

WORK OF CONGRESS.

The Senate Devotes a Day to the Indians.

NEW STATES AGAINST POOR LO.

The Bankruptcy Bill Is Discussed Somewhat Bitterly in the House and Then Goes Over for the Day.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The Senate agreed to the House original package bill as a substitute for the Senate bill.

The Senate bill, giving a pension of \$2,000 per year to Mrs. Jessie B. Fremont, was reported from the Committee on Pensions and placed on the calendar.

The Senate then proceeded to a consideration of the Indian Appropriation bill. The paragraph having been reached in regard to the removal of the Northern band of Cheyennes to a permanent settlement, to gather upon one of the existing reservations in South Dakota, Wyoming or Montana, a motion was made by Mr. Pettigrew to strike out South Dakota. He said there were already 25,000 Indians in that State, and no more are wanted.

Mr. Power remarked that Montana did not want them either.

After further discussion the names of the three States were struck out, and the paragraph amended so as to make the clause read: "For the removal of said Northern band of Cheyenne Indians to a permanent settlement upon any of the existing reservations."

Among other amendments reported and agreed to were the following: Increasing the appropriation for the subsistence of the Sioux and for the purposes of their civilization from \$850,000 to \$950,000; inserting an item of \$150,000 for one year's interest in advance on \$5,000,000 provided for as a permanent fund in the act of March 2, 1889, being an act to divide a portion of the Sioux reservation in Dakota and for the relinquishment of the Indian title to the remainder. Having disposed of half the bill, it was laid aside until tomorrow.

The House bill for the disposal of Fort Ellis military reservation under the homestead law passed, with amendment. The House bill granting certain lands to the City of Phoenix, for a public park passed. Adjourned.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—In the House today Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, moved a reconsideration of the package bill, and Mr. Trask, of Missouri, moved to table that motion. The motion to table was agreed to, and the vote then recurred on the passage of the Senate bill, as amended. The bill passed. Yeas, 176; nays, 38. A conference with the Senate was asked, and the House proceeded to a consideration of the bankruptcy bill.

Mr. Culbertson said he could not understand why there should be such anxiety on the part of the money and manufacturing interests for the passage of this measure, unless it was that the shadow of the legislation of this Congress had been cast over them. With the McKinley bill absorbing all the earnings of the people in order to enrich the manufacturers, with the silver bill, which lodged in the Secretary of the Treasury (always dominated by Wall street) the power to demonetize silver, after one year; with the election bill which struck down at one fell blow the unsurpassed prosperity of the South, which had arisen from the ashes of the great war, it might be conceived to be necessary to provide a wrecking train to pick up the debris of fortunes which would be scattered all over the country when these laws were enforced. [Applause on the Democratic side.]

Mr. Wheeler, of Alabama, said the speaker ordered the bill passed. [Laughter.] He had ordered the Election Bill passed, and it had been passed, and he presumed this bill would be passed.

Mr. Buchanan, of New Jersey, a member of the Judiciary Committee, said he did not know whether the speaker was in favor of this bill or opposed to it. They had never passed a word on the subject. He (Buchanan) was getting tired of insinuations of this kind. Continuing, Mr. Buchanan supported the measure, extending that it was demanded by the people. There was nothing political or sectional in it. Those members of the Judiciary Committee who made a careful study of the bill were satisfied that it contained all the safeguards with which it was possible to surround a bill of this character.

Mr. Kelley, of Kansas, inquired whether under the provisions of the bill lawyers only could be appointed referees.

Mr. Buchanan made an affirmative response. Mr. Kelley suggested that it was not right to discriminate against farmers and business men who were not members of the bar.

Mr. Buchanan (speaking, he said, from personal experience) gave the opinion that the worst thing that could befall a farmer was to quit farming and practice law, but the fact was the referees had judicial functions to perform.

