

ANOTHER STIRRING DAY.

PLENTY OF BUSINESS FOR THE STATE'S LAW MAKERS.

Various Important New Haven Interests Before the General Assembly Yesterday—The Day's Session—Marigold and the Bridgeport Union—Erie and the Calvary Industrial Home, New Haven—The Second Heavies—Short Beach—Enlargement of New Haven Jail, etc.

Hartford, Jan. 23.—The biggest measure offered for the consideration of the committee on incorporations so far at this session of the legislature was that offered this afternoon in the senate by Senator Johnson of New Haven. The petition is for the incorporation of the Trust and Safe Deposit company of that city with a capital of \$100,000.

The incorporators are Pierce N. Welch, Henry F. English, T. Attwater Barnes, Joseph Porter, Benjamin F. English, S. A. Galpin, M. F. Tyler, Max Adler and Thomas Hooker. The object of the company, as stated, is to loan money, collect rents, provide insurance, register stocks and bonds, etc. It is capitalized in shares of \$100 each. It will not interfere with the business of the national banks, but will settle and handle trust estates, and do a general business, as indicated. The plan is to occupy safe deposit vaults and office room in the new building of the First National bank in Church street, New Haven.

The session of the day was the offering of a resolution in the senate by Senator Coffey of the railroad committee, censuring the Bridgeport Union for the criticism it gave Senator Marigold to-day for his action on the grade crossing bill yesterday. The editorial charges that two years ago Senator Marigold fought for the Consolidated road, while yesterday he was silent when a measure favorable to that corporation came up. It further said that such a man was not to be trusted.

Senator Coffey's resolution says: "That it is the opinion of the senate that the article published in the Bridgeport Union on the 22d instant is unjust and uncalled for, and is a direct breach of the privilege of the press and is a libel upon this body."

It adds that if the offense is repeated the representative of the Union will be excluded from the privileges of the senate chamber.

One after another of the senators spoke in favor of the resolution. They said that while they had opposed the measure advocated by Senator Coffey, they respected him for the dignified manner he had conducted the fight and deprecated such an attack upon him as had been made.

Senator Fuller of the Twenty-fourth district closed the debate in a graceful speech in which he commended the senator for having stood by his constituents and defending him from the slanders which had been put upon him. While he had voted differently from the senator from Bridgeport, yet he had commanded his respect.

The resolution was then adopted by a unanimous vote, the senators rising. Senator Marigold said he thanked the senators for their expression. He expected criticism, but not malicious misrepresentation.

ADMINISTRATION AND HAWAII. The administration got a black eye in the house this afternoon. After routine business had been disposed of Representative Warner of Putnam offered the following resolutions:

Whereas, Many of the citizens of the state of Connecticut are personally interested in the financial and commercial affairs of the Hawaiian group of islands, and

Whereas, We believe that every true American citizen is interested in sustaining a republican form of government in those islands; therefore be it

Resolved, by the senators and representatives in congress, to advocate and support measures and resolutions looking to the stability of the Hawaiian government, and that we deprecate the withdrawal of the American ships from Honolulu, and while heartily condemning the previous action of the president in his treatment of the struggling republic, we commend his recent thoughtful action in dispatching the warship Philadelphia to those islands.

We protest against any abrogation of the Hawaiian treaty which will give Great Britain a foothold or claim upon any island of the Hawaiian group, or which will allow any telegraph cable that is not under the supervision and control of the United States or of the Hawaiian government to be landed upon any of said islands.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to each of our senators and representatives in congress.

The resolutions were debated at length and ringing speeches condemning the administration in its Hawaiian policy and teeming with whole-souled patriotism, were made. During the debate Representative Boss of New London offered this amendment:

We learn with profound regret and indignation of the sad death of Homer Linn of Mr. Charles Carter, who was a recent graduate of one of our American colleges and who was allied by ties of blood and friendship to many of our citizens, and we extend to his bereaved family our sincere sympathy.

The first speaker was Mr. Warner, who was followed by Mr. Cowell of Waterbury, who spoke at length. Then Mr. Gunn of Milford offered an amendment that the senate sympathize with the oppressed people of all lands and urges the congress of the United States to assist in the liberation of Ireland and if necessary in co-operation, to send a fleet of war ships and a land force to that distressed land.

He backed up his amendment by one of his characteristic speeches that amused the house. He said he was in earnest in offering his resolution, but Representative Warner said he doubted it, and he raised a point of order that it was not germane to the original resolutions and the speaker so decided. Then after more debate—the addresses consuming an hour and a half—the resolutions were adopted.

