OVERCOATS ABOVE THE USUAL STANDARD

GAIN any man's satisfaction on subjects interesting to him and he will forever more have his confidence established. We gain this by broad wisdom and lofty ideals.

Our garments are above the standard usual with the ordinary ready garments. The fabrics are custom woolens of our own selection; each style the study and product of most experienced designers, incorporating the latest thoughts and most modern manners of fashioning clothes for men.

Few will deny the superiority of our specially tailored Overcoats.

$20.00 to $65.00

Werner-Bros

The Republic Building.
On Olive Street at Seventh

FORTY QUALIFY FOR SPAUGH JURY

Taking of Testimony Expected to Begin Monday — Courtroom Crowded at Centerville by Eager Spectators.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Centerville, Mo., Dec. 1.—The Circuit Court room in this city, where the trial of William Spaugh Jr. and his mother, Mrs. Mary E. Spaugh, is now in progress, was filled to overflowing this morning long before court opened, at 9 o'clock.

All around the Courthouse square horses were tied to every available post, some of their riders having traveled forty miles to witness the proceedings. Every hotel and boarding-house is overcrowded with visitors, friends of the late Sheriff Polk and lawyers.

Most of the counsel for both the prosecution and defense in this case have been compelled to seek quarters in private dwellings. There is no excitement but the atmosphere is charged with expectancy.

When Judge Williams opened court there was not an inch of available space in the auditorium of the courtroom or inside the bar. Several persons were sitting on the steps of the Judge's bench.

The Judge immediately ordered the prisoners brought into court and the examination of a panel of seventy jurors was begun. William Spaugh, one of the prisoners, appeared pale, possibly the result of his close confinement. His attitude is hopeful.

During the examination it was developed that several of the jurors summoned were opposed to capital punishment, and they were dismissed by the court. The examination continued until 4 o'clock, the result being that forty men were selected, from whom the final jury of twelve men will be chosen.

The court then instructed the Sheriff to take the forty and keep them together until to-morrow. Counsel have requested until that time to make up a list of their challenges.

The trial will not be begun until Monday morning. Arthur Spaugh's trial, in whose case a severance was asked by his counsel and granted, probably will be set up as to be proceeded with at the end of the present trial.

It is expected that a continuance will be asked in his case, inasmuch as C. A. Schierer, a traveling man living in St. Louis and for whom an attachment was recently issued, has not yet appeared, he having sent a physician's certificate to the effect that his absence is due to sickness.

The defense claims that he was the only eye-witness to the tragedy in which Sheriff Polk lost his life, and that Arthur Spaugh cannot safely go to trial without his testimony.

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles.

Itching, blind, bleeding or protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO Ointment fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

PRESIDENT AND FAMILY RETURN FROM OUTING.

Mr. Roosevelt, His Wife and Four Children Show Good Effects of Two Days' Stay at Virginia Farm.

Washington, Dec. 1.—President and Mrs. Roosevelt, with four of their younger children, who have been enjoying a two days' outing at Mrs. Roosevelt's country place, "Plain Dealing," in Albemarle County, Virginia, returned to Washington at 8:45 o'clock to-night.

The President and his family entered their carriage, which was in waiting, and were immediately driven to the White House. There was a large crowd at the station and the President received a cordial welcome.

Several Representatives in Congress on their way to Washington to attend the assembling of Congress were fellow-passengers on the car with the President, and during the run to the city the President came from his drawing-room and chatted with them for some time on public questions.

The President showed every evidence of having enjoyed the outing and walked briskly from this train through the long railroad shed to his carriage.

Heavy Rains in Territory.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Ardmore, I. T., Dec. 1.—Heavy rains have fallen over the Chickasaw Nation to-day, and with freezing weather will prove injurious to the late cotton crop.

PLAN TO STIMULATE CONSUMPTION WAR

Doctor Flick Would Raise Fund of $100,000 Immediately, Offer Prizes With Interest Accruing Before 1908, and Use Principal for Expenses.

