

WILSON WILL GO ON FLOOR AND READ MESSAGE

President Will Break Precedent of More Than a Century and Will Bear His Own Expressions to Lower Branch.

GIVES HIS VIEWS ON THE TARIFF

Friends Advise Him Proceeding Is Fraught With Embarrassments Unless He Goes No Further Than Giving Advice.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Breaking the precedents of more than a century, President Wilson will appear in the halls of congress on Tuesday and deliver his first executive message to congress. He announced to the congressional leaders tonight he would go to the floor of the house when it convenes on Tuesday and give that body his views on the tariff.

Wilson will be the first president to appear before either branch in deliberative session since John Adams, in the first few years of the last century. Attempts were made exactly one hundred years ago to revive the custom but president Madison declined an invitation to discuss foreign relations with the senate.

The president has been told by his friends that such a procedure is fraught with embarrassments unless he tactfully keeps to his purpose of merely giving advice as the leader of his party and offering suggestions to those with whom he confers, but he is said to feel that congress will not misunderstand his intentions.

It was suggested tonight that the senate go over to the house while the president reads his message. Such a proposal is under consideration with the leaders.

The president read with surprise the reports that he actually had written parts of the tariff bill or that he had forced agreements as the leader of his party and offering suggestions to those with whom he confers, but he is said to feel that congress will not misunderstand his intentions.

Both houses will meet in extraordinary session tomorrow. The tariff will probably be introduced in the house shortly after that body convenes.

The senate has organized already and its session will be more of a routine meeting. Immediately afterward a democratic caucus will be held. When the house meets Clark will be re-elected Speaker.

NEW SOUTH WALES HAS MINERS STRIKE

Serious Labor Trouble Confronts a Section of Australia

SYDNEY, April 6.—The industrial problems in New South Wales are causing grave concern, the strike of the coal mines at Illawarra in the south coast districts being still unsettled. The situation is becoming seriously complicated moreover, since the Newcastle miners are showing great discontent.

Should a strike be declared, commerce through shipping will be considerably hampered, and steamships demoralized owing to the fact that all big lines plying between the east coast of Australia and other parts of the world depend on Newcastle for their supply of coal. At Brokenhill, the great silver center, a strike was declared a week ago and continues. Transportation has ceased and the city is isolated. Famine prices on food commodities now rule and a serious situation presents itself.

STRIKERS IGNORE ULTIMATUM

AUBURN, April 6.—Leaders of the twine strikers decided to ignore the ultimatum of the International Harvester company, giving the workers until Tuesday to return to work. The company announced that its cordage industry will be removed to Germany where the product is grown and the plant here will be sold unless there is an immediate settlement.

RIVALS IN DUEL

HAVANA, April 6.—Rudolph Warren, son of a prominent American planter, died in the hospital tonight from a pistol wound received in a duel yesterday with Hannibal Mesa, a member of a wealthy Cuban family. The two were rivals for a young woman's affections, and Mesa challenged Warren. Mesa sailed for New York and the government is taking measures to procure his arrest and extradition on a charge of homicide.

CARMEN TIE UP BUFFALO TROLLEYS.

BUFFALO, April 6.—Streetcar traffic of this city and along the Niagara frontier was completely suspended by the strike of the carmen and late tonight every car was withdrawn because of the hostile demonstrations. Railway officials announced that strike breakers will be imported tomorrow. The militia has been ordered held in readiness.

Blame Housewives For Present High Cost of Living

PHILADELPHIA, April 6.—The cost of living is partly due to the failure of the American housewife to buy to the best advantage, according to Mrs. Julia Heath of New York, president of the Housewives' League who spoke here today before the annual meeting of the American Academy of political and social science. She said: "Marriage is a partnership in which man is the producer and woman the spender. It is the duty of woman to spend what the husband produces in the best way to obtain the greatest and most lasting benefit. American housewives have not been doing this. They have found they could not do it singly and alone. By combining they have already accomplished wonders and will accomplish more."

Charlotte Perkins Gilman of New York said the worst single waste of living expense lies in our archaic system of domestic service. She said when the industrial progress is following the lines of specialization and the organization of interchange, domestic service remains unorganized and unspecialized. She declared the waste of labor amounts to over forty per cent of the world's full output.

SHIP GOES OVER CREW MISSING

The Mimi, on Reef Since February 13, Capsizes and Twenty-two Are Imperiled Although Thought to Be Safe.

