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# THE ST. LOUIS REPUBLIC.

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NINETY-EIGHTH YEAR. THURSDAY, MORNING, NOVEMBER 2, 1905. PRICE { In St. Louis, One Cent. Outside St. Louis, Two Cents. On Trains, Three Cents.

## SUMMARY OF The St. Louis Republic

Thursday, November 2, 1905.

### THE WEATHER.

**FAIR TO-DAY.**

Forecast for St. Louis and Vicinity—Fair and warmer; westerly winds, becoming southerly.

For Missouri—Fair to-day and to-morrow, warmer in east portion to-day.

**Yesterday's Conditions.**

Weather: Clear. Temperature: Maximum, 46 degrees, minimum, 36. Wind: Direction, northwest to north; maximum velocity, twelve miles an hour at 7 a. m. Precipitation: None. Humidity, Maximum, 82 at 7 a. m. Barometer: At 7 a. m., 30.20 inches; at 7 p. m., 30.2[illegible] inches. Stage of the river, 12.9 feet at 7 a. m.

Sunrise, 6:27; sunset, 4:59; length of day, 10:32; moon sets, 10:12; first quarter, November 6; full moon, November 13; last quarter, November 19; new moon, November 28.

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| | A.M. |
| | 6—37 |
| | 8—39 |
| | 9—39 |
| | 10—40 |
| | 11—41 |
| | M. |
| | 12—42 |
| | P.M. |
| | 1—44 |
| | 2—44 |
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| | 4—44 |
| | 5—43 |
| | 6—43 |
| | 7—42 |
| | 9—42 |
| | 12—40 |
| | A.M. |
| | 3—36 |

**Forecast for Near-By States.**

Washington, Nov. 1.—Forecast:

Indiana and Illinois—Fair and somewhat warmer to-day. To-morrow fair; fresh south winds.

Arkansas, Oklahoma, Indian Territory and Kansas—Fair to-day and to-morrow.

Eastern Texas—Fair to-day and to-morrow; variable winds, becoming south and fresh.

Iowa—Fair and warmer to-day. To-morrow fair.

Nebraska—Fair to-day; colder in west portion to-day. To-morrow fair and colder.

### FEATURES OF TO-DAY'S NEWS.

Page.
1. Strike Situation in Russia.
Chinese Kill Missionaries.
Six Hurt in Street Car Mishaps.
Republican Bertillon System.
Deputies Caught Speeding Auto.
2. The Industries of St. Louis.
Finland Aflame for Revolt.
Girl Mysteriously Missing.
3. Kissed Wife Right in Court.
Death Somewhat of Mystery.
Investment Company Hearing.
4. Shubert Theatrical Fight.
Bernard Shaw's Play.
5. Fails a Flight Into Flight.
Boys Touring City Robbed.
7. Devlin of Topeka Is Dead.
Warner for Rate Revision.
Grain Rate Conferences.
9. Halloween Joke Tangles Judges.
Allegheny Bank Failure.
12. To Build $350,000 Shoe Home.
14. Lunatic Denounces Judge.

**WANT ADS**

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**FOREIGN.**

Five American missionaries are murdered in China. PAGE 1.

Finland, despite the promises of the Czar, is aflame for revolt. PAGE 2.

The Czar materially curtails the power of the proposed national popular assembly. PAGE 1.

**WASHINGTON.**

Census Bureau issues special report showing that value of manufactures of St. Louis has increased from $183,401,565 in 1900 to $267,029,314 in 1905. Salaries and wages increased in proportion. PAGE 2.

**CITY AND SUBURBAN.**

Coroner and police will investigate peculiar circumstances in death of Frank Meisner. PAGE 3.

Husband whose wife pleaded with Judge to discharge him on abandonment charge kisses and hugs her and children in open court. PAGE 3.

Halloween joker causes official entanglement of Judges and useless trip to attorney. PAGE 9.

Joseph W. Gray, charged with murder, tries to attack Circuit Attorney and denounces Judge and jury when found insane. PAGE 14.

County deputies were caught in St. Louis broker's auto said to have been traveling 78 miles an hour, as result of Halloween joke. PAGE 1.

General Weston arrives in St. Louis to take charge of the Northern division of the army. PAGE 3.

Chicago carpenter pays friendly call on local union, and was felled down flight of stairs. PAGE 3.

Brown Shoe Company proposes to build $350,000 structure at Seventeenth street and Washington avenue. PAGE 12.

