

DO NOT TROUBLE ABOUT WAR

ENGLAND AND AMERICA CAN'T DO WITHOUT EACH OTHER.

The Rev. Dr. Joseph Parker of London Says That War Would Be Suicide—Messages Sent From Their Hearts to Fellow Christians in America—When He Prayed for Peace the Congregation Gave a Hearty Amen.

London, Dec. 22.—Speaking at the City Temple to-day the Rev. Joseph Parker, D. D., said: "Do not trouble yourselves with the thought of war. There will be no war. England and America cannot do without each other. War would be suicide. We send messages to-day from our hearts to our fellow Christians in America. We must act in the spirit of magnanimity and concession. We miss Henry Ward Beecher. He could and would have spoken the word of reconciliation. I call upon British and American Christians to unite in prayerful counsel in the interests of peace."

"Mr. Parker prayed in a similar strain, the congregation giving a hearty amen" to his supplication. The Men's Sunday union, which is composed of workers in the East End, have adopted a resolution sending a hearty Christian greeting to their brother nation as an expression of their opinion that a war would be unnatural, and un-Christian and should be forever impossible.

The Rev. Mr. Waller, president of the Wesleyan conference, preaching at Liverpool to-day said that every lover of his kindred would strive to avert a war which would be unnatural, monstrous and wicked.

The archdeacon of London, preaching at Canonbury, said that for the branches of the Anglo-Saxon race to plunge into a war for such a cause would seem to be a disaster whose magnitude compared with the slightness of the occasion, removed it from the region of possibility. A give and take policy, he added, would soon settle the difficulty.

Henry M. Stanley, M. P., the well known explorer, to-day declined to accede to a request for his opinion on the dispute between Great Britain and the United States. He said he hoped it would end well, and that a war would be a crime and the biggest blunder of the age.

The News under the caption "Sober Second Thought" says: "It would be improper and ungenerous to attribute the change of opinion to the chilling influence of a financial panic on a people so self-reliant and courageous as those of the United States. They would never be turned from any supreme objective by patriotic effort by misgivings respecting their own power. It is because we believe in the power and will of the American people that we rejoice in their rapid change of opinion."

The Standard taking its text from the financial situation that has resulted from President Cleveland's message lectures the United States on its policy. It predicts that unless America abandons its present fallacies and dishonesties the day must come when it will be neither able to borrow nor pay.

THE FEELING IN GERMANY. Never Highly Strained and is Rapidly Growing Less.

Berlin, Dec. 22.—Public interest in Berlin in the quarrel between the United States and Great Britain has never been highly strained and bids fair to become rapidly less, especially as regards the political aspect. On the other hand, however, financial anxiety is on the increase. The operations on the bourse here, in Frankfurt and in Vienna on Saturday showed a great tendency to take the situation seriously.

It is true nothing like a war panic prevailed, but the operators obviously got the impression that the financial position must become worse than it is, whatever may happen in relieving the political difficulty. The selling of American stocks on the various German bourses proceeded actively and a considerable number of selling orders are reported to have been sent from Berne to London. The selling movement is largely confined to speculative dealings which seem calculated to eventually draw in genuine holders.

The concurrence of the financial press in the general gloomy view of the monetary prospects of the United States is giving a great deal of assistance to speculators for a fall. Responsible newspapers like the National Zeitung predict a flow of gold from the United States. To a large extent the trouble lies in the difficulty of American railroads and other enterprises obtaining the support of European capital and the cessation of the revival of American industry which recently set in.

In regard to a tariff between Germany and the United States nobody affects to believe that anything of the kind will occur.

Styied as Imprudent.

Rome, Dec. 22.—The Popolo Romano, commenting on the financial effect of President Cleveland's message in the Venezuelan affair, says it is of the opinion that the common sense of the American people will punish the president's effrontery and imprudence.

TALK IN OTHER PLACES—WHAT DR. ANDERSON SAYS.

Waterbury, Dec. 22.—Several Waterbury clergymen in their sermons to-day referred to the Venezuelan dispute. Dr. Joseph Anderson, pastor of the First Congregational church, said that the outburst of patriotism was the expression of the sentiment of the American people, and that this country's ac-

HE WAS CAUGHT IN THE ACT

OFFICER MCGRATH SECURED A BURGLAR LAST NIGHT.

