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NINETY-EIGHTH YEAR.

TUESDAY, MORNING, NOVEMBER 7, 1905.

PRICE 10 CENTS
In St. Louis, One Cent.
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RIOTOUS DEMONSTRATIONS IN ENGLAND, AUSTRIA AND RUSSIA; RAMPANT REVOLUTIONARY SPIRIT SHAKES OLD-WORLD THRONES

SUMMARY OF The St. Louis Republic

THE WEATHER.

FAIR TO-DAAY.
Forecast for St. Louis and vicinity—Fair today, slightly warmer, variable winds.
For Missouri—Fair to-day and tomorrow.
Yesterday's Conditions.
Weather—Forecast, cloudy; evening clear. Temperature—Maximum, 52 degrees, minimum, 44 degrees. Wind—Direction, north to west; maximum velocity, 4 miles. Precipitation—None. Humidity—Maximum, 75 per cent at 7 a. m. Barometer—At 7 a. m., 30.12 inches. At 7 p. m., 30.05 inches. Stage of the river, 1.15 feet at 7 a. m.

Forecast for Near-By States.
Washington, Nov. 6. Forecast: Arkansas, Oklahoma, Indian Territory and Western Texas—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday. Indiana and Illinois—Fair in south, rain in north portion Tuesday, Wednesday fair, fresh west winds.
Eastern Texas—Fair in interior; showers on the coast Tuesday, Wednesday fair, fresh north to east winds.
Iowa—Fair Tuesday, except rain in eastern portion Wednesday fair.
Nebraska and Kansas—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

FEATURES OF TO-DAY'S NEWS.

- 1. The Election in New York.
- 2. Election in Philadelphia. Want Boodlers Pardoned.
- 3. Austrian Socialists Killed.
- 4. London Women Demonstrator.
- 5. Poland's Fight for Liberty.
- 6. Miss Wickham Seriously Hurt.
- 7. Boy Wounds Himself in School.
- 8. Prince Visits Annapolis.
- 9. Election in Madison, Ill.
- 10. Thanksgiving Proclamations.
- 11. Missouri Eight-Hour Mining Law.
- 12. Roosevelt Can't Help Jews.
- 13. Kentucky Outlines Escape.
- 14. Terminal Matter Growing Acute.
- 15. Arrested on His Honeymoon.
- 16. Transit Company Damage Suit.
- 17. Ministers for Pure Politics.
- 18. Bloodless War is Probable.

Want Ads on page 10 and 11.
Birth, Marriage and Burial Records and New Operations on Page 10.

Death Notices and Announcements on Page 7.
Special Notices on Page 2. Time Tables on Page 12.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Men hired by stevedock to take down Ferris wheel at World's Fair would like to see him for a few moments. PAGE 14.
Attorneys for Transit and United Railways companies object to order to produce books in court in damage suit. PAGE 14.
Police Board drops case against patrolman charged with kicking boy. PAGE 3.
Board of Trustees of Madison, Ill., meets without Mayor and orders election for today. PAGE 4.
Bitterness is arrested at Union Station just as he arrives on his honeymoon trip. PAGE 5.
Mrs. Arthur Jones is injured and son and daughter bruised when runaway horse collided with steam roller. PAGE 1.
Mrs. Walter Gunn seriously injured by vehicle while boarding car. PAGE 1.
Ministers propose organization to influence voters for pure politics. PAGE 14.
School teacher saves boy, who accidentally discharged revolver in his pocket and set coat afire, from burning by tearing garment off, and then quietly pan-stricken pupil. PAGE 2.
The condition of Miss Frances Wickham, who was injured Sunday, is said to be serious. PAGE 2.
Cashier of East Side commission company passes factious notice on wife which is opened and ridiculed. PAGE 19.
Methodist Ministers pass resolution to inform proposed Grand Jury investigation of professed charges against local churches. PAGE 4.
Governor Folk is asked to pardon St. Louis boodlers Thanksgiving. PAGE 1.
Invalid sister may clear Vaughan of manslaughter charge. PAGE 4.
Children lower night stroller in public celebration. PAGE 4.
Investment company declines to make further payments to bondholders in St. Louis, saying securities must be sent to headquarters in Chicago. PAGE 4.
Ambassador de Casarès says that he is tired of public life. PAGE 8.

GENERAL DOMESTIC.