BAY CITY, Ore., April 6.—The German ship Mimi capsized at anchor off the beach at Nehalem Bay early today and it is believed twenty-two were drowned. The ship, floating bottom up, has just been pulled off the reef. The heavy wind of today turned her over.

Figures were seen on the bottom of the wreck at dark. It is supposed they cut their way out. A heavy sea is pounding the wreck and life savers refuse to attempt to rescue until the water is calmed. They said no boat could be launched and refused to let volunteers take a boat.

The Mimi was piled on the reef on February 13. Underwriters contracted with Charles S. Fisher of the Portland Construction Company to float her. Fisher, his secretary, seven riggers, Capt. W. E. Crowe, representative of the underwriters, and Capt. Westfall and eleven of a crew were aboard when the boat capsized. All were probably below decks when she turned as no bodies or survivors have reached the shore.

The life saving crew made an attempt to reach the Mimi tonight and got close enough to hear voices before the sea swept them back. One voice in the darkness said, "We are all here."

Hope is expressed that the statement meant that none was missing.

SPEEDWELL IN DISASTER

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6.—The steamer Speedwell with forty passengers is in distress off the coast of northern California. She has sent wireless calls for assistance.

HOLDING BACK WATERS.

Business Men Work With Laborers to Save West Hickman.

MONTENEGRO IS OUT WITH DEFY TO THE POWERS

Little Kingdom Throws Down the Gauntlet and Declines to Yield to Demand to Abandon Attempt to Capture Scutari.

FLEET BLOCKADES ANTIVARI PORT

European Diplomacy Is Having Some Uneasy Moments Because All the Allies Have Taken Stiff-necked Attitude.

CETTINJE, April 6.—The little kingdom of Montenegro has thrown down the gauntlet to the six great powers and declines to yield to the demand of the powers to abandon attempts at the capture of Scutari. It was officially announced that there will be no departure from the attitude which conforms to the necessities of the state of war existing between the allies and Turkey. An international fleet comprising warships of Austria, Italy, France, Germany and Great Britain are now blockading the Montenegrin port of Antivari. Russia is not represented, but has acquiesced in the demonstration.

DIPLOMATS ARE UNEASY.

LONDON, April 6.—Progress of the Balkan affairs is giving European diplomacy some uneasy moments. The allies have taken a stiff-necked independent attitude and refuse to accept orders from the powers the question is, if it becomes necessary to coerce them, how can that be done? The allies recognize the dilemma and realize that the concert of Europe is not as harmonious as that of a month ago.

Montenegro, the smallest kingdom in Europe, continues to defy the six great powers. King Nicholas talks freely to interviewers, declaring that he will take and keep Scutari, which he considers necessary to the prosperity of his kingdom.

Eight warships are blockading his port, but with the exception of Austria Hungary and Germany this measure is executed reluctantly. These two powers alone demand that Scutari be incorporated in the state of Albania and the other four powers joined merely for the sake of preserving harmony. Public opinion in Great Britain and Russia is strongly in favor of Montenegro.

MRS. PANKHURST IS FORCIBLY FED

Noted Suffragette Is Said to Be on Verge of Collapse

LONDON, April 6.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst has been forcibly fed in the Holloway jail and, according to the Express, is in a state of collapse. Her condition is considered serious. She has refused food and resisted all previous efforts to feed her.

LONDON, April 6.—Rioting at suffragette meeting in Hyde Park, a regular Sunday diversion, was reported this afternoon.

Only a big force of police prevented the rioters from handling the women roughly.

Two suffragettes talked for half an hour but were unable to make themselves heard above the horns and hooting. Misses thrown at Miss Braekentrick struck her in the face.

MICHIGAN SUFFRAGISTS WORK

DETROIT, April 6.—The suffrage mass meeting just concluded was one of the most heated campaigns Michigan has seen in recent years. Tomorrow the state will vote on suffrage, initiative, referendum and recall.

BRYAN DENIES CHARGE

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Published reports that Vice President Rojas of the Mexican House of Deputies and Grand Master of the Grand Masonic Lodge of the Valley of Mexico, has filed with the State Department charges that Ambassador Wilson is "responsible morally" for the assassination of Madero and Suarez brought forth from Secretary Bryan the statement that no such charge has been received. It is not impossible that the department will refuse to entertain a communication of so grave a nature if received through other than diplomatic channels.

