

ANOTHER FINANCIAL BILL

TO BE INTRODUCED TO-DAY TO THE SENATE BY SENATOR JONES.

Claimed to Have Sanction of the President and Treasury Department - National Banks Favoured - No Promise of Republican Help.

Washington, Jan. 13.-A new financial bill will be introduced to-morrow by Senator Jones of Arkansas. It is claimed that Mr. Jones has secured some assurances that his measure will have the sanction of the treasury department and of the president.

The bill authorizes the secretary of the treasury to issue five hundred millions of gold bonds, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding two and a half or three per cent., the bonds to run thirty years, but redeemable after twenty years. The proceeds of these bonds are to be used for current expenses of the treasury and redemption of the greenbacks and the treasury notes issued under the Sherman act.

National banks will be permitted to issue notes to the par of the bonds deposited to secure circulation and an inducement will be offered the banks to increase their circulation by reducing the tax on circulation from one per cent. to one-fourth per cent. An effort will also be made to prevent the reduction of circulation by making it illegal for any bank to receive its circulation without the consent of the treasury.

The act will be repealed which prohibits banks from increasing their circulation for a period of six months after the withdrawal of circulation. The bill provides that all notes under the denomination of \$20 shall be silver certificates. The secretary is directed to cancel all greenbacks and treasury notes of denominations less than \$20 and issue in their stead silver certificates payable in silver.

The bill directs the secretary of the treasury, out of the proceeds of the sale of the bonds and from any surplus revenues to redeem, cancel and not reissue the greenbacks and treasury notes as fast as the aggregate circulation of greenbacks, silver certificates, under \$20 and national bank notes shall be in excess of the aggregate amount of greenbacks, treasury notes and national bank notes in circulation at the passage of the bill.

The secretary of the treasury is also directed to receive at any mint from any citizen silver bullion, the product of the mines of the United States of standard weight, etc., and coin the same into standard silver dollars and the seigniorage for the said coinage shall be the difference between the coinage value and the bullion value in London on the day of deposit and the secretary of the treasury shall deliver to the owner of said bullion the silver dollars so coined and the amount received from the seigniorage shall be covered into the treasury.

Mr. Jones, accompanied by Mr. Camden of West Virginia, a gold standard man, called at the treasury yesterday and had a long conference with the secretary and then went to the president himself. The president and the two senators, representing opposing elements in the party, discussed the situation for a long time.

Mr. Cleveland was told no measure could be passed that did not in a material way recognize silver. The president, it is said, declined to give his approval in advance to any bill until he could be assured that such a bill should pass.

It is stated, however, that Mr. Jones' bill was discussed in detail and that the two senators left the white house thoroughly familiar with the ideas of the president and able to assure the members of the senate that such a measure, if enacted by congress, would be approved by the president. An effort was made to draw out several of the prominent republican senators as to their opinion of this measure.

Some agreed that its features were commendatory, but none were pronounced in its favor. The measure, it is said, is opposed to the retirement of the greenbacks, for he considers those notes the solemn pledge of the government. Other republicans are of the same opinion. A quiet canvass was made in the house as to the chances of this proposed bill passing, and democrats there are said to believe it to be the one measure that can get through.

INTERVENTION ASKED.

Armenians Will Present a Memorial to the President.

Washington, Jan. 13.-Herant Kitchichian, secretary of the Phil-Armenic association, is in Washington for the purpose of presenting to the president and secretary of state the memorial of the association asking the intervention of our government in behalf of persecuted relatives and friends in Armenia.

To-day Mr. Kitchichian, in behalf of the association, sent the following cablegrams:

"To Her Majesty Victoria, Queen of Great Britain and Empress of India: Long life to your majesty. There is blood upon the British crown. By your martial of the government whom England supports, witnesses of the massacres in Armenia are now being murdered. God help your majesty's government to redeem the honor of the British crown and state."

"To His Imperial Majesty Czar of all the Russians: All health to your majesty. Murderers sitting in mock court martial continue to slaughter helpless Armenians before the eyes of Europe. The Berlin treaty is trampled in blood and shame in Armenia with the great name of Russia upon it. God grant your majesty wisdom and power to defend the honor of holy Russia and to rebuff the oppressor."

MANY SUNDAY FIRES.

Serious Damage Done in This State and Elsewhere.