Prince Louis of Battemberg visits Mount Vernon, lunches with the President, and is the guest of honor at a banquet at Annapolis. PAGE 2.
The Kentucky railroad, who repudiated the Mitchell road, is reported to have crossed into Tennessee. PAGE 7.
President Roosevelt decides that the United States cannot, as proposed, benefit Russian Jews by intervention. PAGE 3.
Mayor Weaver of Philadelphia swears in 1,000 special policemen to keep order at the Philadelphia polls to-day. Trouble is feared, as Republican spirit threatens to sweep in extra deputies. PAGE 11.
New York campaign closes, both the Tammany and Hearst factions very confident as to the general public vote unable to make the situation. Jerome's election is practically conceded, but the vote between McCellan and Hearst is expected to be very close. PAGE 1.
Missouri eight-hour mining law, proposed by Harry J. Cantwell of St. Louis, is declared unconstitutional by United States Supreme Court. PAGE 1.
FOREIGN.
Poland, inflamed by Finland's successful strike for liberty, begins a crusade to obtain freedom for herself. PAGE 2.
Austrian Socialists are shot down by gendarmes at Prague. PAGE 1.
An army of women singing revolutionary songs march through London streets to Prime Minister Balfour's office. PAGE 1.
SPORTING.
Half-back James Loneragan of St. Louis breaks left leg in practice. PAGE 1.
President Hodges of the Browns clinches deal for Norfolk of Tacoma. PAGE 1.

DOUBT AND FEAR OF TROUBLE MARK CLOSE OF CAMPAIGN IN NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA

Unprecedented Degree of Uncertainty Manifested by Shrewdest Leaders in Metropolis.

JEROME LIKELY WILL WIN.

Hearst's Fight Closes So Strong That Tammany Feels McCellan May Be Beaten After All.

Elections of more than ordinary interest will take place to-day in New York City, Philadelphia, Chicago, Indianapolis, San Francisco, Louisville and Salt Lake, and in the States of Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Maryland, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Virginia and Nebraska.
In no case are party lines closely drawn, the issue in most cities being the people against the bosses, while in the States holding general elections it is good government against bad government.
New York, Philadelphia, San Francisco, Louisville, Salt Lake City and Indianapolis elect Mayors. Ohio, Rhode Island, Massachusetts and Virginia elect Governors. Pennsylvania elects a State Treasurer and several Judges. Maryland elects a State Comptroller and votes on the amendment to disfranchise negroes. Kentucky elects a Legislature that will choose a new United States Senator, while Chicago elects Sanitary District Commissioners and votes on a proposition to empower the Council to fix prices of gas and electricity.

BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.
New York, Nov. 6. Excitement preceding a local election in New York has never been so great as it is to-night. Confusion is the only word that expresses the state of the public mind. There is nothing on which to base reliable estimates of the result of the vote to be cast for each ticket.

Tammany outwardly maintains a supreme confidence in the reelection of Mayor McCellan by from 6,000 to 9,000 plurality. The Hearst managers claim he will receive 10 per cent of the total vote and, while this, the Republican candidate, professes to believe he will win by 1,000 over Hearst, with McCellan third.

Charles F. Murphy, Tammany leader, refuses to give out any figures. The other leaders of the Wigwam admitted that their estimates are based largely on guesswork.

WICKHAM'S DESERTION FROM TAMMANY ADMITTED.

An almost unprecedented degree of uncertainty marks the close of the campaign. That there have been wholesale desertions from Tammany is admitted by the district captains. Ten days ago there were some 100,000 votes in the city for Hearst as a rebuke to their own party leaders, who have gone about during the last twenty-four hours advocating the election of McCellan in order to keep out a third party.

REPUBLICAN MACHINE COMPLETELY WRECKED.

The Republican machine is completely wrecked. Some have decided to go over to Hearst in the hope of annihilating Boss Gould.

Others will vote for McCellan to "save the city from Hearst and Socialism," while hundreds, and possibly thousands of rock-ribbed Republicans will cast their votes for Hearst as a rebuke to their own party leaders, who have gone about during the last twenty-four hours advocating the election of McCellan in order to keep out a third party.

These Republicans argue that there must be a closer alliance than is generally believed between the Tammany and the Republican machines, and they resent the action of their leaders. They maintain that if Hearst had received the hearty support of the Republican party, the election vote to slip in between McCellan and Hearst.

They see in the activity of their leaders a scheme to perpetuate bossism and much against their will have determined to support Hearst.

The cry of "down with the bosses" was raised by the Municipal ownership League early in the campaign and has sustained the Hearst boom, and aroused the people to the verge of fanaticism.