Mr. Oates, of Alabama, opposed the bill, and at the same time frankly admitted that it was one of the best and most carefully considered bankruptcy measures ever brought up in Congress. But the act of 1867 had been so completely debauched and maladministered in the South that the very word "bankruptcy" had become a stench in the nostrils of honest men of that section.

Messrs. Bother, of Louisiana, and Hayes, of Iowa, gave modified support to the bill, suggesting certain changes. Pending further debate, the House adjourned.

FAVORING SHIPPING BILLS.

The San Francisco Chamber of Commerce Expresses Itself Thereon.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 22.—The Chamber of Commerce this afternoon adopted a resolution recommending a memorial to Congress advocating the passage of the Frye bill and the Farquhar bill for the encouragement of American shipping. The board of trustees were instructed to forward to Washington, to the California delegation, an epitome of

the resolution, by telegraph, immediately. At the request of the Chamber of Commerce of Port Townsend, for aid in obtaining an appropriation for a government telegraph connecting Cape Flattery with the United States Custom house at Port Townsend, was agreed to without discussion. The subject of improvement of the Sacramento river was referred to the committee on internal trade and improvements, with instructions that the board was in favor of improvements.

THE GRAND CANYON SWIFT.

A Cloud Burst Causes Trouble in the Royal Gorge.

CANON CITY, Colo., July 22.—About 4 o'clock this afternoon there was a cloud burst in the Grand Cañon, a few miles above this city, and soon afterwards great waves of water came roaring down the Arkansas river with terrific force. The Rio Grande's track was washed out in several places and considerable damage was done to property along the banks of the river. One hundred head of cattle were caught by the torrent and the river and drowned. Both the east and west bound Salt Lake express trains are delayed here, and will not be able to get through before tomorrow.

A GREAT FIRE.

HEAVY LOSSES INCURRED BY A MILLING COMPANY.

Costly Mills, Employee's Cabins and Manufactured Lumber Gone Up in Smoke—The Fire Extends to the Mountains.

SACRAMENTO, July 22.—The Bee's Oroville special says that further information has been received from Brush Creek, the scene of the Springer mill conflagration, which occurred last Saturday. The fire caught in the third story of the drying room at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon, and inside of ten minutes the mill was a mass of flames. Only sixty-five out of 4000 doors were saved from the factory and 3,000,000 feet of lumber waiting shipment was entirely destroyed. The mill hands lost everything they had, twenty-eight of the cabins in the camp being destroyed. Many people barely escaped with their lives from the buildings and one young man, name unknown, is missing. He was sick and when last seen was sitting near the engine room. It is feared that he perished in the flames. The woods for miles around in the vicinity of the fire were set afire and are now burning, covering the hill with rolling volumes of smoke and flame.

Plenty of Spuds.

CARSON, Nev., July 22.—Nevada's potato crop is unusually large. It is estimated to exceed the California crop in proportion. Fruit is in good condition, but is not large in quantity.

National Bank Report Called.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The Comptroller of the Currency has called for a report of the condition of the National banks at the close of business on Friday, July 18.

THREATEN SECESSION.

THE NEW ORLEANS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE BOMBAST.

It Suggests the Meeting of Delegates from the Chambers of Trade in the South to Consider the Situation.

NEW ORLEANS, July 22.—The Chamber of Commerce, the largest commercial body in the South, having been asked for its views on the suggestion to hold a convention of Southern business men to consider what is best for the South to do if the "force bill" now before Congress should become a law, replies as follows: It is our opinion that the commercial South should at once meet in convention to deliberate and decide upon the course which it will adopt in the event that our Northern fellow countrymen elect to dissolve the brotherly ties which have grown up between us during a quarter of a century of the profoundest peace, and to establish a Poland or an Ireland on this Western hemisphere in place of a prosperous land, now extending a welcome to Northern capital and Northern commerce. Should any number of the commercial bodies of the South share our views we shall at once appoint delegates to attend any convention that may be called to consider the situation.

