

TWELFTH YEAR.

PHOENIX, ARIZONA, TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 10, 1901.

VOL. XII. NO. 206.

WASHING OF LINEN

South Carolina Quarrel Brought in Senate

TILLMAN'S CHALLENGE

To McLaurin to Resign on the Spot and Submit Their Controversy to the People of Their State—Senator Hear Suggests an Island for the Confinement of the Anarchists of the World.

Washington, Dec. 9.—The senate chamber was the scene of a highly dramatic episode today when Senator Tillman of South Carolina challenged his colleague, Senator McLaurin, to resign with him on the spot in order, to use his own language, that they might be able to "wash their dirty linen at home." Mr. McLaurin did not take up the gauge.

The incident today was the direct result of the very bitter controversy which arose between the senators in South Carolina last spring. Mr. McLaurin arose to a question of personal privilege today and proceeded to explain what he charged was a conspiracy to discredit him in his own state for facts and views which did not meet the approval of certain democratic leaders. He declared that he was being humiliated, and, according to the public prints, was to be excluded from the democratic caucus because he had acted on certain public issues in a way which he considered was for the best interest of the country and the people of his state. He announced himself to be a believer in the old democracy, and after denouncing the new or "cannibal" leaders, who, he said, had brought destruction upon the party, he declared he could not be driven from his old allegiance into a party with which he did not care to affiliate.

In the course of his speech, which called for Mr. Tillman's challenge, he said that the campaign against him had been one of vituperation and misrepresentation. As to appointments in the state, he sought to have democrats appointed. Where this could not be accomplished he tried to have republicans selected that would give satisfaction to the people. He did not mention the crime of burning a postmaster repeated in his state.

Senator Hear today introduced the following resolution: "That the president be requested, if he shall deem it practicable, to enter into negotiations with other civilized powers to the end that a convention may be made in accordance with terms by which some island, or if that cannot be done, some other suitable territory, may be set apart to which, under due precautions and after fair and proper trial, persons found guilty of plotting or conspiring the overthrow of all governments or criminal attempts upon the life of chief magistrates or high officials of such governments may be transported and to which they may be confined."

Senator Frye today introduced the new ship subsidy bill. It differs in form from the subsidy bill of the past two sessions and is divided into four titles and fifteen sections.

Senator Lodge today presented to the senate in executive session the report of the committee on foreign relations recommending favorably the new or "cannibal" treaty with the isthmian canal treaty and he gave notice that tomorrow he would ask the senate to go into executive session for the consideration of the treaty, repeating the request each day until the senate should act upon it.

The report of the committee on judicial recommendations the confirmation of Attorney General Knox was submitted, but went over until tomorrow.

RETURN OF GENERAL WOOD.

Washington, Dec. 9.—General Wood, the military governor of Cuba, left today for New York, where he will take

SHOOT AGAIN.

Although Coffee Took His Eyesight For Awhile.

A Colorado snip cook had to quit his job because he could not make coffee without drinking it himself and it was killing him. He says he used to take a cup of coffee before he got his breakfast for the men, for he felt the need of keeping up his strength and his stomach troubled him so much.

FOR "FRENCHY'S" PARDON.

Governor Odell Reserves Decision—The Key Found at Cranford.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 9.—Governor Odell today listened for an hour to a plea for the pardon of Amos Brown, otherwise known as "Frenchy," who in serving a life sentence in Clinton prison for the murder in April, 1891, of a dissolute woman known as "Old Shakespear" in the East Side hotel, New York City.

Several efforts in the past few years have been made to secure the pardon of "Frenchy," but all have failed. Last spring George Damon of Cranford, N. J., turned over to Odell a "key," "Frenchy's" counsel, a key which, it is asserted, belonged to the door of room 21, in which the murder was committed, together with a statement that it was brought to his house the morning after the woman's murder by a Norwegian sailor named Frank, who at that time was in his employ. This was the principal point upon which Paul Fuller today based his plea for the pardon of "Frenchy." Governor Odell reserved his decision.

WOMAN WANTS FORTUNE.

Washington, Dec. 9.—Mrs. Caroline Ellice of Allegheny, Pa., has written to President Roosevelt asking his assistance to secure what she alleges is due her of a fortune of \$100,000 or more left by her father, Charles Bringle, who went to Hawaii in 1850 under the name of Simon Welbert. She alleges that the will under which Samuel M. Damon, formerly a member of President Dole's cabinet, was made chief beneficiary was forged.

REBELS ON THE RUN.

Colombian Insurgents Have Taken to the Hills.

