

# THE ARIZONA REPUBLICAN.

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VOL. II.

PHOENIX, WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 26, 1890.

NO. 8

## THE INDIAN TROUBLES

### Sioux Gathering at Pine Ridge Agency.

### More Insolent Behavior to White Settlers.

### Sitting Bull Sends Defiant Answers. Indian Territory Tribes Catching the Infection.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., November 25.—The *Tribune's* Standing Rock special says: Two scouts returned today to Fort Yates from a visit to Sitting Bull's camp. They found Bull and his adherents very ugly. He told them he understood that soldiers were coming to take him, but he had his runners out, and on the first news of the soldiers he and his people would leave. They have abandoned the white man's houses, said he, and will not return to them or to the agency.

The supposition here is that if Sitting Bull hears of serious trouble at Pine Ridge, or if the military attempt to take him, he and his followers will make at once for the lower agencies, thereby declaring war.

GATHERING AT PINE RIDGE. OMAHA, November 25.—A special from Pine Ridge says: It is learned tonight that Indians are en route from Roseburg, 600 strong, plundering the deserted settlers' houses along the route, and also killing cattle and feasting on fresh beef.

Seventy-five Cheyennes have been enlisted as scouts by General Brooke. Tonight a watch is being kept over Red Cloud's band, as it is feared that small raiding parties are preparing to start from this camp.

There were no disquieting developments at Pine Ridge today. The issue of rations goes on, many dancers coming in for them and being treated the same as others.

GHOST DANCES IN THE SOUTH. KANSAS CITY, Mo., November 25.—A special from Arkansas City tells of excitement among Indians in the Territory over the Messiah craze. A delegation of Poncas, Osages, Missourians and Kiowas returned to their reservations today from a pilgrimage to the Cheyennes, where they learned all the latest news of the Messiah. These Indians dwell on adjoining reservations and will inaugurate a ghost dance Friday.

CAPTURING GOVERNMENT CATTLE. MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., November 25.—A *Tribune* special from Pierre says: Everything is quiet at the Cheyenne Agency. At the hostile camp on Cherry Creek, however, yesterday, several turbulent Indians captured the entire herd of cattle, which were to be slaughtered for monthly rations and, taking them to their village, issued them to suit themselves. The white man in charge dared make no resistance.

READING INTO INDIAN TERRITORY. LAWRENCE, Kan., November 25.—Joe Abner, a Cheyenne Indian from the Cheyenne and Arapahoe reservation, Indian Territory, says the Messiah craze has taken hold of the Indians there. They are arming themselves and becoming very restless. The new religion has also spread to the Kiowas, Comanches and Apaches.

TROOPS GOING FROM NEW MEXICO. ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., November 25.—General Carr, of Fort Wingate, issued orders to get the Sixth Cavalry ready for transportation to South Dakota.

SUBSIDY QUESTIONS. Open Letter from C. S. Masten on the Railroad Bill.

To the Editor of THE ARIZONA REPUBLICAN: Apropos to the railroad meeting called for tomorrow night it seems to me that a few questions addressed to the promoters of the scheme will be pertinent to the occasion.

Why, when the people had voted upon a complete proposition, in which their interests were completely guarded, was an entirely different proposition submitted to Congress, in which their interests were entirely committed to the care of Mr. Joseph Reynolds?

If it is answered that such interests were protected by contracts made by him with certain citizens, by what authority did these citizens assume to usurp the functions of the Board of Supervisors to which, by vote of the county, all these matters were submitted with authority, and what guarantee, by way of these bonds, exists that they will be observed?

Why was it repeatedly stated before the committees of the House of Representatives and the Senate that the distance from Phoenix to the county line was but from forty to fifty miles, involving a subsidy of \$100,000 to \$200,000, when it was well known that the actual distance would be nearly seventy miles by the line proposed as far as the public law, involving a subsidy of at least \$200,000, on the line of the survey, which length it was possible to increase at any time by an alteration of the line, thus pledging the county to an unknown amount of subsidy?

Why was it found necessary to malign the valley by inducing the Committee of the House of Representatives to set forth publicly that its means of transportation were almost impossible under the existing rates, and imports practically prohibited, thus giving the valley the blackest kind of an eye, when, as a matter of fact, the average rate is less than on any other railroad in the United States, similarly situated, the difficulties of transportation being practically eliminated by the movement of 35,000,000 pounds of freight over the existing line in the space of eight months for and from so limited an area as the valley represents.

