

## WORK OF CONGRESS

### An All-Night Session in the Senate.

#### Changes Proposed in Mineral Land Laws.

##### A Bill Presented to the House For the Organization of Alaska as a Territory.

WASHINGTON, January 16.—In the Senate the Elections bill was taken up, with Mr. Pasco on the floor.

A resolution was adopted giving the Silver Pool Committee leave to sit during the session of the House and granting it power to conduct its investigations outside of Washington if advisable.

Mr. Pasco soon yielded to Mr. Hoar, who had read an article from the *Anglo-Saxon Churchman*, of Little Rock, speaking of election methods, etc.

Mr. Jones, of Arkansas, stated that the writer of the article was not a Southern man; that he was a truthful, well-meaning man, but had not been on the ground long enough to understand the matter, and therefore his opinion was worth no more than that of the Senator from Massachusetts.

Mr. Berry, of Arkansas, took part in the discussion, speaking of Senator Hoar as a man who passed his life stirring up strife among his neighbors, the danger of which he had never shared himself.

After this diversion, which occupied about an hour, Mr. Pasco continued his speech, giving notice of an amendment to punish bribery by the payment of money or by the promise of procuring employment to voters, and to punish the use of pay envelopes, intended to influence workmen. He yielded to Mr. Hoar, who also gave notice of some amendment, the effect being to give to the judge only power to determine whether Federal supervision of an election was necessary, and to give to the Accounting Officer of the Treasury power to audit the accounts of the supervisor.

The Fortification bill was then reported back with amendments, during the intermission.

Mr. Pasco again, at 6-10, yielded to Mr. Wolcott, who moved an adjournment.

Mr. Frye demanded the yeas and nays, which resulted: Yeas, 27; nays, 22; Messrs. Stewart and Wolcott being the only Republicans voting aye.

Mr. Pasco then gave his speech.

Mr. Hampton then spoke against the bill and Mr. Dixon in its favor.

Mr. Keagan spoke against the bill and declared that as dear as life was to him he would, as God was his judge, if he could save the American people from the pending measure by giving up his life, he would do so as freely as he had ever performed any act in his life.

At the close of Mr. Keagan's speech a motion was made by Mr. Hoar to lay Mr. Butler's amendment, that the supervisor's canvasser shall be regarded as ministerial and not a judicial officer, on the table and it was agreed to; yeas, 37; nays, 20.

The amendment offered by Mr. Faulkner, proposing a substitute for section 14, to provide for the appointment by the court of a board of three persons in each Congressional District, to be known as the United States Board of Canvassers, was taken up. Mr. Faulkner advocated the amendment and condemned the action of Republican Senators in stifling discussion, by moving to lay the amendment on the table. In the course of the colloquy between Messrs. Faulkner, Gray and Spooner, the latter stated as an illustration of what the bill meant if he had a nail on the back of his neck, he would not think it necessary to place a postage over his whole back. The illustration was taken advantage of by Mr. Faulkner, who saw in it an admission that it was a partisan measure, to be put in force only in one part of the country.

At 1 a. m. Mr. Faulkner was still addressing the Senate, and it seems good for several hours, and it is pretty evident that the object of the Democratic side is to occupy time. There are not more than a dozen Senators on each side of the chamber, but there are large reserves in the cloak room ready to meet any phase of the question that may present itself. The galleries are now nearly empty, but the prospect is that the session will continue through the watches of night, and perhaps all day tomorrow.

Mr. Faulkner continued speaking until 1:20, when the absence of a quorum was brought to the attention of the chair by Mr. Sargent. A call of the roll showed only thirty-six Senators present, only five of that number being Democrats.

A motion was made by Mr. Hoar to compel the attendance of the absentees, but Mr. Harris made the point of order that the first motion under the rules was to direct the sergeant-at-arms to request the attendance of the absent Senators.

The presiding officer (Mr. Washburn) sustained the point of order, and Mr. Hoar changed the motion accordingly. The motion was agreed to and a list of the absentees was furnished the Sergeant-at-Arms. The only Democrats present were Messrs. Cockrell, Faulkner, Gorman, Harris and Pasco.

Before the list had been handed to the Sergeant-at-Arms five more Senators, all Republicans, had answered, making the number present forty-one, or four less than a quorum.