Colon, Colombia, Dec. 9.—Normal conditions prevail at Panama. At San Pedro, Rivas, and other points the skulls and bones of dead bodies which were recently burned, are still visible from the trains. The government forces under General Castro did not meet any liberals on arriving at Araya Dulce. The liberals are supposed to have retreated to the mountain fastnesses, where Castro will pursue them. At Panama it is thought probable that General Alban will devote his attention shortly to an effort to recapture Port Tamayo.

JONES OF NEVADA SETTLES.

Millionaire's Household Goods Temporarily Attached.

New York, Dec. 9.—United States Senator John F. Jones' household effects, including his jewelry, carpets and stoneware, which were sent here from Washington to be sold at public auction by a Broadway firm, were under attachment for one day. The attachment was for \$800 and was obtained by the trustee in payment of a claim of the Empire Steel and Iron company, from Justice Beach of the supreme court on Monday. Yesterday the millionaire senator's lawyer in this city settled the claim in cash. It appears that last June Senator Jones gave a ninety-day note in payment of a claim of the Empire Steel and Iron company. The ninety days expired on September 5. The note was then assigned to Trivett.

The company's lawyers, Simerwell, Shoup & Yerville, saw advertisements in the papers of the sale of Senator Jones' household goods and the attachment was obtained.

THE TAFT TARIFF

Will Still Remain on Goods Entering the Philippines.

Washington, Dec. 9.—Secretary Root, accompanied by Colonel Edward, chief of the insular division of the war department, was with the republican members of the ways and means committee throughout the afternoon, going over the Philippine tariff situation. Mr. Root emphasized the fact that the new tariff of the Philippine commission had gone into effect only a few weeks ago November 15, and he favored a continuance by congress of the rates established by the commission. The committee took no final action, adjourning until tomorrow, when a measure will be agreed upon.

COMMITTEE MEASURE.

Washington, Dec. 9.—Chairman Payne of the ways and means committee today presented to his republican colleagues of the committee a tariff bill for the Philippines which had been drawn to meet the conditions of the recent supreme court decision. The bill is quite brief, with two main features—applying the Dingley law as against the Philippine exports to this country and applying the Philippine commission's tariff schedule to goods entering the Philippines. It will be presented to the full committee tomorrow.

THE LOOKOUT LYNCHERS.

Albany, Cal., Dec. 9.—After twelve days of hard work the last juror was obtained today for the trial of the case of the Lookout lynchings, when five men were hanged by a mob.

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GROWING EXPORTS

But a Falling Off in Iron, Copper and Steel

In the Case of the First Two There Are Several Causes—In the Last There Has Been a Decreased Production.

Washington, Dec. 9.—Exportation of manufactures from the United States continues to show a healthy growth in nearly all important articles except copper and iron and steel. The export figures just made public by the treasury bureau of statistics show that in the ten months ending with October exports of copper have fallen about \$2,000,000 and of iron and steel about \$2,900,000, making a total reduction in these two classes of \$4,900,000. The total reduction in exports of manufactures of all kinds during the same time is only \$4,100,000, thus showing an increase in the exportation of manufactures as a whole exclusive of these two articles, copper and iron and steel.

The value of copper exports in the ten months ending with October is 45 1/2 per cent below that for the corresponding months of the preceding year, and the value of iron and steel exports is 21 1/2 per cent below that for the corresponding months of last year.

In the other manufactures, taking the entire group except copper and iron and steel, there is, as already indicated, an actual increase. In the case of iron and steel the reduction is partly due to reduced prices per unit of quantity, in part to a reduced demand abroad and in part to forced sales at low rates in certain foreign countries. In copper the reduction is not due to reduced prices, the average value per pound of the copper exports of the ten months of this year, viz., 15 1/2 per cent.

The reduction in exports, therefore, in quantity, the exportation of ingots, bars and plates falling from 99,160,144 pounds in the ten months of 1900 to 62,728,287 pounds in the corresponding months of 1901. This falling off in the case of copper is due in part to a reduced demand in the European countries which were the chief foreign market for American copper and in part to an increased production in other countries and reduction of prices by foreign producers.

The only other important article showing a material reduction is mineral oil, which is about 20 per cent less than in the corresponding months of last year; but this decrease is solely due to reduced prices, the number of gallons exported in the ten months ending with October being 60,239,023 greater than that for the corresponding months of the preceding year.