Why was it found necessary to impress upon the committees of Congress

the belief that for the advances of the subsidy the county was to be reimbursed by an equal amount in the bonds of the road, instead of its stock? as was actually the case, a fact which the President alluded in his veto message as a reason for the veto, and which, not having been remedied in the present pending bill, is as fatal to its approval as ever.

Why were all these matters kept from the knowledge of the people until called to public attention by the publication of the now pending bill, through which many points of the President's veto message, which under any known state of facts, as for instance, the Supervisors' bill, were inexplicable, were made plain? The plain people, in this instance, want to know, "you know" the complete history of the subsidy before Congress; the reasons for the false statements by which it was promoted, and why any further effort should be made to further a proposition which bears within itself the certainty of defeat in the terms to which the President has already referred in his veto message.

In the words of Mr. Lincoln, a part of the people may be fooled a part of the time, but you cannot fool all the people all of the time. An enterprise which is based upon misrepresentation is doomed to failure when the facts are known.

C. S. MASTEN.  
PHOENIX, November 25, 1890.

## AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Outline of Its Composition for the Next Base Ball Season. LOUISVILLE, Ky., November 25.—The American Base Ball Association today elected Allan W. Thurman, son of Judge Thurman, president.

It is understood that Toledo, Syracuse and Rochester will be dropped the coming season and the association is likely to include Louisville, Columbus, St. Louis, Baltimore, Boston, Chicago, Philadelphia and Washington or Cincinnati. The frozen-out clubs are likely to make a fight.

A Boiler Explosion. ST. JOHN, November 25.—The boilers in Sutton's mill on South Bay exploded this morning. Six men were killed and a number fatally injured. The mill burned to the ground.

A Townsite Saved. GUTHRIE, November 25.—The local land office officials, after a hearing begun last March, to determine the respective rights of homesteaders and townsite claimants in West Oklahoma, have just decided in favor of townsite claimants.

Jews Expelled From Russia. ST. PETERSBURG, November 25.—General Vannovski, Minister of War, has ordered the expulsion of Jews from the Caucasus.

Italian Elections. ROME, November 27.—In Sunday's elections the government secured 395 seats, the opposition 41, Radicals 36, and doubtful 9.

## SECTION THIRTY-SIX.

### WHAT THE SETTLERS HAVE DONE THEREON.

Stormy Objections Being Made to the Setting Apart of This Land for an Indian School.

It being reported that the Government was considering the matter of setting apart school section 36, on which to establish the Indian school, a REPUBLICAN representative yesterday rode over the ground and collected some information respecting the locations made by the settlers.

The section is divided by Grand avenue, and adjoins the townsite of Phoenix at the northwest corner.

There are in all about seventy-five settlers on the section, the majority of whom have made more or less substantial improvements. Mr. Austin Stark-weather has the southeast half of the southeast quarter in alfalfa. He has two small houses and a barn, and is engaged in the dairying business, delivering milk to Phoenix.

Charles Williams adjoins him on the west with twenty acres, all in a splendid state of cultivation. Mr. Williams is the only white gardener in this vicinity. He has an acre in strawberries, a small orchard and vineyard, and a small house. Though having begun with nothing he estimates his improvements now worth \$500 or \$600.

E. Wilson has forty acres adjoining Mr. Williams on the north, all under fence and set in alfalfa, with a house costing about \$1000. On the north of Mr. Wilson's place, Mr. Tipton has forty acres in alfalfa, also a house costing about \$1500 and an orchard of 300 bearing fruit trees. Charles Goldman has eighty acres in alfalfa. James Linsford adjoins Mr. Goldman with eighty acres under fence and alfalfa, with a neat cottage. O. L. Allen has improved eighty acres and has lived on the section about three years. P. E. Davis has the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter under fence and alfalfa, and has a small house. Mrs. Lancaster has located forty acres on the south side of the avenue and is making improvements. G. W. Heath has forty acres with a substantial little house and barn and a patch of alfalfa.

A school house has been built about the center of the section from the proceeds allowed the quota of children, mostly living on the section. The school is presided over by Mr. Anderson, who says he has about forty pupils enrolled. It is the general feeling among the settlers that they have acquired certain possessory rights and they have sent a petition to the Secretary of the Interior asking that they be recognized. Nothing definite is known yet as to what the department will do in the matter. The experimental farm of eighty acres has already been established on this section and the work of leveling and plowing is going on now.

