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NINETEENTH YEAR.

18 PAGES.

PHOENIX, ARIZONA, SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 10, 1909.

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PAYNE TARIFF BILL PASSES THE HOUSE

Free Petroleum About All the Revisionists Have to Their Credit

On All Other Points the Republican Organization Managed to Hold Together--A Slight Relief of the Lumber Situation--Some of the Rates Upon Which the Senate Committee On Finance Has Agreed.

Washington, April 9.—After three weeks' consideration, the Payne tariff bill was passed by the house of representatives tonight amid great excitement, by a vote of 217 to 181. Free republicans, Mr. Austin, of Tennessee, voted against the measure, and four democrats, all from Louisiana, Messrs. Broussard, Estopinal, Pugh and Wickliffe voted for it. An attempt by Champ Clark, the minority leader, to recommence the bill with instructions, signally failed.

The day was filled with excitement from the moment the session began at noon until adjournment. The members were keyed up to the highest pitch and practically a full membership remained on duty throughout. The final vote demonstrated the capacity of the republican organization to get together.

The situation with respect to lumber was greatly relieved to the republicans when it became manifest that the advocates of the proposition for placing it on the free list were in the minority. Because of that fact Mr. Fitzgerald of New York charged that a midnight deal had been made last night whereby free lumber was to be voted down, and the rates on barley malt increased, and this notwithstanding denials by Mr. Mann of Illinois and Mr. Cushman of Washington, who offered the barley amendments.

The general public was greatly interested in the proceedings and the galleries were packed. Both the diplomatic and the executive reservations likewise were fully occupied. When the bill was passed the republicans cheered lustily, some dancing up and down the aisles and putting their feet on the members on the back.

The bill was introduced on March 17, reported to the house by the ways and means committee on the following day, and was under general debate for sixteen days. Last Monday the rules committee reported a special order which closed this general discussion and provided for the consideration of the bill under the five-minute rule.

One of the principal changes in the bill was the placing of petroleum on the free list today. Among other important amendments made since the bill came from the committee were those striking out the duty on tea and the countervailing duty on coffee. The so-called "joker" in the cotton cloth schedule, which it was claimed would increase the duties of the Dingley bill several hundred per cent was corrected, the proviso for

the method for counting the threads in the cloth being made the same as in the present law. The drawback section was added to the bill so that it could not be taken advantage of for speculating in grain, and the Philippine trade provision was amended so that rice will not be admitted free from the islands.

The countervailing duty clause on lumber was stricken out, but a strong effort to place lumber on the free list did not succeed. The duty on barley, barley malt, pineapples in crates, and cotton collars and cuffs, as originally in the bill was increased. A proviso was included in the tobacco schedule increasing the duty on filler tobacco from any country which prohibits the importation of American tobacco. There were several technical changes in the steel schedule, principally downward. Hides, hosiery and gloves were left as by the committee, hides remaining free and an increased duty being provided for gloves and stockings. The contest over free petroleum was stubborn, but the vote in its favor was overwhelming.

SENATE CONSIDERATION.

The Committee on Finance Will Work Behind Closed Doors.

Washington, D. C., April 9.—When the senate committee on finance concluded its session tonight, it was understood that all avenues to the committee room had been closed for the few sessions to be held prior to reporting the amendments to the Payne bill, that the committee will not be hampered by suggestions from the outside. The committee is now prepared to insert rates on certain important matters.

Among the schedules attracting particular attention now are the metals and manufactures of metals, lumber, hides, bituminous coal and sugar. No rates on steel and iron have been inserted as yet, although it is practically settled that iron ore be taxed 20 cents assessed against scrap iron and steel refuse fit only to be re-manufactured. The iron interests are concerned chiefly in getting an increase over the rates of the Payne bill on rails and structural iron. The Payne bill cuts the existing rate on steel rails from \$7.34 to \$5.52, just one-half. The steel men contend that the Payne bill rates are too severe a reduction. They have asked that a rate of \$5.88 be fixed on rails.

It is generally believed the committee will name a rate of about \$5 per ton. On structural steel it is likely that the Dingley rates of one-half cent a pound will be maintained instead of adopting the rate of three-tenths of a cent as fixed by the Payne bill. The reciprocity clause of the bituminous coal schedule, which it is said would result in the elimination of all duties on coal in the trade between United States and Canada is likely to go out of the bill.

