Old Sol Says

his innings have come and he is going to make lots of home runs and three-baggers—at your expense, of course.

¶ Push the laugh on the other side of his face by wearing one of our hand-tailored blue serge suits—they're a cool proposition at $13.75 instead of $20.

The May Co

Washington Ave. and Sixth St.

BOATMEN'S BANK WINS CASE.

Supreme Court Sends Litigation to Federal Tribunal.

The Republic Bureau.
Wyatt Building, 14th and F Streets.

Washington, May 29.—The Supreme Court to-day denied the petition for a writ of certiorari to the Circuit Court of Appeals of the Eighth Circuit to certify the case of the Boatmen's National Bank of St. Louis, plaintiff in error, versus D. S. Fritzlen, Edna F. Fritzlen and W. H. Weldon, defendants in error.

The case arose in 1903 over an attempt to foreclose a mortgage in Clark County, Kansas, begun by Weldon in the District Court of Clark County. The Boatmen's Bank contended that the case should be tried before the Circuit Court for the Kansas district. This contention was sustained by the presiding Judge, but the case was subsequently remanded to the Clark County court by another Judge of the Circuit Court. The Circuit Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit held that the case should be tried in the Federal Court.

The petitioners sought to have the Supreme Court review the case with a view to having it remanded to the Clark County Court for trial. The effect of the decision of the Supreme Court is to throw the case into the Federal Court, in accordance with the first ruling of the Circuit Court for the Kansas district, the Boatmen's Bank thus winning.

SHANKLIN DEPARTS FOR HOME.

St. Louis Man Now After a Berth at Panama.

The Republic Bureau.
Wyatt Building, 14th and F Streets.

Washington, May 29.—Arnold Shanklin of St. Louis, who has been in New York for the last few days, returned to Washington to-day and called upon Chairman Shonts of the Isthmian Canal Commission with reference to a billet on the Isthmus.

Mr. Shanklin had sought a diplomatic post in one of the Latin-American Republics, desiring especially to be United States Minister to Chile.

Chairman Shonts did not provide a position for Mr. Shanklin in connection with the Canal Commission. He explained that inasmuch as he had not yet been on the Isthmus and Judge Magoon, Governor of the Canal Zone, had just arrived there, he could not at present say what can be offered to Mr. Shanklin.

Mr. Shanklin departed for St. Louis to-night with the assurance that Chairman Shonts would advise him as soon as it is ascertained that his services can be utilized by the commission.

DEMAND FACTS

About What You Eat.

When it comes to food, demand to know the facts about what goes into your stomach.

Not only that it is pure but that you are not deceived in the description of its contents and condition. Some flaked breakfast foods that have thus far failed to win being advertised in close imitation of the Grape-Nuts advertising, think it is in that way to finally make a success of failure.

But false statements of the merits of inferior food will never on earth build up a business. These flaked foods are not predigested. They are just fairly cooked and the starch in them is starch still and has not been turned to sugar as claimed.

Chemical analysis tells the truth and the analysis of the famous chemists of the world show Grape-Nuts the only prepared breakfast food in which the starch part of the wheat and barley has been transformed into sugar and therefore ready for immediate digestion. Why is this true? All the thin-rolled flaked foods are made by soaking the grains of wheat or oats in water, then rolling, drying and parching. These operations do not cook or predigest the starch.

Contrasted with this pretense, observe the exclusive method and skill in making Grape-Nuts.

The barley is soaked about one hundred hours, then it is slowly warmed for some days and sprouted, the disease being developed and part of the starch turned to sugar and later on all of it, then the grains are baked and the sprouts stripped off. Then comes grinding, sifting and mixing with the cream colored flour made from whole ripe wheat, the proportions must be skillfully made in right proportions. This blended flour contains just the ingredients demanded by Nature to supply the real vital substance in the human brain, nerves and muscles, and it is from this product that Grape-Nuts are made.

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It certainly would not do to mix in drugs for there is a certain failure sure to come to the person depending on drugs to digest food. They may do for a temporary expedient but pure food and dietetic food is the only final resort and safe way. So to change the remaining starch part and hydrolize the other elements this blended flour it is made up into more heavy like bread, the inside being dark cream color and quite sticky to the touch. These loaves are sliced and again go through long cooking at certain temperatures. Then the rock hard slices of each one carefully inspected and found ready for packing and use having gone through ten or twelve hours in the different operations.