Bradford, Pa., Jan. 13.-Fire here this afternoon destroyed the Sheehan house, the Columbia block, P. Nusbaum's block, Nausbaum & Steinberger's grocery, Rothstein & Lippmann Brothers' jewelry store, Smith Brothers' grocery store and other buildings. Total loss, \$150,000. Insurance less than \$50,000.

A blizzard was blowing and the weather was intensely cold. The firemen were greatly handicapped in fighting the flames. Miss Mary Callahan leaped from the second story of the Sheehan house and escaped with a broken ankle and arm. Mary Dolan also leaped from a window, but was not hurt. Mrs. McQuinn, residing over Smith's grocery, rushed down stairs to the street with her clothing on fire. The flames were quickly extinguished. She will recover. Many firemen had their hands and ears frozen.

For a time the business portion of the town was threatened with destruction. Manchester, Conn., Jan. 13.-At 5 o'clock a fire was discovered in the machine shop at Cheney Brothers' mill at South Manchester; its origin is unknown. The machine shop, drying and engine rooms were gutted. The treasurer, Colonel Cheney, estimates the loss at from \$50,000 to \$75,000; fully insured in the Manufacturers' Mutual Insurance company. During the fire Gordon Carter fell from the roof of the building and had his thigh broken and skull fractured.

Danbury, Jan. 13.-Flames were seen in the basement of the three-story brick building on Keeler street, occupied by Cunningham & Doran, furniture dealers, at 1 o'clock this morning. The police turned in an alarm, and when the firemen arrived there was a lively blaze in the cellar, which worked its way up to the third floor of the building. The interior of the building was badly damaged, and a lot of furniture was ruined. The loss is estimated at \$4,000.

New Britain, Jan. 13.-A two-story frame house occupied by John Pincher as a carpenter shop was destroyed by fire at 7 o'clock this morning. The fire originated from an overheated kiln in the building. The loss is estimated at \$2,000. A lot of material for the new Park hotel in this city was ruined by the fire.

CONTINUES HIS CRUSADE.

Rev. Mr. Breaker Still After Violators of the Sunday Law.

Southington, Conn., Jan. 13.-Pastor John C. Breaker's crusade upon the violators of the Sunday law in this town was continued to-day, though the preacher himself did not repeat his actions of last Sunday, but sent a constable on a tour of the town. The officer was one who has been doing duty in the Baptist church, of which Rev. Mr. Breaker is pastor. He tried all the doors of the places of business and found them all locked tight.

Henrich, the barber who is fighting the preacher, had his place open this morning as usual, and had a number of patrons in the place when the officer came around and found him doing business. Henrich was reported to Pastor Breaker, who will make a formal complaint to the prosecuting officer.

The newboys were permitted to sell the Sunday newspapers on the street to-day without interference. Henrich's case will come up in the town court to-morrow morning for a hearing at 10 o'clock. He has retained Judge Davis of Meriden to defend him.

WILL STRIKE TO-DAY.

All the Trolley Lines in Brooklyn to be Closed.

Brooklyn, Jan. 13.-District assembly No. 75 held a meeting to-night behind closed doors. After the meeting Master Workman Connolly said that the big strike on the trolley lines would be called between 4 and 5 o'clock to-morrow. All the roads in Brooklyn will be up except the Jay and South street lines. The masterworkman said that an executive committee had decided to allow the president of the last named road until 9 o'clock to-morrow morning to accede to their demands. If he then refuses a strike would also be ordered on this road. The strike will involve about 5,000 men.

SCOUTING FOR CHINESE.

The Japanese Soldiers Are Unable to Find Signs of Them.

London, Jan. 13.-The Central News correspondent in Tokio quotes a dispatch dated at Hai Cheng yesterday by Lieutenant Governor Katsura, who reports that one portion of General Sung's army left Yonk Kow on January 8 for Kai Ping and another portion marched in the direction of Hai Cheng. The army's main force retreated January 10 to Ku Ho Hoo. On January 11 there was no sign of the enemy. The Japanese cavalry is now scouting for Chinese.

Dating his dispatch at Kai Ping yesterday General Nogi reports that his scouts say that General Ping, with some 10,000 Chinese, is in the vicinity of Eihatcho. Other Japanese commanders report a large force of Chinese in the vicinity of Yoi Kow and Lao Ya Ten. General Nieh, while escaping in a carriage on January 10, passed within fifty metres of the Japanese, who killed his horses, wounded him in the thigh, and nearly made him a prisoner. The Chinese peace envoy, Chang Tin Hoon, arrived in Shanghai this evening with a suite of fifty. The Cantonese oppose his going to Japan and declare in their placards that he will disgrace China.