Perhaps not 50 per cent of those who will vote for him have any particular admiration for the man generally known as "Boss McCellan."

MCCELLAN'S ODDS SLIP FROM 10-10 TO 8-10.

There was quite a slump in the McCellan odds in the afternoon today. The odds in 1 and 2 were the best obtainable against Hearst's election. Three weeks ago 10 to 1 was being offered in the market for the election of McCellan. Two years ago McCellan was favored at odds of 20 to 1, and was elected. At the same year in the election for Governor a year ago Herrick Democrat, was favored at 2 to 1, and he was defeated.

This goes to show that betting odds are not good barometers in political contests. This was shown again in Tammany Hall, and for two hours Boss Murphy conversed with his district leaders. The women in the famous political rendezvous were different from any others witnessed there in years.

Each leader was warned impressively that Tammany will have little use for those who do not keep their vote in line. This ultimatum means, of course, that in the event of a Democratic victory those leaders whose districts make an exceptionally poor showing will be replaced.

John A. Hensberry, chairman of Mr. Jerome's Campaign Committee, issued a statement tonight predicting the triumphant return of the candidate by a greater total number of votes than those of all his opponents.

Mr. Jerome made his final speech of the campaign before a great audience in Cooper Union to-night.

The usual predictions of trouble at the polls are made, but Superintendent Moran and Police Commissioner McAdoo announced to-night that the forces under their respective commands were working in perfect harmony and that every precaution had been taken to prevent the ballot and guard against any disorder.

SEEK PARDONS FOR ST. LOUIS BOODLERS

Governor to Be Asked to Liberate Bribe-Takers Thanksgiving Day.

"HAVE SUFFERED ENOUGH."

Petitioners Maintain That Ends of Justice Have Been Served and That Leniency is in Order.

- ST. LOUIS BOODLERS AND THEIR SENTENCES.
Harry A. Faulkner, three years.
Edmund Bersch, two years.
Charles J. Denny, two years.
John H. Schuetler, two years.
Emile Hartmann, six years.
Julius Lehmann, seven years.
Jere Hannigan, two years.

A systematic effort is being made by the friends of boodlers now in the Penitentiary at Jefferson City to secure their release on Thanksgiving Day. Several well-known Democrats and Republicans alike are interested in petitions, which have been circulated throughout the city in behalf of the imprisoned boodlers.

The prisoners in whose behalf the petitions are circulated are: Harry A. Faulkner, Edmund Bersch, Charles J. Denny, John H. Schuetler, Julius Lehmann, Jere J. Hannigan and Emile Hartmann.

The friends of these prisoners think that it would be an appropriate act for Governor Folk to issue pardons to these men on Thanksgiving Day.

The argument to be used on the Governor is that the ends of justice have been satisfied; that the boodlers have done sufficient time, and that the community has been set a proper example.

Governor Folk while in St. Louis last Monday stated to the Republic that the matter had not been brought to his attention as yet, and that he could not, of course, consider it until it had.

He was indicted on a bribery charge in connection with the Suburban and city lighting deals September 2, 1902. He was convicted, but the case was reversed by the Supreme Court.

He was tried again for bribery in connection with the city lighting deals and July 15, 1904, was found guilty and his punishment fixed at seven years in the Penitentiary.

Henry A. Faulkner was convicted July 25, 1902, and sentenced to two years on a charge of bribery in city lighting and Suburban deals. His case was reversed and at the second trial he was again convicted and his punishment fixed at three years in the Penitentiary.

Edmund Bersch is serving a two years' sentence. He pleaded guilty to a bribery charge July 24, 1904, after two mistrials. The first case was reversed by the Supreme Court and his second case was set aside by the trial court.

The jury in the first case fixed his punishment at five years in prison. Bersch finally pleaded guilty and he was sentenced for two years.

Charles J. Denny pleaded guilty to bribery in September, 1904, and was sentenced to two years in the Penitentiary. John H. Schuetler also pleaded guilty on a similar charge and received a two years' sentence August 24, 1904.

Jere J. Hannigan pleaded guilty to a bribery charge after his first case, in which he was convicted and sentenced to five years, had been reversed by the Supreme Court. Hannigan is serving a two years' sentence.

Hartmann is serving a sentence of six years. He was one of the few cases not reversed.

BANKS AND STORES BURN AT JERSEYVILLE.

Fire Also Threatens Hotel, Where Guests Are Alarmed—Damage About \$12,000.