When dissolved each little granule will show a sparkling substance on its surface, a magnificent glare with a pearly and iridescent tint like pieces of pure diamond, never cut nor polished, has the head of a large sanitarium stated in his paper, thus exposing the appalling ignorance of food processing. In this sugar invades from the interior of each as the starch is slowly turned to sugar in the process of manufacture. This kind of sugar is exactly like what is found in the human intestines, probably the much of the grain potatoes, bread, rice, etc., and has been perfectly digested.

But many are weak in that form of sugar and yet need the starches, so the Grape-Nuts supplies them, predigested and ready to go quickly into the blood.

Editors are shown freely through the works and can follow the steps of making Grape-Nuts from the grain to the finished product. The proportions of different kinds of flour and the temperatures are not disclosed and it seems impossible for others to steal these secrets of the makers. But purity, cleanliness and skill are shown in every corner of the immense pure food factories. People who care for results from choicely selected food, those who want the food to rebuild the soft gray substance in brain and nerves that give the go, the vigor, the life, understand why the imitators who try to copy the announcements about Grape-Nuts have failed in the past.

There's a reason for Grape-Nuts and a sound one.

POSTAL CLERKS HIT BY RETRENCHMENT

Treasury Deficiency Comes Home to Them by Cutting Off Their Summer Vacations.

MAY DECREASE THE FORCE.

One Crew Out of Every Three May Be Taken Off the Road It Is Reported, After July 1 if Money Fails.

Despite the optimistic statement of Secretary of the Treasury Shaw that the administration is not worrying over the $5,000,000 deficiency, postal clerks running out of St. Louis are beginning to feel the effects of a recent retrenchment order, which was put into effect April 1. They are expecting the issuance of another, which will be calculated to interest every man having business with the Post-Office Department.

Though the first order was issued several weeks ago, the department did not take the public into its confidence. So much noise was being made about the deficiency that the retrenchment scheme, which strikes the lowest-salaried men in the employ of the Government, was kept quiet. The approach of the hot season has made its effects noticeable more so than at any other time.

By this order every regular postal clerk who takes a vacation must do so on his own "time." If he is getting $1,200 a year and takes a month off for recuperation, out comes $100 from his salary. If he is ill, the same rule prevails.

The lowest-salaried postal clerk gets $900 a year. This is the amount paid to substitutes. When a $1,200 man lays off, the crews are shifted until an $800 man takes his place, the change usually being regarded as beneficial to the service in that it gives the lower-price clerk a chance to familiarize himself with the work of the next rank above that in which he regularly works.

FEEL THEY ARE SCAPEGOATS.

Under the former rule, the $1,200 man who takes a vacation would save the pro rata difference between the $1,200 and the $900 for the time he is off. The deficiency in the Treasury has caused the death of this programme, and now the Government pockets the difference. It means fewer vacations for the postal clerks.

The next move in retrenchment is said to be an order which may be promulgated July 1. Acording to rumor this will drop one crew out of every three. For instance, where a crew now makes two trips a week to a given point and return, it will have to make one-half as many more in order to do the same work as the crew which may be taken off will do. This will cause the clerks to average more than eight hours a day, which they are supposed to work now, but it will save the Government money, it is figured.

The effect of such an order might not be felt for a month or maybe six weeks, but the physical condition of the clerks would not permit the strain to continue for much longer time. St. generally has the testimonial of this order been discussed among the postal clerks that many are looking for work outside of the service. With the so-called retrenchment order which has already been issued, the clerks feel that they are being made the scapegoats of such extravagances as trips to the Philippines and other forms of spending money.

TO DECORATE GRAVES OF MEN WHO WORE THE BLUE.

General John W. Noble Will Lead Parade of Surviving Comrades To-Day.

Decoration Day will be observed to-day by the thousands of survivors who wore the blue, and flowers will be strewn in profusion on the graves of the soldier dead.

General John W. Noble, grand marshal of the day, at 2:30 this afternoon, will meet the marching veterans in the rostrum outside the National Cemetery at Jefferson Barracks, whence the Ninth United States Cavalry will escort them to the place appointed for the carrying out of the lengthy programme.

All of the posts and camps will meet at their respective quarters at appointed times to-day, and those who will go to the Barracks will march to the boats at the foot of Olive street.

Many of the posts and camps have arranged for services elsewhere.

The St. Louis Lodge of Elks will decorate the monument of the order in Bellefontaine.