Died in Twelve Hours.

Washington, Jan. 13.-Charles C. Painter, Washington agent of the Indian Rights association, and a member of the board of Indian commissioners, died in health up to this morning, when he was stricken with heart disease and died in twelve hours. Mr. Painter was sixty-two years of age, a native of Virginia, but a resident nearly all his life of Massachusetts.

WAS THE SCENE OF A PANIC.

CONSERVATION AT THE FUNERAL OF CARUSO'S VICTIM.

The Floor of St. Michael's Church Settled and a Panic Resulted - People Broken Down Doors and Jumped Through Windows - Several Persons Injured.

At St. Michael's Roman Catholic church, at Brewery and Wooster streets, was about 11 o'clock yesterday morning the scene of a small panic, and before it had subsided one man had jumped from the window and broken his arm, and several others were more or less bruised.

At the time of the panic there were about 300 persons in the church, attracted by the funeral services of Raphael Delgreco, who was murdered in his father's saloon on Hill street last Thursday afternoon by Lorenzo Caruso. Suddenly, while the requiem mass was being celebrated, the floor settled six inches, and at the same time the pillars, which support the roof, were heard to snap.

Men and women rushed for the doors and windows, all fearing that the building was about to collapse, and a wild scene ensued. All jostled each other in their wild anxiety to escape, and it is almost miraculous that the list of injured was not larger than it is. During the mad rush for safety doors were broken from their hinges and windows and sashes forced out, so eager were the frightened crowd to gain a place of safety.

Father Becherini, who was celebrating the mass, assured the panic-stricken congregation that there was no danger, but all his efforts to reassure them proved futile, and the wild panic continued for several minutes. The people present paid absolutely no attention to the words of the priest, and escaped through the windows, carrying glass and sashes with them. Both doors were torn from their hinges and trampled under the feet of the by this time thoroughly panic-stricken mob.

One of the congregation, Vincenzo Luigi, of Fair street, was so frightened that he made a flying leap through the window and fell on his right arm, breaking it near the elbow. He was taken to his home and his arm set. Several other persons were bruised and cut by the glass, but none of their injuries are serious.

The panic continued for about ten minutes, and at its conclusion the services were resumed, the larger part of the congregation re-entering the church. The requiem mass was completed, and at its close the body of the victim of Caruso's knife was taken to St. Bernard's cemetery, where it was interred. The funeral procession was headed by the Italian band, and there were about thirty bands followed the hearse.

Prior to the services at the church short services were held at the late home of the deceased, 45 Hill street. The exact amount of his arm set. Several other persons were bruised and cut by the glass, but none of their injuries are serious.

The damage to the church edifice will amount to about \$200.

HOSPITAL SUNDAY.

Amounts Collected in the Several City Churches Yesterday.

Yesterday was Hospital Sunday and collections were taken up in the several churches of the city. In the majority of the churches the amount collected was less than in previous years, owing to the fact that the congregations were smaller in consequence of the inclemency of the weather. The amount received yesterday will be considerably augmented by contributions from persons unable to attend services yesterday. The exact amount contributed could not be definitely ascertained, but the general impression is that the total amount is less than last year.

At Center church between \$500 and \$600 was collected for the two hospitals. This amount will, it is thought, be increased by later contributions.

At the United church the receipts for the general hospital were \$238 and for Grace hospital \$75. These amounts will also probably be increased.

At Trinity Episcopal church a collection was taken for the hospitals yesterday. Last evening ex-Judge Robertson, who is warden of the church, said that he had not counted up the amount of the collection, but in his opinion it would be about the same amount as that received last year. It will run close to \$500 and may be increased.

At the Dayport church about \$200 was collected, which will be distributed about equally between the two hospitals. This amount will be considerably augmented by subsequent contributions.

At the College street church \$300 was collected for the general hospital and \$19 for Grace hospital. At Calvary Baptist church \$21.69 was the amount of the receipts for Grace hospital and \$17.93 for the general hospital. In both churches the amounts will be materially increased.

The hospital collections at St. Thomas' church were as follows: For Grace hospital \$32, for the New Haven hospital \$45.21.

At the First M. E. church no collection was taken for the hospitals, the official board of the church deciding to postpone until next Sunday owing to the fact that a collection for church purposes was listed for yesterday.