Broke Into Benedict & Co.'s Coal Office at Water and Brewery Streets—Caught After a Long Chase—Several Shots Fired—The Burglar's Fall Escaped.

Patrolman Jerome McGrath proved last night that he was made of the right material for a detective sergeant, when he caught Anthony Costello in the act of burglarizing the coal office of Benedict & Co. at the corner of Water and Brewery streets. Shortly before 11 o'clock as Patrolman McGrath was covering his beat in that section of the city, he was surprised at the sound apparently of breaking wood from the direction of Benedict & Co.'s coal office.

The officer crossed the street and was still more surprised to find that the entire lower sash of one of the rear windows of the office had been cut out. Continuing his investigations he discovered two men inside the office looking around with a lighted candle. The burglars saw him and immediately dashed through a door and into the coal yard. Patrolman McGrath whipped out his pistol and ordered them to halt, but this only caused them to redouble their efforts to escape and run all the faster.

When McGrath saw that his orders were not obeyed he jumped down from a coal shed, to the top of which he had climbed in order to secure a better view of the office, and started in pursuit. The men ran in opposite directions and the officer fired several shots and ordered them to stop. All of the shots, however, went wide of their mark and the burglars were soon lost after a few moments, where he gave up the chase. He then returned to the office and secured a better view of the office, and started in pursuit. The men ran in opposite directions and the officer fired several shots and ordered them to stop. All of the shots, however, went wide of their mark and the burglars were soon lost after a few moments, where he gave up the chase.

Upon his arrival there he was surprised to find no one in sight. His attention was attracted, however, by a noise under a coal wagon in the vicinity and upon investigating he found one of the men underneath and immediately pulled him out and placed him under arrest. The patrol wagon was promptly summoned and the prisoner taken to police headquarters, where he gave his name as Anthony Costello, and his residence as Boston and after a charge of burglary had been lodged against him, he was locked up in cell.

After Costello had been sent to the lockup Patrolman McGrath made a thorough search of the yard, but up to an early hour this morning had not succeeded in locating the other burglar.

When Costello was searched at police headquarters he feigned deafness, but after a few moments he apparently forgot himself and when told in an ordinary tone of voice to remove his overcoat did so. He said that he arrived in this city Saturday night and that he met the man who was with him on the cars, but did not know his name.

In searching Costello at police headquarters Sergeant Officer Beegan found a pair of paraffin candles about three inches in length, a large quantity of matches, a big pruning knife, the blade of which was about six inches, a length and sharpened to a try fine edge, with which the sash had been cut out and a quantity of tobacco and small articles. Costello will be arraigned in the city court this morning.

Destroyed by Fire.

Cincinnati, Dec. 22.—A fire this morning destroyed the five story building at 214 Walnut street, occupied by W. W. Thomas, wholesale dealer in teas, spices, etc. Loss \$100,000. Insurance about 80 per cent. The firm was the largest wholesale tea house in the country outside of New York. The Cincinnati Scale company and Howe Scale Manufacturing company are also losers to some extent by water.

Fighting Among Themselves.

Pekin, Dec. 22.—The Durga rebellion has been crushed. The rebels are now fighting among themselves.

Fired On the Mob.

Madrid, Dec. 22.—There was a serious outbreak at Tarragona to-day. The trouble was connected with the levying of octroi duties, the tax placed on provisions, etc., entering the city from other parts of the country. The crowd became threatening and refused to obey the orders given by the gendarmes to disperse. The latter then fired into the mob, wounding several of them. This had the effect of restoring order.

For Breach of Promise.

Chicago, Dec. 22.—A special from Canton, O., says: Mrs. Annie George yesterday filed suit for \$50,000 against George D. Saxton, Governor McKinley's brother-in-law, alleging breach of promise. Saxton is a wealthy bachelor and moves in the best of society.

MAY BE HIS SEDAN.

German Opinion on the President's Financial Message.

Berlin, Dec. 22.—The Vossische Zeitung in an article referring to the financial panic in New York says: "The outcome is likely to prove to be President Cleveland's Sedan. The economic position of America is bad enough now, but what will happen in event of war?"