The Women's Relief Corps, Ladies of the G. A. R., Ladies' Union, Veteran Legion and Ladies' Aid Society will have charge of the decoration of General Grant's statue in City Hall Park.

Blair Post and Porter Camp will decorate the graves of dead members in Belle Glade, among whom are Judge Amos M. Thayer, General J. P. Stevenson, A. J. Smith, and Nelson Cole. This post will also decorate the Blair statue in Forest Park.

BOY HELD UP AND ROBBED OF EARNINGS BY MAN.

Twelve-Year-Old Lad Is Stopped and Searched by Six-Footer at Eighth and St. Charles Streets.

Clifton Bruer, 12 years old, who lives with his widowed mother, Mrs. Clara Bauer, at No. 2108 Burger street, was robbed of his earnings $2.35, and a bundle containing a skirt, which he had been sent to deliver by an unidentified white man at Eighth and St. Charles streets last night.

The boy, who is a mere child, is employed to run cash messages at a Broadway clothing store and had been sent out with the skirt, which was a C. O. D. order. He said that he was told to collect $2.35 on the delivery of the package.

Clifton said that he was passing along the west side of Eighth street in the direction of Washington avenue, when the man, who was about 6 feet tall and weighed about 195 pounds, stopped him and asked him where he was going.

A moment later he grabbed the package from his hands and then searched him.

The boy said that his money was in a pay envelope in his hip pocket and that the man after searching his front pockets reached around and drew it out. He then ran away, going west on St. Charles street, disappearing around the corner of Ninth street.

Being frightened the boy hesitated about giving any alarm. He finally went to Washington avenue, where he found Policeman Reilly of the Central District and made a report of his experience to him. He was then taken home by the policeman.

Billingsley Gets Four Years.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

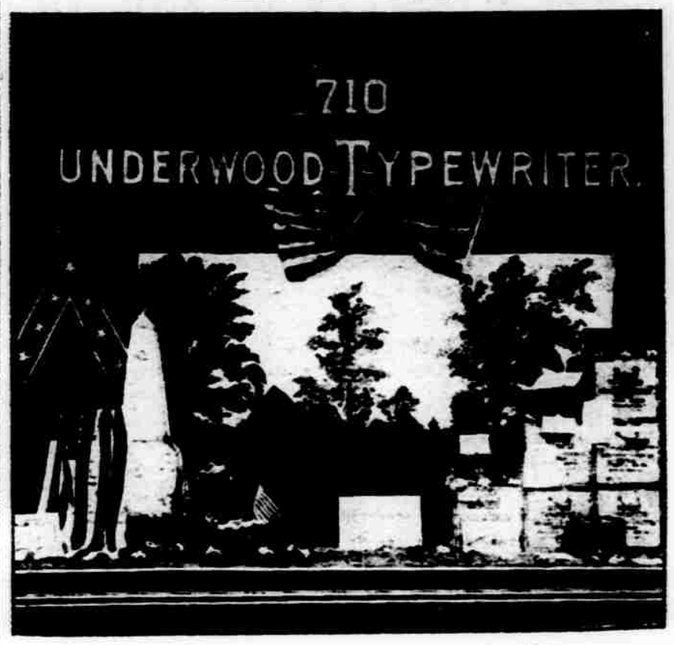
Anadarko, O.T., May 29.—The criminal sitting of the District Court adjourned today. Judge Gillette passed sentence on the following prisoners: Logan Billingsley, murderer of A. C. Wheatley, manslaughter second degree, four years in the Penitentiary. Frank Winker, obtaining money under false pretenses, one month in jail. Jim Taylor, larceny, two and one-half years in Penitentiary. Lillie Simmons, larceny, two and one-half years in Penitentiary.

Fast Runs by Big Four Trains.

Rapid time was made by the Big Four special train which conveyed the St. Louis Commercial Club from Cincinnati to this city. The train was made up of three Pullman sleepers, a dining-car, a private car and baggage coach. The exact time required to make the run was seven hours and thirty-five minutes, the distance being 364 miles. The special over the same road which carried home the Chicago Commercial Club made the run in a little over six hours.

UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER COMPANY MAKES STRIKING WINDOW DISPLAY.

Lifelike Representation of a Decoration Day Scene, Showing a Wearer of the Blue Strewing a Comrade's Grave With Flowers, Attracts Unusual Attention and Comment.



Decoration Day Window of the Underwood Typewriter Company.