DEAD GIRL WAS ROSELEFEBVRE

Chicago, Dec. 9.—The mystery which surrounded the identity of the woman who died Sunday afternoon in the city of Mrs. Mary Volz, a widow, was cleared up last evening when the body was identified by Michael Donovan as that of Rose Lefebvre, who roomed next door to the place where she died. She was from Ontario, Canada. The cause of death has not been determined definitely.

BURIED SIDE BY SIDE.

Husband and Wife Die Within Forty-Eight Hours of Each Other.

Yonkers, N. Y., Dec. 9.—A double funeral will take place in this city on Wednesday morning when Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Doran, father and mother of Chief Veterinarian Dr. P. P. Doran of the Yonkers health department, will be buried side by side. Mr. Doran died suddenly last Saturday evening and was to have been buried this morning, but the funeral was postponed on account of the sudden death last night of his wife. Mrs. Doran was taken very ill immediately after her husband's death.

A CORN CAUSES DEATH.

Gilbert G. Young Dies After a Second Amputation of His Leg.

New York, Dec. 9.—Gilbert G. Young, president of the Young-Breman company, dealers in stone-crushing machines, died tonight at his home, 111 Hancock street, Brooklyn, in his sixty-fourth year. There were some peculiar features in his illness, which started in the summer of 1899, originating in the paring of a corn on the right foot by a chiropodist. Gangrene set in and on Feb. 6 last the lower part of the leg had to be amputated.

It was soon found that the malady had not been eradicated and finally another operation was suggested by Drs. Bellows and Bryant, the attending physicians, as the only possible means of prolonging the patient's life. Mr. Young himself and most of his relatives were opposed to the operation, but he finally consented, declaring that it was not reasonable or wise for him and his friends to let their wishes outweigh the professional opinions of two capable and competent physicians.

The operation was performed on Sunday, death ensuing within thirty hours. Mrs. Young was a son of Pierce A. Young, who was comptroller of the city of New York in 1847. He owned considerable real estate in the Bedford district and it is understood he leaves a large estate. His wife and one daughter survive him.

SHIP ME ONE WIFE.

Farmer in Saxony Obliged His Brother Farmer in Iowa.

New York, Dec. 9.—Edward Schumann, a farmer of Saxony, Ia., and a widower with four children, recently wrote to his brother Jacob, a farmer of Saxony, to pick out an industrious

RIVAL STEEL TRUST

Sir Christopher Furness to Build Plant in Canada

English Shipping Magnate Returns After Visiting Cape Breton Coal Fields—The Plant Will Cost \$10,000,000.

New York, Dec. 9.—Sir Christopher Furness, M. P., ship owner, shipbuilder, railroad owner and engineer, who owns 125 steamers and expects to have as many more before 1903, started for England today on the North German Lloyd steamer Kronprinz Wilhelm after a tour of Canada and the United States that began last September. Sir Christopher, who is the head of Furness, Withy & Co., and of the Furness line, the chairman and director of Irvine's Shipbuilding and Dry Dock company, Tees Bridge and Engineering works, West Hartlepool Navigation company and the Wilson and Furness-Leyland line, came over here nominally to learn how it was that America was getting to windward of Great Britain in the matter of commerce and trade.

As a side issue, his trip was also to make arrangements looking toward the creation of an enormous steel plant in Canada, and he visited the coal fields of Cape Breton to learn what the resources of the island are in the matter of supplying fuel for this Canadian plant and the steamers which he intends to engage in the trade.

More than fifty steamship men of this city were at the dinner, from which the Kronprinz started, to see the great English shipping man off. The majority of these were his guests last night at a banquet which he gave at the Waldorf-Astoria, so it was learned today, and the additional information was vouchsafed that following the dinner he had a conference with several of them and that they had an option to join his new anti-American steel trust when he got ready to organize the same. Sir Christopher was accompanied on the Kronprinz by his secretary, W. H. Bessingham. The English magnate had the finest suite of rooms on the Kronprinz.

Regarding his trip throughout the country, Sir Christopher said: "After visiting Cape Breton and seeing what we could of the coal fields and mining facilities there, I made a most interesting examination of the resources of Canada, chiefly about Montreal and Quebec. Then I went across your country as far as San Francisco, because I wanted to see its facilities for handling the trade of the orient and far east, which sooner or later is to be enormous. Then I went to ranches in California, also with a business object, the nature of which I cannot divulge. I then went to New Orleans, thence to Newport News and am now going back home."

"My observations? Well, they are apt to be sure. I do not care to take the public into my confidence so far as the question of a steel plant in Canada is concerned. On that subject, I shall remain as dumb as your colleague, Mr. Bessingham, for some little time to come."