Argentine Gold. LONDON, November 25.—The Argentine premium on gold is rumored to have reached 300. No further telegrams have been received here.

## EFFECTS IN THE WEST

### The Results of the Great Financial Flurry.

### A Pacific Coast Firm Caught in the Flow.

### Receiver Appointed for the Oregon Improvement Company—Liabilities \$2,000,000.

PORTLAND, Or., November 25.—In the United States Circuit Court this morning Elijah Smith and Prosper Smith, of New York, through their attorneys, made application for the appointment of a receiver for the Oregon Improvement Company, in order to secure the credit of the company under the present financial situation. The petition was granted, Joseph Simon, of this city, being appointed receiver. His bonds were fixed at \$100,000.

The application shows that all the properties of the Oregon Improvement Company are subject to liens. The first lien of what is known as the first mortgage of the company was made to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, as trustee December 1, 1880. The second, what is known as consolidated mortgage of the Oregon Improvement Company, is made to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, November 1, 1880. The first mortgage was made to secure an issue of \$5,000,000 in first mortgage bonds, payable December 1, 1910, with interest at 6 per cent.

All of the first mortgage bonds are now outstanding except about \$500,000 that have been retired and cancelled by operation of the sinking fund provided for. In meeting the interest on outstanding first mortgage bonds being 3 per cent on about \$4,500,000 will be due on December 1 next. The consolidated mortgage was made and executed November 1, 1880, to secure an issue of \$15,000,000 payable in 1930 with interest at 5 per cent. Consolidated mortgage bonds to the amount of \$800,000 are outstanding.

Loans to the amount of \$175,000 secured from individuals and corporations will mature in a few days. Many of these loans are held in New York City. Owing to the condition of the money market it was impossible to renew the loans for the past year the company has been engaged in the purchase and development of railroad lines in Washington, causing a large outlay of money. The liabilities of the company are about \$2,000,000.

J. C. Haines, general attorney of the Oregon Improvement company, said this afternoon: "The object of the company, so far as it has gone, is simply to preserve the integrity of the present system and to keep it together. We want to prevent the company's property from being broken into fragments and sold under attachment for the floating indebtedness of the company. The sales thereof would be ruinous to not only stockholders but to creditors as well. If the company is not discontinued it can pay off every dollar of its indebtedness, which will not exceed \$7,000,000, while the company's property is worth at least \$10,000,000. The situation now is that the court has broken up the company by virtue of its office, and accordingly no attachments can be levied against it unless the court grants a creditor permission to bring suit."

Receiver Simon will file his bond and assume control of the company's affairs at once.

ASSURANCES OF SOLVENCY. NEW YORK, November 25.—The Evening Post quotes Treasurer Smith, of the Oregon Improvement Company, as saying he expected to be able to soon issue an address in explanation of the whole situation to the stockholders.

In the meantime he would say the company is in a prosperous condition and had earned and paid 3 per cent on its capital stock. The receivership will be in the interest of the company and the bondholders will be fully protected. One of the directors is quoted as saying there is no question of the solvency of the company.

## COMMENTS ON THE SITUATION.

The General Idea Concerning the Improvement Company's Assignment.

SEATTLE, Wash., November 25.—The application for the appointment of a receiver for the Oregon Improvement Company was the one subject of conversation today among railroad men. There was a general agreement that the railroads, the building of which was the immediate cause of the company's difficulties, were only built for the purpose of benefiting the townsite. The railroads being sold to some of the great railroad companies.

The Northern Pacific declined an outright purchase of the Seattle & Northern Road and was satisfied with a ninety-nine year traffic agreement. The road, however, served the purpose of booting the property. It traversed some rich land on the Sound, both agricultural and mineral, and may soon become a rich source of revenue.

With the Port Townsend Southern, the circumstances are different. It is entirely isolated from any railroad system until it is extended to Olympia, a distance of eighty miles. For half this distance it would traverse the base of the Olympia mountains and would have to depend for business on the products of a narrow strip of land. The settlement of this strip has only begun and while the mountains are reported to be rich in minerals their development has not progressed so far as prospecting and all that is known is the result of explorations made within the last year. The construction of a railroad through such a section affords no inducements to practical railroad men and it was found impossible to sell the twenty miles of road from Port Townsend to Hooker's Lake. The chance of recouping these two roads disappeared and the borrowed money, used in building them, instead of being realized upon promptly with profit, became a permanent investment, with only prospective profits.