Senators Elkins and Dick were before the committee today in this connection, taking opposite sides. Under both the Dingley bill and the Payne bill, bituminous coal pays a duty of 67 cents a ton. The senate committee is considering a reduction of the duty to about fifty cents in view of the elimination of the reciprocity clause. The Payne bill places culm, or slack coal on a par with bituminous coal which would increase the rate. It must pay from fifteen cents to sixty-seven cents as fixed by the Payne bill. The so-called "joker" in the cotton cloth schedule, which it was claimed would increase the duties of the Dingley bill several hundred per cent was corrected, the proviso for

It is said the committee will reduce both the Dingley and the Payne bill rates one-half. A canvass of the senate indicates that effort in the direction of getting free lumber, if made after the bill reaches the senate, would be unavailing. A canvass on hides was completed today and it is asserted that hides will be taken from the free list and a duty fixed at 15 per cent ad valorem. That of wool of all grades and wool tops will be placed in the senate bill under the existing rates is

stated upon what appears to be excellent authority.

THE DEMOCRATIC LOOK-IN.

Washington, D. C., April 9.—Democratic members of the senate committee on finance will get their first view of the tariff rates fixed by the majority committee at a special meeting of the full committee on Sunday.

Senator Aldrich intends to report the amendments on Monday. A draft of the administrative features of the senate bill has been completed, but not revised as yet, by Senator Aldrich.

THE TEAM RELEASED.

None of the New York Americans Except Chase Sick.

Richmond, Va., April 9.—The New York American league baseball team, one of whose members, Hal Chase, is ill of smallpox at Augusta, Ga., arrived today with a clean bill of health from the officials of that city.

CHASE'S CONDITION.

Augusta, Ga., April 9.—Hal Chase is worse today but is not confined to his bed. He says he will rejoin the team on May 19.

BOSMAN GOES HOME.

The Chinaman Who Tried to Bring Two Wives Into This Country.

San Francisco, April 9.—Among the passengers on the steamer Manchuria which sailed for the orient today, was Robert Hu Tung Bosman, a Hong Kong millionaire who attempted entry into this country with two wives several months ago, was the cause of considerable flurry among the immigration officials.

After a fruitless appeal to Washington, Bosman was obliged to send one of his wives back home, while he was permitted to remain in this country for medical treatment with the other.

EXPLOSION OF OIL STILL TWO BURNED TO DEATH

Damage to the Amount of \$50,000 Was Caused.

Oakland, Cal., April 9.—Two men were burned to death and three others seriously injured, one of whom may die, as the result of an explosion in an oil still of the Standard Oil company at Point Richmond this morning. The fire scattered over eight acres of territory and was fought for over an hour by 1,500 men. The damage will reach \$50,000. The still which exploded was known as No. 39, and had a capacity of 10,000 barrels. The dead are C. P. Lawrence of the marine department and Jose Granger, a gate-man. The seriously injured are Clarence G. Perault, foreman of the shipping department; James Montgomery, a teamster; C. Greathouse, a carman; A. Moore, a tankman; Bob McFarland, a still man, and Charles Schmidt, a teamster. The still was the last one used in the process of refining oil and it is presumed that a leak in one of the pipes caused the disaster.

PAPKE AND KELLY

Chicago, April 9.—Hugo Kelly and Billy Papke were matched here today to fight again at Colma on May 15th.

ANTI-JAP AGITATOR SUED BY COLLIERIES

The Publishers Want \$50,000 For Malicious Libel.

Seattle, April 9.—A. E. Fowler of Seattle, secretary of the Asiatic Exclusion League, and the man who is circulating ten million diminutive stickers all over the United States, bearing the words, "Fire the Japs," has been served with a summons by the United States district court to appear within twenty days and show cause why he should not pay to P. P. Collier and Son, of New York, publishers of Colliers Weekly, the sum of \$50,000 for malicious libel.

Fowler issued a circular charging that Colliers hesitated at nothing to poison the public mind regarding the Japanese situation.

WHEN HE CAN TRAVEL CASTRO MUST MOVE

The French Government Orders His Return to Europe.