The show window of the salesrooms of the Underwood Typewriter Company, at 710 Pine street, has for several days past been an attraction for passers-by owing to a tableau which is disclosed therein and which reflects great credit alike on W. J. Rigg, manager in St. Louis of the company, who thought of the plan, and W. B. Hale, who designed it.

The picture displays a grass-grown grave with the kneeling figure of a Grand Army of the Republic veteran in the act of strewing it with flowers. The figure and posture are lifelike, and a monument standing at the head of the grave bearing the inscription—

"In Memory of Those Who Fought and Died 1861-1865."

This makes the Decoration Day picture complete. Strewed about the window, which is draped with American flags, are posies of violets.

The window is so striking that everyone passing stops to look at it and is immediately impressed by the historical lesson it so eloquently relates.

The window displays of the Underwood Typewriter Company are a feature of the company's store, and are changed every three weeks. The one preceding the Decoration Day picture represented a model office in which the Underwood typewriter only was used, to emphasize the fact that no office is complete without this popular machine. As indicating the extent of this popularity, the business institution in St. Louis which uses the largest number of typewriters of any establishment in St. Louis employs only the Underwood, of which it has 175 constantly in use.

SPAUGHS REPORTED HIDING IN VICINITY OF ELVINS, MO.

Ironton Hears That Fugitive Slayers of Sheriff John W. Polk Were Seen on Road Between Bismarck and St. Francis County Mining Town—Little Credence Placed in Rumor—Two Brothers Thought to Be Still in Concealment Near Scene of Tragedy—May Be in Communication With Friends—County Court Selects Marshall as Temporary Sheriff.

REWARD INCREASED. HUNT GOES ON WITHOUT RELAXATION.

BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.

Ironton, Mo., May 29.—Reports were received in Ironton this afternoon that two men answering the description of William and Arthur Spaugh, who are being sought as the slayers of Sheriff John W. Polk, had been seen between Bismarck and Elvins, a mining town in St. Francois County.

Little faith is placed in the reports, however, as it is confidently believed that the fugitives are still in the immediate neighborhood of Ironton.

The opportunities for concealment are much better in Iron County, where the country is not as densely settled as in St. Francois County, and it is not thought that the Spaughs would venture from their hiding place.

THINK SPAUGHS GET FOOD.

The indications are that the Spaughs are receiving food and information of the movements of the posses from some person in Ironton, and a more careful shadowing of suspected members of the gang is the result.

The County Court met to-day and offered $250 for the arrest and conviction of either of the fugitives, or $500 for both of them. This increases the total of rewards thus far offered to $1,250.

City Marshal John I. Marshall, who has been threatened many times by the Spaughs, was chosen as temporary Sheriff by the court. No order for a special election was held and probably will not be issued for some time.

The search of the small bands of men over the whole of the surrounding territory last night failed and no trace of the Spaughs was discovered. Another posse went out to-night, and Iron County citizens have assumed as a sacred duty the finding of the Spaughs.

WILL NOT STOP SEARCH.

Not one person has spoken of the search as hopeless, and no one has suggested that it be abandoned. Until William and Arthur Spaugh are captured, Iron County will not rest.

The citizens are willing to spend any sum that is necessary to take William Spaugh Jr., whose mother says he killed Sheriff Polk, and Arthur Spaugh, who is believed to have been directly implicated in the killing.

Sheriff O'Neill of Ripley County is here assisting in the search.

Mrs. Spaugh, mother of the two boys, is still held in jail, which is guarded every night by armed men to prevent a delivery by the members of the Spaugh gang.

FOLK OFFERS REWARD OF $300 FOR SPAUGH BROTHERS.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Jefferson City, Mo., May 29.—Governor Folk to-day offered a $300 reward for William and Arthur Spaugh, the alleged slayers of Sheriff John W. Polk, of Iron County, the reward to stand good for one year.

SEVEN WORKINGMEN OVERCOME BY HEAT

Excessively Hot Weather, Following Cool Spell, Causes Great Discomfort—None of Cases Reported by Police Is Serious.

SEVEN OVERCOME BY HEAT. NONE OF CASES IS SERIOUS.

Franz Kramer, Cottage Grove Hotel, stricken at Tower Grove avenue and Papin street.

Albert Shanklin, at Bartmer and Hamilton avenues.

Thomas Brannigan, No. 1109 North Ninth street, at Klemm and Castleman avenues.

Thomas Boyle, No. 4748 Garfield avenue, at Park and Theresa avenues.

Unidentified man at Mitchell and Manchester avenues.