The North German Gazette expresses fear that it will take at least a decade for America to recover the confidence of the politicians and financiers of Germany.

Gift of a Millionaire.

Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 22.—News has reached here that a millionaire named Palmer of New York has given Elon college \$100,000.

Refused Sultan's Request.

Constantinople, Dec. 22.—Kiamli Pasha, the ex-grand vizier, has positively refused the sultan's request that he again assume the duties of that office.

DEEP SENSE OF JUSTICE.

Richard Watson Gilder's Opinion of President Cleveland's Career.

Paris, Dec. 22.—Richard Watson Gilder, editor of the Century of New York, has communicated the following to the representative in this city of the United Press: "Nothing in President Cleveland's career has been more marked by a deep sense of justice than his attitude towards foreign countries. He has been as firm as courteous in treating with powerful nations and always magnanimous in treating with weak nations. In the present instance it is evident that he acted with a strong conviction of justice and right. His record and character are assurances that so far as the executive is concerned everything in honor will be done to avoid the profound misfortune of war between two such countries as the United States and Great Britain."

Nautic Dentist Killed.

Niantic, Dec. 22.—This morning the dead body of Dr. John Champlin, the well known dentist of this place, was found on the railroad tracks near the Niantic depot. The body was horribly mangled. The head was completely severed from the body and other ghastly wounds had been made all over the body. It is supposed that he was struck by an early morning train.

All Hands Lost.

Halifax, Dec. 22.—A dispatch to-night reports the loss of the schooner Victoria with all on board. Her captain was Robert Bradbury.

Will Lead All Aids.

Shamokin, Pa., Dec. 22.—John Glowa, president of the Russian National society of the United States, states that at a meeting of the officers last evening it was resolved to lend all aid possible in case the United States becomes involved in war. There are said to be 200,000 members of the society in this country, many of whom are trained soldiers.

The Gas Exploded.

Baltimore, Dec. 22.—An explosion of illuminating gas this morning in the cellar of No. 32 West Baltimore street, caused a loss by fire of \$50,000. The building was occupied by Heideberger & Co., clothiers. The stocks of McCadden & McElwee, picture frames, at No. 30, and Cushing & Co., booksellers, at No. 34, were damaged.

THE ORDERS AMENDED.

North Atlantic Squadron May Not Go to West Indies.

Washington, Dec. 22.—Secretary Herbert had a conference to-day with Rear Admiral Bunch, commanding the North Atlantic squadron, in regard to the sailing of that fleet from the West Indies and near-by South American waters.

The admiral was originally given sailing orders for Saturday last, but they were subsequently amended and it is learned to-night that the time of departure is indefinite. The fleet will be augmented by the addition of the Maine and possibly the Texas, both battleships.

As the Texas will have to undergo another trip and the Maine is not yet fully provisioned it can be seen that the squadron will not be ready to depart for some days.

Both Scratch Events.

Melbourne, Dec. 22.—A. Zimmerman, the American bicyclist, defeated separately Pither of New Zealand and Walker of Victoria, in two races at a mile each. Both were scratch events.

SHOT IN BOTH LEGS.

Bold Attempt at Highway Robbery in North Andover.

North Andover, Mass., Dec. 22.—A bold attempt at highway robbery was made in this city to-night, Edmund A. Guncher being attacked by three men and shot in both legs. He was returning to his boarding house at Stevens Village from the parish when the men accosted him at a point on the way. He was ordered to throw up his hands and give up his valuables. He refused, whereupon one of the men shot him in the left leg. Guncher attacked his assailant, and one of the other men drew a revolver and fired at Guncher, one shot entering his right leg and the second piercing his overcoat.

The highwaymen then ran away. Guncher's shouts brought assistance and he was taken to a doctor. He described one assailant as about twenty years old, of medium build and shabbily dressed. Guncher is employed at Stevens' mills.

Perished in the Flames.

Boston, Dec. 22.—Two barns in the Brighton Stock Yards were burned this afternoon. They contained twenty sheep, ten calves and three hogs, and all but one hog were burned. The animals belonged to A. N. Munroe, William Scollan and a Mr. Mark, whose joint loss is about \$400.