New York, Dec. 1.—Far more important and successful than any of its predecessors will be the international congress on tuberculosis which will be held in this country in 1908, according to the expressed opinion of Doctor Lawrence F. Flick of Philadelphia, who has in charge the preliminary arrangements for the gathering.

Doctor Flick already has decided upon a general plan which he outlined this evening in the course of an address before the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis at the American Museum of Natural History.

He proposes to introduce a number of innovations. The entire plan, as outlined by Doctor Flick, is conditional, and depends upon the success of the Committee on Arrangements in an effort to raise without delay $100,000.

CONTRIBUTIONS SOLICITED.

He suggests that twenty wealthy men be invited to contribute $5,000 each toward the fund. It is his intention, if he is successful in getting this fund together at once, to deposit the money until 1908, when the principal will be used in defraying the expenses of the congress, and the accumulated interest will be distributed in prizes.

One of the most important prizes will be given for the greatest bona fide reduction in the death rate from tuberculosis in a city upward of 200,000 inhabitants during the three years from 1905 to 1908.

Other prizes proposed will be for the best exhibit of objects entering into the crusade against tuberculosis, such as sanatoria, hospitals, dispensaries, educational bureaus, and so on by the country; for the best exhibit of laws and ordinances for the prevention of tuberculosis by any country; for the best pathological exhibit; for the best exhibit of a furnished home for the poor in the interest of the crusade against tuberculosis; for the best exhibit of a workshop or factory in the interest of the crusade against tuberculosis; for the best exhibit of a hotel in the interest of the crusade against tuberculosis; for the best exhibit of a sanatorium for the treatment of consumptives among the working classes; for the best exhibit of a dispensary for the treatment of poor consumptives; for the best exhibit of a hospital for poor dying consumptives; to the society engaged in the crusade against tuberculosis having the largest membership; for the best plan for raising money for the crusade against tuberculosis.

PAPERS IN THREE LANGUAGES.

Another innovation proposed by Doctor Flick is to have all the papers which will be read at the congress prepared far in advance, printed in English, French and German, and distributed to all the delegates.

By this means, he believes, the difficulties arising from the differences in language of the delegates, which have been experienced at other conferences, will be largely obviated.

With the papers in hand in their own language all the delegates could take part in the discussion of various subjects.

The discussions later would be printed in the three languages and distributed to the members of the congress by mail.

It is proposed to hold the scientific part of the congress in Washington, the session to continue one week, and the social part one week preceding and one week following the scientific sessions, in various cities.

The arrangements for the social part of the congress will be left with the cities, which will be expected to arrange entertainment at their own expense. Doctor Flick mentioned New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, Boston and Baltimore as cities which he believed would be glad to entertain the delegates under his plan, and he said he believed several other large cities also would be glad to do so.

Missourians in New York.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New York, Dec. 1.—Among the arrivals at the hotels here to-day were the following from St. Louis:

K. J. Hanley, G. R. Swanke, L. Ackerman, Imperial; R. H. Hilliard, Mrs. Hilliard, Mrs. Miller Hilliard, York; S. Temple, Manhattan; J. F. Goodall, Fifth Avenue; R. G. Trobridge and Mrs. Trobridge, Everett; C. D. Budd, Astor; Mrs. L. M. Rumsey, Waldorf.

A two-line Want Ad in The Republic will secure a first-class housegirl. 16 words for 1c at any drug store.

GRAND DUKE IN THE PLOT AGAINST CZAR

St. Petersburg Filled With Scores of Rumors, With Treason to Emperor as the Basis.

OFFICERS UNDER ARREST.

Twenty Commanders With Two Hundred and Fifty of Monarch's Guard Put in Prison for Conspiracy.

YOKE TAKEN FROM POLAND.

Czar Abolishes Martial Law in That Part of Russia's Territory, Which Causes Great Demonstrations of Joy at Warsaw.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 2, 2:50 a. m.—The guards arrested at Tsarskoe Selo, Thursday night and Friday morning, numbered 250, including twenty officers.