Unidentified man at the World's Fair grounds.

Fred Crallman, at Fifteenth and O'Fallon streets.

Seven persons were overcome by the heat in St. Louis yesterday. All were workingmen. Three were taken to the City Hospital. None of the cases is regarded as serious.

The first case reported at the City Dispensary was that of Thomas Boyle, 42 years old, of No. 4748 Garfield avenue. He was at work on a building at Park and Theresa avenues when his fellow-workmen saw him fall. They ran to his assistance and found him unconscious. An ambulance was summoned and he was taken to the City Hospital.

A man whose name was not obtained by the police was overcome at the World's Fair grounds and taken to his home in St. Louis County. He was not unconscious, and is not in a serious condition.

Fred Crallman fell near his home at Fifteenth and O'Fallon streets and was taken to the City Hospital, where he revived soon.

Franz Kramer, who lives at the Cottage Grove Hotel at Sixth and Morgan streets, was overcome while sitting in front of a store at Tower Grove avenue and Papin street.

Albert Shanklin, while at work at Bartmer and Hamilton avenues, complained to fellow-workmen of dizziness, and soon was unconscious. He was taken part of the way to the City Hospital on a street car, and the journey was completed in an ambulance. He was revived soon after the ice-water baths had been brought into use.

Thomas Brannigan was working at Klemm and Castleman avenues when stricken. He was treated at the City Dispensary and then taken to his home at No. 1109 North Ninth street.

An unidentified man was stricken at Mitchell and Manchester avenues.

HEAVY RAINFALL CAUSED BY SOUTHWESTERN STORM.

The heavy wind and rain storm in St. Louis last night was the direct result of a disturbance that has been general in the Southwest for the last forty-eight hours. The rainfall was heavy for several hours, and the wind blew in gusts, attaining a maximum of perhaps twenty miles an hour, although the velocity of the wind was not recorded, the Weather Bureau having closed early in the evening.

The seven heat prostrations probably were due to the excessive heat following closely upon a month of comparatively cool weather for this season of the year. The highest temperature was recorded at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, when the thermometer registered 91 degrees. The minimum temperature was 68 degrees, the reading at midnight, when the atmosphere had been cooled considerably by the rain. The humidity was comparatively high, the maximum recorded being 84 per cent at 7 a. m. The barometer in the morning also was somewhat high, indicating the coming of the storm.

The Southwestern storm moved northeastward Sunday and was central over Nebraska and Western Iowa yesterday. It caused rain in Wyoming, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Iowa, Western Missouri, Northern Illinois and lower Michigan, and heavy rain last night in the neighborhood of St. Louis. The heaviest rainfall was 2.6 inches at Sioux City, Ia.

Fair, warm weather was general yesterday over the New England and Atlantic Coast States, the Ohio Valley, the Southern States, while high temperatures prevailed over Missouri and Eastern Kansas. The pressure was over the extreme Northwest and the Rocky Mountains, where cool weather prevailed generally. Heavy frost formed Sunday night in Colorado and Arizona.

MORE LOCAL WARES FOR THE INDIANS

St. Louis Dry Goods House Gets Contract to Supply Agencies for Coming Year.

ALL LARGE CITIES COMPETE.

Recent Victory Follows Securing of Business of Furnishing Boots and Shoes, Hardware and Drugs.

The Business Men's League received news from New York yesterday that the strength of the St. Louis dry goods business had been shown through the award of contracts there yesterday morning for all kinds of dry goods to be supplied to the Indian agencies in the United States during the coming year.

At the opening of bids in St. Louis early this month to supply the Indians with boots and shoes, hardware and drugs, St. Louis houses carried away the bulk of the contracts. In New York yesterday all the large cities of the country competed for the dry goods contracts, New York, Chicago and St. Louis being the strongest competitors.

St. Louis was represented in the bidding by the Hargadine-McKittrick Company, whose representative, Martin P. Donahoe, has for three years given special study to the demands of the Indians in the matter of dry goods. The result of his work was that more than one-third of all the contracts for dry goods to be supplied to the Indian agencies during the coming year were awarded to the Hargadine-McKittrick Company.

The result of the bidding this year has been such that St. Louis has gained materially in reputation as a market for the kind of goods bought by Indian Commissioner Francis E. Leupp for the Indian agencies.

MUCH CHLOROFORM USED TO TAKE LIFE

Frank J. Wilson, Former Chief Engineer of Boonville Reformatory, Commits Suicide.

