A new style for fall wear.

STRIKINGLY BEAUTIFUL.

NEW SUITS FOR BOYS

IT is well to observe that our handsomely tailored clothes for boys help to upbuild the character and encourage self ambition for personality.

They develop the natural taste for just such excellence as we maintain.

They show highest achievements in the art and science of skilled tailoring.

New features are introduced; new fabrics and a proper harmonizing of colors.

Men who are eminently advanced in clothes-knowledge design and make our garments for the little tots in kilts up to the youths verging on manhood.

Not a boy's garment goes out from this store that is not as practical for wear as it is ornamental and correct in style.

We make a special feature to-day and to-morrow of our new Sailor Suits and Russian Blouses for boys.

$5.00 to $15.00

Werner Bros

The Republic Building, On Olive Street at Seventh.

FOUR BANK ROBBERS ELUDE LARGE POSSE

Men Who Blew Safe and Secured $3,000 at Eldorado, Ill., Make Good Their Escape.

EXCHANGE SHOTS IN DARKNESS

Sack Containing Post Office Funds Overlooked — Vault Wrecked and Citizens Awakened by Explosion.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Eldorado, Ill., Sept. 28.—An all-day search by the Sheriff and a large posse has failed to furnish any clew to the four bank robbers who wrecked the vault and safe in the private bank of C. P. Burnett & Sons with nitroglycerin at an early hour this morning and escaped with $3,000 in gold and currency, after a pitched battle with citizens who were aroused by the heavy explosions.

W. S. Lynn, who lives across the street from the bank, was the first person aroused by the explosion. Running to his window, he saw a man standing in front of the bank, apparently on guard.

Presently three other men came from the bank, carrying a sack in which was the loot.

LYNN FIRES AT MEN.

The men caught sight of Lynn and one of them ordered him to get back out of the window. Lynn ran to a dresser drawer and secured a revolver. He fired at the men, who were hastily running to a buggy and two horses near by.

The shot went wide and one of the robbers replied, sending a bullet close to Lynn's head. Lynn fired again and it is believed that this took effect.

The robbers then turned the fire. Several shots were fired by other citizens who had been attracted to the scene.

The men rode rapidly away in the darkness but within a few minutes a posse had been organized and a hot pursuit was begun.

The trail led toward Texas City, but a few miles from Eldorado it was lost and all that the pursuers knew of the route taken by the robbers was in vain.

EXPLOSION WRECKS BANK.

Entry into the bank was forced by breaking in the door with a chisel and sledge hammer. The vault door was broken open with ease.

A charge of nitroglycerin was placed on the safe door and exploded. The interior of the vault was wrecked and money was scattered over the floor.

A sack containing Post-Office funds, which Postmaster Dunn lost places in the bank every afternoon just before the close of business, was overlooked on one side and the robbers failed to find it.

More than $3000 belonging to the bank, a bag containing [illegible] several watches, the property of H. [illegible], a jeweler, were secured.

A CLEAN MAN.

Outside cleanliness is less than half the battle. A man may scrub himself a dozen times a day, and still be unclean. Good health means cleanliness not only outside, but inside. It means a clean stomach, clean bowels, clean blood, a clean liver, and new, clean, healthy tissues and fibers in every organ of the body. The man who is clean in this way will look it and act it. He will work with energy and think clean, clear, healthy thoughts.

He will never be troubled with liver, lung, stomach or blood disorders. Dyspepsia and indigestion originate in unclean stomachs. Blood diseases are found where there is unclean blood.

Consumption and bronchitis mean unclean lungs. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery prevents these diseases. It makes a man's insides clean and healthy. It cleans the digestive organs, makes pure, clean blood, and clean, healthy flesh. It doesn't make the flabby fat of corpulency, but the firm flesh of health. It restores tone to the nervous system, and cures nervous exhaustion and prostration. It contains no alcohol to inebriate or create craving for injurious stimulants.

Mr. John L. Coughenour, of Glen Savage, Somerset Co., Pa., writes: "My appetite was unusually poor, and I was so weak and nervous as though I had been starved for months. My heart kept throbbing continually and I was short of breath. Finally I wrote to you for advice and you returned me that I had indigestion and a torpid liver. I did not think your diagnosis was right, but I ordered six bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery' from you and began its use. After using three bottles I began to improve slowly and soon went to work, and I have been working ever since."