Several Narrow Escapes.

Schenectady, N. Y., Dec. 22.—Early this morning Twomey's hotel in Rotterdam was burned. The hotel was full of boarders and there were several narrow escapes. The fire was started by a man going to bed with a lighted cigar and falling asleep. Loss \$30,000; partly insured.

Her Skull Was Crushed.

Lafayette, Ind., Dec. 22.—This evening the dead body of Mrs. Hester Curtis, aged sixty-four, was discovered at her home in this city. Her skull had been crushed with an axe. The walls and floor of the apartment were splattered with blood. The perpetrators of the crime placed the corpse upright in a chair. Mrs. Curtis was known to keep money in her house, which is presumed to be the motive of the crime. There is no clue to the murderers.

TO SET THROUGH THE RECESS

THE OCCASION FOR THIS WAS PRESIDENT CLEVELAND'S MESSAGE.

The Ways and Means Committee Will Get to Work as Rapidly as Possible on the Consideration of Bills—Tariff Changes May Add Millions to the Finances—The Banking Committee Will be at Work.

Washington, Dec. 22.—For the first time since the short session of the Forty-seventh congress, in the winter of 1882-3, congress will enter holiday week to-morrow with the intention of sitting through the season usually devoted to recess. The occasion for this unusual zeal and devotion to public service was President Cleveland's message of Friday last, which asked the congress not to take its usual respite from labor at this season of the year, but to remain and provide the legislation necessary to relieve the financial situation. The house will enter upon this work promptly to-morrow through its committees announced on Saturday.

The ways and means committee will meet at 11 o'clock and proceed as rapidly as may be with the consideration and preparation of a bill or bills to meet the condition which confronts it. The measure of relief which it is expected the committee will propose will include, either in one bill or several, as may be deemed most expedient, brief amendments to the tariff law, not involving general revision, such amendments to expire at the end of thirty months; authority to the secretary of the treasury to issue a 3 per cent. bond as a popular loan to maintain the gold reserve and for no other purpose, with a proviso that the redeemed greenbacks shall not be used to meet expenses, but be retained as long as necessary as part of the redemption fund; authority to issue to national banks circulating notes up to par of the bonds deposited as security therefor, and to reduce the tax on national bank circulation; and authority for the issue of certificates of indebtedness to meet the temporary deficiency in receipts until the revenue can be provided.

It is estimated that the proposed tariff changes will add from thirty to thirty-five millions to the income of the government. Although there is some criticism of this scheme from the republicans, the proposition will receive the united support of the majority. One suggestion was that the Reed substitute for the issue of gold bonds, made in the last congress, when financial schemes were being considered, could be reported and passed.

While it is not probable that the committee will be ready to report before Wednesday or Thursday at the earliest, there will be no adjournment for more than a day or two at time until the proposed relief shall have been enacted. Should this be accomplished this week the house will probably then indulge in three day recesses over the New Year holiday.

In the meantime the committee on banking and currency will be at work on a bill to remodel the financial system of the country in the hope that it will be ready for report when business shall be regularly resumed in January.

Although the senate will be nominally in session it is believed there will at no time be a quorum. A financial debate may be precipitated Tuesday if Mr. Vest presses the resolution for which he asked immediate consideration Saturday. This resolution directs the secretary of the treasury to coin the silver bullion in the treasury and apply the silver dollars so coined to the redemption of the treasury notes issued in payment for the bullion under the Sherman act.

If the senate should be in a humor to permit the resolution to come to a vote it will surely pass, for the silver men are in the majority by possibly a dozen. It is likely that the senate will meet only at intervals, as legislation must relate to finances and revenues must originate in the house. Until some measure is sent over from the house there will be little occasion for the senate to remain in session.

Now that the holiday recess has fallen through the republicans may urge the democrats to fill their committee list, but there is little probability of this being done until the New Year is inaugurated. Taken together, the coming week in the senate promises to be unproductive unless the unexpected happens.

MORTON AND MORGAN CONFER.