At St. Paul's and Christ Episcopal churches collections were taken, but the amounts could not be definitely ascertained last evening.

At the Church of the Redeemer the amount will probably be close to last year's figures.

Escaped Two Years Ago.

David C. Foley was arrested yesterday by Patrolman Good and locked up, charged with being a fugitive from justice. Two years ago he escaped from the reform school in Meriden and since that time has been in parts unknown. Yesterday he came to this city on a visit to his aunt, residing on White street, and was arrested.

IN THE BREECHER'S BOUY.

Crew of a Schooner Rescued During a Heavy Sea and Storm.

Newport, R. I., Jan. 13.-Early this evening the police were called to the summer cottage of Professor Alexander Agassiz at Castle Hill to search for supposed burglars. The officers drove four miles in the teeth of a severe storm of wind and rain. After searching an hour they concluded that the wind was the only burglar that had disturbed the villa.

While passing Bateman's beach, just before reaching the Agassiz cottage, the officers descried a schooner close in shore evidently trying to work out in the face of the gale. She was then well within the narrow cove inside the Waab Bowl, where the ship Lydia Schofield went ashore and was broken in pieces several years ago. Later as the police party returned by the beach the vessel lay with her stern high up on the rocks with the sea sweeping over her. People in the vicinity of Ragged Point had lighted a beacon fire on the point every effort to save her.

The craft proved to be the two-masted schooner Eva L. Leonard of Boston, owned by A. B. Perry & Co. of that city, bound from Hoboken with a cargo of 201 tons of coal from John Congdon, Newport, R. I. She was commanded by Captain Philip Moore of Boston, with his brother, Henry Moore, as mate and a crew of two Portuguese.

When the Leonard struck her mainmast was lowered, but her jib was left to keep her from rolling. In spite of every effort, however, a sea wave around and her bow went down in deep water, while the sea broke high over her stern as it lay upon the rocks. The crew of four men clung desperately to the house on the after-deck, being prevented from reaching any part of the rigging.

It was about two hours after the schooner struck when the life-saving crew from Brenton's Point reached the wreck. A gun was placed in position. The first shot struck the vessel's foremast, but the crew were unable to reach it because of the sea breaking between them and that part of the schooner. The second line fell within reach of the wrecked seamen and the hawser was soon made fast to the slings of the main boom. One by one in the breecher's boat the crew were lowered to shore. They were unharmed by the exposure.

The Leonard is hard and fast on the rocks, and at midnight was still intact with her jib set. Nothing can save her, however. By morning, if the gale continues, she is likely to be broken up. Within a dozen years at least three other craft have perished within a few hundred yards of the spot where the Leonard struck.

MISTAKEN IN THE LIGHTS.

The Schooner Anthony Ran Ashore and Sprang Aboard.

Sandy Hook, Jan. 13.-The schooner D. M. Anthony, of and for Boston, Captain Moore, from Philadelphia with 800 tons of coal, struck on the Romer Shoal at half-past one this morning, where she remained until 8 a. m. She was pulled off by the tugs Ida L. Tebo and Rob Roy, which subsequently towed her to port and beached her in Gowanus Creek.

The pounding which the schooner received while aground caused her to spring a leak. The crew were nearly exhausted from pumping by the time the life-saving crew from Sandy Hook station, under Captain Patterson, came alongside. They gladly accepted the offered assistance, and the life-savers manned the pumps and remained by the vessel, keeping four pumps going until she was beached in a sinking condition, having then five feet of water in her hold.

Captain Moore said he intended to go through Hell Gate and, mistaking the lights, got his vessel aground.

BANDIT COOK IS BAUGED.

After Spending Three Weeks in the Saddle Sheriff Perry Gets Him.

Albuquerque, N. M., Jan. 13.-Bill Cook, train robber, murderer and all-around desperado, was captured near Fort Stanton, Lincoln county, N. M., last Friday night by Sheriff Perry of Chavez county. Cook entered New Mexico by out of the way trails until he reached the Pecos river. Entering Chavez county he made his way across the valley unaccompanied and following the Rio Hondo in the course of a few days camped near Fort Stanton. Sheriff Perry learned that Cook had entered New Mexico and after hunting about struck the trail. It was cautious followed and Perry laid his plans to surprise Cook and by sunset Friday evening had bagged the bandit. Cook, when he found that escape was impossible, admitted his identity and decided to return to Oklahoma without any formality.