Fire which started early this morning in the three-story building occupied by the Jerseyville, Ill., State Bank did \$12,000 damage before the cause of the flames could be checked.

The business portion of the Illinois town was endangered for almost two hours before the fire was put under control.

The fire started in the basement of the bank, which was partly occupied by the Shaffer & Henley grocery store, and spread to the entire first floor, driving the guests from the Commercial Hotel, which is next door from the building, which was gutted on the first floor.

No one was injured. The damage to the bank was confined to the fixtures, the vault being fireproof. Several offices on the upper floors were damaged. The cause of the blaze is unknown.

ELECTION RETURNS

Will Be Posted by The Republic's Great Bulletin Service In Front of The Republic Building

TO-NIGHT

Complete returns from New York, Philadelphia, Ohio, Maryland, Virginia, Massachusetts and other centers of political excitement and activity.

ARMY OF STARVING LONDON WOMEN BESIEGES PREMIER IN UGLY MOOD; "MARSEILLAISE" SHOCKS THE CITY

Wives of Hungering Workmen Out of Employment Tell Balfour Bloodshed Will Result if Aid Is Not Given.

NO RELIEF IS PROMISED.

Head of British Cabinet Says Government Can Do Nothing, and Suggests Appeal to Private Charity.

STORMY MEETINGS HELD.

Labor Member of House of Commons Mentions Balfour's Name and Provokes Hisses—Leaders Protest Earnestness.

London, Nov. 6. The desperate condition of the poor of London was brought to the notice of Premier Balfour to-day by a remarkable demonstration of the wives and other women relatives of the unemployed, who did not hesitate to tell the Premier that unless something is speedily done to lessen their sufferings there will be bloodshed.

"Don't forget that hungry men are desperate men," said one of the speakers, who all had the same tale to tell of husbands out of work, and starving wives and children. The pinched faces and tattered clothing of the women, some of whom had babies in their arms, bore eloquent testimony of the truth of their complaints.

Enormous crowds of women from all parts of London marched through the streets headed by a deputation which Mr. Balfour received at the office of the Local Government Board.

"THE MARSEILLAISE" SANG BY PROCESSION.

"The Marseillaise" was heard as the procession advanced, perhaps the first time it was ever heard under such circumstances in the streets of London.

Only thirty of the women were admitted to the presence of Mr. Balfour. The Premier was very sympathetic. He acknowledged that the evil was very real, but he had little to suggest in the way of alleviation, except an expression of hope that public charity would come to the aid of the unemployed.

He deprecated the socialistic suggestion that industries should be started at the national expense for the benefit of the unemployed, as calculated to destroy the springs of enterprise and energy in the nation.

A mass meeting of the women was held in the afternoon to hear the report of the delegation. Mr. Crooks, M. P., and others made speeches. Mr. Crooks said that Mr. Balfour's reply to the delegation was unworthy of the Premier of a great country.

BALFOUR'S ADDRESS CALLED "THE SPEECH OF DESPAIR."

At the close of Mr. Balfour's "speech of despair," as the delegates described it, Mrs. Crooks, wife of Wm. Crooks, a Labor party member of the House of Commons, and several other women excitedly invited Mr. Balfour to come and live among them for a few months.

The Premier remarked that he was quite aware that nothing he had said could be other than disappointing. They had his genuine sympathy, and he felt most acutely the magnitude of the evil from which they were suffering.

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PREMIER'S NAME GREETED WITH HISSES.

The mention of Mr. Balfour's name was greeted with a storm of hisses. Mr. Crooks added that they had started an agitation which would not cease until every man who wanted work was supplied with sufficient to support his wife and children.

The speaker urged his hearers to continue the agitation. He said that a revolution in England would not be behind the revolution in Russia in securing the demands of the people.

The meeting unanimously adopted a resolution to continue the fight for the employment of the unemployed, and the meeting broke up amid uproarious scenes, and the singing of "The Marseillaise."

SOCIALISTS AT PRAGUE SHOT DOWN BY MILITARY.

Three Regiments and Mob Fight in Streets and Four Are Killed, While Hundreds Are Wounded.

FRAGUE, Nov. 6.—Copyright, 1905.—In an engagement between three infantry regiments and Socialists this afternoon, four persons were killed and a boy's head was split open. A hundred other persons were wounded.

Barrierae formed of stones and garden seats have been erected here, and barbed wire has been stretched across the streets by the rioters, who shoot from the barricades at the soldiers.