Washington, April 9.—The French government has informed the state department of its determination to put into effect immediately its decision to expel former President Castro of Venezuela from Port de France and compel him to return to Europe. The program is to put him aboard the vessel first touching at Port de France. If this is carried out, Castro will be on his way to Europe in a day or two, if his physical condition will permit.

ARMY ATHLETICS Limited to Fifteen Minutes a Day.

Washington, April 9.—According to orders issued today by General Bell, chief of staff of the U. S. A. athletics and calisthenic exercises in the army will be limited to fifteen minutes a day, (Saturdays, Sundays and holidays excepted) and to such athletic competitions as may be prescribed by department commanders. Instructions in first aid to be given once a month.

CENSUS BILL HANGS FIRE

The Senate Far From Agreed On Its Provisions

TOO MUCH CIVIL SERVICE

Some Senators Are of the Belief That It Is Unnecessary That Messenger Boys and Charwomen Should Stand Examinations.

Washington, April 9.—For nearly five hours today the bill to provide for the thirteenth and subsequent census was discussed by the senate. The measure has been amended since its original passage by congress in the last session when it was vetoed by President Roosevelt because of the provisions allowing senators and representatives practically to select the census employees.

These features called for a general discussion of the subject of civil service reform and the present operation of the law was denounced by several senators. As amended the bill places the census appointments under the civil service commission.

Senators Scott, Bailey, Gallinger and Bacon all denounced the law, especially criticizing the pending bill, which, as amended by the committee, includes messenger boys and charwomen, among those who must be examined for appointment in the census office. Consideration of the bill was still in progress when the senate adjourned.

HARMONY COMMITTEE WILL VISIT MESA

Will Place Bridge Question Before the Southsiders--Bonus Farms Ready for Solicitors--Opinion on County Indebtedness.

The Phoenix bridge harmony committee of the board of trade will today visit Mesa City in furtherance of its plans and chiefly for the purpose of disseminating information among the Mesa City people that will give them an exact understanding of the situation. The members of the committee expected to go are E. B. O'Neill, Judge Ainsworth, Roy S. Goodrich, F. M. Avis, Dr. J. W. Foss, Dwight H. Heard and B. A. Fowler. They will be accompanied by Engineers Mayberry and Smith representing the National Bridge company of Indianapolis and the Union Iron works of Los Angeles. It is expected that these gentlemen will speak at length concerning the technical features of the proposed bridge construction. An arrangement has been made for a conference with the Mesa City chamber of commerce at 2 o'clock and for a mass meeting at 2:30 o'clock.

The committee has also secured the best of legal opinions concerning the question of whether the school district indebtedness can be considered county indebtedness, in which event the county would have no money for bridge building without invading the restrictions of the Harrison act. District Attorney Bullard has given the opinion that school district bonds are not county debts any more than municipal bonds would be and he has been upheld in that opinion by L. H. Chalmers and Judge Woods of Chicago, who stand second to nobody in passing on bonds unless it be Mr. Dillon of New York.

The committee also received yesterday the printed form of the contracts for the bonus-contributions to be secured from property owners. These forms are in the shape of four blanks or coupons on sheet separated by perforations for detaching at the right time. Three of the blanks are in the

Grab the Latch-String

When you are looking for a place to rent try a tiny

Republican Want Ad

They always bring results.

form of notes, the first payable as soon as the supervisors order the bridge, the second and third payable in two and four months respectively, after April 15. The fourth form is to be signed by the cashier of whichever one of the Phoenix banks shall hold the note. The books will be divided between the four banks and will be circulated by solicitors who must make daily reports, the form signed by the cashier being the receipt to the man who gives the note, and also informing him at which bank his notes are payable as they fall due.

The forms have been prepared under the direction of the attorneys of the committee and are perfectly devised for the protection of the note givers, the bridge project and the banks. The soliciting will begin at once.

COULDN'T AGREE.

But There Will Be No Strike in the Anthracite Field.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 9.—Although a disagreement was reached in the concluding conference of the anthracite operators and miners today concerning the question of a wage disagreement in the hard coal fields of Pennsylvania, there will be no strike, nor danger of suspension of mining, according to the Mine Workers' officials, arising from the possibility of the operators to permit the miners to work without an agreement.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, April 9.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,900. The market was strong with beefs at \$4.55@7.15; Texas steers, \$4.50@5.25; western steers, \$4.25@5.75; stockers and feeders, \$3.55@5.60; cows and heifers, \$2.60@5.90; calves, \$3.50@7.75.