A quorum was finally secured at 2:50. Mr. Gorman moved that further proceedings be dispensed with, which motion was rejected.

Thus when the Senate attempted to resume, it was discovered that two or three Senators had slipped out again. Some sent word they were ill and could not come.

At 4:15 a. m. there is no quorum and no signs of adjournment.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, January 16.—The House this morning went into Committee of

## THEY HELD A POWWOW

### An Uneventful Day at Pine Ridge Agency.

#### The Indians Giving Up Arms Slowly.

##### Ogallalas and Brules Hold a Conference and Listen to Good Advice From Friendly Chiefs.

PINE RIDGE AGENCY, January 16.—This afternoon an important conference took place on invitation of the Ogallalas in the vicinity of the friendly camp. Six hundred Brules were present. The Ogallalas had prepared a feast of hot coffee and boiled dog. The only white men present were Lieutenant Taylor, of the Ninth Cavalry, commander of the Ogallala scouts, and ex-Agent McGillivray. All the prominent Ogallala and Brule chiefs were present.

American Horse made a strong talk in favor of the Indians complying with General Miles' orders, and saying the chiefs should return to their homes and bring their young men to respect their white friends; dissuade them from violence and compel their children to return to school.

Short Bull said many of the Rosebud Indians wanted to come to Pine Ridge because they knew they would be treated better there. They were starved at their agency sometimes and they wanted to live with their brothers in one place. People carried lies about the Indians when they were separated.

High Pipe and Two Strikes also spoke and were followed by Standing Soldier, a fine young chief, and a member of the Taylor scouts. He said some had come to the agency to make trouble and had killed friendly Indians. That had caused the soldiers to be sent against them and made General Miles command them to lay down their arms. He hoped all of them would comply with the order, because it would bring peace again.

A short time ago he had brought to White Hot (Lieutenant Taylor) a good many of Sitting Bull's men. They had been well treated and their ponies fed with grain and hay. If Big Foot and his band had at once come in they would have been treated in the same manner. The trouble which came to him was brought on by his own people.

Mr. McGillivray then gave the Indians a talk in which he pointed out the errors they had made. He advised them to obey the regulations.

Lieutenant Taylor was asked by the Indians to talk. He said he knew the Ogallalas and was satisfied they were friendly. He did not know the Brules so well, but thought they were good men. In the greater part of the trouble he had observed that the Indians always had good excuse, and thought they had some excuse in this instance. If they wished to remain in peace all they had to do was to comply with the orders of General Miles. Those who had good sense should set the example and control the young men. They had turned in a very few guns, and every one knew they had many more. The Great Spirit had, so far this winter, given them extraordinarily good weather. If a blizzard should come up their children and women should die and they and the soldiers would suffer. He hoped they would immediately comply with General Miles' order so that the soldiers could go home. If they did, some of the chiefs would be taken to Washington to state their grievances to the Great Father. Their rights would be recognized by the present officers over them.

The council closed in the best possible humor, the Brules having listened intently and good results are expected from the council.

The Indians have turned in fifty-one guns out of about 1400 they are believed to possess.

## WORLD'S FAIR EXPENSES.

### Estimates Sent to Congress by the Secretary of the Treasury.

#### WASHINGTON, January 16.—The President today transmitted to Congress the report of the World's Columbian Exposition and the progress made. The report covers matters which have already been published.

##### The Secretary of the Treasury transmitted the House Appropriations Committee's estimates for the purpose of the World's Exposition for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1892, prepared by the officers of the commission. The estimates are the expenses of two meetings of the commission in September, 1891, and April, 1892, and are as follows: Salaries of officers, clerks, etc., \$50,000; rent, furniture, etc., \$11,000; stationery, etc., \$7,000; committee meetings, including the Board of Control, \$20,000; expenses connected with the admission of foreign goods to the Exposition, \$23,000; other expenses that cannot now be estimated, \$500; total, \$153,000. The estimates for similar expenses of the Board of Lady Managers are \$50,000.