THE EAST HARTFORD BRIDGE. Representative Hicks of Tolland dug up the East Hartford bridge business during a bill in the house proceedings this afternoon. The bill which he offered provides for an inquiry to be made by the judicial committee regarding the interests of the state in the building of the bridge, and for such measures as are necessary to protect the state. During his speech he said:

"Governor Morse could have called an extra session and repealed the bill and saved all the scandal. If men with no bonds and no limitations can spend \$300,000, they can spend \$1,000,000 of the people's money. I am sorry they have fooled their money away in an opinion of a lawyer. The only opinion of any account is the opinion of the supreme court. I am simply saying that if it is the policy of the state to build this bridge, how are you going to refuse the petitions to build all the bridges on Connecticut river. Then how can you refuse petitions from the Housatonic and the Thames and spending \$3,000,000? How are you going to pay for this bridge? This is no more benefit to many parts of the state than the famous Bridge of Sighs. If you heed this, you will want a history of Gatling guns to protect yourself against the lobby that will come here. One of the most popular citizens of Hartford said he hoped that such a blot of a bridge as was proposed would not be built. He said that in the end the city would pay more than the expense of such a bridge three times over."

After several other members had aired their views on the subject, the bill was adopted.

CALVARY INDUSTRIAL HOME. Several persons from New Haven had in charge the bill incorporating the Calvary Industrial Home of New Haven, which was offered by Representative Newton of New Haven. The bill, which was referred to the committee on incorporations, is as follows:

Section 1. That Edwin M. Poter, William H. Douglass, Samuel H. Root, Julia M. Fowler, Mary Morgan, Louisa M. Tuttle, A. J. Harmount, Edward S. Swift, and Julius Twiss, with such other persons as may be benefited or associated with them, and their successors, be and are hereby constituted a body politic and corporate by the name of the Calvary Industrial Home, for the purpose of furnishing in the town of New Haven, under and under national Christian management, a lodging house and temporary home for homeless men; next to provide work for such who are out of work and to conduct gospel meetings for the inmates, together with all wayfarers who may be induced to attend the same.

Section 2. That said corporation shall have the power to make and adopt by-laws for the admission and expulsion of its members, and from time to time to alter and amend the same and to adopt others in their place, to provide for the election of officers and to define their duties, and to provide for the management and safe keeping of its property and for the general direction of its affairs.

Section 3. Said corporation may, either by purchase, lease, gift or device, receive, hold and carry real and personal estate, not exceeding \$25,000 in value, which shall be exempt from taxation, provided that such property, with the income derived therefrom, shall be held and used solely for the corporate purpose named in the first section.

A MEMORIAL MONUMENT FOR THE "HEAVIES." A resolution was offered in the house giving permission to the First Connecticut Artillery Memorial association to erect a monument on the Capitol grounds.

TO IMPROVE SHORT BEACH. In the house this afternoon a resolution was referred incorporating the Short Beach Improvement association. The measure is general in its character and the object of the measure is similar to the village improvement enterprises.

WATERBURY WANTS A COURT HOUSE. The people of Waterbury are tired of holding their courts in New Haven. A bill was referred in the house to-day providing for a court house in that city at an expense of not over \$100,000, half to be raised by the county and half by the contiguous towns.

ENLARGEMENT OF NEW HAVEN JAIL. The New Haven county representatives after the adjournment this afternoon, listened to the report of Representative Gunn of Milford, Representative Elliott of New Haven and Representative Chaffee of Derby, the committee appointed to look into the matter of the New Haven jail. The report was made by Mr. Gunn, who said that they found the jail facilities very inadequate, the cells containing two prisoners each and the ventilation being very poor.

County Commissioners Lindley and Dunham were questioned about the means for enlarging the jail and stated that there was sufficient room for such enlargement.

The committee was then instructed to prepare some plan for enlargement and improving the jail, with ground plans and to report in two weeks.

WOULD MAKE AN EXCELLENT COMMISSIONER. There is considerable discussion of the question of who shall succeed School Fund Commissioner Olney. It is understood that Mr. Olney is not a candidate for re-election. A great many friends of Hon. Herbert E. Benton of New Haven have urged him to consent to have his name brought forward as a candidate. If Mr. Benton enters the race it is thought here by scores of leading republicans that he will have the support of an overwhelming majority of the members of the general assembly.

HAMDEN AND NORTH HAVEN LINES. Many believe that there will be a fight between the towns of Hamden and North Haven over their boundary lines. The people in a little district near Centerville—some fifteen people with a grand list of about \$29,000—want to be set over to Hamden. They are near the Seventh school district and the voting facilities, so near the Hamden town hall, are more convenient.

Both towns have held town meetings. Hamden instructed her selectmen, Fred Tuttle, John Davis and William Hitchcock, to look after the matter and they have appointed a committee consisting of George Andrews, Norris Mix and Cullen Foote. This committee will seek to agree upon some line, if possible.

Both towns will present petitions in the matter and they will be sent to the committee on new towns and county seats.

