effects..... 2.95

75c Ladies' Polka Dot **Lawn Waists, Pipings,** new sleeve..... 25c

15c for Dressing Sacques

8.95 for Ladies' 15.00 Taffeta Silk **Skirt-Waist Suits,** full blouse effects, bishop sleeve, pleated skirt.

3.95 for Ladies' 5.00 all-over tucked **Taffeta Silk Skirts,** ruffle flounce, drop lining.

Boys' 25c Bicycle Hose..... 15c

10c for Ladies' 25c Hose, fast black and seamless.

25c Corset Covers..... 15c

49c for 1.00 R. G. Corsets, long-waisted.

19c for Girls' and Boys' 35c Caps.

35c Boys' and Girls' latest spring style Caps to-morrow..... 19c

Don't Miss This Sale of

Notions.

1c for spool King's best Spool Cotton.

1c for 2 papers best quality Pins (200 in a paper).

1c for 10c package Gold-Eye Needles.

1c for doz. Safety Pins.

1c for cake pure Castile Soap.

3c for 10c Darning Balls.

5c for 15c Tracing Wheels.

5c for 15c cake Witch Hazel Shaving Soap.

Selling Out All

Household Goods.

25c 2-quart **Enameled Covered Buckets**..... 8c

3.00 imported **German and Japanese Vases;** while they last..... 1.35

4.75 fancy decorated **Parlor Lamps,** center draft..... 2.00

Thousands of other articles at the same proportion.

First Showing New Spring

Ribbons and Neckwear

12½c for 25c **All Silk, Taffeta and Satin ribbons** 3½ inches wide; all the new shades.

10c for 25c imported **Lace Stock Collars.**

15c for 39c **Lace Collars** with ruching.

25c for 50c **Ruffling Collars,** trimmed with lace and buttons; newest effects.

$1 Ladies' Kid Gloves 68c

Best quality French Kid, 2-clasp, embroidered back, every pair in perfect condition, good as any $1 glove on Broadway, to-morrow..... 68c

$1 Rubber Gloves, 55c.

50 dozen **Women's best quality Rubber Gloves,** sell everywhere at 1.00, to-morrow, special..... 55c

Marvelous Spring Top Coats 9.50.

In Coverts, Whip Cords, Cassimeres, Tans, Pearls, Browns, Grays, elegantly made, beautifully trimmed, 12.50 values, 9.50

$8 for Men's $15 Suits and Overcoats.

200 nobby heavy or light weight All-Wool Suits, Overcoats or Top Coats, worth up to $15—to-morrow..... $8

50c Boys' Flannelette Waists..... 10c

1.00 "Star" Brand Boys' Waists..... 25c

50c Boys' Knee Pants..... 25c

2.50 Boys' Double Breasted Suits: 25 patterns to select from. Latest styles—to-morrow..... 1.45

4.00 Boys' All-wool Suits, latest spring styles, nobby effects..... 2.45

$1 for Men's 1.50 and 2.00 Vests

In pks. ducks and fancy wash materials.

29c Music 12½c.

GEO. M. COHAN,

The Yankee Doodle Comedian.

"Little Johnny Jones," now playing at the Century; "Mr. Boston Lawson Has His Way," "Good-By, Flo," "Life Is a Funny Proposition After All," "They're All My Friends," "Good Old California" and all other latest hits to-morrow..... 12½c

ST. LOUIS STUDENTS WORKING EARNESTLY FOR CAUSE OF THE GAELIC RENAISSANCE

Every One of the Fifty Members Who Organized Last October Filled With Enthusiasm of the Scholar, Patriot and Apostle and Hope for Revival to Spread in the City—Meetings Every Sunday at the Christian Brothers College—Working Along Lines Dissociated From Any Political Affiliations.

JAMES A. REARDON,
Who helped organize the Gaelic Society.

BY HENRY P. WOODS.

In St. Louis to-day there is a little band of students laboring in touch with millions throughout the world who are working earnestly in the cause of the Gaelic renaissance. This band is the Gaelic Society of St. Louis, which meets every Sunday afternoon at the Christian Brothers College.