All kinds of rumors are current, including the assertion that one of the Grand Dukes is involved in a conspiracy against the Emperor, but none of them can be verified.

It only seems certain that no confidence can be placed even on the guard regiments.

Arrested soldiers are seen every day, escorted by their comrades with drawn swords. St. Petersburg is swarming with Cossacks, the only troops against whom there is no suspicion of disaffection.

It is understood that the whole Cossack forces of the Empire, some 450,000, will be mobilized.

A conference was held at Count Witt's residence last night to consider the demands of the telegraphers.

Count Witte has declined to receive a deputation from the telegraph and postal strikers, on the ground that they are violating their duty to the state, but he sent a note to the deputation recommending that the strikers address themselves to their immediate chiefs.

CZAR ABOLISHES MARTIAL-LAW IN RUSSIAN POLAND.

Warsaw, Dec. 1.—The Emperor to-day signed a decree abolishing martial law in Russian Poland.

Great joy was manifested over the announcement in the newspapers to-night that martial law had been abolished.

The police ordered the arrest of the boys who were delivering papers to subscribers because the news was published without permission of the authorities.

In Ogrodowa street a workman approached a soldier who was patrolling and shouted that martial law had been abolished, whereupon the soldier fired, killing the workman.

PROSPECT SEEMS BRIGHTER FOR WITTE'S SUCCESS.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 1.—Late this afternoon the outlook for a temporary improvement in the situation which would give the Government an opportunity to catch its breath was brighter.

The danger of an immediate general strike was considered to be practically averted as a result of three-cornered negotiations between Premier Witte, the employers and the workmen, by which it was decided that both the Government and private estimates which are now closed shall be reopened.

The law governing elections to the National Assembly is now practically completed. The Premier hopes it will aid the situation.

The measure will be a compromise. Direct suffrage is not granted, but the suffrage will virtually be universal in the second degree.

WITTE'S ENEMIES BUSY.

The Emperor presided to-day at a meeting of the Council of Ministers. Much comment has been caused by the Emperor's summons to Count Pahlena, member of the Council of the Empire, and one of the oldest and most trusted servants of the House of Romanoff, who participated in the session, presumably, to voice his Majesty's views.

Though the step undoubtedly was taken with the full approval of Count Witte, it gave rise to a report that the Emperor was losing confidence in the Premier, which was eagerly spread by the latter's enemies in the court party.

BERLIN HEARS REPORTS OF REGIMENTS' MUTINY.

Berlin, Dec. 1.—A special to the Lokal Anzeiger from Eydtkuhnen, on the eastern frontier of East Prussia, says that the Eighth Regiment of Russian Dragoons in the adjacent town of Welkowesk, Russian Poland, has been in a state of mutiny since yesterday, threatening death to the officers unless the pay of the men is raised. Troops have been requested from Kovno.

The Lokal Anzeiger also prints a dispatch from Warsaw saying that the Fourteenth Regiment of Dragoons at Ostrolenka, Russian Poland, has mutinied.

The Texas Wonder

Cures all Kidney, Bladder and Rheumatic troubles; sold by all druggists. Send for testimonials. Dr. E. W. Hall, office and laboratory, 2926 Olive st., St. Louis.

GOVERNOR FOLK DECLARES HE QUOTED BRYAN'S SPECH.

Extract From Funeral Oration Was Expressly Stated as Being Part of Another's Address.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Jefferson City, Mo., Dec. 1.—In answering the statement sent out from Kansas City that he had used a passage in his address at the funeral of Gateman Clay, killed in the prison revolt, similar to language used by Mr. Bryan several years ago, Governor Folk stated to-day that he quoted the passage as one used by another person on a similar occasion.

Governor Folk did not read his speech at the funeral of Gateman Clay, and it was not prepared in advance, being delivered impromptu. The purported speech sent out from Kansas City was taken down by a stenographer who was present.