SIX VIALS OF POISON NEAR.

Family Troubles Are Thought to Be the Cause of the Tragedy—Habits Said to Have Been Good.

Frank J. Wilson, 36 years old, former chief engineer of the Boonville, Mo., Reformatory, committed suicide in his room in the Illinois Hotel, No. 810 Lucas avenue, sometime between 5:30 o'clock Sunday afternoon and 9 o'clock last night by using a large quantity of chloroform.

Officers Knight and O'Connor of the Fourth District found the body, which was lying on top of the bed clothes. A rag saturated with chloroform was clutched in its right hand and covered his nose and mouth. In his left hand was a bottle containing chloroform, which Wilson had continued pouring on the rag until he had become unconscious.

By the dead man's side were three other bottles which had contained chloroform. On a trunk hardly three feet away were two more empty bottles, and in the upper shelf of the trunk was still another empty bottle which had contained the poisonous drug.

The cause of the suicide is believed to be family troubles. When last seen by attaches of the hotel Wilson appeared to be in the best mood.

Wilson, according to Officer Knight, who patrols the beat where the tragedy was committed, and who knew Wilson many years, says the latter was employed until his death by the Gewiner Sausage Company, at No. 1429 South Broadway.

In his trunk were found numerous letters of firms who wanted to employ him. Among these was one signed by Frank J. Hiller, secretary to Health Commissioner John H. Simon. An insurance policy was also found in his trunk.

The policy, which was for $1,000, was originally made out in favor of his wife, Nora B. Wilson, but March 16 it was transferred to his sister, Mrs. Annie La Selle. When searched at the Morgue a gold watch and $6.85 were found in his pockets.

WAS OF GOOD MORALS.

Officer Knight, who had known Wilson for almost ten years and who talked to him only Sunday morning, last night said: "Wilson was a man of exceptionally good morals. He seldom took a drink and during our acquaintance I never knew him to swear. His relatives are well-to-do and live in Columbus, O. Wilson came to St. Louis about ten years ago, and since then he has held many good positions. He was a man who liked to dress and whose wardrobe to-day contains at least ten suits of clothing.

"He was married shortly after coming to St. Louis and lived with his wife until about a year ago. He left the reformatory at Boonville a little more than a year ago."

Employes at the Illinois Hotel stated that Wilson paid his bills promptly and never appeared to be short of money. They also stated, however, that Wilson appeared to be melancholy. He never talked to anyone about his family, but was often found in his room brooding over them.

He spent the greater part of Sunday at a suburban garden. It was stated, and when he returned to the hotel late in the afternoon he went directly to his room. On retiring, he did not ask to be called, and when morning came it was presumed he was not feeling well and would not work.

When noon came and Wilson had not been seen, the employes of the hotel began to feel somewhat alarmed. Shortly before 9 o'clock last night they went to his door and rapped, but received no response. Officers Knight and O'Connor were notified and broke in the door. The officers stated that the man had probably been dead twenty-four hours.

Seriously Hurt by Car.

Peter Humpert, a laborer, residing at No. 5189 San Francisco avenue, is in a serious condition at the City Hospital suffering from concussion of the brain and a scalp wound. Humpert, the police say, attempted to board a Spring avenue car at Fourth and Market streets, and was thrown violently to the granite-paved street. His head struck the pavement with such force as to daze him.

Knights Templars' Outing.

Members of Tancred Commandery, Knights Templars of Belleville, have arranged for their annual outing at Bowman's Clubhouse June 15 and 16. The use of the clubhouses has been extended by Frank B. Bowman of East St. Louis and special rates will be made by the Illinois Central Railroad to and from New Athens.

Aged Peddler Prostrated.

Terrence Cramer, a dry-goods peddler, 86 years old, living at the Cottage Grove Hotel, was found yesterday afternoon lying on the sidewalk in an unconscious condition at Tower Grove avenue and Papin street. He was removed to the City Hospital supposedly suffering from the heat, but Doctor John Young Brown, who attended him, stated that he was suffering from paralysis of the brain. His condition is not considered serious.

PRETTY SINGER CURED OF PELVIC CATARRH

Serious Illness Caused by Cold—Pe-ru-na Brought Relief.

Miss Mabelle Ryce, 47 Ashland boulevard, Chicago, Ill., alto in the Arion Musical Society, writes:

"I was exposed to the rain for hours in the extremely cold weather and was drenched to the skin.