The society was formed only in the latter part of last October, and at present numbers but fifty members. But every man is filled with the enthusiasm of the scholar, the patriot and the apostle, and those who have studied the Gaelic revival that in the last thirteen years has swept the civilized world are filled with high hopes for the spread of the movement in St. Louis.

Brother Bernardine, who is perhaps the best Gaelic scholar in St. Louis, is the president of the society. P. A. Carmody, a prominent young business man of this city, is the vice president, and John Flynn is the treasurer. This latter office is a sinecure, as there are no dues attached to membership in the society.

Among the organizers and members of the society are Judge O'Neill Ryan, James A. Reardon, Francis A. Ward, a Gaelic leader of this city, William O'Herin, a railway official residing in Parsons, Kas., and John G. Lee, an artist of New York City, who resided in St. Louis during the Fair.

The aims of the "Cumann Na Gaedhilge," the Gaelic name of the society, are told in its Gaelic motto, "Bi ag obair gu deo leis an Gaehilge," "Be at work always with the Gaelic."

Its objects include none political. It is rather literary, patriotic and nationalistic in its aspirations, working along lines clearly dissociated from any political affiliations.

Small in numbers though the society is, it is an integral part of the great "Conradh na Gaedhilge," or Gaelic League, with headquarters in Dublin, which is a federation of all the Gaelic societies in Ireland, England, Scotland, Wales, the Isle of Man, Brittany and the rest of France and affiliations in the United States, South America and Australia.

The combined strength of the students who are engaged in this renaissance of the Gaelic, as represented in the branches and affiliations of the Gaelic League, is estimated to be probably not less than 200,000 persons in all parts of the world.

And although this federation is one consisting of a common purpose only, and is not one of common rules, by-laws or methods of research, it is none the less a practical affiliation.

This common purpose, though it may be prosecuted in different ways is still always the revival of the Irish tongue, ancient and modern history and literature of those who speak the Gaelic, the music and song, the dances and customs of the Gael, no matter of what country.

And so it is meet and proper that the movement should be as it is, as universal as the presence of Irishmen.

NATIONAL INSPIRATION.

Perhaps the keynote of the movement is best expressed in the words of Brother Bernardine himself, who is its pioneer in this city.

"This movement," he says, "makes for every element in the progress of the Irish people, whether morally, industrially, or from a national standpoint, and embraces every aspect of a national aspiration."

"It is an effort toward the renationalization of the Gaelic people of Ireland, the popularizing of the language, not to supplant English, but to make it the language of the home and the hearth in the bilingual arrangement which it contemplates. As such it may be said to be an ardent effort toward the regeneration in the Gael of his love for all that is best in his life and his literature."

The movement may be said to be the pendulum swing from all revolutionary movements, although having identical patriotic ends.

Although the society in St. Louis meets at the Christian Brothers College every Sunday it has no connection with that institution, except that Brother Bernardine is the leader of its classes. At the weekly meetings the members carry through a lesson in the language, writing and phonetics of the Gaelic. The society has three conversation classes to perfect its members in the spoken language.

The idiom, phonetics and construction of the language are taught from the excellent grammar of Father O'Growney, a finished scholar in the Gaelic, whose textbook is one of the best on the subject.

The society takes up only the modern Gaelic, between which and the ancient

BARTHOLOMEW A. CARMODY,
Vice president of the Gaelic Society of St. Louis.

the Christian Brothers College, and will be a modest copy of the great literary and musical olympics of the ancient Gaels.

In the days when Ireland and the other Gaelic peoples were in full possession of their own, and proudly boasted its title of the "Land of Saints and Scholars," these assemblies were great popular gatherings of a people who naturally love and yearn for the higher things of life and lasted for several days. They were carnivals of poetry, recitations, essays, sketches, reviews, tales, folklore, impromptu and prepared speeches, dramas, melodies, songs, pipe playing and the native Irish reels and dances.

Undoubtedly the literary and music feast will give a great impetus to the Gaelic movement in St. Louis, and it is the hope of the pioneers here that it will pave the way for the organization of many branches in the city.

Brother Bernardine, who is the foremost Gaelic scholar in St. Louis, frequently converses in the language with his confreres, Brothers Gideon and Jovinian. His acquaintance with the language dates but three years back, and although his father was an Englishman, he has a title to a ready acquaintance with it, as his mother was an Irish woman.