Mother disowns 17-year-old girl who eloped with and married Henry Dillings, police arrest, but release them. PAGE 1.

Father and son of Alton fight with two small children for a thirteen-cent piece; is beaten to death. PAGE 2.

To prevent repeating Republican City Central committee will apply Bertillon system to voters. PAGE 1.

One thousand attend Jefferson Club housewarming; picture of Harry B. Hawes unveiled. PAGE 9.

Newsboy killed by Judge Warwick M. Hough's auto had saved enough money to bring mother and brother here from Russia. PAGE 1.

Six persons are injured in street-car accidents. PAGE 1.

**GENERAL DOMESTIC.**

Comptroller of the Currency orders the Farmers' National Bank of Kingfisher, I. T., closed. Belonged to same owners as defunct Denver and South Mc[illegible] banks. PAGE 3.

Kansas Populists are preparing to disband, the leaders feeling that Roosevelt is good enough for them. PAGE 3.

Miss Marie L. Hill of Chicago, who has been missing since October 9, had friends in St. Louis. PAGE 3.

Charles J. Devlin, the Kansas coal mine operator, died of paralysis in Chicago hospital. PAGE 7.

A contest for the control of minor theatrical circuits in West between Klaw & Erlanger and Shubert's begun. PAGE 4.

George Bernard Shaw, whose play was suppressed in New York, insists that drama has made him more friends than any other of his works. PAGE 4.

Allegheny bank cashier charges ruin to Andrews. PAGE 9.

**RAILROADS.**

Grain rate conference in St. Louis and Chicago end without results. PAGE 7.

Senator William Warner of Missouri in favor of rate revision. PAGE 7.

**SPORTING.**

Gerry Herrmann says McBride should vindicate himself of charges. PAGE 8.

O'Brien-Kaufmann fight most savage exhibition in recent ring history. PAGE 8.

St. Louis harness horsemen to lease Fair Grounds or Union tracks for trotting and racing. PAGE 8.

# CHILD BRIDE IS FOUND; POLICE RELEASE COUPLE

Henry Dilling and His Fourteen-Year-Old Wife, Located by The Republic, Tell of Marriage at Alton—Girl's Mother Says She Wont Forgive Daughter—Impersonation Is Denied—Little Girl Aids in Search.

## YOUNG WOMAN'S BROTHER IS DISARMED BY OFFICERS.

MR. AND MRS. HENRY DILLING, AND LITTLE LELIA CLAYBAUGH.
The Claybaugh girl assisted in locating the child bride and her husband.

Henry Dilling and his 14-year-old bride, whose mother, Mrs. Katie Isabel Standish Davis, of No. 3924 Lawton avenue, has been distracted since the elopement of the young couple to Alton Monday, were found last night by The Republic at Leffingwell avenue and Stoddard street.

The police later arrested Mr. and Mrs. Dilling, but released them when a marriage certificate was produced, the mother finding no grounds on which to prosecute the bridegroom. Mrs. Davis says, however, that she will have nothing more to do with her daughter and son-in-law.

Lieutenant Barton O'Brien, at the Eighth District Station, had a heart-to-heart talk with the child bride and her husband.

While this talk was in progress Ernest Davis, the 19-year-old brother of Mrs. Dilling, was reported waiting outside the Police Station, and Lieutenant O'Brien instructed a policeman to bring him in. Dilling had, in his several telephone talks with his wife's family, given as one of the reasons why he would not tell where he was, that he was afraid Ernest would do him some bodily harm.

Lieutenant O'Brien caused young Davis to be searched and Patrolman Massey took a large, open knife from one of his coat pockets. The Lieutenant warned Davis against attempting to harm Dilling, and had the newly wedded couple escorted to a street car.

NO RECONCILIATION.

"I am through with my daughter Edith forever," declared Mrs. Davis last night. "What I am anxious to do is to have my husband, when he comes home, take legal action against the woman who impersonated me at the marriage ceremony in Alton, and who swore that my girl is 19, when she will not be 15 until the 15th of next month."

The young couple emphatically deny that anyone impersonated Mrs. Davis at the Alton ceremony. This denial is borne out by Justice W. B. Ross, who performed the ceremony. It appears the witnesses were a Mrs. Bertha Davis and William Jarrett, of the Jerseyville Fire Department.

Judge Ross says he did not pay particular attention to the little wedding party, that the bride claimed she was 19 and that the woman witness wore a veil and seemed about 40 years old, and had little to say.