Constipation is the most unclean uncleanliness. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure it. They never gripe.

FEVER SHOWS GAINS IN CITY AND STATE

Increase in Number of New Cases at New Orleans—Country Reports Grow — Mississippi Reports Twenty-Four Victims.

FOUR DEATHS AND 23 CASES IN NEW ORLEANS.

New Orleans, Sept. 28.—The official fever report to 6 p. m. is as follows:

New cases, 23; total to date, 2,561.
Deaths, 4; total, 384.
New foci, 8; cases under treatment, 261; discharged, 2,296.

New Orleans, Sept. 28.—The indications of a larger list of new cases to-day because of the large list of suspicious cases reported the day before were verified, but at that the number of new cases is small and shows that a steady decline can be expected henceforth.

The country reports were: Tallulah and vicinity, three new cases; near Napoleonville, two positive, two suspicious cases, Alexandria, one new case; Terre Bonne Parish, one new case; Baton Rouge, one new case; Patterson, eight new cases, two deaths; Kenner, four new cases, one death; Bartaria country, two new cases.

QUARANTINE AT CAIRO, ILL. WILL BE MADE MORE STRICT.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Cairo, Ill., Sept. 28.—Doctor James A. Egan arrived in Cairo to-day from Memphis, where he has been in conference with Doctor Heber Jones to ascertain if any methods were in force there that could be put in use here and to find out when Doctor Jones intended to raise the quarantine there.

Doctor Jones stated that he considered the present time the most critical in the yellow fever situation, and that the quarantine would not be raised for some time yet.

Doctor Egan stated tonight that the only change that would be made in the Cairo quarantine would be to make it stricter.

The trouble between the Illinois State Board of Health and the Big Four Railroad was adjusted favorably to the board to-day.

MISSISSIPPI INSANE ASYLUM PUTS QUARANTINE ON WORLD.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Jackson, Miss., Sept. 28.—Fearing that yellow fever might be brought in from outside points, the Mississippi Insane Hospital will receive no more patients until the quarantines are raised.

An order to this effect has been issued by Doctor T. J. Mitchell, the superintendent, with the consent of Governor Vardaman, the two officials acting for the Board of Trustees.

FIVE DEATHS FROM FEVER REPORTED FROM PENSACOLA.

Pensacola, Fla., Sept. 28.—Fever report to 8 p. m. is:

New cases 7, total to date 122, deaths 5, total to date 21, cases under treatment 43, cases discharged 48.

"TAX-DODGERS WORSE THAN BRIBE TAKERS"

Circuit Attorney Sager Calls Present System of Taxation Vicious—Y. M. H. A. Meeting.

Tax-dodgers were declared to be greater criminals than bribers and the present system of taxation was pronounced vicious and immoral in a speech which Circuit Attorney Sager delivered at the banquet of the Round Table Club of the Young Men's Hebrew Association last evening.

"I say to you, in the sight of God and man, measured by their standards of public interest and welfare the bribe-taker's offense is not a jot worse than that of the man who makes a false return on his property," said Mr. Sager.

Mr. Sager said that the present system of taxation in this State is vicious and immoral in the extreme, in that it invites and encourages deception on the part of the taxpayer.

"It matters not," he said, "that the little fellow bears the greatest proportionate part of this tax and that a strict enforcement of the law means double taxation in many cases."

The banquet was given at Rebman's Cafe and was attended by most of the members of the organization. Mr. Sager was the only speaker of the evening. He was introduced by William Sachs.

TAYLOR'S WOUND WAS FATAL.

Clayton Negro, Shot by Deputy Sheriff, Died at Hospital.

Robert Taylor, the negro who was shot at Clayton by Deputy Sheriff A. J. Shores this week, while the negro was attempting an assault upon the officer's wife, died at the City Hospital last night.

Other negroes who learned of the matter immediately after the shooting made an attempt to lynch Taylor.

MISS TILLIE VOIGT.