Sheep—Receipts, 6,000 with the market weak. Native \$3.75@6.25; western, \$3.75@6.30; yearlings, \$6.25@8.20; lambs, native \$5.50@8.30; western, \$5.50@8.35.

FUTURE LOOKS BETTER THAN THE PRESENT

Bradstreet's Estimate of the Trade Situation.

New York, April 9.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say: "Trade, crop and industrial reports are still very irregular, but the underlying tone of business is generally slightly more optimistic. All present or favorable occurrences, however, can not disguise the fact that some lines of industry are still very much depressed."

"Easter trade at retail closed fair to good in most parts of the west and fair in the east."

DUN'S VIEW.

New York, April 9.—Dun's Weekly review will say: "Although confidence in the future is more noticeable than satisfaction with present conditions, yet one by one disturbing elements are gradually disappearing."

"While the tariff is still under discussion and is checking full activity in the industries most concerned, yet reports of the most cities showed trade to be in a fairly satisfactory state. The centers farthest removed from the industrial activity are naturally making the best exhibits."

IT'S SOME TIME OFF MISSOURI PROHIBITION

At the Earliest, Amendment Will Not Be Effective For Four Years.

Jefferson City, April 9.—The constitutional amendment providing for state-wide prohibition was engrossed by the lower branch of the Missouri legislature this afternoon after it had been amended to become effective Jan. 1, 1913. The vote was 86 to 45.

All the tax riders were defeated, and the indications point to the passage of the amendment through the house next Wednesday afternoon, when it will be considered under special order. The fate of the amendment in the senate is in doubt, but its chances for passage are considered good.

SAMPSON A SUICIDE IN JURY'S OPINION

At Any Rate His Wife Was Acquitted of His Murder.

Lyons, N. Y., April 9.—Mrs. Georgia Allyn Sampson, who has been on trial since Monday charged with murdering her husband, Harry Sampson, was acquitted tonight. Attorney Gilbert, a cousin of Mrs. Sampson, by marriage, who prosecuted the case said tonight that he was satisfied.

ROOSEVELT AT PORT SAID.

An Uneventful Journey Across the Mediterranean.

Port Said, April 9.—The steamer Admiral with Mr. Roosevelt and party on board arrived at 6:35 this evening. Excellent weather prevailed during the three days' voyage from Messina to this port and the trip was uneventful. Mr. Roosevelt and all members of the party are well.

THE STANDARD SUIT

The Case Will Go to the Court Today.

St. Louis, April 9.—The Standard Oil lawyers completed their arguments today in the government's suit

to dissolve the corporation as a violator of the Sherman law. Attorney Kellogg will sum up for the government tomorrow and the court will then take the case under advisement.

In view of the great mass of evidence and arguments to consider, it is not expected a decision will be handed down before fall.

THE HARRIMAN MERGER

Collecting Evidence at Salt Lake Against It.

Salt Lake, April 9.—In the preparation of the testimony of the government's suit to dissolve the Harriman railroad merger, many railroad men are being served with subpoenas. Joseph G. Oglesby, former district freight agent for the Union Pacific, and S. P. Babcock, in charge of the Commercial Club's traffic bureau, are among those summoned to appear before Special Examiner S. A. Williams on April 27.

Ralph A. McKenzie, a secret service official, is in the city and is said to be directing the search for evidence to support the government's case.

DEMOCRATIC MAGAZINE.

A Popular Education to Be Administered by Monthly Magazine.

Buffalo, April 9.—Norman E. Mack, chairman of the national democratic committee announced today he had completed arrangements for the publication, beginning May 1, of a monthly magazine to be known as the National Monthly, and devoted to advancing the democratic party in the nation.

The contributors include United States senators and representatives, governors and other prominent democrats.

AN EL PASO YOUTH.

Suicides After Murdering His Little Girl Sweetheart.

El Paso, April 9.—Because his fourteen year old sweetheart, Blanche Atkinson, had broken an engagement with him, Clay Ratcliffe, aged seventeen, tonight stepped to the little girl's side in one of the principal streets here, pulled a revolver and shot her, inflicting a fatal wound. He then turned the weapon on himself, putting a bullet through his brain.