"The result was that I was laid up with inflammation and catarrh of the pelvic organs.

"What to do I did not know. Nothing seemed to relieve me until the druggist advised me to try Pe-ru-na.

"A remarkable change for the better took place in a few days, and in a few weeks I was a well woman again.

"Since that time Pe-ru-na has been my medicine chest. I find that it cures constipation, indigestion and liver and stomach trouble, and is a splendid tonic for a worn-out system."

CATCHING COLD frequently results in pelvic catarrh.

The general notion is that catching cold affects the head, throat or lungs.

It does in most cases.

But a cold is liable also to settle in the pelvic organs and produce many distressing ailments peculiar to the female sex.

Pelvic catarrh is a medical term first used by Dr. Hartman.

It means catarrh of some one of the pelvic organs.

It results from a cold the same as catarrh of the nose or throat.

Local treatment is of no more avail in these cases than in cases of catarrh of the nose or throat.

Systemic treatment is the only rational cure.

Peruna is a systemic catarrh remedy, and cures as promptly in one part of the body as the other.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write to Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O. All correspondence held strictly confidential.

ST. LOUIS JAPS WILL CELEBRATE VICTORY

James E. Smith, Japanese Consul Here, Cables Congratulations to Baron Matsudaira—Believe War Will Continue Two Years.

"Hearty congratulations, Nippon Banzai," were the words of felicitation cabled to Baron Masanao Matsudaira, vice president of the Japanese World's Fair Commission, at Tokio yesterday by Mr. James E. Smith, vice president of the Simmons Company, Consul in St. Louis for Japan, on the great naval victory won by Admiral Togo. Mr. Smith acted for himself and for the members of the Japanese colony of St. Louis, among whom there was great rejoicing.

M. Kuranishi, president of the Japanese Art Company, No. 1019 Olive street, and T. Kobashi and N. Kato, merchants in Tokio, called on Mr. Smith yesterday morning and felicitated with him on the success of the Emperor's navy. The question of celebration was discussed.

As soon as a cablegram has been received from Baron Matsudaira confirming the news of victory, the Japanese of St. Louis will meet to arrange plans for a celebration on a more elaborate scale than the one held in honor of the fall of Port Arthur. The celebration will follow shortly after the first meeting.

TWO YEARS MORE OF WAR.

T. Kobashi is one of the largest merchants of Japan. He is now on a tour of the world. He entered the United States at San Francisco and will leave its gates at New York. He has spent some time in Chicago, whence he came to St. Louis. He returned to Chicago last night with Mr. Kato and they will sail soon on the Atlantic for Europe. A tour of the continent will be made before Mr. Kobashi returns to Japan.

The Japanese in St. Louis had the greatest confidence in the prowess of Togo, and say that the victory gained by him, decisive as it was, was no greater than had been expected. Mr. Kuranishi thinks the war will last at least two years longer, as Russia is such a powerful nation that it will be able to stand defeat that much longer before conceding anything to Japan. Japan, he said, had prepared to wage a struggle that would last at least five years longer.

DEWEY THINKS PEACE MUST SURELY FOLLOW THIS CRUSHING DEFEAT.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, May 29.—"It is the beginning of the end. I can see no other outcome than that Russia will sue for peace."

These are the sentiments of Admiral George Dewey, Commander in Chief of the United States Navy, after receiving the news of Admiral Togo's victory.

"In my opinion the victory of the Japanese may be attributed to their training and preparedness," continued the Admiral.

Doubtless the same spirit was exhibited that they carried with them in their assaults on Port Arthur. Such advices as we have would seem to show that the Japanese achieved their victory by hurling torpedo-boats against the Russians.

"Still we cannot ascribe their success to this alone. It is not to be supposed that the two Russian battleships reported captured would surrender to the torpedo-boats alone. Admiral Togo's training and preparedness throughout his fleet, I am convinced, are responsible for his victory in the great naval engagement."

Throughout the day Admiral Dewey exhibited the keenest possible interest in the details of the fighting, with bulletins of which he was furnished by newspaper men as well as by the Navy Department agencies. Talking with some of his fellow officers, Admiral Dewey went over all the details of the battle and it was the absorbing topic of the day. Admiral Dewey repeatedly expressed the view that it was "The beginning of the end."

"It takes a long time to build a fleet," he said to another officer, "and I cannot see how Russia is now in a position to continue her campaign by sea. Japan, with the two additional battleships captured by her and with the Russian ships sunk at Port Arthur, which she will doubtless be able to restore to usefulness, now appears to have the preponderating sea power."