## HONORING THE DEAD

### Memorial Day in the Arizona Supreme Court.

#### Fitting Tributes to Their Deceased Brethren.

##### Several Members Pay Eloquent Testimonials to the Late Hons. G. H. Oury and Sumner Howard.

The session of the Supreme Court yesterday was devoted to the memory of two of its distinguished dead. The committee appointed to report on the death of the Hon. Sumner Howard, ex-Chief Justice, by its chairman, Attorney-General Clark Churchill, asked further time, which was granted. Hon. A. C. Baker, chairman of the committee on Hon. G. H. Oury, presented the following resolutions:

Obedient to the request of this Honorable Court we now tender in its presence this tribute to the memory of our departed friend and brother, Honorable Sumner Howard, who has been summoned by the Supreme Judge of heaven and earth, from the concern and care of human laws to answer the requirements of Divine law.

In the whirl of this busy but shallow life the departure of any man, no matter how exalted his intellect, how fastidious his morals or commanding his station, creates but a temporary disturbance upon the bosom of life's flowing stream; but now and again one disappearing in the vortex of eternity creates a void in the great circle of friends and brothers which is sincerely and long remembered. Such a loss has been sustained in the death of Hon. G. H. Oury by this Territory, whose cradle he helped to rock, and by the bar which he adorned and honored, whose untiring fidelity and consistency to a friend, whose unflinching efforts for a client—however low or humble—whose marked personal and professional integrity, whose genial intercourse withal, combined to show a great and noble heart and justly earned for him esteem and love. He therefore left behind him a void which it is our duty to fill.

Resolved, That affected by a sense of the loss which we in common with all the citizens of this Territory have sustained in the death of our friend and brother, Sumner Howard, we will cherish his memory as a noble example in the nobleness of heart and his fortitude of mind in his efforts to remove the difficulties lying in the way to the prosperous settlement of a new country and the just administration of the laws thereof. That we will respectfully request the people of the Territory in their local Legislatures and in the halls of Congress, and his country in the halls of the Senate, to do honor to his memory as greatly to its credit and of him it may be truthfully said that he did as much as any other man with the same facilities to direct the course of his very brilliant destiny—a stand in the great sisterhood of States in this Union—his noble career is unimpaired by any single act of unbecoming conduct or unwarrantable step in a simple, sturdy honesty—the brightest jewel in our profession.

Resolved, That we commend this proceeding to the Supreme Court of this Territory with a request that it be spread upon the minutes hereof, and a copy be furnished to the widow of the deceased.

A. C. BAKER,  
W. STEWART,  
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E. J. BALDWIN,  
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Committee.

## SCHEMERS AT WORK

### The Kansas Legislature in a Great Muddle.

#### Republicans to Be Unseated by the Alliance.

##### Action to Thwart Their Plans Taken by the State Senate—The Situation at Denver.

KANSAS CITY, January 16.—A special to the *Times* from Topeka, Kas., says sensational developments in the Senatorial fight may be expected soon.

The Farmers' Alliance last night decided to unseat seven Republican members in the lower house and seat seven Farmers' Alliance candidates.

When this fact became known to the Republicans of the Senate it is said they decided to adjourn the Senate on the very day that the Republicans of the lower house are unseated. The adjournment will be sine die, and will prevent the holding of a joint session to elect a Senator. The choice of the Senator to succeed Ingalls will then devolve upon Governor Humphreys, who, it is said, will name Ingalls.

IN COLORADO.

The Factions in the State Legislature Still at Loggerheads.

DENVER, January 16.—The warring factions in the House of Representatives have failed to reach an amicable settlement of their differences.

The Police Inspector shot yesterday by McCoy, died this morning.

The Senators Accept Bill.

DENVER, January 16.—Governor Rout today received a telegram from Senators Teller and Wolcott, saying the telegram signed by yourself and others, urging an acquiescence in ex-Senator Hill's nomination as a Monetary Commissioner has been received. Hill's nomination was intended, as it is everywhere recognized as an affront to Colorado's Senators for their course respecting silver, but we have concluded to request his confirmation, being animated by a desire to further the true interest of Colorado. We fear if Mr. Hill is rejected some non-metalist would be appointed in his stead. The Senators also request the Governor and other signers of the telegram to join in an effort to reconcile the unhappy differences now existing in the Colorado House of Representatives.

They Want a Re-count.