He briefly outlines the history and progress of the Gaelic movement, prefacing the sketch with an explanation of the way in which he was led to join it. In his study of literature, he says, he found that Gaelic literature ran parallel to the great literatures of the world. In order to properly appreciate this fact he took up the study of the Gaelic, and so fascinating was it that he determined that, if it could be accomplished through any efforts of his own, others should be put in the way of this enjoyment.

The Gaelic revival, Brother Bernardine states, dates from 1892. Previous to that time sporadic attempts to revive it had been made, but they did not result in the present systematized renaissance. Douglas Windisch, a German savant, before that time had interested himself and other scholars in the study of the wealth that existed in the Gaelic manuscripts scattered throughout the libraries of Europe. He and his contemporaries collated, edited and published many excerpts from these manuscripts. It was to their enthusiasm and researches that the Gaelic movement owes the start it had in Germany and the firm hold that has established two of its principal headquarters in the universities of Jena and Leipsic, respectively.

DEAD AS A LITERATURE.

But from the crushing of the Irish Rebellion of 1641 until the beginning of the present revival in 1892, Gaelic, although always spoken, was dead as a language of literature.

Through its centuries of literary quiescence in those days of "martyr men and women for the wearin' of the green," although the ancient tongue of the Milesian never became a dead language, its teaching in the schools was penalized and its spread discouraged in every way possible.

In 1893 the first federation of those scholars, students and societies who loved the Gaelic was formed from the Gaelic Society of Dublin. At that time it was estimated that there were 400,000 Gaelic-speaking people in the entire world, of whom about 50,000 could speak no other tongue. These for the most part lived in the Highlands of Scotland and the South and Central Provinces of Ireland.

What the league has achieved may best be told in the statement that there are today about 2,000,000 persons all over the world who are actually using the Gaelic language. Most of this number, it is estimated, cultivate it in a literary way.

The two foremost contemporary scholars of Gaelic in the world are not Irish. One of them, Doctor Kuno Meyer, is a German, a resident professor in an English university. The other, John Strachan, is a Scot. Their field of research is the ancient Gaelic.

Doctor Douglas Hyde of Dublin, the president of the Gaelic League, stands at the head of the modern Gaelic scholars and has probably done more than any one man or woman to advance the spread of the Gaelic movement. He is a most active writer and has organized many of the present movements in England, Ireland and Scotland.

These men, with many others high in the professional and educational world of the United Kingdom, are members of the famous school of Irish learning in Dublin, founded by another eminent scholar of Gaelic, Doctor Sigerson, to advance the study of the Gaelic language and literature.

Besides researches in the philology of the Gaelic, in which Doctor Kuno Meyer has borne the chief part as an organizer and teacher of classes, the members of the school are doing a monumental work which is incorporated in the journal, which is published twice a year.

This work consists of a careful study of the Gaelic manuscripts known to exist, for the purpose of collating, editing and glossarizing for the students of the modern Gaelic. Plays, poems, tales of a mythological and folk-lore character principally, historical relations and essays furnish the principal material which is embodied in modern Gaelic in this publication.

It is estimated that there are, all told, 15,000 manuscripts in Gaelic in the libraries of Europe, the principal repositories being the libraries of Oxford, Cambridge and Trinity universities, the Bodleian Library and those of Modena and Padua, in Italy and Geneva and Berne in Switzerland, with scattering collections in the Royal Museum of London and the libraries of France.

It is upon this material that the enthusiastic scholars of the league and the school are at work, and there is at the present time in print a comprehensive series of modern Gaelic classics, the work of these students.

When this wealth of material has been exhausted there will be still other material to be developed for the student of the modern Gaelic. When Cromwell's conquering forces returned to England after the conquest of the Irish they brought with them the annals of the kingdom written in ancient Gaelic.

Not all of these have come to light, and it is surmised that thousands of manuscripts of incalculable historical value are even at this day buried in the lumber-rooms of many old castles in the land of the conquerors.

Some of the classics that have already been dug into by the leaders of the movement are the "Yellow Book of Lecan" and the famous "Book of Leinster."

CONFIDENT OF SUCCESS.