Mr. Dillings thus explains this phase of the case:

"We did not know anyone to have with us at the ceremony. We had hardly gotten off the train when a woman stepped up to me and asked me if I knew where Second street was. This led to a conversation, and she agreed to be one of our witnesses. As it happened, her name was Davis, too. The man, Mr. Jarrett, we did not know at all; someone went out and got him for us."

When Patrolman Massey arrived at No. 2800 Stoddard street, where the Dillings had set up light housekeeping in the home of Mrs. Josie Long, he possessed himself of the marriage certificate.

Mrs. Dillings says:

"My mother forbade Henry coming to our home any more and, rather than give him up, I gave up my family. We left home at 12 o'clock Sunday and first had dinner in an Olive street restaurant. Then we took a car ride and then went to Alton, but found we could not get married on Sunday. We came back to St. Louis, and I went to a downtown hotel and Mr. Dilling went to his room. Monday we went to Alton."

CHILD LEADS IN SEARCH.

The Davis family was kept half distracted by telephone calls at various times from young Dilling, who would reiterate that he had married Edith but who persistently refused to tell where they lived or where he was working. He is a meat cutter.

The Republic was aided in its search for the pair by little Leila Claybaugh, 11-year-old daughter of Mrs. Mamie Jones of No. 2800 Lawton avenue. A week ago today Miss Dilling took the child, who was a friend of her's in the Polk School, which both attended, to the Long house and told her she expected to live there.

Breathless and bareheaded, the little miss led the way from her own home to where the Dillings were living.

Mrs. Jones, meantime, missed her little girl, and not knowing what had become of her, and fearful but harm had befallen her because she had gone off without her hat, notified Sergeant Philip Floreich of the Eighth District Police, and patrolmen were just starting out on the search for the child when she appeared in the station with Patrolman Massey and Mr. and Mrs. Dillings. Mrs. Josie Long, in whose home the Dillings lived, swooned at sight of the policeman.

**O'BRIEN'S ADVICE TO COUPLE WHO ELOPED.**

"Edith, you've chosen this young man's company in preference to that of your mother, father, sister and brother. Apparently, you've cut yourself off from their society forever. Now, see that you do everything in your power to keep the love of the man you gave up all this for.

"Henry, the law evidently can't touch you. You've torn this little girl out of the bosom of the family that brought her into the world, but you've got a marriage license that goes with the Eighth District police, anyway. Be good to her.

"And both of you. Don't let this match end in the divorce courts like so many of these hasty marriages. Come in to see me, once in a while."—Police Lieutenant O'Brien.

# DEPUTIES SNARED IN THEIR OWN NET

Trap for Auto Scorchers Catches County Officers Speeding in Broker's Car.

## BONDED MOTORIST WONDERS.

Likewise, Officials Are Puzzled How to Take Halloween Joke—Stop-Watch Recorded 78 Miles an Hour.

A comedy of errors, the result of an enlarged conception of Halloween customs, has brought about a peculiar condition of affairs in Clayton, so much so that James Albach, a St. Louis broker, is now wondering whether he has really been arrested on a charge of scorching. Incidentally several county officers are puzzled how to take the alleged practical joke of which they were the victims.

An information has really been issued against Mr. Albach, charging him with violating the speed limit and a $500 bond has been furnished for his appearance. Mr. Albach was stopped by a county officer, but it is now explained that the whole affair was a joke.

Mr. Albach was in Clayton Tuesday evening and met Prosecuting Attorney Johnston and several county clubmen. After the various members of the party had in turn felicitated each other on their health and other things, an information was found against Albach, and he gave bond before the Sheriff.

About this time Deputy Sheriff Shores and Deputy Constable Bellaire appeared. Shores had a writ to serve in Brentwood. Mr. Albach insisted that the officers go to Brentwood in his machine and sent his chauffeur with them.

After they had gone Deputy Sheriff John Moss was notified by telephone that a party of scorchers were coming down the North and South road. Leaving his supper he hurried out and halted them and the county officers found themselves in the ludicrous situation of being the victims of their own game.

Explanations followed and Shores and Bellaire returned to Clayton after the writ was served.

Mr. Albach then got into his machine and started home, taking Bellaire with him as far as Morlache's Grove, on the Olive Street road. As soon as Mr. Albach left Clayton Deputy Constable Walthers was notified by telephone that a party of scorchers were coming down the Olive Street road and to halt them. Accordingly, he was waiting with his trusty weapon when they hove in sight and his command was quickly obeyed.