Perry spent over three weeks in the saddle, with only a few trusted aides accompanying him. Cook was taken east, going via Dallas, Tex., to Oklahoma.

COM. LAWYERS' INTENTIONS.

It Is His Purpose to Visit Every Department Encampment.

Rockford, Ill., Jan. 13.-Commander Lawler, of the G. A. R., is making arrangements to visit every department encampment held in the United States this year, something never before attempted by a commander. He will take in state encampments at the following places on the dates mentioned: Brattleboro, Vt., January 20; Newport, R. I., February 1; Providence, R. I., February 2; Nashua, N. H., February 5; Waterville, Me., February 12; Springfield, Mass., February 14; Bridgeport, Conn., February 19.

SOON TO BE OUT OF THE WAY.

VOYE EXPECTED ON URGENT DEFICIENCY BILL BY WEDNESDAY.

Will be a Number of Speeches on the Income Tax - Republicans Will Not Countenance Filibustering - Program of the House May be Arranged To-day.

Washington, Jan. 13.-It is confidently expected that the urgent deficiency bill will be out of the way in the senate before the end of the week that opens in congress to-morrow. There will be a number of speeches on the income tax from various republicans, but there will be no effort at undue delay, nor will the republicans countenance filibustering. Despite the opposition of Mr. Quay, which has necessitated several roll calls, and the fight that Mr. Hill is making, as soon as the republicans have made the speeches arranged for they will have a vote on the bill and will largely support the appropriation. Mr. Cockerill expects to see the vote taken by Wednesday and says the bill will have at least fifty votes out of the total vote of eighty-five, as the senate now stands.

The Nicaragua canal bill is still the unfinished business. The pension, military academy and the fortifications bill have all been reported and Mr. Cockerill expects to call them up as fast as possible. The canal bill, while retaining its right of way, will probably yield to the appropriation bills when they are called up. The interest in the senate this week will center about the room of the finance committee rather than upon the proceedings on the floor, with one exception, Mr. Gorman's promised speech on the financial question, which was to have been delivered on Saturday, but will probably come off to-morrow.

The program in the house for the week will probably be arranged by the committee on rules at a meeting to be held to-morrow. Two days are already appropriated - Monday under the rules is devoted to the consideration of business relating to the District of Columbia and Tuesday will be at least partly occupied with the consideration of the Indian bill. In the first morning hour devoted to committee business the Great bill to make oleomargarine, buttering sauce and other substitutes for and imitations of dairy products subject to the laws of the state into which they may be transported will come up and inevitable precipitate a parliamentary contest. There remains but one hour for its consideration under the present call of committee, and opponents of the bill profess their ability to prevent its passage within that period. Should the bill fall to reach a final vote at this stage Mr. Hatch will doubtless appeal to the committee on rules for a special assignment.

There is already a tremendous pressure being brought to bear upon the committee on rules for orders for the disposition of bills. Requests have been preferred on behalf of enough measures to reach a final vote of the committee on rules, and the bills called up in morning hour by the several committees. Among these measures, which, according to a member of the committee on rules, are the subject of favorable opinion, are: to provide for the Pacific railroad indebtedness; to erect public buildings in accordance with the recommendations of the committee on buildings; to provide for the more speedy settlement of claims arising under the Bowman act; the free ship bill and other bills providing for the reclassification and rearranging of the salaries of postal clerks.

OFFICIALS ARE DUMB.

An Agrarian Leader Says That Germany Will Retaliate.

Berlin, Jan. 13.-The United Press correspondent has made repeated inquiries this week as to the possibility of a tariff war between the United States and Germany, but he has found everybody in official circles absolutely dumb on the subject, although two or three weeks ago the matter was discussed with little constraint.

Friedrich von Hammerstein, the Agrarian leader, was asked what Germany would do if the United States imposed an unfriendly course. He answered: "We should retaliate by shutting out American cereals and woods and should look up new outlets for our merchandise. Doubtless for a time German industries would suffer, but new markets are always found when sought. Anyhow, we cannot submit to bullying, especially when we have as much to offer on our side."

Deputy Althebecher, vice chairman of the clerical party, and owner of a large estate in Bavaria, said decidedly: "We do not want any American grain anyhow. If the United States insist upon violating their treaty with us we shall protect ourselves by shutting out American cereals. We have too much Russian and Roumanian grain now. The German farmer cannot raise stock and grow wheat with profit under the present circumstances."