As to the general future of the movement the members of the St. Louis society are confident. Already there are centers of Gaelic study in New York, Boston, Brooklyn, Chicago, where there are 10,000 persons studying the language, although the movement there is young, and finally St. Louis.

There is one chair of Gaelic in the United States—that in the Catholic University at Washington, D. C. Mrs. J. R. Green, one of the Board of Governors of the School of Irish Learning, who was in St. Louis during the World's Fair, interested herself at that time in an effort to pave the way for the establishment of others.

She visited the presidents of some of the great American universities in furtherance of an academic participation in the revival. Many of them expressed great interest in the movement, and promised her that as soon as any demand arose from students for the teaching of the literature they would send professors to the schools of Germany and Ireland, where the Gaelic is taught.

Aside from the sentimental or national considerations for studying the Gaelic, which appeal only to the Irishman, students of the Gaelic point out that it has claims which should interest the scholar. With a music quality much like the Latin and Greek, particularly the Greek, which "Father Prout" once half humorously proved by parallel verses in both languages, it antedates both of these languages.

It is of Aryan origin, being one of the seven most ancient tongues, and was cultivated as a language of literature long before the birth of either Latin or Greek literatures.

It is easily learned, the phonetics, grammar and construction being comparatively simple. To one who speaks only the English the principal difficulty in learning it will be the idiom, which differs widely from the English idioms. This difference is easily recognized in the English of a native-born Irishman, the transposition of the verb preceding the noun resulting in the quaint Hibernicisms common to those who have a brogue.

"What Hungary and her native Czechs have done in reviving the ancient language and literature of that Kingdom, and thus reviving the national spirit of that people, may also be done for Ireland and the Irish people," says Brother Bernardine.

"In fifty years they have made their ancient language a living tongue and literature in Hungary and the movement bids fair to be imperishable."

JUDGE O'NEILL RYAN,
One of the organizers of the Gaelic Society.

there is the same relative difference as exists between the "English undefiled" of Chaucer and the modern English of Tennyson. This being so, its members for their reading use those prepared books in the Gaelic which are the modern version of the ancient Gaelic classics. To the pioneers of the Gaelic movement is left the scientific study of philology, which has made the popular movement possible.

Another source of aid to the members are the several bilingual journals published in the United States and Europe. First and foremost of these in the scope and importance of its work is the Erin, or Journal of the School of Irish Learning in Dublin. Next ranks the Revue Celtique of Paris. An Claidean Solais, or Sword of Life, the official publication of the Gaelic League in Dublin; the Celtic Review, Irish World and Celtic-American of New York and the Leader of San Francisco.

Although the Gaelic Society of St. Louis has only just entered upon its labors and numbers a comparatively few of the thousands in St. Louis, who, Brother Bernardine estimates, are able to speak and read Gaelic as their mother tongue, it has been remarkably successful. It numbers among its members other than Irish, there being several Scotchmen and Germans in the society.

TO GIVE FIRST ASSEMBLY.

Next Sunday the real campaign of the St. Louis Gaelic movement will be opened when the society will give the first "Oirachtas" (assembly ever given in St. Louis.

This will be given in the auditorium of the Christian Brothers College, and will be a modest copy of the great literary and musical olympics of the ancient Gaels.

NOT MELONS

But Good Old Grape-Nuts This Time.

Out at Rocky Ford, Colo., where the wonderful melons come from, a man had an experience with food that he will never forget.

"I had been running down for a long time, memory got very bad. I had that dreadful feeling of apprehension that something was going to happen, and could not get rid of it.

"I lay many nights almost without any sleep whatever, had a dull sick headache most of the time, was nervous and my stomach was in a dreadful condition.

"I had become almost a complete physical wreck. Heart irregular. My complexion was sallow and I had lost flesh until I was very thin.

"At this period I was induced to change my food and go on Grape-Nuts and cream, and from the first week I found a marked change. I kept on steadily until now I have been using the food for four months. I have gained back to my old weight, my complexion is rosy and indicates perfect health. My memory is better than it has been in years. All the old stomach and heart troubles are gone. I sleep like a baby at night and feel like a new man. I appreciate the food as no one can tell who has not been brought to the brink of perfect health by the use of Postum Co. Grape-Nuts." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in each pkg. for a little book, "The Road to Wellville."