Seventy Million Dollars Counted.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 22.—The special agents who have been counting the money in the United States sub-treasury, this city, have completed their task after four weeks' work. The amount on hand aggregates nearly \$70,000,000. The money was found to be all right, except \$10,000, which was misaid at the count four years ago.

Died on a Train.

MARION, Ind., July 22.—Henry Hunger, of San Francisco, died on a Pan Handle passenger train today between this city and Logansport. Hunger was a native of Finland and was bound for his native land, having amassed a considerable fortune.

Los Angeles Favors S. M. White.

LOS ANGELES, July 22.—The Democratic County Convention passed resolutions calling upon the Democratic State Convention to endorse S. M. White for United States Senator. No resolution was passed instructing the delegates to the State Convention.

General McCook May Come West.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—It is probable that General McCook, lately appointed Brigadier General, will be given command of the Department of Arizona.

Casullo Guilty of Manslaughter.

LOS ANGELES, July 22.—George Casullo, who murdered Manuel Vallego on May 8, was today found guilty of manslaughter.

Made a Clean Sweep.

ST. JOES, N. B., July 22.—Intelligence reached here from Labrador that Thos. Oliver had killed his three children and then committed suicide.

A TERRIBLE TORRENT

Sweeps Disastrously Through a Colorado Cañon.

GORGE OF CLEAR CREEK FLOODED

Iron Bridges Swept Away Like Wooden Structures, While Houses, Restaurants and Railroad Track All Gone.

DENVER, July 22.—At midnight last night occurred a terrific catastrophe that has temporarily isolated the towns up Clear Creek Cañon from intercourse with the world. At that hour there was an immense cloudburst near the forks of the creek, pouring a deluge of water within the narrow walls of the cañon. It completely demolished the two iron railway bridges at the forks, and as far as can be learned annihilated all other structures in the vicinity. The restaurant, the depot, and all outhouses, were swept away in the flood. Fortunately, it is believed that no lives were lost.

The immense body of water, laden with wreckage, went tearing down the cañon, with the result that today from the forks to Golden there is scarcely a vestige of the railroad left. The greater portion of the road-bed is washed away and all means of communication are destroyed. After the cloudburst a furious hail storm set in, and now it is reported that a hail foot deep is lying in the cañon. At 11 o'clock this morning a train loaded with bridge timbers and conveying 200 men left Denver for the scene of destruction. It will be about three days before the road is repaired.

Two women and one child, camping on Beaver Brook, were swept away by the raging torrent and drowned. A large force of men is at work repairing the damage.

ARMY LEGISLATION.

The House Committee Reports Adversely On a Batch of It.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—Representative Cutcheon, of New Mexico, from the Committee on Military Affairs, today reported adversely the following bills: Affecting the personnel of the army, to regulate promotion to the heads of the staff department army; to authorize promotion in the cases of certain assistant surgeons after twenty years' service; to increase the efficiency of the ordnance department; to retire certain officers for disability and for the relief of officers who have served continuously in the grade of Lieutenant for fifteen or twenty years, without promotion.

Another Passes Over Trail County, in North Dakota.

ST. PAUL, July 22.—The Pioneer Press special from Fargo, N. D., says reliable information reached there tonight of a cyclone which occurred near Clifford, in the southern part of Trail County, which resulted in the death of five persons in one family and the severe injury to a man and his wife in another. Considerable damage was done to property. The storm struck Bowen, Clifford and Galesburg, about twelve miles northwest of Harter. The wires are down. A hail storm also did considerable damage to the crops about twelve miles south of Fargo.

The World's Fair Conference.

CHICAGO, July 22.—A conference between the committee from the City Council and the World's Fair Directors tonight, resulted happily in a complete agreement on all points. The ordinance was amended to the satisfaction of everybody, and will be presented to the Council at Wednesday night's meeting. The committee will not make the amendments public tonight.

The Yuma Copper Mines.