New York, Dec. 22.—Governor Levi P. Morton of the banking firm of Morton, Bliss & Co., passed an hour with J. Pierpont Morgan yesterday morning at Pierpont Morgan's banking house. They talked over all the essential factors in the present financial complications, but neither Governor Morton nor Mr. Morgan had a word to say for publication afterward.

MOUNTING A BIG GUN.

Fort Wadsworth Slowly Being Put in Shape to Defend.

New York, Dec. 22.—The men at Fort Wadsworth are pushing ahead with the work of mounting the first of the big disappearing guns which were tested recently at Sandy Hook. The work was begun on November 29. A month or six weeks will be required to finish it.

Other guns of the sort will be conveyed to the fort as soon as possible and mounted, but it is thought several months will be consumed before they are all in place. The guns weigh 35,000 pounds each. Their carriages weigh over 50,000 pounds each.

HARTFORD BRIDGE GONE.

Two Hundred Feet Swept Away by the Ice and High Water.

Hartford, Conn., Dec. 22.—Two hundred feet of the center of the temporary bridge across the Connecticut river was carried away by the ice and high water to-night. This cuts off all means of travel between this city and all places east of the river. The debris of the bridge floated against the piers of the old bridge. No one was injured, although a team containing two persons crossed less than five minutes before the bridge went down.

PEACE AND QUIET.

No Attempt Made to Run Cars in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Dec. 22.—For the first time since last Tuesday, when the strike of the employees of the Union Traction company began, peace and quiet to-day reigned in the streets of Philadelphia. This was due to the fact that the Traction company made no attempt to run its cars. The strikers met behind closed doors and to-night a committee of strikers and officials of the company held a long conference. At midnight the result is still in doubt. A proposition was laid before the Traction officials and this was met by a counter proposition. A long discussion followed and at 11:30 the strikers' committee returned to the strikers' headquarters for further instructions.

It is the earnest hope of the majority of the citizens that a compromise of some sort shall be reached at once, as the strike has already cost the city indirectly hundreds of thousands of dollars. Aside from the direct expenses, the holiday trade has been practically killed.

President Welsh of the Union Traction company to-day issued a statement giving his version of the trouble and claiming that there was no dissatisfaction among his employees until labor agitators stirred them up. The mayor to-night swore in five hundred more special policemen and these will give him a force of three thousand men at his command. If a settlement is not reached to-night greater trouble may be expected to-morrow. The spirit of bitterness against the Traction has increased and the importation of men has intensified this feeling.

President Welsh of the Union Traction company at midnight left the office of the company where the conference was held. General Manager Beetham, it is understood, has authority to act. Up to 1 o'clock the committee of strikers was in consultation.

Philadelphia, Dec. 23.—The committee representing the strikers left the strikers' headquarters shortly after 1 o'clock for the company's office. They stated to the men in waiting at headquarters that they might as well go home, as there would be no settlement until some time during the day.

RISEN TWENTY-TWO FEET.

Loss is Already Great on the Mississippi River's Banks.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 22.—Since Thursday the Mississippi at this point has risen twenty-two feet, which is unprecedented in the same length of time. The boatmen and dwellers on the river bank were taken unawares and the loss is already very great. A number of shanty boats were swept away. In one of these a dance was in progress last night and the revellers were not aware of their peril until the boat stuck in a tree. The American bottoms are half under and the loss will be considerable.

Communication has been uninterrupted, but meagre reports show that the flood covers the Mississippi valley from Iowa to Cairo. At Warsaw, Mo., the Osage river flooded the town and the last dispatch was sent out by an operator perched on a desk four feet high, while a boat was moored to the door. At Fairfield, on the Osage, the water is waist high in the stores, the tracks are gone and no mail has arrived since Tuesday. At Tabor the Osage is fourteen miles wide and all the bridges have been carried away.

In Union county Joseph Eckert, a surveyor, went down with a bridge across the Burbois and was drowned. The St. Louis mails reach Carthage, Mo., by going 200 miles around through Kansas. All small streams have but commenced to pour their flood into the Mississippi, and a repetition of the disastrous floods of former years is predicted.

MARRIED BY BISHOP-ELECT.