It was a week ago that Governor Folk made an address over the grave of Clay. The speech was not prepared beforehand, and the extracts were taken from stenographic notes made at the time. In the closing part of Governor Folk's half-hour speech he used a paragraph expressing the same thought as in the Bryan speech.

This thought is not considered new, and has been used by Ingersoll and other funeral orators.

Governor Folk used the paragraph in question as a quotation, and expressly stated to the audience at the time that it was the language of another.

"Breaks a Cold in Three Hours."

Japanese Rapid Quinine—10c. Get it.

HOME WAS IN CINCINNATI.

Real Name of Girl Who Died Mysteriously in St. Louis, Emma Muthert.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Cincinnati, O., Dec. 1.—Emma McLaughlin, the pretty 18-year-old girl who died mysteriously in St. Louis on November 23, is Emma Muthert of Cincinnati, according to the parents of the latter, who ran away from home to St. Louis once before and went under the name of Emma McLaughlin at that time.

The girl, who was the main support of her family, was placed in the House of Refuge after her last escapade, but ran away as soon as released.

Her father has been an invalid seven years; a sister was terribly injured in an accident two weeks ago, and a younger brother is badly disfigured by an attack from a vicious dog.

For best housegirls—Republic Want Ads.

ST. LOUIS LORINGS FIND FAMILY TYPE IN CONAN DOYLE'S "SIR NIGEL"

Hero of Noted Author's Greatest Story Composite Picture of Characters in Ancient Clan, Whose Descendants Are Numbered by Thousands in United States — James Milton Loring of St. Louis Talks of the Lineage, Which Dates Back to Middle Ages—American Loring Who Fought Like Ancestors of Old.

JAMES MILTON LORING.

HISTORY OF THE LORING FAMILY IN AMERICA.

More than 150 years ago four members of the historical Loring family landed on American soil. There were a father and three sons. Two of these sons located in New England. A third son went to North Carolina.

These Lorings established the American branch of this noted family, whose origin is traced back to the Middle Ages and whose early members are made the basis for "Sir Nigel," A. Conan Doyle's great novel, the opening chapters of which are to be published in to-morrow's Republic.

There are thousands of Loring ancestors in the United States to-day, due to the intermarriages of the first Lorings who settled in New England and North Carolina and their descendants.

In his history of the Lorings, James Milton Loring of St. Louis submits the following list of names that are directly or indirectly connected with the Loring ancestry:

Aldrich.	Doolittle.	Higgins.	Nellson.
Bishop.	Field.	Hitt.	Noel.
Boogher.	Gilman.	Heffernan.	Shannon.
Bradford.	George.	Hodges.	Simonds.
Brawley.	Grummon.	Hughes.	Slaughter.
Bunson.	Grimes.	King.	Smizer.
Campbell.	Gutherie.	Loring.	Smith.
Callaway.	Hardin.	Marmaduke.	Spurr.
Chouteau.	Harris.	Martin.	Tyler.
Collier.	Hall.	McCracken.	Tully.
Cotton.	Haynes.	McDonald.	Vallandigham.
Cowherd.	Hayden.	McCarty.	Wagner.
Davis.	Hansbrough.	Moore.	Winn.
Doolan.	Hennsler.	Moerse.	Young.

When Sir A. Conan Doyle wrote his story, "Sir Nigel," the opening chapters of which are to be published in the Sunday Magazine of The Republic to-morrow for the first time, he chose for his hero a composite character, based on the famous family of Lorings, whose descendants are scattered by thousands over the length and breadth of the United States.

In St. Louis there are hundreds of persons who can trace their lineage, if they will take the time to make historical research, back to the very people, whose deeds of valor and adventure make the basis of Conan Doyle's greatest novel.

The Lorings of old were proud people and the Lorings of to-day are none the less proud. Those who have studied their ancestry are proud of their forefathers, who were noted for their bravery and intelligence.