Vice President Prange, Agent Hamlin and Professor Heerdegen returned Sunday night from the Yuma copper mines at Harcuvar. The artesian well is not furnishing enough water to supply the smelter when started, so it is now intended to sink a large well until water is found, when drifts will be run across the flow. An abundance of water is expected in the district of seventy-five feet. About 5,000 tons of ore are now upon the dump awaiting the "blowing in" of the smelter. Assays and a short smelter run have shown that the ore now on hand will average fourteen per cent in copper, about \$18 per ton in silver and a few dollars in gold. It is almost self-fluxing, needing but the addition of lime to smelt freely.

Mineral Statistics.

S. C. Bagg, proprietor of the Tombstone Prospector, is in Phoenix on his rounds as compiler of the mineral statistics of Arizona for the year 1889. He has completed his work in Cochise county and is nearly through with Pima and Yuma. From Phoenix Mr. Bagg will visit Pinal, Gila and Graham counties, and from Wilcox will proceed by train, via Albuquerque, to Apache county. This will finish his work of Arizona, and he will be through in about a month.

He will be in Phoenix for several days, gathering information concerning the mines and mineral output of Maricopa county.

The Live Stock Statistics.

D. H. Recarte, special agent for the collection of live stock statistics, leaves this morning for San Diego county, California, where he will commence his work. He will first pass through the counties of San Diego, San Bernardino, and Los Angeles, in California, and Yuma, Maricopa, Yavapai and Mojave, in Arizona. The task will take fully three months to complete, and will necessitate the visitation of several hundred cattle ranches. Mr. Recarte held a consultation at Tucson Monday with his colleague, H. J. Chatham, of Nogales, and fully outlined the work to be done.

The Shipping Bill Favorably Reported.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The House committee on the merchant marine recommended the Senate bill to place the American merchant marine engaged in the foreign trade on equality with that of other nations be passed in the bill already reported favorably by the committee of the House, as they are most identical.

A CENTRAL REPUBLIC.

Three of the Central American States Combine.

THEIR DEMAND ON SAN SALVADOR.

All the Little States Strengthening Their Frontiers, in Anticipation of Serious Trouble—Saturday's Breeze Confirmed.

CITY OF MEXICO, July 22.—Specials from Guatemala say that the Ministers of Costa Rica and Nicaragua yesterday signed with Guatemala a treaty of alliance. They demand of General Ezeta, in the name of United Central America: 1. That he leave supreme command in San Salvador. 2. That a legal regime be established in accordance with the San Salvador constitution, as before June 22, the date of the assassination of President Menendez. 3. That a general amnesty be granted to who participated in the revolutionary movements in San Salvador. Honduras has bound herself to this alliance by a previous treaty with Guatemala. Guatemala is daily increasing her forces on the Salvador frontier. Commanders are ordered to remain on the defensive. One General disobeyed this order and has been subjected to court martial.

The report of the defeat of the Guatemalans by the San Salvadorians is declared untrue. It was only a defeat of Salvadorian insurgents, it is said.

A special from Chiapas, near the Guatemalan frontier, says revolutionary movements against President Barrios has gained considerable headway, and Barrios is preparing for it. The representative of San Salvador here has shown to the Associated Press correspondent telegrams from General Ezeta, claiming that the report of the battle sent on Saturday was accurate. A terrible hailstorm in Mexico yesterday caused great damage to crops.

GEN. KAUTZ UNDER ARREST.

A Nasty Military Scandal Hatching at Fort Niobrara.

ST. LOUIS, July 22.—A sensation was created in military circles at Omaha yesterday by the announcement in a dispatch from Valentine, Neb., that Gen. A. V. H. Kautz, Commander at Fort Niobrara, had been relieved and placed under arrest by order of General Brooks, Commander of the Department of the Platte. The trouble, it is said, originated in the report of a court martial proceedings at Fort Niobrara, which, it was alleged, was not in due form and was returned to General Kautz for correction. Kautz also preferred charges against General Brooks. Colonel Smith is now in charge of Fort Niobrara.