Granville, Ill., Sept. 28.—Miss Tillie Voigt, daughter of Henry Voigt of this city, died at Alton, Ill., to-day at the age of 18 years. The body will be brought to this city for interment.

MRS. SPRAGUE SAYS LOVE FOR LITTLE BOY PROMPTED HER TO SHOOT AT MORTON

She Tells of a Strange Conference at Hotel, Where the Man Was to Choose Between His Wife and "the Other Woman."

AUTO COAT CONCEALS PISTOL.

Beautiful Woman Who Loves a Married Man Will Be Arraigned in a Police Court Charged With Using a Firearm.

MAY CAUSE MORTON'S ARREST.

BY MAY LILLIAN SPRAGUE.

A woman always gets the worst of it. I am simply paying the penalty of my sex.

I am not a bad woman. I found a man whom I loved better than I loved my husband. I was unable to resist his influence and for him I have lost everything in life that is worth living for.

The only tie which holds me is my 8-year-old boy. If I could have him with me I would sacrifice everything else, even the man whom I love.

It was my desire to obtain possession of my boy that made me shoot at George Morton last night.

I have always thought that when two persons find that they love each other, the only right thing for them to do is to foster that love even though the barrier of matrimony should stand in the way.

Throughout the time during which I have known that such a love existed between me and Mr. Morton there was never a moment when I did not hope and believe that I would one day be his wife.

Whatever the judgment of the world may be, I can truthfully say that love has been my only motive. I could not help loving George Morton, no matter what he might do to me. I have tried time and again to break off our relations, but when he comes close to me the influence of the love which is between us is so great that I cannot.

It has been suggested to me that I shoot him and then kill myself. What good would that do? We might die together and go somewhere together, but we could not love each other there as we do on earth.

When Mr. Sprague obtained his divorce from me I believed that I would have the custody of my boy. I was in the East with Mr. Morton when the decree was issued. We stopped at Young's Hotel at Atlantic City and we registered there as Mr. and Mrs. Morton.

We have traveled a great deal together, and Mr. Morton always introduced me as his wife. Here in St. Louis he introduced me as Mrs. Sprague except to persons who came from out of the city. They thought I was his wife.

Only recently I have begun to look at things in a different light. I feel that I could lead a different life if I had my little son with me. My only ambition now is to place myself in such a financial position that I can go into court and truthfully tell the Judge that I am able to support my son.

I will to-morrow apply for a warrant for the arrest of Mr. Morton on a charge of assault and battery; not because I hate him, but because I think any man who treats a woman as he treated me last night should be punished.

In the City Hall Police Court this morning one of the defendants who will be called for trial will be Mrs. May Lillian Sprague, who, on Wednesday night, fired two shots at George Morton, general passenger agent of the Missouri Pacific Railroad, in the rear of his home, at No. 3238 Von Versen avenue.

The accusation against her will be that she discharged a firearm within the city limits. No other charge could be made because Mr. Morton was unwilling to prosecute her. Mounted Policeman Patrick Hussey, at whom she also shot, believes that she did not mean to injure him, and he, too, was unwilling to assume the role of accuser.

Mrs. Sprague was yesterday afternoon released from custody on a bond signed by Doctor J. G. Parrish, her family physician.

Three months ago Edward Sprague obtained a divorce from Mrs. Sprague and secured the custody of their 8-year-old son. Mrs. Sprague says that her love for this little boy was the reason for her action in attempting to shoot Morton Wednesday night.

She says that she still loves Morton, though she intends to apply for a warrant charging him with assault and battery. She waited more than an hour on a dark corner at Goodfellow and Delmar avenues to see the man at whom she afterwards shot.

While she stood there she had a revolver concealed in the folds of her automobile coat, but she says that she did not carry it for the purpose for which she afterwards used it.

She says that not until after she had been roughly handled and not until she realized that the chance to obtain possession of her boy had been wrested from her did the thought of using the revolver enter her mind.

She says that a man whom Morton introduced to her as a Mr. Buren of Louisville, Ky., saw Morton strike her, and knock her down just before she fired the shots.

Mrs. Sprague exhibits bruises and discolorations on the right side of her face as evidence that she was struck.