GOLF EXPERT'S LEG CUT OFF.

Played Too Often and Blood Clot Caused Gangrene.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Boston, March 4.—Followers of golf in Boston are greatly interested in the case of George C. Townsend of Worcester, who, because of his fondness for the game, is now recovering from the effects of a severe illness, following the amputation of left leg at the Gordon Perry Hospital, on Boyston street.

Mr. Townsend, prior to the operation, maintained that the trouble with his leg was brought about by reason of standing on his toes in order to make long shots while playing golf, causing the formation of a clot in the artery of the leg, which withstood the regular treatment. Finally, when gangrene set in, he was compelled to come to Boston and undergo the operation.

A MONEY-SAVING SALVAGE SALE

of Furniture, Rugs, Carpets, Office Furniture, Dishes and Glassware from

THE PLANTERS HOTEL, THE INSIDE INN

AND BAGLEY-RICHARD MERCANTILE COMPANY.

The magnificent Planters Hotel is keeping up its reputation by refurnishing throughout, and we place on sale, beginning Monday, this splendid collection of high-grade furniture—fine Iron and Brass Beds, Oak and Mahogany Dressers, Chairs, Tables, etc., and Carpets and Rugs of the highest grade. *THE BAGLEY-RICHARD MERCANTILE COMPANY* are closing out their business and we purchased all of their *OFFICE FURNITURE.* Together with the immense $100,000 stock of furnishings from the *INSIDE INN,* and the fine assortment of furniture we secured from various State Buildings, this gives you the grandest selection of high-grade housefurnishings at bargain prices ever heard of.

Planters Hotel Carpets—They are made up in all sizes—the kind that cost $2.00 and $2.50 per yard, and many are as good as new—all have been renovated—some 9x12—for only..... $7.50

Dressers—About twenty elegant large quarter-sawed oak beautifully polished dressers with immense French-plate mirrors—they are worth $40.00 anywhere—we sell them for only..... $18.75

Odd Dressers—An assortment of which no two are alike—good as new, and worth twice what we ask..... $4.75

Mattresses—A $15.00 guaranteed elastic felt Mattress that you can return at any time within 90 days if you don't like it—for..... $5.95

Mattresses—We have about 200 extra fine felt-top Mattresses, made with the very best quality ticking—regular $5.00 value, at about the cost of the tick—only..... $1.75

Brass and Iron Beds—From the Planters Hotel we secured a fine lot of Brass Beds, worth from $45.00 to $85.00—They go at a fraction of their value—some only..... $15.00

IRON BEDS, $12.00 DOWN TO $1.25.

Folding Beds—Both Mantel and Upright Folding Beds—some of the most elaborate and elegant beds ever seen—almost any style you can possibly want—a few fine $25.00 beds for..... $12.00

Springs—Woven wire, double coil supported springs—$3.50 value—only..... $1.35

Good Blankets—Per pair..... 50c

Towels—Perfect condition..... 2c

Napkins—Good quality..... 5c

Sheets—Full size, extra quality..... 25c

Table Damask—We still have a few bolts of the unused Table Damask from the Inside Inn—it is 66 inches wide and the kind that wears forever—per yard..... 39c

Roll-top Desks—From the office of the Bagley-Richard Mercantile Co. we have about 50 Roll-top Desks—splendid solid oak desks with two pedestals, only..... $11.50

Typewriter Cabinets—We have about a dozen that we will close out at only..... $4.00

Flat-Top Desks—There are about 25 four-drawer desks, 4 feet long, worth $19.00, that we will close out at only..... $5.50

Office Chairs—We have a large variety that will be sold at a fraction of their value. Swivel Chairs up from..... $2.00

Chairs—A lot of odd chairs, worth up to $2.50, for..... 50c

Parlor Chairs and Rockers—This week will be one to remember on account of the bargains we can offer in fine Rockers. They take lots of room and we must sell them quickly. An odd lot worth up to $5.00, only..... $1.50

Mission Rockers—From one of the largest exhibits at the World's Fair. Elegant heavy Rockers, made of the best selected oak, finely constructed, with elegant Spanish leather seats..... $5.00

Upholstered Parlor Chairs—About 50 manufacturers' samples—no two alike; regular value from $5.00 to $7.50; your choice for only..... $2.75

Lace Curtains—Hundreds of pairs of fine Lace Curtains—some from hotels and private houses, but most of them NEW from bankrupt stocks.
$1.00 value new Curtains only 50c
$1.50 value new Curtains only 65c
$2.00 value new Curtains only 75c
Secondhand Curtains 25c per pair up.