LINCOLN, Neb., January 16.—Petitions are being circulated throughout this State asking the Legislature for a re-count of the votes cast at last November's election.

OPERATORS OUT.

The St. Paul Road Badly Crippled by the Strike.

CHICAGO, January 16.—Grand Chief Thurston, of the order of Railway Telegraphers, and the Grievance Committee of station agents and telegraph operators, on the lines of the St. Paul road, are in conference in this city.

According to their statement, the road will be seriously crippled by the strike. They claim to have advices that 400 out of 500 men on the line, are out, and that additional delegations are constantly being received by telegraph and mail, making the knock-off practically unanimous.

Seventy-Two Quit Work.

MILWAUKEE, January 16.—Seventy-two operators and station agents, employed on the lines of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul system, quit work. General Manager Earling says there has been no reduction of salaries, but simply an equalization.

Striking at Cedar Rapids.

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Operators Resign.

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General Wallace's Nephew Killed.

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CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

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## PASSED OVER THE RIVER.

### A Bright and Talented Young Actress Dies of Pneumonia.

#### CHICAGO, January 16.—Miss Lillian Owen, of the Sol Smith Russell Company, who was journeying eastward from San Francisco, to wed Mr. Charles Kent, of the Stuart Robson Company, died here today of pneumonia, after a short illness.

##### She was taken ill at Salt Lake, but managed to continue the journey until she reached Chicago, the consulting physicians at Salt Lake advising that she had better come on here.

#### Her sister and mother, who came from San Francisco with the company, were present when she died. The body will be embalmed and shipped to San Francisco.

## LARGE CONFLAGRATION.

### Six Carpet Mills Near Philadelphia a Mass of Ruins.

#### PHILADELPHIA, January 16.—A fire broke out at a late hour tonight in the carpet mills of John and James Dobson at the Falls of the Schuylkill, a suburb of the city.

##### The carpet mill is located in the center of a group of six mill buildings, comprising one of the largest establishments of the kind in the United States.

#### At 1:30 a. m. the six-story carpet and plush mill, the wool storage house and Brussels carpet and plush mill were completely destroyed. The fire is still burning, but is believed to be under control.

## NEWS OF THE RAIL.

### Salt Lake Objects to the Passenger and Freight Rates—Other Rumblings.

#### CHICAGO, January 16.—The Western roads have received demands formulated by the Salt Lake Chamber of Commerce, for an amendment to the freight and passenger rates. The managers interested say the claims made are in most cases unjust. In respect to the passenger rate, they say the rate from Chicago to Salt Lake is \$2.50, first-class; \$2.75, second, and \$2.50 for the round trip. To Helena they are \$1.50, first, \$3.50, second, and \$3.00 round trip. To California points, \$2.50, first; \$4.75, second, and \$3.00 round trip.

##### The managers say a carload of passengers is taken to California for every passenger taken to Salt Lake and that the Salt Lake people get all the benefit of the traffic passing through there.

## TRANSCONTINENTAL ASSOCIATION MEETS.

### SAN FRANCISCO, January 16.—The passenger committee of the Transcontinental Association met this morning, but owing to the non-arrival of Chairman White, the representative of the Santa Fe system, the meeting adjourned till tomorrow without transacting any business of importance.

## THE CALL IGNORED.

### CHICAGO, January 16.—In accordance with the call sent out, the traffic managers of the lines embraced in the President's Association began a meeting here today. No one was present to represent the Great Northern, Chicago & Alton, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, who are ignoring the meeting as completely as if they had no knowledge of it.

## A MURDERER PRONOUNCED SANE.

### NEW YORK, January 16.—Alphonse Stephano, who shot and killed ex-Judge Reynolds last May, was today pronounced sane by a majority of a commission of three appointed to inquire into Stephano's mental condition. He will now have to stand trial.

## DEMPEY NOT DEAD.

NEW ORLEANS, January 16.—The rumor which was started this evening to the effect that Jack Dempsey was dead, is absolutely without foundation. He is getting better rapidly and will be about as usual, tomorrow. His nose was not broken as reported.

The jury in the case of defaulting State Treasurer Archer, of Maryland, rendered a verdict yesterday against his sureties for \$60,000.

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