In St. Louis there is a Loring, who has completed a history of the Loring family dating back to the arrival of the first Lorings in the United States. This present-day member of the historic family is James Milton Loring, whose method of life has borne characteristics of his celebrated forbears.

James Milton Loring is 65 years old and has the distinction of being a native of St. Louis. Five generations of the Lorings are buried in the Fee Fee Cemetery, St. Louis County. Mr. Loring is a lawyer and an owner of a great deal of real estate. He is an exponent of the simple life and loves his fellow-men, although, if he thinks a man is a liar or a scoundrel he is very apt to call him one.

James Milton Loring is a graduate of Harvard College, having been a member of the class of 1862. He has some old and interesting data of Harvard College, not the least interesting of which is a college programme, which shows that Mr. Loring and Oliver Wendell Holmes once spoke on the same platform at a Harvard celebration.

He had among his intimate associates in the early days such men as Oliver Wendell Holmes, John G. Whittier, James Russell Lowell, Henry W. Longfellow and many other distinguished men, who won fame in the last century.

A ST. LOUIS LORING.

Mr. Loring has written many articles himself, but he has never sought profit from it. He has written an interesting book of his travels around the world. He published this book himself and gave it away. One thousand dollars couldn't buy one of Mr. Loring's books. His friends, however, are welcome to anything that he has.

Mr. Loring made a thorough research when preparing his history of the Lorings in America, and it is probable that he knows as much about this famous family as does Sir Conan Doyle.

"Away back in the Middle Ages," said Mr. Loring, "there was an old German King, who, upon his death, divided his property between his two surviving sons. One of these sons was known as Lothar, and he received the western half of the Empire. This country was known as Lotharringia, and in after years the name was gradually abreviated until it became known as Lorraine. Alsace-Lorraine, which the Germans won from France in the Franco-Prussian War, constituted the original State, which was ruled by this son, the first ancestor of the family of Lorraine.

"A study of genealogy will show one that the earlier names were always abbreviated, and in making these abbreviations the consonants nearly always remain, the letters dropped being, as a general rule, the vowels. Thus it is easy to understand how the original name of Lotharringia was gradually abbreviated to Loring. The abbreviators eliminated all but two vowels, which were necessary for pronunciation, and the name Loring remained.

"Lothar was derived from the Latin word Luxe, originally applied to a bright, shining warrior, while ringia was derived from the Latin word, Rex, meaning ruler or regulator or king. Thus, the combination of the two words as applied to the first of the Lorings shows that he was a bright, shining warrior and ruler.

"The Lorings were gradually scattered over France and England, where, eventually, one of the R's was omitted in the spelling of the name, making it plain Loring. In his fancied stories, such as "The White Company" and "Sir Nigel," Doyle has timed his stories around the period of the family's migration to England, but the branch of the family to which the American Lorings trace their ancestry, migrated from England to Ireland, where the Lorings distinguished themselves as they had done in England, France and Germany.

The first Lorings to arrive in America came here about the middle of the Eighteenth Century, and they sailed from Ireland. It will be seen, then, that the American Lorings have a tinge of Irish in their blood, something that the first Lorings lacked.

"My study of the early Lorings shows that they were men who never suffered infamy. They were men of florid complexion, black hair, splendid eyes, while their manners and morals were of the highest tone.

"If Sir Conan Doyle has pictured a brave and gallant man in his fictitious 'Sir Nigel' he has pictured a man no braver, no more intelligent nor of bolder impulse than an American Loring, who is the one man in our history to whom all branches of the family should bow with reverence.

"This man, this replica of the 'Sir Nigel' of Doyle's story, was General William W. Loring, who fixed his place in American history by the display of heroism in three American wars, and who established himself as a fearless soldier of fortune in the Egyptian wars of the seventies, whence he journeyed after his own country had been restored to a peaceful basis.