It was then dark and Walthers did not discover the identity of his "prisoners" until he reached Morlache's. Then Mr. Albach is reported to have become angry and said a few things.

Although the matter is referred to as a joke, still there are an official information against Albach and a $500 bond for his appearance locked away in the Sheriff's desk at Clayton. The felicitators are now wondering how the whole affair can be forgotten.

# WOULD YOU VOTE? THEN BE MEASURED

Republican City Committee Proposes to Bertillonize the Franchise in St. Louis.

## NO POLITICS, SAYS HOWE.

Tell the Color of Your Eyes, Give Weight and Perhaps a Photograph When You Register.

Ye voters of St. Louis who're wont to dye your hair
Along about election time, just listen and beware:

The Republican committee has hit upon a plan
To put a quick quietus on the crooked voting man.

So lay by false mustaches; do not decorate your nose—
By the new Bertillon method only honest "make up" goes.

To prevent repeating at the polls, a personal, detailed description of every voter in St. Louis, irrespective of politics, will be taken by the Republican City Central Committee. This plan to purge politics of fraud was announced by Chairman Jephtha D. Howe at a meeting of the committee in the Equitable building last night, called to appoint six subcommittees.

The idea originated by Chairman Howe met with the approval of the twenty-one members of the committee present, and a meeting of the Registration Committee was called for Friday night, when a plan will be devised whereby the suggestion can be made operative.

The suggestion made by Howe will include the Bertillon system of identification, but will also include many features omitted by the method established only to capture criminals. The voter may also be asked to look pleasant before a camera.

Chairman Howe, in discussing the subject, said: "We must prevent these crooks from doing business at the polls. While it will take some time to complete my plan, when it has been once perfected it will stamp out repeating for all time.

"The Registration Committee has been requested to devise a plan whereby we can secure the height, weight, color, nativity, age, business, address of voters when they last registered and voted, and a complete description, so that when a man comes into the polls to cast a ballot the persons in charge will know that he is or is not entitled to vote."

At a meeting Friday night, someone will be assigned to take charge of the Description Bureau. The names of the voters in each ward will be kept in alphabetical order, so that when a person moves from one ward into another, the clerk will only have to shift the card bearing the description from one pigeonhole into another.

When a voter appears in the booths to cast his ballot, the clerks in the polling place will refer to the bureau to ascertain whether the person in question is a bona fide voter.

# SIX MEN INJURED IN CAR ACCIDENTS

John White, Whose Residence Is Unknown to Police, Sustains Paralyzed Spine—Another Victim Has Fractured Skull.

**EXTENT OF INJURIES SUSTAINED IN ACCIDENTS.**

John White, residence unknown to police; paralyzed spine.

Henry Hill, negro, No. 1720 North Twelfth street; cuts and bruises.

John Jullito, No. 5603 Pattison avenue, severe bruises.

A. H. Luster, Fourteenth and Wright streets; broken ribs.

Arthur Young, No. 1410 Spruce street; fractured skull.

Frank Sackberger, No. 2620 Chippewa street; fractured ankle.

Six persons were injured in street car accidents yesterday. John White, whose residence is unknown to the police, is at the City Hospital with a paralyzed spine. Henry Hill, a negro, is at his home, No. 1720 North Twelfth street, suffering from cuts and bruises; John Julius is at his home, No. 5603 Pattison avenue, with severe bruises; A. H. Luster, residing at the Northeast corner of Fourteenth and Wright streets, is at the City Hospital with broken ribs; Arthur Young of No. 1410 Spruce street is in a precarious condition at the City Hospital, where he is said to be suffering from a fractured skull, and Frank Sackberger is at his home, No. 2620 Chippewa street, with a fractured ankle and bruises.

The first of the accidents was at Sarah street and West Pine boulevard, when a Suburban car struck a furniture van in which were Hill and White. The van was overturned and Hill suffered severe bruises. White was taken to the City Hospital, where it is said that he is suffering from paralysis of the spine. His condition is serious.

While driving a wagon of the American Express Company at Eighteenth and Locust street Frank Sackberger, an expressman, and Arthur Young, a helper, were thrown to the street by the force of a collision with an Eighteenth street car. Young was hurried to the City Hospital, where his skull was found to be fractured. He is in a serious condition. Sackberger was removed to his home suffering from a fractured ankle and bruises.