A New Yorker Buncoed.

ASHBURY PARK, N. Y., June 22.—Alanson See, a wealthy old gentleman and business man of New York, was buncoed out of \$5,000 today by two men, who escaped.

DEATH IN THE FLAMES.

A CINCINNATI TENEMENT IN-CINCINERATED FOUR PERSONS.

The Brave Efforts of the Firemen Could Not Subdue the Flames, But Enabled Them to Save Lives.

CINCINNATI, July 22.—Four people were burned to death and several seriously injured in a tenement house fire tonight here. The four-story building at 44 Front street, occupied on the first floor as a second-hand store by Solomon Menski, and on the upper floors as a tenement house, was discovered on fire at 11 o'clock. An alarm was turned in, and before the fire department arrived several policemen did good work in getting unfortunate inmates out of the building. As soon as the firemen arrived the work was vigorously prosecuted, but when the flames were extinguished it was found that Solomon Menski and wife and their two young children were dead, and Gus Hitzwell, the Misses Eva and Mary Kaseneur were seriously and probably fatally burned. Menski's family occupied the rear end of the second story, directly over where the fire is supposed to have started. The people on the third and fourth floors for the most part fled to the roof, but several were taken out by the firemen. Some of them were unconscious when found, having been overcome by the smoke. The only exit to the street was a narrow, rickety, pine stair case, which was one of the first things to burn. The police and firemen think the list comprises all the casualties, but until the ruins are thoroughly searched it will not be known positively whether more unfortunate perished or not.

ANTI-PROHIBITION DYING.

The Saloon Keepers Fail to Whack Up As Was Hoped.

WATERTOWN, Wis., July 23.—The State anti-Prohibition Society began its annual convention today, and of 270 delegates present about two-thirds were from Milwaukee. Secretary Grenlich and Financial Secretary Kindling read their reports. They both referred to the growing lack of interest in the society, which they attributed to the want of support from the interior of the State. Unless the saloon keepers in smaller towns took hold and contributed their share to the expenses of the organization, the society would soon be a thing of the past.

ANOTHER THRESHER GONE.

It Explodes With Terrible Effect, Killing Several Men.

SAN LUIS OBISPO, July 22.—The boiler of Frazier's threshing outfit exploded one mile west of Miles' station, on the Pacific Coast Railway, fatally scalding the fireman, John T. Fryo, who died a few hours after, crushing the skull of Walter Kyle, who will probably die, and severely injuring the engineer, Ed. T. Frazier. Fryo and Frazier were

FARMERS KICKING.

They are Dissatisfied with the World's Fair Site.

MUST HAVE FOUR HUNDRED ACRES.

The Illinois Board of Agriculture Threatens to Make Trouble at the Special Session of the State Legislature.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 22.—One feature of the special session of the Illinois Legislature will be the aggressive part to be played by the Illinois State Board of Agriculture. A committee from that board will present to the General Assembly the views of the agriculturists to the World's Fair site. It has been known all along that the State Board was bitterly opposed to Lake Front, holding that no matter how that site may be improved, it will be entirely inadequate to the accommodation of the agricultural exhibits, which such an occasion will call forth. Secretary Gifford said tonight to a representative: "We insist and every state board of agriculture in the Union will insist with us that the agricultural exhibits must not be embarrassed in such a manner as to impair such exposition. We do not desire to dictate to the directors where they shall hold or select a site, but we have a right to insist that the site shall be one that will supply every demand for space. Four hundred acres would not be excessive for the agricultural exhibits of the World's Fair. Two hundred acres will be the minimum which will accommodate the States of this Union. California alone asks for forty acres for its agricultural, fruit and vintage exhibit and will be probably not satisfied with less than fifteen or twenty. The State of Illinois will want forty. The demands of State Boards are to be observed. Other States will want five, ten or fifteen acres each. All told, the States cannot get along with less than 200 and it is absolutely impossible to give us this if the lake front is selected as the site. We will positively not be satisfied with a site which will place the agricultural exhibit a mile away from the other principal features. In my opinion, in case the lake front is selected as a site, the Illinois Board of Agriculture will drop the subject entirely, and not make any exhibit. Of course, however, if the next regular session of the Legislature makes an appropriation and instructs us to make an exhibit, we will carry out the provisions of the law, but this is our opinion, that if the lake front is selected, the agricultural boards of the country will regard the World's Fair in advance as a failure, and abstain from any attempt at a successful exhibit of the agricultural products of the country.