ADDITIONAL. Hartford, Jan. 23.—Both houses adjourned early to-day, the senate having been in session only about an hour and

the house a little over two hours. The principal feature of the day's business in the house was the introduction of a new anti-lobby bill by Representative H. Holton Wood of Ansonia, and the resolution presented by Mr. Warner of Putnam. The former, which was referred to the committee on the Judiciary, provides that every person, corporation, etc., which employs or agrees to employ any person as legislative agent or counsel must enter the name of such counsel or agent upon a legislative docket provided for the purpose within a week after the date of such employment of counsel. A distinction is drawn between agents who appear before the legislature proper and those who appear before the committees. Within thirty days of the close of the session the person, corporation, etc., employing legislative counsel must return to the comptroller a detailed statement of the expenses paid for such employment. The penalty for the violation of the act is fixed at not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000.

Speaker Fessenden left the chair about half an hour before adjournment and Judge Elmer then presided during the remainder of the session.

ENJOYABLE ENTERTAINMENT. The St. Elizabeth Society Fete in Germania Hall, Last Evening, Well Attended. The entertainment and fete given by the St. Elizabeth society of St. Boniface R. C. church at Germania hall last evening was very well attended. The enjoyable program fully compensated those who attended. It was as follows:

Overture—"Nigara" (Boettger)—Hauer's Orchestra. Selection—"Mandolin"—Mr. Andrew Gault. Tableau Vivants—St. Elizabeth Verclins. Under the direction of Mr. Carl Schenck.

The Five Senses—Seeing, Hearing, Feeling, Tasting, Smelling. Selection—"The Far's Farewell" (Schlegel)—Orchestra. Tenor Solo—"Dear Heart" (Matte)—Mr. M. McCarthy.

Chorus—"Kreuzfahrt" (by request)—Cecilia Verdin and Orchestra. Prof. Schwickard director. Tableau—"The Vesper Bells, (or Angels)." Tableau—"The Meeting of Faust and Marguerite at the Church." Tableau—"The Last Moments of Marie Stuart."

Selection—"Sounds from the Sunny South" (Eisenman)—Orchestra. Tableau—"The Flight of the Vestal Virgins from Rome."

The tableaux were very pretty. A dance followed. The committee of arrangements were Miss Marie Kraus, Miss Katie Dahlmeyer, Miss Clara Hauser, Miss Elizabeth Hugo, Miss Pauline Klug, Miss Elizabeth Baer, Miss Elizabeth Muller, and Miss Catharine Miller.

FREIGHT TERMINALS IN HARLEM. Plans of the Consolidated Road for Utilizing Newly Purchased Land—What President Clark Says. At the last meeting of the board of directors of the New York and New Haven Railroad company a committee was appointed with power to act in the matter of new purchases of land for freight terminal facilities at Harlem. Two purchases have now been made, the contract signed, and a part of the money paid down.

President Clark stated yesterday that the additions are two triangular pieces of land, one of about twenty-five acres, the other of about twenty-one acres, about one mile above the Harlem river, between the New York and Harlem company's yard and the sound and Leggett avenue. Between the two pieces is a rectangle of land owned already by the New Haven company, which, joined with the new purchases, makes a rectangular tract of about eighty acres. The New Haven tracks now run on one side of it and the tract has a total frontage of about 2,000 feet on the deep water of the sound, which can readily be utilized for landing and floating cars.

While President Clark did not describe in detail the uses to which this new property will be put, it is ascertained pretty definitely from outside sources that it will be used for the general purposes of a freight terminal, with landing for floats, and probably before long a freight depot, and possibly more remote a passenger station. Its immediate use is to enlarge the freight trackage at the Harlem terminal where the company, though it has more than eighty tracks, is greatly crowded, especially by through freight. The price is not officially given, but it can be stated with considerable positiveness that the cost of one of the two tracts was between \$100,000 and \$200,000, and of the two not less than \$750,000.

Whether the ground covers that contemplated in the old Leggett's Point-New England terminal scheme President Clark is unable to state. An officer of the company stated several days ago that the cost of the new purchases might amount to \$1,000,000.

The company is planning to put on a new Sunday night express train leaving New York at about 9 o'clock.

The Landlady—I'll have to apologize for the presence of grounds in the coffee this morning. The New Boarder—Er—too weak to stand the strain, I suppose.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

SUSPECTED MURDER CASE.

A BLOODY HATCHET AND A REVOLVER FOUND.

Mother and Child Are Missing—The Husband Arrested—Believed to be the Murderer—He Claims to be Innocent—The Authorities Arraigned.