A Washington dispatch reported this week that Germany had refused to allow the independent inspection of emigration at German ports. According to officials here the dispatch referred to an incident two years old. Two United States hospital ships came to Hamburg during the epidemic to prevent the embarkation of cholera-infected persons. As they did not have what the authorities deemed the proper credentials from the Washington government they were not permitted to supervise the emigration to the United States. They also got into trouble with the United States consuls and after communications between the foreign office and the American legation were recalled. No question concerning them has arisen in any form.

All the Crew Drowned.

London, Jan. 13.-The brigantine Balgay capsized off Sunderland this morning, and all her crew were drowned.

STUDENTS MADE IT LIVELY.

They Chased an Alleged Medium from the Hall in Middletown.

Middletown, Jan. 13.-A crowd of Wesleyan students took possession of a Spiritualistic meeting here to-night and made it lively for the medium. They were taxed 25 cents for admission, although it was advertised to be free. They discovered the medium cheating and made it lively by jeering and singing. Ex-Mayor Briggs and Representative Lewis acted as examiners, and found everything all right. When the medium started the cage test they shouted in chorus, "Polly wants a cracker," "Muzzle him," and similar ejaculations. The medium said: "The spirit must be respected, and I will put out the next man that makes a noise."

"Get on to the duffer coming in the back door," yelled some one.

Ex-Mayor Briggs went behind the cabinet and the medium failed on the next test.

"We will now invite a few gentlemen on the stage," said the medium. A grand rush was made and the few selected left all their valuables with their friends.

The medium tried to find a hidden revolver, but could not. He announced "some words from departed friends," but the crowd began to jeer and he unceremoniously announced the seance closed.

THE ANTI-TOXINE REMEDY.

A New Haven Young Lady Yesterday Recovers the New Treatment - Favorable Results Anticipated - An Aggravated Case in Ansonia.

The world is now in hopes that a sure cure for the much dreaded diphtheria has been found in the discovery of anti-toxine, if used properly. From the observations of its workings so far, it would appear that it will cure in any case where it is applied early enough.

Health Officer Wright obtained in New York a small quantity of this boon, and went to Ansonia last Saturday morning and applied it in the case of a young lady, Miss Rice, who resides with the family of Mr. William F. Sternberg, the optician, on Park street. She was attended by Dr. Sayles and Dr. S. D. Gilbert of Wall street was called in consultation. It was decided to use anti-toxine, if possible to obtain it, but it was found that no one in the city had any of it, except Health Officer Wright.

Dr. Wright was summoned, and yesterday morning, in the presence of Dr. Gilbert and Dr. Sayles, a quantity of the fluid, equal to three tea spoonfuls, was injected into the flesh of the patient under the ribs. The fluid thus mingled with the blood and is carried throughout the system. In this case it is thought that the remedy has been applied in time to get its full effect to counteract the poison of the diphtheria, although the membranes have already formed.

The case will be watched with great interest and solicitude by the many friends of the young lady, and by the public. There is much hope that the result will be favorable.

The Ansonia case is that of a son of Michael Fitzgerald, aged seven and a half years, of No. 1 Cheever street, Ansonia. The diphtheria developed last Thursday. Dr. Barry was in charge, and as soon as the case was developed enough to make sure of its character he tried to secure anti-toxine from the hospital in New York, with which he was connected, but without success, as it was impossible to get even a few drops. Friday evening he was in communication with Dr. Lindsley of New Haven, who told him there was none to be had in New Haven unless the health officer, Dr. Wright, who had gone to New York, should bring some home with him. Dr. Wright had been in New York three times to secure the genuine German production, which is said to be superior to that made by the French method in this country, but which is nearly impossible, at present, to get. Dr. Barry called Dr. Wright after he returned, and found that he had brought home some of the anti-toxine and would spare him thirty drops provided he would be allowed to come to Ansonia and witness its effects.

Dr. Wright repaired at once to Ansonia, and a portion of the precious fluid was injected into the body of the boy. As above stated, although the disease was far developed, the condition of the boy was improved yesterday, giving some hope of his recovery.

GREETED BY BISMARCK.

Chancellor Hohenlohe Pays the Ex-Chancellor a Visit.