Setting on Uncleared Land.

HOLLISTER, Cal., July 22.—As a result of the passage last week of the bill forfeiting all unearned railroad lands it is reported that about thirty claims have been occupied by settlers in the southern portion of this county and reports of more cases are coming in daily.

Mexican Finances.

CITY OF MEXICO, July 22.—The railroad subvention loan was finally arranged last night, when a contract was signed with Mr. Blum, the representative of the house of Bleichroder. According to high financial authority, Mexico will save by this arrangement \$2,000,000 annually. The loan is for \$5,000,000 at 8 1/2 per cent, with 1 per cent commission and drawing six per cent annually.

China and Russia Clash.

LONDON, July 22.—The Chinese government has stopped a party of Russian explorers in Tibet, led by Captain Grodzicki, who had been invited to the Tibetan desert, and ordered them to return to Kashgar. The Russians refused, and the whole party left Pola in the night time and disappeared in the desert.

Relief for Army Officers.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—A favorable report was ordered by the House committee on claims on the Senate bill appropriating \$735,000 to reimburse Major and S. A. for money stolen from him at Antelope Springs, Wyoming, in 1887.

A Wealthy Man Commits Suicide.

SACRAMENTO, July 22.—The body of Nicholas Schadt, a wealthy citizen of Sacramento, who has been missing since last Friday, was found floating in the river today. It is probably suicide.

Milwaukee's Population.

WASHINGTON July 22.—According to the recent census schedule of Milwaukee, the population of that city is 206,308, an increase during the last decade of 90,721.

Found Gold Instead of Water.

BATTLE MOUNTAIN, Nev., July 22.—The artesian well being sunk here by J. M. Clossom, at a depth of 640 feet struck gold on a bed rock of gravel from the pump, yielding \$2 to the pan.

Stanley Has Recovered.

LONDON, July 22.—Stanley has recovered from his illness.

The Fire Department.

Chief Czarnowski, of the Fire Department, had the engine out last night at the corner of Washington and Mojave streets, and tested it for the first time after its overhauling. The engine was coupled to the mains and two three-quarter-inch streams were kept going for a half-hour. The engine worked beautifully and, with but 140 pounds pressure, threw water to the height of 100 feet, fully twenty feet higher than the spire of the Methodist Church. The test was made under difficulties, as the hose is fairly rotten, and leaked at every seam.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Jeanne Hugo, a grandchild of Victor Hugo, is betrothed to Leon Daudet, son of Alphonse Daudet, the novelist. The Centropolis Car and Machine Company, of Kansas City, assigned yesterday. Assets and liabilities \$18,000 and \$10,000 respectively.

SPORTS OF THE DAY.

RACES IN PROGRESS NOW ON THE GRAND CIRCUIT.

Detroit, Monmouth and Homewood All at It in Best Earnest—Interesting Base Ball Games.

MONMOUTH PARK, July 22.—First race, seven-eighths of a mile—Fitzjames won. Clarendon second, Chemise third. Time, 1:00 1/4.

Second race, McLellan stakes, two-year-olds, three-fourths of a mile—Reckon won, Flayilla second, Annie third. Time, 1:14 1/4.

Third race, Barnett stakes, three-year-olds, mile and a half—Demuth won. Long Run second, Judge Morrow third. Time, 2:37 1/2.

Fourth race, mile and an eighth—Sluggard won, Diablo second, Defaulter third. Time, 1:55.