Last evening John Jullito, living at No. 5603 Pattison avenue, was struck by a Southampton car of the Market street division and severely bruised. The accident happened at King's highway and Arsenal street. Jullito was removed to his home in an ambulance. His condition is not considered serious.

While driving to his home shortly after dark last night, A. H. Luster, 50 years old, was thrown to the street by a collision with a car at St. Louis and Prairie avenues and taken to the City Hospital, where he was found to be suffering from fractured ribs. Luster said that he became confused by cars which were approaching.

# CZAR TAKES GREAT POWERS FROM THE PROPOSED POPULAR ASSEMBLY; REVOLUTIONISTS DEMAND REPUBLIC

Men Selected at Emperor's Dictation to Pass on Laws Before They Are Submitted to Popular Assembly

## QUIET IN ST. PETERSBURG.

Moscow Too Is Comparatively Tranquil, but Reports From Other Cities Tell of Many Fatalities.

## REVOLUTIONISTS ARE ACTIVE.

Military, Disgruntled at Recognition of People's Rights by Czar, Appear to Be Furthering Lawlessness.

**St. Petersburg, Nov. 1.—An imperial ukase, dated November 1, reorganizing the Council of Ministers, states the President of the Council will be chosen by the Emperor, and that reports of chiefs of various departments to the Emperor will be communicated beforehand to the President of the Council, who also will receive communications regarding all measures taken by the heads of departments.**

**The ukase further provides that all officials, except military, naval, diplomatic and court officers, are to be subject to previous approval by the Council of Ministers.**

**Finally all legislative bills to be presented by the Ministers to the douma for the State Council must first be submitted to the Council of Ministers.**

**SPIRIT OF MOB VIOLENCE AT MANY POINTS.**

Although to-day passed in comparative quiet in St. Petersburg and Moscow, a flood of dispatches from all parts of the Empire report disorders in many cities, with a heavy total of dead and wounded.

The people, while celebrating their new-found freedom, were in many instances set upon by Cossacks and police, while sometimes the spirit of mob violence broke forth, and the lower elements of the population gave themselves to pillage and destruction.

The most serious disorders apparently occurred at Odessa, where hundreds of persons are reported to have been killed or wounded, and where rioting is momentarily expected to flare out into a repetition of the slaughter of last July, and at Kazan, where a three days' reign of terror was ended only by the retirement of all Cossacks to their barracks.

**ANTI-JEWISH UPRISINGS OCCUR AT MANY PLACES.**

A deplorable feature of the news from the interior is that anti-Jewish uprisings have occurred in many places, especially in Southern Russia, where the populace vented its hatred of the Jews by sacking their stores and clubbing the members of the race, in some cases resorting to the torch.

The attacks on the crowds are reported to be in most cases the work of Cossacks, who, many times, were apparently let loose upon the people without direction or authority.

**TREPOFF DISPERSES ST. PETERSBURG CROWD.**

In St. Petersburg to-day, General Trepoff, in accordance with his announcement of last night, prevented the resumption of revolutionary demonstrations by having the crowds dispersed whenever and wherever they gathered. Kazan place and the Nevsky Prospect were several times cleared by Cossacks, and police, and the crowds were driven from the vicinity of the university with whips and the flats of sabers. General Trepoff was aided by the weather, which was cold and rainy and which kept many persons off the streets.

**WITTE'S TASK RECOGNIZED AS BEING HARD TO PERFORM.**

Count Witte's task in securing a fair trial for the new experiment in constitutionalism is a most difficult one. He is disappointed at not securing the support of the Liberals, on whose co-operation he counted. Many of these are holding aloof, and seem rather to enjoy the predicament in which the new Premier finds himself.

**REVOLUTIONARIES EAGER FOR REPUBLIC TO COME.**

Meanwhile the Socialists and revolutionists, who believe they have the Government stampeded, are bending every effort to keep the movement going, and to precipitate a catastrophe from which they hope a socialistic republic will emerge.

This is a consummation as little to be desired by the majority of Liberals, especially the zemstvoists, as the Government itself, and therein lies the chief hope that the force gathering under the banner of Count Witte is sufficiently strong to make head against the revolutionary movement and the spirit of unrest throughout the country.

Count Witte is doing his utmost to meet the chief objections against the new regime. In addition to the promised amnesty for political prisoners, liberty of the press has been granted, Count Witte offering to a deputation of editors who called on him to de-

Continued on Page Two.