Louisville, Dec. 22.—General and Mrs. Basil W. Duke's eldest daughter, Tommie, was married last night to Sidney Bailou of Monroeville. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Lewis W. Burton, bishop-elect of the Episcopal diocese of Lexington.

Sensation in Waterbury.

Waterbury, Dec. 22.—A sensation has been created by the discovery that a number of sons of well known citizens who were supposed to have been in attendance at the high school have been loitering in pool rooms of the lower sort on Scoville street. The boys are sent to attend manual training classes in another part of the city, but do not go there. Friday School Clerk T. J. Moran descended on one resort and found a number of boys. In another a boy heard Moran and the party skipped. There is talk of arresting the proprietors of the rooms. The boys will be severely disciplined.

TO-DAY'S NATIONAL TOPIC

IDEAS OF PROMINENT NEW HAVENERS ON THE SUBJECT.

The Wall Street Panic Believed to Have Culminated—The Prevailing Opinion is That a War is Extremely Improbable.

President Pierce M. Welch of the First National bank said yesterday regarding the present national topic that he did not apprehend that war was imminent or likely to ensue. He thought the differences would be amicably adjusted. He also said regarding the Wall street panic that he regarded the panicky state of things as having culminated, and that a calm would now succeed the storm.

The views of Rev. Dr. Smyth, Rev. Mr. Luckey, Rev. Mr. Griffin, Rev. Mr. Meserve and others of the clergy on the war topic are given in another column. Ex-Mayor Peck said last evening that he thought the United States people could keep their shirts on yet. He stood by the Monroe doctrine, but saw nothing in the present situation to call for war. Cleveland's war talk was too much in the line of bluff and bravado. He thought there would be no war and that good, sound sense would prevail. He thought that both sides would hesitate long before getting in a fight. He approved of the appointment of the commission as wise and proper.

General George H. Ford of the George H. Ford company, who is also a director of the Merchants' National bank, said it was hardly possible that the two great English-speaking nations of the world would engage in deadly intestine conflict. These two nations were too highly civilized, their interests were too closely interwoven, to admit of a war between them. The matter at issue must probably be settled by status-manship and arbitration. It is stated, moreover, that the map of the territory in dispute, on which our assumptions in the case are based, is faulty, and that the result of this will be that our government will find that it has been misled. While there has no doubt been an encroachment by England upon Venezuelan territory, I believe that England will eventually make a fair remuneration to Venezuela.

President Curtis of the City bank said there had been no effect felt here of the Wall street troubles, and that there would probably be none. President Zunder of the National Savings bank said that he believed that neither this country nor England would sacrifice everything for a boundary question in Venezuela.

Mr. Root of Kimberly, Root & Day said that it looked as if the panic in Wall street had culminated. In fact, the bears in Wall street had helped the panic there to a great extent.

H. C. Warren said New Haven investments are mostly of a substantial and permanent character, and they are little disturbed by the commotion in Wall street.

Captain Lawrence O'Brien said there were thousands of defence in case of a war with England, and gave a definition of the term "Mugwump," the origin of which he said was in Virginia, where it was applied to the creature which was neither a pollywog nor a bullfrog, but the chaotic creature between and between them. He thought Cleveland had lost favor with the mugwumps since his war message and could no longer be accused of toadying to England.

Mignonette Assembly.

The Mignonette assembly will give an entertainment and dance in Academy hall next Friday evening. The vocal talent will include Miss Gertrude Coffey, Mr. Nevins, Joseph Criddle and selections by the Emerson quartet. Refreshments will be served. The second regiment orchestra will furnish music for dancing.

At Grace M. E. Church Last Evening.

The twenty-first anniversary of the W. C. T. U. was celebrated last evening at the Grace M. E. church with appropriate exercises. Miss Gertrude Coffey, Mr. Nevins, Joseph Criddle and recitations by Miss Minnie Belle Kay. Her recitations were greatly enjoyed.

Three Vagrants Arrested.

The police yesterday succeeded in arresting three vagrants who had not yet left the city, and they were arrested and locked up charged with vagrancy. The trio hail from Massachusetts and gave their names as Michael Thornton, Patrick Stewart and Fred Winchell. They will be arraigned before Judge Dow in the city court this morning.

Married by Bishop-Elect.

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