Details of the shooting were told exclusively in yesterday's Republic. Mrs. Sprague was detained at the Mounted Police Station from 2 o'clock yesterday morning until 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Upon being released she went at once to her flat at No. 3203A Page avenue.

There she talked freely and with apparent frankness about the occurrences of the previous night and the queer combination of circumstances that led up to them.

Though at times she approached tearfulness she kept herself under control and spoke in even tones, except when she referred to her boy.

AUTOMOBILE COAT HIDES WAITING WOMAN'S WEAPON.

"I have suffered a great deal," she said. "I have been humiliated. I have lost the place in society which was mine by right. Nothing which I might say can make my condition any better or any worse. I shot at George Morton and I think that I meant to kill him. Yet I do not wish that any harm should come to him. I love him and he knows it.

"Wednesday night I received a telephone message from him. He said that he could not call here, as he was going out automobile riding with a friend. He asked me to meet him at Goodfellow and Delmar avenues at half past 9 o'clock. It was rather an unusual request and I did not know what it meant. My curiosity was aroused and it was partly for that reason that I kept the engagement.

"Since I have been divorced I have never gone out at night except in the company of Mr. Morton. I had a revolver which Mr. Morton had given me, and I took this with me for protection, carefully concealing it under my automobile coat.

"I went to the appointed place, but Mr. Morton did not arrive at the time which he had set. Between 10:30 and 11 o'clock his automobile passed the corner. I expected him to stop, but he did not. He went right on to the stable in the rear of his residence. I followed, and found Mr. Buren with him. I asked him why he did not stop at the corner, and he said that it was so dark he could not see me. This seemed reasonable, and I did not question his statement. We did not quarrel about this point.

"I asked him why he had brought his automobile home instead of leaving it at the garage, where he had kept it while his family was away. He told me it was because his wife and children had returned home from Eldorado Springs, Mo., where they had been all summer. This startled me, because I thought that he and his wife had agreed to separate.

"We talked for awhile, and I asked Mr. Morton when he was going to put me back in the same position I was in before I was divorced. By this I meant that I wanted him to help me to get possession of my boy. I thought it was due to me that he should make it possible for me to go into court and say to the Judge that I would be able to support my child as he ought to be supported, and as he would have been supported if our home had not been broken up.

"I did say some pretty harsh things, which made Mr. Morton very angry. He pushed me back across the alley and followed me to a vacant lot, where he struck me in the face with his fist, knocking me down.

"I think he would have struck me again, but as he was advancing on me I got on my knees and leveled the revolver at him. He ran back into the stable and shut the door and I pulled the trigger twice. Mr. Buren was there all the time. He scolded Mr. Morton for striking me, but it was all done so quickly that he could do nothing to prevent it.

"As soon as I had fired the shots I ran across the vacant lot. I heard some one running after me. I looked back and saw a man pursuing me. I thought it was Mr. Morton and I turned and shot at him. Then the man called "halt" and said he was a policeman. I apologized for shooting at him and he was very nice, but he said that he was just about to fire at me when he saw I was a woman. It is a good thing he did, for I suppose he could shoot straighter than I could.

MORTON WAS UNWILLING TO PREFER CHARGES.

"Other policemen came. At first I told them that I had fired at a stranger who had followed me. They said that they would have to take me to the station anyway so that I could report the occurrence to the Captain. I walked along with them for a few blocks and then I decided to tell them the truth. One of the policemen went back to Mr. Morton's house. When he returned he said that he had seen Mr. Morton and that he said I had shot at him, but he didn't want to prosecute.

"The policeman at whom I shot was very nice about it. He said he was sure I did not mean to hit him. I thought they would let me go, but the Captain said he would have to charge me with discharging firearms. If I had known there would be so much fuss about it I would not have used my revolver.

"I was surprised when I found that Mr. Morton's family had come back. His wife and his six children have been at Eldorado Springs for several months. He told me that he had received a message that his daughter had been thrown out of a carriage and hurt and that he had gone to see her. While there he decided to bring his family back. I had understood all along that they were not going to live together again.