## FATAL RIOTS IN MANY CITIES; OTHER PLACES CELEBRATE FREEDOM

St. Petersburg and Moscow remain comparatively quiet, although Trepoff at the larger city keeps troops constantly on guard to suppress disorders.

The Czar issues a ukase providing for the appointing of the President of Council and the Council of Ministers, and materially curtails the power of the proposed national popular assembly by ordering that all laws, before even being proposed to the douma, shall be submitted to the Council of Ministers.

Fatal riots in many of the smaller cities of Russia, after the receipt of the news telling of the Czar's grant, are recorded. The most serious of these conflicts took place at Odessa, where thirty-seven persons were killed, and more than 200 wounded, nearly ninety seriously.

Twenty persons were killed at Warsaw, seven at Vitebsk; clashes with strikers at Elizabethgrad caused many deaths; Cossacks charged into a meeting in the theater at Kieff and left many corpses behind; a dozen fatalities are reported from Poltava and Minsk, and pools of blood were left standing in the streets of Kazan after a fight between revolutionists and the military.

Finland, although a return to the former constitutional form of government has been promised, refuses to believe that the Czar's words are to be kept, and the whole country is aflame, ready for revolt.

Troops are reported to be marching on Helsingfors, and the people have announced that the Finns, as well as the people of other parts of the country, are fighting for liberty, and will regard the soldiers as a hostile force.

In scores of smaller towns demonstrations have taken place, the majority of the smaller municipalities celebrating in patriotic fashion the mandate of the Emperor promising reforms.

## AMERICANS DEPART FROM ST. PETERSBURG.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 1.—J. Pierpont Morgan Jr., George W. Perkins and some of the other foreign bankers sailed for Stockholm today on board the chartered steamer Oceana of the Lassman Line.

The courtesies of the steamer were extended to a King's messenger bearing dispatches from the British, American, German and French Embassies.

These are the first mail dispatches sent home by the Embassies since the trouble here began.

# DEAD NEWSBOY SAVED HIS MONEY

With His Earnings He Brought His Mother and Brother to This Country From Russia—Burial in Mount Zion Cemetery.

Jacob Feldman, the newsboy who was run down by an automobile driven by Warwick M. Hough in front of the Federal building on Olive street Tuesday and who died at the City Hospital yesterday morning, had an interesting career. He here saved enough money to bring his mother and brother across.

It was less than a year ago that Jacob left his home at Kishenev, Russia, and took passage to New York. In the Metropolis he became acquainted with several "newsies" and speedily learned the paper-selling business. He was successful and then, having earned enough money, he came to St. Louis, being attracted here by the World's Fair.

When Jacob arrived in St. Louis he took a stand near the Olive street entrance to the Federal building, and soon began to make money. Jacob wished to see his mother and brother and so he finally wrote to his brother, inclosing half the amount of money required to bring him to this country.

The brother, Abraham, answered the letter saying that he could not depart without the mother, and then Jacob set to work to earn enough money to bring his mother also.

Three months ago he was able to send enough money to bring his mother and brother to this country and there was a happy reunion. The Feldmans went to live at No. 1119 North Ninth street, and were living happily when the accident occurred on Tuesday, and threw a gloom over them all. Jacob had just finished his work for the day when he was struck by the automobile. He died at the hospital without regaining consciousness.

An inquest will be held this morning, after which the burial will take place at Mount Zion Cemetery. Mr. Hough offered to pay the funeral expenses, but his offer was refused.

## SEARCHES ALL EVENING FOR HIS "RED DEVIL."

**John A. Hutcheson's Car Taken From in Front of House While He Ate Dinner.**

John A. Hutcheson of No. 4327 Washington avenue spent the greater part of last evening scouring the West End in a borrowed auto searching for his big "red devil," which was taken from in front of his home while he was partaking of dinner.

Mr. Hutcheson came home in his car shortly before 7 o'clock. Two of the lamps were left burning so that no other vehicle could collide with the machine in the darkness.

He remained in the house about an hour when he came out with the expectation of enjoying a ride. To his astonishment he found that the auto had disappeared.

After telephoning the police, he borrowed another machine from a friend and toured the greater part of the city in search of his machine. The auto bears the license No. 229.

The automobile was found early this morning in 4400 block on Chouteau avenue. It was covered with mud and the "juice" exhausted. The police are trying to find the person that used it.