Fifth race, five eighths of a mile—Village won, Rico second, Guard third. Time, 1:01 1/4.

Sixth race, Three fourths of a mile—Morton won, My Fellow second, Eclipse third. Time, 1:12 1/2.

Trotting at Detroit.

DETROIT July 22.—This was the opening day of the Detroit Driving Park. Weather fine. Attendance, about 20,000. First race, 2:30 trot, \$2,000—Leopard won, Pixley second, Hylas Boy third, Ryland T. distance. Best time, 2:19 1/2.

Second race, 2:24 pace, \$2,000—Crocket won, Grant's Abdallah second, Chimes C third, Nettie C fourth. Best time, 2:14 1/4.

Third race, 2:22 trot, \$2,000, (best two in three heats)—McDowell won, Maud second, Tariff third, Voncher fourth. Best time, 2:18 1/4.

Fourth race, special 2:30 class, \$500, (unfinished)—J. B. won first and second heats. Best time, 2:20 1/4.

On the Homewood Track.

PITTSBURG, July 22.—The weather was fine and the track good at the opening day of the Homewood Driving Park races of the Grand Circuit. First race, 2:30 trot, \$1,000—Viola Clay first, Lizzie S second, Lakewood Prince third, Klaukix fourth. Best time, 2:22 1/4.

Second race, 2:25 pace, \$1,000—Forest Wilkes first, Arctic second, Billy B third, Frank Dortch fourth. Best time, 2:22 1/4.

Third race, 2:20 trot, \$1,000—Mambrino Maid first, St. Elmo second, Diamond third, Yorktown Belle fourth. Best time, 2:19 1/4.

ON THE DIAMOND.

Despite the Intense Heat the National Game Holds On.

CLEVELAND, July 22.—The Brooklyn Brotherhood nine lost the game this afternoon through wretched fielding. Attendance, 200. Score: Cleveland 11, Brooklyn 10.

CLEVELAND, July 22.—The Boston League club made four of their seven hits off the Cleveland's new pitcher in the sixth inning. These hits netted three runs and won the game. Attendance, 900. Score: Cleveland 2, Boston 3.

PHILADELPHIA, July 22.—Athletics 3, St. Louis 9.

SYRACUSE, July 22.—Syracuse 10, Columbus 4.

CINCINNATI, July 22.—The Brooklyn League club won this afternoon by good work with the stick. Attendance, 1,400. Score: Cincinnati 5, Brooklyn 16.

CHICAGO, July 22.—The local League team easily defeated the New Yorks this afternoon. Attendance, 1,100. Score: Chicago 14, New York 7.

CHICAGO, July 22.—The Boston Brotherhood team won in the ninth by superior batting. Score: Chicago 1, Boston 2.

PITTSBURG, July 22.—The local Brotherhood team played in a listless manner this afternoon. Score: Pittsburg 1, Philadelphia 6.

BUFFALO, July 22.—Another defeat was administered to the Bison Brotherhood team today through inability to hit the ball. Attendance, 900. Score: Buffalo 6, New York 7.

PHILADELPHIA, July 22.—The Philadelphia League scored its thirteenth straight victory this afternoon. The game was hotly contested, requiring fifteen innings before being finally decided. Attendance, 1,000. Score: Philadelphia 10, Pittsburg 8.

Railroad Men Killed.

ANTIGO, Wis., July 22.—In a collision between two freight trains today brakeman Seymour was killed and engineer William Laird had both legs broken and engineer Ryan was fatally hurt.

Fatal Thresher Explosion.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., July 22.—By the explosion of a threshing engine on the farm of James Narrow, near Princeton, Andrew Cretsingher and Charles White were killed, and Thomas Mehan and Hugh Narrow fatally injured, Sam Tweepy seriously but not fatally hurt, and a number of horses killed. It is reported that Bismarck has taken apartments at the Petarisk, in the Tyrol.