"Of your country I have much to say. Our railroad companies in England will have to alter their methods if England is to hold her own in the industrial world. When I consider what the Northwestern Railway company does and compare its methods with those I have seen here, I realize our difficulties and deficiencies. Just fancy seeing thirty wagons, carrying fifty tons each, drawn by one engine, and then compare that with what is done by any of our Durham or Northumbria land lines! It is simply astonishing. And the wonder of it all is that the cost of hauling these 1500 tons is not a whit greater than would be the cost of draying 800 tons on the other side. How can our country compete with your railways with a giant difference of that kind?"

"Few on the other side recognize the gigantic importance of the United States. When I say few I am speaking of a class in Great Britain that is supposed to be pretty fairly informed on questions affecting North America's commerce, railroads, steamships, harbors and internal greatness. You have the country and you have the land. Canada is sure to profit by the greatness of the United States. There is no reason in the world why our dominion should not be as great in every way as the United States. The question of open water on the St. Lawrence all the year around will be a small one with the modern ice breaking appliances."

CARNEGIE'S GREAT OFFER

Ten Million Dollars For a National University.

Washington, Dec. 9.—In a formal letter to President Roosevelt, Andrew Carnegie has offered \$10,000,000 for a great post graduate scientific university at Washington under government control. The terms are such that the offer can be accepted.

KILLED BY FALLING TREE.

Jackson, Miss., Dec. 9.—Manager Johnson of the Postal Telegraph company at Newton, his son and a negro were killed by a falling tree while repairing the telegraph line.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

Condition of the Stock and Bond List Yesterday.

New York, Dec. 9.—Albion, 77 1/2; Rock Island 147 1/2; Erie, 60 1/2; Great Northern preferred, 185 1/2; Manhattan, 120 1/2; Metropolitan Street Railway, 160 1/2; Missouri Pacific, 104 1/2; Jersey Central, 15; New York Central, 165 1/2; Northern Pacific preferred, 100 1/2; Pennsylvania, 124 1/2; St. Paul, 163; Southern Pacific, 59 1/2; Union Pacific, 109 1/2; Amalgamated Copper, 70 1/2; Anaconda, 21 1/2; Sugar, 12 1/2; United States Steel, 41 1/2; Western Union, 91 1/2. Money on call firm; last loan, 5 1/2 per cent; ruling rate, 6.

BONDS.

United States, registered, 108 1/2; coupon, 109; 3 1/2 registered and coupon, 108 1/2; new 4 1/2 registered and coupon, 124 1/2; old 4 1/2 registered, 111 1/2; coupon, 112 1/2; 5 1/2 registered and coupon, 107 1/2.

MURDERER NEXT TO THE GOLD.

Shackled and Guarded Beside Kronprinz Wilhelm's Treasure Room.

New York, Dec. 9.—Franz Frazzle, an Austrian, who murdered his wife and then fled to this country, was a passenger aboard the North German Lloyd steamer Kronprinz Wilhelm, which sailed yesterday for Bremen. He is shackled and confined in a steel room next to a compartment containing \$2,117,271 in gold. Two men will be in his prison and one just outside the door day and night until the voyage ends.

These unusual precautions to prevent the prisoner escaping are due to his record as a desperado. It is said that besides killing his wife he has committed several murders in Poland. He was recently released from Joliet prison, where he spent a year for forgery.

THE BIG BICYCLE RACE.

New York, Dec. 9.—Five thousand people watched the great six-day bicycle contest tonight in Madison Square Garden. The French team was obliged to withdraw, owing to an accident which disabled Gougolot. The score at midnight was: McEachern-Walkover, Fishers-Chevalier, New York-Kirby-Munro, 1500; Wilson, Foster-McLean, 484 miles, 3 laps each; King-Samuelson, Lawson-Julius, Babcock-Turville, Hall-McLaren, Frederick-Jank, Lazardre-Muller, 494 miles, 2 laps each.

CHILI PREPARING FOR WAR.

Santiago De Chile, Dec. 9.—Chili has just purchased three torpedo boat destroyers and one cruiser.

YOUNG REAMER ENLISTS.

Son of Wealthy New York Coffee Broker Takes Father's Job in Earnest.

Montclair, N. J., Dec. 9.—Dexter Reamer, son of a wealthy New York coffee broker, whose home is in Montclair, has enlisted in the United States army, together with Horace Green, another lad. They will depart for Manila in a few days.