Thompson, Jan. 23.—There is great excitement in this town over the suspected murder of Mrs. Kowich and her seven-year-old son, who have been missing from this place for two weeks. The discovery of a bloody hatchet and a revolver in a closet in the home of the Kowichs leads the authorities to think that the husband of the missing woman has committed an awful crime. The Kowichs live on a farm on a lonely road to Webster, about two miles from the center of this town. There are a number of Polish families living in the vicinity, and it was through the curiosity of some of the neighbors that the horrible discovery was brought to light. The husband of the woman who was arrested this afternoon on suspicion of murdering his wife and child refuses to make any statement. He is locked up in the jail here. He says that the hatchet is one that he used a few days ago in killing a chicken upon the farm, and he says that he carelessly threw it into the closet where it was found. The fact that the authorities found a pistol covered with blood in the closet strengthens the theory that the woman with her son was murdered, and that the weapons found in the closet were the ones which were used by the murderer. It has been learned here this evening that Kowich had an unknown man with him for several days about the place, who was regarded as a chum of Kowich. This fellow has disappeared, and it is suspected now that he is connected with the murder of the woman. Kowich maintains that his wife and child are both away on a visit, but he will not tell where they have gone. A few days ago the two younger children of Kowich were sent away to the home of Mrs. Kowich's sister in Webster. This afternoon the selectmen appointed several men to begin a search for the bodies in a pond about two miles from the Kowich farm. Up to this evening the bodies had not been discovered. Kowich will be brought before Justice Tourtelotte in this place at 10 o'clock to-morrow for a hearing. What may form an important part of the evidence in the case was some earth in the cellar of the farm house which was soaked with blood which dripped down through the cracks in the floor of the closet where the bloody hatchet and pistol were found. A shovel full of this earth was taken up from the cellar this afternoon and will be analyzed by a chemist, to determine whether it is animal or human blood.

FIRE ON A TUG BOAT. The Tug Ives Slightly Damaged at Her Dock Last Night. Shortly before 9:30 o'clock last evening fire was discovered on the tug Ives, belonging to the New England Transportation company and lying at Belle dock. An alarm was sent in from box 37, and the fire department promptly responded, but were not obliged to unroll the hose, as the fire had been practically extinguished before the arrival of the department.

The fire started in the boiler room near the boiler, and it is believed was due to the fact that the fire in the boiler was too hot and set fire to the wood-work. When the fire was first discovered the tug Ives, which was lying near-by, steamed to the burning tug and soon had a stream of water playing into the burning boiler room and extinguished the flames. The damage will amount to between \$200 and \$300, fully covered by insurance.

Old Gentleman (to Noodle, who has been chaffing him about his bald head)—Young man, when my head gets as soft as yours, I shall be able to raise hair on it and sell it by the pound.—Wonder.

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Ladies' bright dongola button boots, opera and common-sense toe, patent leather tipped.

Price, \$2.00. Misses' sizes, \$1.50. Children's sizes, \$1.25.

Gentlemen's good quality, dongola top, prime calf, foxed, lace or congress, wide, medium and pointed toes.

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Ask your grocer for it and see that you get ROOT'S QUAKER BREAD.

Wm. Frank & Co. THE GRAND SUCCESS OF LAST WEEK'S Cloak Sale. Was phenomenal, and has spurred us on to offer the coming week the greatest and most UNPARALLELED BARGAINS in Ladies' and Children's Cloaks ever offered in New England about 700 garments which must be turned into money at once. Four Grand Special Lots in Children's Cloaks, \$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98, \$5.98. All of high class styles and materials.

Tea Gowns. All Flannel, plain and fancy, and exclusive styles, reduced for one week to \$3.98. Fine Flannelette, full ruffle, etc., \$1.25 value, 75c; French Outing Flannelette, extra heavy and handsome, \$2.00 grade \$1.25.

FRENCH SEAL CAPES. French Seal Fur Capes, 28 inches long, lined throughout with good silk, \$16.00 quality, now \$9.98.

EMBROIDERIES. We open our spring sale of fine Hamburg Edgings, insertion and all overs, with a sale of 1,000 yards of loop edge and cut out open work effects, at 2c, 3c, 5c, 8c, 10c, 12 1-2c, 15c, 17c and 25c. Fine Tuckings, Flowers and Leather Stich Braids.

SPECIAL LACES. 150 yards only of Silk Laces, 4 1-2 inches wide, in colors at special 80 yard. 300 yards Silk Laces, white and all colors, 9 and 10 inches wide, worth 25c, at special 12 1-2c yard.

WOOL UNDERWEAR. Ladies' Natural All Wool Vests and Pants, our regular 75c, at special 65c. Ladies' extra soft and finest white Australian Wool Vests and Pants, of the celebrated Roods make, our popular and regular price \$1.39; ONE WEEK at 95c. The balance of these Children's white winter Vests and Pants will only last a few days at the longest at 10c. 20 dozen left of these Ladies' All Wool Regular Made or Seamless Hose, worth 25 to 35c, at special 19c. 1 lot \$1.25 and \$1.38 Ladies' Night Gowns. (Nothing the matter, only slightly soiled during our sale.) At 89c for choice.

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