Street lamps have been intentionally destroyed.

Continued on Page Two.



PRIME MINISTER BALFOUR. Who received a delegation of the wives of starving workmen seeking relief. The Premier was able to promise nothing on behalf of the state, recommending an appeal to private charity.

SHOT AT DRIVER; RAN OVER WOMAN

Mrs. Walter Gunn Seriously Injured by Horse and Buggy While Boarding Car.

WATCHMAN USED REVOLVER.

Samuel Goldman, in Rig, Did Not Stop Until Chased and Caught by Officers.

MRS. ARTHUR JONES INJURED.

Her Son and Daughter Escaped With Slight Cuts and Bruises on Hands and Body—Taken Home.

THREE PERSONS HURT IN RUNAWAY

Horse Frightened by Steam Roller Collides With Rock Wagon on Lindell.

MRS. WALTER GUNN.

After having run down and driven over Mrs. Walter Gunn just as she, in company with her husband, was about to board a westbound Page avenue car at the intersection of Washington avenue and Seventh street yesterday evening, Samuel Goldman, a salesman, was shot at, but continued driving at high speed until he was stopped by two policemen.

Mrs. Gunn was taken to her home at No. 4281/2 Cook avenue immediately after the accident. Her condition is critical.

Mrs. Gunn was about to place her foot upon the car step when Goldman in his buggy dashed alongside the car, knocked Mrs. Gunn down, screeched off east on Seventh street and would have continued on his way had not Private Watterman Ryan stopped him with a revolver shot.

Immediately after the accident Doctor Joseph Boehm of No. 217 North Eighth street was summoned. He found that Mrs. Gunn had sustained internal injuries as well as a deep gash on the right side of her head. She was removed in an ambulance.

Goldman was placed under arrest by Patrolman William Aylward and Morris Silverman of the Fourth District and is held at that station.

He claims that the accident was due to the carelessness of Mrs. Gunn in not heeding his cry of warning just before his horse knocked her down. He says that the reason that he did not stop to investigate the effect of the accident was that he was in a hurry and felt sure that Mrs. Gunn was not seriously hurt.

Horse Stricken Woman.

Miss Rosie Smith, 50 years old, of No. 219 Belle avenue, while attempting to cross the street at Leonard and Franklin avenues, was run into by a horse attached to a furniture wagon. She was thrown to the pavement and her ankle sprained. She was sent to her home. Her condition is not serious.

THREE PERSONS HURT IN RUNAWAY

Horse Frightened by Steam Roller Collides With Rock Wagon on Lindell.

MRS. ARTHUR JONES INJURED.

Her Son and Daughter Escaped With Slight Cuts and Bruises on Hands and Body—Taken Home.

THOSE INJURED IN RUNAWAY.

Mrs. Arthur Jones of No. 543 Barter avenue, her 15-year-old son and 15-year-old daughter, narrowly escaped death shortly after 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon when a spirited horse, which they were driving, took fright at a steam roller, ran away and collided with a rock wagon, throwing them into the street, injuring all of them, but more seriously hurting Mrs. Jones.

When the horse collided with the rock wagon the carriage overturned, Mrs. Jones falling out and her two children on top of her. She fell with her face downward and her face was badly cut and she was also badly bruised about the chest.

Her 15-year-old daughter, whose name was not ascertained by the police, sustained a deep wound above the right eye and her left arm was badly scratched.

The son struck a stone in falling and was badly bruised about the right side and back. His injuries, however, are considered slight.

The horse had been stalled several months it is said to have been very wild. They were driving south on King's highway and at Lindell boulevard a squad of men were at work on the streets. A large steam roller, in charge of G. D. Wendland of No. 365 Blaine avenue, was running near King's highway as they approached, frightening the horse, which started to run into the Lindell boulevard.

Neither Mrs. Jones nor her son were able to control the frightened animal, and it dashed down Lindell boulevard. When it had gone almost a block it collided with a rock wagon driven by Victor Handeuch. The horse fell when the crash came, and before it could get started again it was captured.

The injured persons were treated by Doctor Butler of Buell and Maryland avenues, after which they were taken to their home in a carriage.

Horse Stricken Woman. Miss Rosie Smith, 50 years old, of No. 219 Belle avenue, while attempting to cross the street at Leonard and Franklin avenues, was run into by a horse attached to a furniture wagon. She was thrown to the pavement and her ankle sprained. She was sent to her home. Her condition is not serious.