"I always believed that the only right thing to do was for Mr. Morton and me to get married. Love is a thing that cannot be resisted or questioned. When two persons find that they love each other they should get together. Of course, matrimony should be the ultimate end. I wanted Mr. Morton to marry me. That is the way these things are usually done. But Mrs. Morton will not give him up. I know this because she herself told me so.

"Two weeks ago I met Mrs. Morton on a street car. She had come to town to shop. I sat next to her and she was very friendly. I tried to convince her that she ought to give up her husband to me because he loved me and I loved him, but she did not seem to view the matter in the same light as I did.

"Finally we made an agreement by which we were to go to the Laclede Hotel and talk the whole thing over. We went right to the hotel when we left the car. There I again tried to convince Mrs. Morton, but I could not do so.

"I suggested that we send for Mr. Morton and ask him to join the conference. We did this and he sent word that he would come, but he did not do so. We waited for him a long time. As we were leaving the hotel we saw Mr. Morton peeping out of a doorway up the street.

"I said to Mrs. Morton, 'You go away. He wants to speak to me, but he won't join me while you are around.' She wouldn't do this, so I said: 'Well, you go one way and I'll go the other, and we'll see which of us he will follow.' We did this, and he followed me. He was laughing all over.

"He said it was the funniest thing he ever saw for us two women to get together without pulling hair. Then we went down to one of the gardens in South St. Louis and had a little dinner.

"'If Mrs. Morton could see things as I do all would be well. I am not after money. I made enough keeping a rooming-house during the World's Fair to support me for several years. When I first met the Mortons five years ago my husband and I were much better off than they were. It was the strange influence which Mr. Morton had over me that drew me to him, and nothing else. I felt this influence when I first met him, and it was as strong then as it is now. I have never permitted Mr. Morton to see me while he was living with his family and I never will. I do not think it is right."

The flat in which Mrs. Sprague lives at No. 3203A Page avenue is a second-floor suite of rooms with rather elaborate furnishings. There is an abundance of pictures. The furniture is of the latest design and the rugs are Turkish. There is a piano with a mechanical playing attachment. Mrs. Sprague says that Mr. Morton has visited her at her home every night for the last three months.

Policeman J. P. Sippel says that he saw Morton at his home soon after the shooting. He says that Morton's first statement was that he had not seen Mrs. Sprague for six months. When told that Mrs. Sprague had accused him of striking her, Morton, according to the policeman, said, "No, I only pushed her aside."

Further than this he would make no statement as to what had occurred at the stable.

Neighbors who have been accustomed to sit on their porches and watch for an automobile to swing in to the curb in front of Mrs. Sprague's flat were disappointed last night. When asked if Morton had been to see her since the shooting, Mrs. Sprague said:

"No, he hasn't been here and he had better not come."

Late last night Mrs. Sprague's physical condition was reported to be worse than during the afternoon.

"I am suffering a good deal of pain and my face is swelling rapidly," she said. "I think my right eye will be entirely closed by morning."

MRS. MAY LILLIAN SPRAGUE'S "APPEALING EYES." THEY ARE OF DARK BROWN, CURTAINED BY LONG LASHES.

AN IMPRESSION OF MRS. SPRAGUE, WHOSE BEAUTY IS REMARKABLE

Mrs. May Lillian Sprague is a beautiful woman. Besides those excellencies of face, form and figure which go to make up a very rare and high type of physical perfection, she carries about her that subtle charm of femininity which, not too often, serves to refute the charge that beauty is only skin deep.

If outline alone were the standard, she would be called classic; but she resembles the accepted idea of the classic no more than the living, breathing figures in an Alma Tadema resemble the cold marble Venuses chiseled by Grecian sculptors. Her well-molded face is seldom in repose. Her complexion is that rare combination of white and pink which makes English women the envy of the world.

Her face is oval and rather large, and there is just the suggestion of a dimple in her rather strong chin. Her nose is straight and narrow and her mouth is moderately large, with lips full but not sensuous. Her teeth are small, white and even. She has appealing eyes of dark brown, curtained by long lashes. Her well-shaped head bears a woman's crown of light-brown hair, luxuriant and wavy. Her neck is straight, firm and well rounded.