## ACROSS THE ATLANTIC

### Beginning of the Session of Parliament.

### Gladstone Asks That Parnell Retire.

### English Liberals Condemn the Irish Leader—Irish Members Still Support Parnell.

LONDON, November 25.—There was a full attendance at the opening session of the House of Commons. Parnell was present and took the seat he usually occupied, but soon retired to the lobby. When the deputy speaker read letters announcing the conviction of Dillon and O'Brien, Parnell reappeared and pushed his way forward to a seat on the third bench.

Gladstone then entered and was greeted with cheers. The Queen's address was then read. Slaney moved a resolution, simply thanking the Queen for the address.

## AMERICA'S EXPOSITION.

### THE COMMISSION ADOPTS THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT.

Board of Lady Managers Makes Its Selection of Nine Vice-Presidents—South American Exhibits. CHICAGO, November 25.—At the meeting of the World's Fair Commission today the report of the joint conference committee was adopted, and President Harrison will now be advised that everything is in readiness for him to issue his proclamation to the nations of the world.

The recommendation of the foreign affairs committee that W. E. Curtis, of Washington, be placed in charge of securing exhibits from the Latin-American republics was accepted and referred to the department of foreign affairs, when created.

The Board of Lady Managers has selected the following vice-presidents: First, Mrs. Trautman, of New York; second, Mrs. Burleigh, of Maine; third, Mrs. Price, of North Carolina; fourth, Miss Minor, of Louisiana; fifth, Mrs. Wilkins, of the District of Columbia; sixth, Mrs. Ashley, of Colorado; seventh, Mrs. Ginty, of Wisconsin; eighth, Mrs. Salisbury, of Utah; ninth, or vice-president-at-large, Mrs. Russell Harrison, of Montana.

## BIG POTATO CROP.

### Wyoming Takes the Banner for the Largest Yield of the Season.

NEW YORK, November 25.—Nine hundred and seventy-four bushels of potatoes were grown on one acre of land in Johnson County, Wyoming, the past season.

This wins the first prize of several hundred dollars offered by the *American Agriculturist* for the largest yield of potatoes on one exact acre.

Another large crop was that of R. A. Chisholm, of Del Norte, Colo., of 847½ bushels.

## Arrival of Brazilian War Ships.

NEW YORK, November 25.—The Brazilian fleet, consisting of the ironclad Aquidaban and the wooden corvette Guanabara, arrived off quarantine this afternoon. The ironclad grounded in the lower bay and both vessels remain there tonight. The United States steamers Yorktown and Dolphin exchanged courtesies. The visitors will come up the bay tomorrow.

## Railway Rate Decision.

CHICAGO, November 25.—In the matter of ninety 1000 mile editorial transportation tickets over the Atchison Road, bought up in scalpers' offices by the Rock Island, Chairman Finley has decided that the Atchison must redeem them. All tickets found on the market at disturbing rates must be redeemed, whether they have been bulletined for dishonoring by conductors or not.

## Death of Mrs. Partington.

BOSTON, November 25.—Benjamin Penhallow Shillaber, familiarly known as "Mrs. Partington," died this evening at Chelsea, aged 76. For many years the victim of rheumatism, he died of heart disease, having within a short time been prostrated by the latter affliction.

## VOLCANIC ACTIVITY

### EXHIBITED IN THE UNITED STATES OF COLOMBIA.

Atrocious Crimes Committed by Brazilians on the Colombian Frontier—Formation of a New Cabinet. PANAMA, November 25.—Advices from Bogota state that a new cabinet has been formed by Marcelliano Vilez.

Advices from Quetzaltenango say that earthquakes and subterranean rumblings continue to increase in Almolongo. In Tumul buildings are much damaged. The whole hill region, from Santa Maria southward, for a long time has been in a state of volcanic activity. A number of hot water streams and columns of sulphurous smoke are visible.

The Colombian Minister of Foreign Affairs has forwarded a dispatch to Brazil saying that information has been received that at Coqueta some Brazilians have captured a number of natives of Colombia and carried them off to the Putunayo river, where they have been sold as slaves. Other atrocious crimes have been committed on the frontier by unknown Brazilians. Most vigorous protests and a demand for justice have been made by Colombia.