"General Loring participated in the Seminole War, in the Mexican War, and in the War of the Rebellion. He showed his ability as a stickler for principle when he reduced himself to the ranks of poverty by freeing his own slaves because he didn't believe in slaves, while, on the other hand, as an ardent believer in State rights, he laid down his sword as a General in the United States Army when war was declared between the North and South and entered and fought successfully in behalf of the Confederate States.

A TYPICAL FIGHTER.

"That is the sort of a man General William W. Loring was. He didn't believe in slaves, and at the risk of his own future success freed his own slaves in the face of a bitter sentiment on the part of his friends and neighbors.

"When the crisis arrived, when the time came for him to decide between the North and South, he exercised the same fearlessness in resigning from his station in the Union Army, solely because he was a native of the South and would fight for no cause against the policy that his heart dictated.

"General Loring lost an arm in the Mexican War, but this injury never interfered with his fighting qualities. Even after the termination of the Civil War he responded to a summons from Egypt and fought with signal success for the Khedive Government in its struggles against the Abyssinians."

James Milton Loring's direct ancestor was Frederick Loring, a cousin of General William W. Loring, and William Loring was a son of the original American ancestor of the Lorings, one of the three brothers who chose North Carolina as a home rather than New England where his two brothers remained and started the first American branch of the Loring family.

Frederick Loring was born in 1758 and came to the United States with Lafayette in 1781. He was a bugler in the Continental army under Count de Grasse at the battle of Yorktown. He also took part in the War of 1812, later was a member of the Kentucky company that fought at the River Raisin. He is favorably mentioned in Butler's "History of Kentucky." Frederick Loring lived to be 91 years old and died in Los Angeles, Cal., whither he had gone during the exciting days of the gold discovery of 1849.

REPLICA OF "SIR NIGEL."

The American descendants of the Lorings, and particularly those descendants who knew and are intimately acquainted with the career of General William W. Loring, whom James Milton Loring has described as the replica of Doyle's fictious "Sir Nigel," the following description of the hero of Doyle's latest romance will prove interesting:

"* * * So it came about that Nigel, with his lion heart and the blood of a hundred soldiers thrilling in his veins, still at the age of two and twenty, wasted the weary days, reclaiming his hawks with leash and lure or training the alans and wanicis who shared with the family the big earthen-floored hall of the manor-house.

"Day by day the aged Lady Ermyntrude had seen him wax in strength and in manhood, small of stature, it is true, but with muscles of steel and a soul of fire. From all parts, from the Warden of Guildford Castle, from the tilt yard of Farnham, tales of his prowess were brought back to her, of his daring as a rider, of his debonair courage, of his skill with all weapons."

Stroup Vandiver & Barnes

OLIVE STREET

A Store for Men, Showing Articles of the Practical Sort Appropriate for Gifts

Indoor Garments

Imported House Coats, Dressing Gowns, Bath and Lounging Robes—our own designs.

Shirts to Order

White and Colored—made in our own factory.

6 White-Bosom Shirts	$25.00	4 Colored Shirts, cuffs attached or separate	$20.00
3 White-Bosom Shirts	$15.00	Better qualities, each	$6.00
3 Full Dress shirts	$15.00		

Finer qualities of White-Bosom Shirts, $12.00, $15.00 and $18.00 per half dozen.

Men's Gift Certificates

In our Men's Department we issue Gift Certificates for any amount, redeemable for any kind of furnishings.

LAND—THE BEST LIFE INSURANCE

The best provision you can make for your heirs is **LAND**—land in the Southwest.
It *insures* a living.
It *increases* in value every year and pays big interest on the investment.
Its *product* gradually increases without impairing the capital.
There are opportunities *to-day* that will be gone to-morrow—gone forever. Land will never be cheaper. There will be *other* opportunities, but none with the same margin of possibilities as those of to-day.

Get a Home and Make Money in the Southwest

Three very special opportunities are now offered:
1. Sale of H. & T. C. Ry. and T. & N. O. R. R. lands in Northwest Texas, adjacent to Rock Island lines, now going on.
2. Free homesteads in Oklahoma, Kansas and Colorado.
3. Leasing for agricultural purposes of 250,000 acres of Government Reserve Lands in Southern Oklahoma.