Young Reamer was in the coffee business with his father, but cared nothing for mercantile life. He had been talking for some time of enlisting, but his father had discouraged the idea. His mother is an invalid, now in the Adirondacks, and knows nothing of his son's going into the army. Reamer spoke to his father several days ago about enlisting, and Mr. Reamer jokingly told him to go ahead. He is a strapping big fellow, and a graduate of a school at New Milford, Conn.

Young Green is also a Montclair boy, an orphan, who had lived with his aunt.

SLOSSON FELL DOWN

He Was Unexpectedly and Badly Beaten by Sutton.

New York, Dec. 9.—The surprise of the international billiard tournament occurred in the afternoon game between George Sutton of Chicago and George Slosson of New York. Slosson, having won the bank, failed to score at the start and Sutton ran up 53 points. He followed this up by scores of 16, 22, 45, 29, 59 and 38, while Slosson was unable to make any double figures.

Sutton won the game in an unfinished state of 24 in the twenty-ninth inning. The score was: Sutton, 400; Slosson, 128. The game in the evening, which was between Schaefer of Chicago and Barutel of France, was a swift one. Schaefer was in fine form, equal to any of his best previous performances, winning by a score of 400 to Barutel's 203.

REFEREE ESCAPED

After Decision in the McKeever-Palmer Fight.

New Castle, England, Dec. 9.—Charlie McKeever of Philadelphia and Jack Palmer of London met here in what was to have been a twenty-round fight. Palmer weighed twenty pounds more than McKeever, but the latter outclassed the Englishman.

Palmer fouled repeatedly in the first round. At the beginning of the second round the crowd broke into the ring and a general fight ensued. The referee, after declaring a "No contest," escaped.

WON ON A FOUL.

Chicago, Dec. 9.—Dutch Thurston of San Francisco won from Charley Burns tonight on a foul. Burns had the advantage when the foul was committed.

SCHMIDT'S LAST DAY.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 9.—The court of appeals has designated some day during the week beginning on January 29 for the putting to death at Clinton prison of John Schmidt, the Columbia county murderer.

WOMEN OR COPPER

Ruin of a Cashier of a Los Angeles Bank

MR. FLEISHMAN SHORT

He Has Been Missing Since Saturday and Is Supposed to Have Fled to Mexico—The Cashier Thought to Have Been Guessing on Copper Fluctuations—Supposed to Be Short \$100,000.

Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 9.—Henry J. Fleishman, cashier of the Farmers and Merchants bank of this city, has disappeared and with him went a large sum of the bank's funds, estimated at \$100,000. Fleishman was last seen on Saturday morning last. He telephoned the bank on Saturday that he was ill and would not be at the bank. Nothing was thought of this. When he did not report today H. W. Hellman, the vice president of the bank, instituted an investigation of the cash account and discovered the shortage. Fleishman lived at the California club, but left his apartments some time on Saturday. No one has any idea of his whereabouts, but it is thought by some that he took advantage of Saturday and Sunday's start and went south to Mexico.

H. W. Hellman stated that the bank is not embarrassed in the least by reason of his loss and that Fleishman's bond of \$50,000 and his real estate holdings in this city will amply indemnify the institution for any cash he may have taken. The Farmers and Merchants bank is the oldest and strongest in southern California. It has a capital of \$500,000, a surplus of \$1,500,000, and deposits of \$5,500,000.

It is rumored that Fleishman was heavily involved in speculative propositions. Copper stocks are believed to have received his attention for some time. The late slump in that security is believed to have caught him. Hellman says he cannot imagine the reason for the cashier's action, but supposes that the case involves some woman.

It is the general opinion among Fleishman's associates that he has been speculating and probably has lost large sums, possibly more than \$100,000. The bank officials have not determined the exact amount taken, as a full investigation of the books and accounts will be necessary before this fact can be established. Fleishman financed the velocedrome for holding the bicycle races a year or so ago. This was a failure in which he is said to have lost a large sum. He was also back of a patent city directory which was a failure and which cost him a large sum. Other enterprises are credited to his speculative inclinations.

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FEDERATION OF LABOR.

Again Struggling With the Question of Cigars.

Scranton, Pa., Dec. 9.—The convention of the American Federation of Labor was in session only two hours today, an adjournment being taken until tomorrow morning to enable the several committees to consider the large number of resolutions still in their hands.

There was a lively discussion on the floor over the question of boycotting machine-made cigars. It is the same question that the Cigar-makers' International union brought up at previous conventions of the federation and the union has always been defeated in its fight against the introduction of machinery in the cigar trade. At the present time not a machine-made cigar is in the United States, it is said, bears the label of the Cigar-makers' International union.

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