Her figure might be called ample were it not for the fact that she is tall and well knit. Her height is 5 feet and 9 inches. She has a thoroughbred length and freedom of limb, and she could carry much more weight without approaching stoutness.

After her experience of the previous night she was very serious yesterday, but occasionally there was a gleam of light in her face, which told of a sense of humor and a bent toward mirth. She says that she will be 27 years old her next birthday.

OPPOSE APPROPRIATION TO ENTERTAIN ROOSEVELT.

Acting Mayor of Montgomery, Ala., Breaks Quorum of City Council to Defeat Resolution.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Montgomery, Ala., Sept. 28.—Plans for the entertainment of President Roosevelt when he comes to Montgomery October 22 on his Southern tour received a setback to-day when Acting Mayor McIntyre walked out of a special meeting of the Council, breaking a quorum and thereby delaying the passage of a resolution appropriating money to entertain the President.

Opposition to the passage of such a resolution also came forth in the person of Alderman James J. Sullivan, who spoke earnestly against such an appropriation. He wanted to know how Montgomery would be benefited by the President's visit.

"Nothing good will come from it," he declared. "I am opposed to spending the people's money this way. In fact, I am opposed to the city appropriating even $1 to entertain the President."

The reason of this sudden opposition to the appropriation of the money for the entertainment of the President is that he has put Montgomery down for only two hours, while he will be at Booker T. Washington's school at Tuskegee a much longer time. The resolution called for an appropriation of only $250.

"This resolution should pass," said Alderman Gunter, "because this Council has invited the President to Montgomery, and it should be willing to pay a part of the expense."

TWENTY INJURED IN WRECK OF TEXAS PASSENGER TRAIN

Chair Car Rolls Down Embankment Near Navasota—Spreading Rail the Cause.

Navasota, Tex., Sept. 28.—The International and Great Northern passenger train which passed here at 7:40 this morning was wrecked about three-quarters of a mile north of the Navasota River bridge.

A spreading rail let the chair car down on the ties; then, with a crash, it went down the embankment and lodged upon its side in the ditch.

There were about twenty passengers in the car, of whom six were injured.

The injured: John I. Frankow, Navasota, hip and side bruised; W. E. Bowler, Navasota, face scratched and left hand bruised; R. H. Leafman, Shawnee, I. T., leg bruised; J. W. Williams, advance man for the "Hooligan" theatrical company, badly hurt; L. D. Dawson, Magnolia, right arm, shoulder and back sprained; S. V. Dawson, Magnolia, left knee bruised.

A freight following picked up the wounded and quickly brought them back to town for attention.

OIL OFFICIALS ORDERED TO APPEAR AND GIVE EVIDENCE.

Judge Fox Issues Summons in Ouster Suit—Hearing Set in St. Louis for October 18.

Jefferson City, Mo., Sept. 28.—President C. L. Nichols and W. T. McKee of the Republic Oil Company are directed by Judge Fox of the Supreme Court, in an order made to-day, to appear before Special Commissioner Anthony in the ouster suit of Attorney General Hadley against the oil companies, in St. Louis on October 18, and give testimony regarding the dealings of that company in the sale of oils in Missouri.

The order was made on the application of the Attorney General, who alleges that the testimony of these officers is important in that he is informed and believes that the principal stock of the company is held by employes of the Standard Oil Company, and that this company is used by the Standard and the Waters Pierce Company to sell oil in territory where the people will not buy from either of the two latter companies.

Under the statute of this State a failure to answer to this order gives authority for the court to strike out all pleadings and render judgment of court.

Busy Bee Bargain Day To-Day.

Chocolate caramel and bonbon mxt. 10c lb

MRS. ELLA WILCOX.

Grayville, Ill., Sept. 28.—Mrs. Ella Wilcox, a former resident of this city, died at Louisiana, Mo., yesterday at the age of 53 years. The body will be brought here for interment.

Scruggs Vandervoort & Barney

DRY GOODS COMPANY

Are Showing

Men's Correct Apparel

For Important Dress Functions.

Dress Shirts, Dress Waistcoats, Dress Cravats, Dress Gloves, Dress Handkerchiefs, Dress Protectors.

A New Dress Shirt.