## THE SPORTING WORLD

### Choynski Bests Fogarty in Australia.

### Godfrey Wins a Battle From Smith.

### Wet Racing on the Bay District Track—Release of a San Francisco Pugilist.

NEW YORK, November 25.—The long expected glove fight between George Godfrey, colored, of Providence, and Ed. Smith, of Denver, took place tonight at Hoboken, under the auspices of the Puritan Athletic Club, at Long Island City, and resulted in a victory for Godfrey. Jere Dunn was referee and held the \$2000 purse.

From the start it was plain that Smith was overmatched. He made a game fight, however, and several times resumed work after being apparently done for.

Godfrey gained advantages in nearly every round and in the twenty-third landed a heavy right-hander on Smith's ear. Smith staggered and nearly fell, and as he was making an effort to again put up his hands, Referee Dunn stopped the fight, giving it to Godfrey.

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SAN FRANCISCO, November 25.—The Bay District track was heavy owing to a light rain having fallen.

First race, three-quarter mile heats—Applause won first and second heats, Forester second. Best time 1:18½.

Second race, one and three-quarter miles—Sheridan won, Mabel F. second. Time 3:11½.

Third race, five-eighths of a mile—Rio won, Princess E first second. Time 1:03.

Third race, seven-eighths of a mile—Sirox won, Cheerful second. Time 1:34.

## Choynski Wins Another Battle.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., November 25.—The long-expected prize fight between Joe Choynski, of San Francisco, and Jack Fogarty, of Australia, took place today. The fight was desperate from the start and resulted in a victory for Choynski.

## AN OFFICIAL PREROGATIVE.

Exercised by Senator Stanford, in Answer to a Summons.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 25.—Senator Stanford left today for Washington, in spite of a summons from the Superior Court to appear before it and testify concerning an alleged violation of the election laws, with which he is charged by ex-Senator P. J. Murphy.

Senator Stanford exercised his official prerogative and signed an affidavit, which stated that he was called to Washington by his senatorial duties and, unless he started today, he would not arrive in time for the opening of Congress, on next Monday. Senator Stanford will probably be examined by a commission at Washington.

## THE BARRING BANK.

Plan on Which the Reorganization Was Effected.

LONDON, November 25.—Thomas Baring has placed his large fortune at the disposal of the reorganized Baring company as a reserve. By the articles of the association the company agrees, at six months' notice, given at any time before December 31, 1895, to transfer the business to the transferees on the payment of a sum equal to 120 per cent of the company's paid up capital of will convert the then existing share capital into deferred shares of £100 each, and 6 per cent preference shares at the rate of 120 for each 100 for the new shareholders.

## LIFE SAVING SERVICE.

Superintendent Kimball on the Work of the Past Year. WASHINGTON, November 25.—The annual report of General Superintendent Kimball, of the Life Saving Service, shows the number of disasters to documented vessels within the field of the station operations during the year was 384. On board these were 3197 persons, of whom 3159 were saved. The estimated value of these vessels and cargoes was \$7,555,008; of this \$5,451,843 was saved. The number of vessels totally lost was seventy-six. In addition, there were 145 casualties to smaller crafts, on which were 289 persons, of whom 289 were saved.

## A QUICK REPLY.

The Prompt Answer of Secretary Blaine to a Democratic Threat.

WASHINGTON, November 25.—Referring to the objection made by some Democratic members of the National Commission at Chicago, yesterday, to some proposed work of the State Department in aid of foreign exhibitors, Secretary Blaine today telegraphed Chairman Walker, of the Foreign Affairs Committee, saying that once the work was considered partisan by some of the Commissioners the offer was withheld and the Department awaits the official request of the Commission for any service it may desire.

## Talk Temperance to the President.

WASHINGTON, November 25.—A committee of ladies, of which Mrs. Hughes, of Arizona, is chairman, appointed by the National Convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, called on the President and Secretary of War today and urged an order forbidding the sale of beer and light wines at military garrisons.

## The Weather in Austr.

VIENNA, November 25.—A sharp frost is general throughout Bohemia. The floods are generally subsiding, but the Danube and Elbe are still rising. There were two sharp shocks of earthquake today.

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