Pillows—Never again will you be able to buy good Pillows at such prices. Full six pounds of feathers in fine featherproof tick, per pair, only..... 85c

Parlor Tables—Dozens of different kinds. Fine polished oak Tables..... 50c

Sideboards—Fine quartered oak canopy Sideboards, as well as plainer styles—most of them from bankrupt stocks at half price. A few nice used Sideboards at only..... $7.50

China and Glassware—We have the greatest lot of good China and Glassware ever secured for a sale of this kind. Most of it is hotel style, but there is a mixture of all kinds. There is a particularly fine assortment of all kinds of wine glasses. You can't afford to miss this opportunity.

Fine Table Glasses only..... 2c

IF YOU NEED ANYTHING IN HOUSEFURNISHINGS don't fail to call and see what we can offer you. We deal only in BARGAIN MERCHANDISE, and have for sale the entire contents of the INSIDE INN, PLANTERS, American, Grand View, Forest Park, Fraternal Home, Cabanne and a dozen other hotels, and two immense bankrupt stocks. There is not another such bargain house in the country. All goods delivered. Open Saturday evening until 9 o'clock.

WESTERN SALVAGE CO., 2004 MORGAN ST.

$62,329 IN FUND FOR SALVATION ARMY HOME.

Proposed People's Palace to Be Founded as a Club for Workingmen — Movement to Diminish Crime.

Boston, March 4.—The People's Palace fund of the Salvation Army is steadily increasing and has now reached $62,329.81.

One of the strongest contentions in its favor by friends of the project is that the People's Palace will be a great factor in diminishing crime. They contend that young workingmen are now compelled to resort to the saloons for sociability, which they would not do if they had an attractive place of their own to go to where they would not be compelled to be dressed up in Sunday clothing. In the People's Palace there will be a first-class library, reading-room, game room, plunge and shower baths, excellent restaurant, etc., all where the laborer will feel at home.

The effectiveness of the Salvation Army in combating with crime is vouched for by such men as Doctor A. A. Taft of Bear Island, who uses the army to care for discharged prisoners; Charles S. Hart, superintendent of the Concord Reformatory, former Attorney General A. E. Pillsbury and ex-United States District Attorney Boyd B. Jones. Quotations from them are interesting:

Doctor Taft: "I have known the Salvation Army's work to be a great benefit, particularly in the line of aiding the poor and tending toward the suppression of crime."

Charles S. Hart: "It is difficult to tell just what effect the Salvation Army has had in the prevention of pauperism and crime. That its effect has been large and good I think no one can doubt."

General Pillsbury: "The Salvation Army is doing the most valuable and most effective work among our needy people of any organization in our midst."

Boyd B. Jones: "The Salvation Army is the most practical philanthropic organization in the world."

Arrested for "Hard-Luck" Story.

Policeman Callahan of the Tenth District yesterday at noon arrested Joseph Stein of No. 1025½ Chestnut street, on complaint of Miss Edith Hoffman, who is employed at No. 4131 Washington avenue. Miss Hoffman alleges that Stein told her a "hard-luck" story and sold to her a "phony" watch, representing it to be genuine gold.

A Few Facts Concerning

Rupture

In order to become proficient in the cure of rupture, years of preparation and experience are necessary in order to practice with any degree of certainty. Dr. W. A. Lewin, the rupture specialist, is a graduate of several medical colleges and has devoted most of his life to the study of this particular branch of medical science.

He treats rupture without the use of the knife, without drawing blood, without danger and without detention from regular occupation.

All is accomplished within a few weeks, and no one is pronounced cured until the opening through which the intestines protrude is entirely closed and permanently healed. This is done by building up new tissue, a growth similar to that over a wound that has healed, so that the patient is stronger at this spot than he was before the rupture occurred.

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WM. A. LEWIN, M. D.

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