There are also many opportunities for small manufacturers, industries of various kinds, mechanics, merchants, farmers and stock raisers. The best of them are along the new lines of the Rock Island.
Low landseekers' rates are granted on the first and third Tuesdays of each month, with special privileges for side trips.
Specific information concerning the Southwest, with illustrated booklets and full details of rates, promptly on request.
Write to-day if you want to take advantage of the upward trend of business and land values in the Southwest! Don't delay! Use this coupon.

HAL. S. RAY, A. G. P. A.,
Rock Island System, St. Louis, Mo.

I am interested in the Southwest. I have $..... and would like to secure some land in.....
.....(name of State).
Please give me full information as to opportunities and rates.
Name .....
Street and number.....
City and State.....

QUEEN IS 61 YEARS OLD.

England Hearty in Celebrating Alexandria's Birthday.

London, Dec. 1.—Queen Alexandria was 61 years old to-day and her birthday was celebrated with the usual heartiness throughout the Kingdom, including artillery salutes, the ringing of church bells and the display of flags.

Congratulations from all parts poured in at Sandringham, where the Queen entertained all the children of the estate at tea, personally superintending the pre-

Republic Want Ads pay. Ask your druggist.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN VESSELS.

New York, Dec. 1.—Arrived: Cedric, from Liverpool; Prinz Wilhelm, Genoa.
Glasgow, Dec. 1.—Arrived: Carthagenian, Philadelphia, via St. Johns.
Naples, Dec. 1.—Arrived: Sicilian Prince, New York.
Glasgow, Nov. 29.—Sailed: Siberian, Boston.
Naples, Dec. 1.—Arrived: Citt di Torini, New York, for Genoa.
Palermo, Nov. 30.—Sailed: Algeria, New York.
Antwerp, Nov. 29.—Arrived: Montreal, Montreal, via London.
Moville, Dec. 1.—Sailed: Tunisian from Liverpool, for St. John, New Brunswick.

Hospital Collection, Commercial building, to-day. Mrs. Fred Gardner and assistants in charge. Jubilee singers. Mandolin Orchestra.

WARD—DORNER.

Milan, Mo., Dec. 1.—Mr. Carl Ward and Miss Cora Dorner were married at the home of the bride at Pollock to-day.

FATAL FIGHT IN YUCATAN.

Seven Rebel Indians Killed and Three Soldiers.

Merida, Tuxtan, Dec. 1.—Word has been received here of a fight between a party of rebel Indians, a troop of soldiers and the employes of the Quintana Roo Development Company in the territory of Quintana Roo.

Seven of the Indians were killed and many are thought to be wounded.

The troops had three privates killed and several wounded. This is the first time in many months that any of the Maya Indians have shown a disposition to cease depredations.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature on each box. 25c.

NO TRACE OF MISSING MAN.

Teamster Believed to Have Met With Foul Play.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Springfield, Mo., Dec. 1.—Albert Hicks, the Strafford teamster that disappeared Tuesday, November 21, while on his way home from this city, has not yet been seen nor located, and his wife and neighbors are strengthened in their belief that there has been foul play.

It has also developed that Hicks had about $80 on his person at the time of his disappearance. Many persons believe that someone robbed him for his money, which he had been planning to build a new house, and while in Springfield had drawn his money from the bank.

To California

In a Personally Conducted Tourist Sleeping Car

It's a pleasant, inexpensive and interesting way of going, if you are careful to select the proper route.

The most popular excursions are those of the Burlington Route, which leave St. Louis every week in charge of special conductors who take the passengers right thro' to the Coast, past the grand scenery of the Rocky Mountains by daylight, over Great Salt Lake, and thro' the majestic Sierras.

Detailed information is yours for the asking. Particulars at Ticket Offices, Broadway and Olive and Union Station, or write

W. A. LALOR, A. G. P. A., St. Louis, Mo.