"It all shows what preparedness counts for. The officers and men of the Japanese squadron for more than a year since the war began have been engaged either in fighting or constant drills and maneuvers and target practice. The personnel of the Japanese squadron has been trained thoroughly. It does not look as if such was the case with the Russian fleet.

"Further than this, the result of the battle is the most convincing argument on earth that we should not cease to build up our navy to the point required for the adequate defense of the country and its interests. But more than this, whatever fleet we have should be constantly trained in its personnel and prepared in every conceivable way for the crucial test which comes in time of war. That is what we are doing now. That is the purpose of our target practice and our annual fleet maneuvers.

"The General Board of the navy has recommended that the navy, in order to adequately protect the coasts and commerce of the United States, should consist of a fleet consisting of forty-eight battleships, twenty-four armored cruisers, forty-eight torpedo-boat destroyers, and scout ships, colliers, hospital ships, repair ships and other auxiliaries in proper proportion. Of course, these figures are not unchangeable, but they are approximately what is required. And certainly, such battles as that of yesterday stand as invincible arguments for the upbuilding of the American Navy.

"Think what the capture of two battleships means to the Japanese Government. They will now have at least seven battleships, their capture of the two Russian battleships strengthening their fleet immediately at a time when they can buy no warships anywhere in the world, and when they need them the most."

BODY OF BAKER FOUND AT FOOT OF SALOON STEPS.

Police at First Suspect Foul Play, but Later Believe Death Due to an Accident.

The Central District Police are investigating the death of George Schelbenreiff, a baker, residing at No. 420 South Second street, who was found at the foot of a flight of stairs at the Ohio saloon, at Seventh and Market streets, last night.

Herman Jarvis of No. 420 South Second street, William Buse, who lives at the De Soto House, No. 604 Market street, and James Maguire, who has no settled place of abode, were locked up at the Four Courts, but later Jarvis and Buse were released.

According to the statements of Mary Ilig, proprietress of the saloon, and Jarvis and Buse to Policemen Stewart and Henneberry, Schelbenreiff was found at the foot of the stairs in an unconscious condition. He was bleeding at the nose.

Jarvis and Buse picked Schlebenreif up and carried him to the main floor of the saloon. They say that McGuire objected to taking the injured man upstairs. He suggested that they put him over in a corner of the cellar, they say.

When the police arrived on the scene, Schlebenreif had been taken out of the basement and was lying on the floor of the saloon. Policeman Dixon took him in an ambulance to the City Dispensary, but upon his arrival there Doctor Morris pronounced him dead. The body was then papers and $1.85 in money.

The police were at first inclined to believe that the man may have been knocked down the steps, but investigation led them to believe that death probably was due to an accident.

Belleville Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses issued in Belleville yesterday were as follows: Wm. M. Smith, 38, and Lucille M. Bean, 23, both of East St. Louis; A. B. Cull, 36, and Pearl Reech, 23, both of St. Louis.

BABY'S AWFUL ITCHING ECZEMA

Sores All Over Face and Body—Could Not Tell What She Looked Like—Unable to Sleep—Grew Worse Under Doctors.

CURED BY CUTICURA IN ONE MONTH

A grateful mother, in the following letter, tells of another of those marvelous cures by Cuticura: "When my baby was four months old her skin broke out with a humor. I took her to a doctor, who said it was eczema. He gave me medicine to give her, but she kept getting worse all the time. Her little face and body were so covered with sores and large scales you could not tell what she looked like. No child ever had a worse case. Her face was being eaten away, and even her finger nails fell off. Then it itched so she could not sleep, and for many weary nights we could get no rest. At last we got Cuticura Soap and Ointment, first bathing her in warm water with the Soap, and then spreading on the Ointment with soft cloths. I saw a change in a week. The sores began to heal, and she could sleep at night, and in one month she had not one sore on her face or body. Any mother having children with eczema or humors will find a friend in Cuticura Soap and Ointment. (signed) Mrs. Mary Sanders, 709 Spring St., Camden, N. J., Aug. 14, 1904."

The foregoing statement justifies the oft-repeated assertion that Cuticura Soap and Ointment afford instant relief, and permit sleep for baby and rest for tired mothers, and points to a speedy, permanent, and economical cure, when all else fails, in the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin, and scalp humors.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills are sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston. Sole Props. Send for "How to Cure Baby Humours."