Berlin, Jan. 13.-Chancellor Hohenlohe left Berlin this morning for Friedrichshagen to visit Prince Bismarck. He was accompanied by Count Herbert Bismarck and Prince Alexander von Hohenlohe-Schillingfurst, his youngest son. Mr. Kayser, director of the colonial department, who some time ago planned to be one of the party, left the city on Friday and at noon appeared at the Friedrichshagen station with Prince Bismarck to welcome the other guests. The greetings between the chancellor and Bismarck were very cordial.

Chancellor Hohenlohe left Friedrichshagen for Berlin at 6 o'clock.

WILL ELECT COMMISSIONERS.

ALDERMEN AND COUNCILMEN WILL MEET TO-NIGHT.

Democratic Caucuses Will Also be Held - Joint Standing Committees Will Be Announced and Councilman Officers Elected - List of New Councilmen.

The democratic members of the court of common council made no attempt to hold a caucus yesterday, but have decided to hold the caucuses this evening. The aldermanic caucus will be held in the aldermen's chamber at 7 o'clock and the councilmanic caucus in the chamber of the board of councilmen at 7:30 o'clock.

At the aldermanic caucus an attempt will be made to select three candidates for the police, public works and fire commissioners. An attempt will be made to compel the democratic aldermen to accept the slate as proposed by five aldermen. This slate is made up as follows: John Clancey for the police commission, Charles L. Well for the fire commission and John H. Moore for the board of councilmen.

It is said, however, that this combination will not be successful, owing to the fact that under no circumstances will Aldermen Moran, Kinney and Connor support the slate. Within the past day or two a number of new candidates have dropped out for the several commissions, but it is not believed that any of them will develop sufficient strength in the caucus to secure the nomination. In this event the democrats will go into the meeting of the board of aldermen without any nominees.

At the councilmanic caucus candidates will be nominated for president of the board, member of the board of finance, page and assistant city clerk. Edward A. Rourke will probably be the candidate for member of the board of finance, Alfred Clark for page and Sylvester Chase for assistant city clerk. The democrats have not decided upon their candidate for president of the board, but as the councilmanic board is overwhelmingly republican, it doesn't make a great deal of difference, as it is more than probable that not one of their candidates will be elected.

The board of aldermen will meet to-night and elect the several commissioners. Who the democrats will elect is uncertain, nor is it by any means certain that they will elect anyone. In fact the present indications are, owing to the lack of harmony in the democratic ranks, the two republicans may be elected members of each board. The republican commissioners certain to be elected are Joseph E. Hubinger to the police board, Nathan B. Hoyt to board of public works and William E. Morgan to the fire board. It is also expected that at to-night's meeting Mayor Hendrick will announce the aldermanic portion of the joint standing committees.

The first meeting of the recently elected board of councilmen will be held this evening. At this meeting, after the new fledged councilmen have been sworn in, Councilman Nicoll of the First ward will be elected president of the board, William H. Ely corporation counsel, Edward A. Street assistant city clerk, James D. Dewell, jr., member of the board of finance, and Hawley W. Lincoln page. President Nicoll will also announce the councilman part of the joint standing committees.

The councilmen who will assemble to-night at 8 o'clock and be sworn in are: Charles D. Nicoll, E. N. Carrington and John S. Scullion of the First ward; Ellery C. Cooldrige, Rufus S. Fickett and Harry D. Grinnell of the Second ward; John J. Burns, Joseph H. Ullman and Daniel Leary of the Third ward; John W. Scobie, Frederick E. Whittaker and Robert J. Moorehead of the Fourth ward; John H. Pearce, William L. Peck and Frank Holcomb of the Fifth ward; William G. Camp, Edward W. Gifford and Charles R. Frisbie of the Sixth ward; Edward Rourke, H. B. Hurd and Moss Gompertz of the Seventh ward; William H. Forsyth, James D. Dewell, jr., and Howard E. Ait of the Eighth ward; Edward A. Beaulah, Charles G. Unger and Thomas S. Bailey of the Ninth ward; Felix Chillingworth, Charles E. Curtis and Robert F. Mitchell of the Tenth ward; W. J. Stuart, Gustav S. Scullion and John J. Willmott of the Eleventh ward; and Abraham McGinty, D. Burton Brown and Peter Gibbons.

The new board is composed of twenty-five republicans and ten democrats. The ten democrats are: Burns, Ullman and Leary of the Third, Camp of the Sixth, Rourke, Hurd and Gompertz of the Seventh, and McGinty, Brown and Gibbons of the Twelfth.

Committed Abortion and Murder.