## GOVERNOR HERE FOR EVENING.

Folk Goes to Ohio to Make Two Speeches.

Governor Folk arrived in St. Louis from Jefferson City yesterday evening at 8 o'clock, and departed at 11:35 over the Pennsylvania for Cincinnati, where he is scheduled to make a speech this evening. He will then go to Cleveland for a speech Friday night, returning at once to Missouri.

The Democrats of Ohio are making a strong fight, and Governor Folk has been called in to assist them.

# FIVE AMERICANS MURDERED IN CHINA

Three Women, Man, and Child, Missionaries, Killed at Lien-Chow—Leaders in Church Work.

Hong-Kong, Nov. 1.—Five American missionaries have, it is believed, been murdered at Lien-Chow.

Details have not yet been received.

Doctor Eleanor Chestnut, Mrs. E. C. Machle and child, and Mr. and Mrs. Peale are the victims of the disturbance of the Lienchow Mission.

Reports from Canton say that the murder of the missionaries took place October 23.

Lien-Chow is a town of 12,000 people, situated in the western part of the Province of Kwang-Tung, at the head of the Gulf of Tong-King, not far from the treaty port of Pakhoi.

**WAS EDUCATED IN CHICAGO.**

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—Doctor Eleanor Chestnut, who, together with four other missionaries, is reported to have been killed by a mob at Lein-Chow in China, is a Chicago woman. She came here in 1888, and was graduated from the Woman's Methodist College.

**MACHLES OLD IN WORK.**

New York, Nov. 1.—Mrs. Machle was the wife of Doctor Charles E. Machle of Ohio. She was Miss Ella M. Wood of Philadelphia. They had a daughter, Elsie, 15 years old. Doctor and Mrs. Machle have been stationed at Lien-Chow since 1889.

John Rogers Peale was a new missionary who sailed from this country last August. He was born at New Bloomfield, Pa., in 1879. He was educated at the Lafayette College and Princeton Theological Seminary. He married Miss Gillespie, of Port Deposit, Md., last summer, before going to China in August.

In addition to four church buildings, the Lien-Chow Mission, which has 207 native Christians on its roll, has three Sunday schools, and three establishments for secular education, one of which is a boarding school with nineteen pupils. It also supports a hospital and a dispensary.

**NO NEWS AT WASHINGTON.**

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, Nov. 1.—Officials of the State Department up to a late hour tonight were uninformed officially of the murder of American missionaries in China.

## BREAK ENGAGEMENT BECAUSE GIRL DECLINED X-RAY TEST.

**Mayor of Ballard, Wash., Wished to Look for Tuberculosis Germs—Sued for $25,000.**

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 1.—Because she refused to let him inspect her lungs by means of the X-ray to look for suspected tuberculosis germs, James H. Zook, Mayor of Ballard, broke his engagement with Miss Rosena E. Grover and has been sued by that young woman for $25,000 damages for breach of promise.

When the two appeared in the Superior Court to-day, Zook was informed by Judge Albertson that justice and science did not always go hand in hand, and that affairs of the heart have not yet been placed by law in the realm of physiology.

## PLAN POLAR EXPEDITION.

Brussels to Defray $2,000,000 Expenses by National Lottery.

Brussels, Nov. 1.—An expedition to the North Pole is about to be ordered. The expenses, estimated at $2,000,000, will be defrayed by a national lottery on an extensive scale.

The expedition will require three years' preparation.

## DEVLIN'S LIFE INSURANCE AMOUNTS TO $1,150,500.

Topeka, Kas., Nov. 1.—C. J. Devlin, at the time of his failure, in July, carried $1,231,500 in life insurance. Of this amount, $81,000 has since been allowed to lapse, $667,000 was turned over to Receiver J. T. Bradley of the failed First National Bank and the remaining $402,500 is in policies payable to Mrs. Devlin and children, which cannot be legally assigned.

Following is a list of the principal Devlin life insurance policies by companies:

Mutual Life, $300,000; New York Life, $175,500; Northwestern Life, $70,000; Fidelity Mutual, $60,000; Equitable Life, $57,000; Phoenix Life, $55,000; Pennsylvania Mutual, $50,000; Connecticut Mutual, $50,000; State Mutual, $50,000; Massachusetts Mutual, $30,000; Union Central, $50,000; Germania Life, $50,000; Provident Life, $35,000.