A LAKE DISASTER

The Crew and Passengers of a Tug Lost in a Gale.

Cleveland, April 9.—There is no longer any doubt that the tug George Floss, with her crew of six and three passengers sank in Lake Erie during Wednesday's gale. Those on board were Captain Wm. Barry, Captain John Duley, Engineer Fred Gilbert, Peck McKenzie, Frank Wesseler, Henry Anderson, John O'Donnell, Joe Martin and a boy named Campbell.

THE TWELFTH JUROR

Likely to Be Accepted Early in the Calhoun Case.

San Francisco, April 9.—Eleven jurors have been sworn to try the case of Patrick Calhoun, and the twelfth juror, temporarily accepted by both sides, is to undergo further examination Monday, to which time the trial was continued.

It was evident today that the completion of the jury may be accomplished at any hour after the resumption of the trial.

GOOD FRIDAY GIFT

A Banker Distributes a Quarter of a Million in Honolulu.

Honolulu, April 9.—Charles M. Cooke, president of the Bank of Hawaii, and the head of numerous business enterprises in the city distributed \$250,000 among various churches and charities today in commemoration of the religious significance of the day.

POWDER MILL EXPLOSION.

Wayne, N. J., April 9.—One man, Jerome Marsh, an employe, was killed, and several others injured and ten small buildings destroyed by an explosion at the Corning mill of the Dupont powder works. The shock was felt twenty miles.

UNCLE JIM WANTS PAY.

The Clause of the New York Central For Fumigating Its Cars Unjust.

Washington, April 9.—Secretary of Agriculture Wilson today decided that the claim of the New York Central Railroad company for \$25,000 for expenses in fumigating its cars under the foot and month quarantine order is unjust and has notified the company that the department will decline to pay the claim.

DEATH OF HITCHCOCK.

Secretary of the Interior During Two Administrations.

Washington, D. C., April 9.—Ethan Allen Hitchcock, secretary of the interior in the McKinley and Roosevelt administrations, died this morning at 11 o'clock, aged 74. He had been critically ill for several days.

President Taft sent over the death of her husband.

PHILIPPINES PROVISION

Has Been Agreed to by the Senate Committee

BEET SUGAR REPRESENTATIVE

Reached an Agreement With the President Though a Question Has Been Raised as to Warren's Right to Speak For the Industry.

Washington, D. C., April 9.—President Taft has won a signal victory for the Philippine Islands in the acceptance by the senate committee on finance late tonight of the provision of the Payne tariff bill for the free admission of 300,000 tons gross annually of Filipino sugar. This decision was reached after the sub-committee considering the sugar schedule had taken to the White House Charles B. Warren, president of the Michigan Sugar company, and had confirmed an agreement between President Taft and Mr. Warren made in this city last fall. After the agreement between Mr. Taft and the beet sugar raisers had been announced the right of Mr. Warren to speak for the beet sugar interests was brought into question.

The house committee on ways and means on January 28 adopted the section of the Payne bill relating to the free importation of products from the Philippines with a limitation of 300,000 tons annually in sugar. Within the last week this section has been attacked severely by representatives from beet sugar states and it was charged in the house that in making such an agreement Mr. Warren had assumed authority he did not possess.

It will be some time before the Philippine sugar industry attains a position that would enable the islands to take advantage of the right to send 300,000 tons annually to this country, as the yearly production is now about 100,000 tons.

ATLANTA BAR MAD.

Because Judgment For Negro Against U. S. Judge Was Satisfied.

Atlanta, April 9.—The home of United States Circuit Judge W. B. Sheppard was dismantled today to satisfy a judgment obtained by a negro who was run down by the judge's automobile.

A special meeting of the Atlanta Bar association has been called to consider means of disciplining the negro lawyers, and forcing reparation for the judge. There is great excitement over the affair.

COAST LEAGUE BALL.

At Los Angeles—Los Angeles 3, Vernon 1.
At San Francisco—Portland 5, Oakland 1.
At Sacramento—Sacramento 1, San Francisco 6.

Best For Oranges

We have a tract of land three miles north-east of Mesa that is just right for oranges. Soil is deep and fertile, drainage perfect and elevation runs between 1,275 and 1,285 feet. Will divide into forties and sell at from \$75 to \$100 per acre. Terms exceptionally easy.

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