To-day we introduce a new Dress Shirt, cut on lines which prevent the bosom from bulging. Coat style—cuffs attached.

Three Dress Shirts, made to your measure for....$6.00
Better qualities up to, each.....$5.00

Broadway, Olive, Locust.
Olive Street Store.

ERA OF THE SOUTHWEST: NEW MISSOURI TERRITORY

Continued From Page One.

much of a shipping commodity. The eighty-barrel flour mill in Versailles absorbs practically all that is grown.

Wheat this year averages twenty-five bushels to the acre of good No. 2 wheat, and the price paid at the mill is within 10 cents of the St. Louis market price. Rye grows well, but the farmers do not raise it in any quantity.

The miller put in machinery to grind rye and buckwheat, either of which could be raised in surprising quantities, but the residents were backward about trying it and the machinery was set aside to make room for the wheat and corn grinding apparatus. Flax and hemp have been given a tryout and have succeeded splendidly where they have been experimented with.

The fact is easily believable that the men who are holding the agricultural sections of the county are not inclined to take hold of modern methods of farming and are content with the manners and customs which obtained as long ago as "before the war."

The possibilities in the hardwood timber which is found in the Osage bottoms have been realized and a big plant for the manufacture of ax and hammer handles is in successful operation. Hickory, white oak and blue ash are utilized in the making. The timber is made to work its way through the plant.

The logs are dumped at one door and sawed into the proper lengths for the handles. The sawdust is the fuel for the furnace, and there is not the slightest waste from the time the ripping saws begin operations until the handles are placed in the cars. The output of the new plant is between sixty and seventy-five dozens of handles daily.

The greatest part of the hardwood timber is converted into ties, and millions of ties have been shipped out of Morgan County. Tie-making was, in fact, the earliest industry, and for many years the only manufacturing industry followed in the county.

In days past and gone Morgan County was the chief producer of lead and zinc ores in Missouri. The vast deposits which underlie even the agricultural lands have been practically untouched, however, and a revival in interest in the fields is well begun. Outside capital is in competition to get hold of the available lands which have been tried out, and the prices of land are accordingly beginning to slowly ascend.

Before 1870 thousands of tons of lead were mined and sent overland to the smelters at Joplin and other Southwest Missouri points.

From the old Buffalo mine record-breaking quantities were taken. More than $60,000 worth of lead came from one half acre, and from the old Bond mine one 21,000 pound chunk was taken. The Gray Horse, Brushy, Cross Roads and Big Three mines are well remembered by the men who figured in lead and zinc operations before the crash in 1870, when the price of lead went off from $70 to $13 a ton.

This was too much for the Morgan County mines, which had no transportation facilities whatever, and figuratively they went up the spout. The opening of the the railroad has again brought them into active existence, and it is the expectation of the men who are interested to again place the entire Missouri fields once more in the commanding position which they once occupied.

The coal proposition is a matter of controversy. Many who have been over the ground believe that the immense veins of coal, some of them seventy-three feet through, are but pockets, and that it would be difficult to find an extended field of the bituminous and cannel coals which have been discovered.

Former Governor John P. St. John of Kansas is actively interested in the coal lands, and as a new resident of Versailles is directly on the ground. He insists that the experiments must prove that all of Morgan County is underlaid with the coal blanket, and with him as many agree as take the other view.

Out of the Stover bank thousands of tons have been taken, which produce 1,300 pounds of coke to the ton. It is Governor St. John's theory that the hills surrounding Versailles will soon be sparkling with the fires of the coke ovens, and that Versailles is destined to be a second Pittsburg.

The cattle range all over the timber lands of the southern slope of the county. Blue-stem grass, which grows to a height of seven and eight feet, furnishes the food, which fattens cattle and hogs and prepares them for market without corn feeding.

The stock is driven from the ranges directly to the stock yards, loaded into the cars and thence to St. Louis. In stock shipments as well as in every other class of business St. Louis forms and St. Louis buyers control practically the entire market. Kansas City is much nearer, but the best of feeling exists between St. Louis business men and the business men and stock shippers of Versailles and the surrounding country, and the most amicable trade relations are maintained.

The newest experiments which have been tried in an agricultural way have been along the line of setting out orchards. Up to the present time only enough fruit has been grown to fill the wants of the immediate neighborhood.

Outside capitalists entered the county coincidentally with the railroad, and the orchards which were then set out are just coming into bearing. It has been demonstrated that the soil and climate are admirably suited to fruit propagation in a commercial sense, and the coming season will see a vast increase in the number of apple, peach and plum trees and in the acreage of the fruit ranches.

Versailles, the county seat of Morgan, is a most interesting city of 2,300 inhabitants. Surrounding a splendid county building are brick stores which are thoroughly up to date. The residences are sprinkled in every direction, and new subdivisions are being constantly placed upon the market.

There is a municipal lighting plant which supplies commercial and street electric lights. It has not paid, but this was because of a failure to issue a sufficiency of bonds in the first instance. There is a project to issue a franchise to an outside corporation to construct a water, gas and electric light plant and to end the municipal ownership system.

Versailles has one of the best graded schools in the State, and in the county there are seventy-two district schools of the first quality. Seven churches in the county seat, and as many proportionately through the county, indicate the moral standing of the community. The city is the center of a road district which embraces four miles of macadamized road in each direction from the city.

A word about the Missouri mule. Morgan County is the third in the production of this commodity, which has made Missouri internationally famous. He attains his fairest growth and most perfect completeness in Morgan County above all others.

E. O. PHILLIPS.

MEMBERS OF FORCE UNDER INDICTMENT.

Continued From Page One.

In a friendly scuffle, it is said Johnson's knife penetrated Briscoe's leg.

Captain O'Malley suspended Johnson, who will be charged with unbecoming conduct and intoxication before the Police Board. He will not be tried until next Friday, as the affray occurred too late Wednesday to give him forty-eight hours to prepare for trial, as required by the police law. Johnson was not on duty at the time. He denies being intoxicated and says he was only joking with Briscoe.

POLICEMEN INDIFFERENT TO CRUELTY TO HORSE.

The alleged indifference of several policemen to the cruel treatment of a horse at Seventh and Chestnut streets yesterday morning may lead to an investigation and charges against them, as their star numbers have been taken and it is expected, will be reported to Chief Kiely.

The horse belonged to the Commercial Laundry at No. 2025 Cass avenue. Witnesses say the animal was whipped so severely that blood ran from its wounds. The driver escaped.

Captain Reynolds at 7 o'clock last evening declared he had heard nothing of the case. He instructed Sergeant Hickey to make a thorough investigation; to learn the name of the driver and to arrest him.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN VESSELS.

Genoa, Sept. 27.—Arrived: Steamer Nord America, New York for Naples.
Queenstown, Sept. 28, 5:25 p. m.—Arrived: Steamer Arabic, Boston for Liverpool (and proceeded).
Liverpool, Sept. 28.—Sailed: Steamers Kansas, Montreal, Virginian, Montreal, via Moville.
Queenstown, Sept. 28.—Sailed: Westernland, from Liverpool, Philadelphia.
Liverpool, Sept. 28.—Arrived: Carpathia, New York, via Queenstown.
Havre, Sept. 28.—Arrived: Saxonia, Montreal.
Genoa, Sept. 28.—Arrived: Steamer Prinz Adelbert, New York, via Naples.
Hamburg, Sept. 28.—Arrived: Deutschland, New York, via Plymouth and Cherbourg; Patricia, New York, via Dover.
New York, Sept. 28.—Sailed: Ultonia, Liverpool.
Cherbourg, Sept. 28.—Sailed: Kaiser Kilhelm II, from Bremen and Southampton, New York.
Queenstown, Sept. 28.—Sailed: Majestic, from Liverpool, New York.

MRS. MARY C. SCHROEDER.

Centralia, Ill., Sept. 28.—Mrs. Mary C. Schroeder died this morning at the age of 6 years.

DANIEL DEABLER.

Xenia, Ill., Sept. 28.—Daniel Deabler, a veteran of the Civil War, died at the Soldiers' Home, Danville, Ill., last night. The body was sent here to his home and interred in Odd Fellows' Cemetery to-day.

$30 North Pacific Coast Points

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Northern Pacific Railway

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