WED SAMUELSON'S DAUGHTER

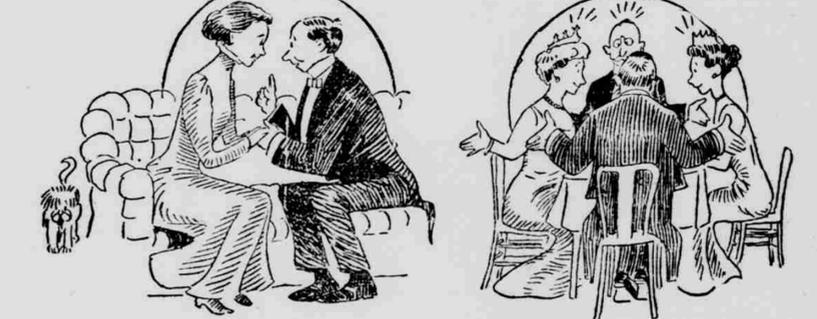
LONDON, April 6.—The engagement is announced of Edward Hamblin McCormick of Chicago to Phyllis Mary, second daughter of Sir Francis Samuelson, chairman of B. Samuelson & Co., Ltd., ironmasters. The home of Sir Francis is Breckenrough Hall, Thirsk, Yorkshire.

WHEN THE TARIFF BECOMES THE DAILY TOPIC OF CONVERSATION.

By John T. McCutcheon.



"Papa, is it true that congress is going to put a heavy duty on lion and white rhinoceros hides?" "I think, Maria, my dear, that you'd better not buy one at present. Let's wait till the duty on tiaras is removed."



"We'll become engaged the very minute they take the duty off of diamond rings." "I hope they take the duty off of pearl necklaces and put it on coffee. I can't drink coffee. It keeps me awake."



"Let me explain the tariff to you." "Now, children, who can tell me what is the present on wool?"

PROGRESSIVES LIKELY TO HAVE HELP OF SENATE

Reactionary Trend of Democratic Leadership in House Not Fully Understood, Senate Being Misinterpreted.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 6.—The reactionary trend of the responsible democratic leadership in the house is one of the factors in the legislative situation which is not fully understood by those who have taken it for granted that the senate is the reactionary end of congress and that the house is progressive.

Backward as is a large part of the senate organization, it is a safe prediction that when it comes to passing laws in the interest of progress in the sixty-third congress, it will be found that progressive measures have a fairer chance for consideration in the upper house than in the house of representatives.

Because the house has indulged in a lot of sound and fury over various investigations and kicked up a vast amount of dust, many have come to the conclusion that the house is extremely radical. As a matter of fact, the house has indulged a great deal in the practice of putting through measures in spectacular fashion, knowing they were going to fail in the senate.

One of the best indications of the real sentiments of the house leadership is seen in the record of the house committee on the District of Columbia and of the house itself on legislation for the District. Much of the legislation proposed for the District in the last congress was of far more than local importance.

A shining instance of the disposition of the house leadership is seen in what happened to the eight-hour bill for women and girls in the District of Columbia. This bill passed the senate.

It was balked in the house, through opposition both from Representatives Ben Johnson of Kentucky, chairman of the house District committee and from Speaker Clark. The need of such legislation in the national capital is great but it was well understood by the enemies of the bill that it had an importance far out-reaching the confines

ROY BRASHEAR BREAKS HIS LEG.

LOS ANGELES, April 6.—Roy Brashear, second baseman for Venice, collided with Johnson while running to cover first base in the morning game and broke his left leg.

Village Elections Show Progressive Strength Gaining

ILLION, N. Y., April 6.—The recent village elections in Illion and Mohawk furnish occasion for sober reflection by those who like to call themselves "progressives" but still continue to train with one or the other of the old Tory organizations.

The vote in Illion was: Democrats, 825; Progressives, 698; Republicans, 215. Thus the Progressives polled 26 per cent of the total vote of the three main parties.

In Mohawk the Democrats and Republicans combined against the Progressives. The combination polled 274 votes, to 151 for the Progressive ticket. Here the Progressives polled 25 per cent of the total vote.

Illion and Mohawk are both in the big township of German Flatts, which includes a considerable extent of farming country outside of the villages. At the national election in November the vote of German Flatts for president was: Wilson, 1,661; Taft, 796; Roosevelt, 798.—The Progressive vote being something less than 28 per cent. In the spring election the Progressives gained 7 per cent and the Tory parties lost.

This is just what has happened in almost every test of strength that has occurred since the November election.

FOR RELIEF OF THOSE HAVING ALKALI LANDS

Secretary of Interior Issues Public Notice of Aid for Those Who Take Up Eradication of Alkali by Washing Out.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 6.—Over use of water, inadequate drainage systems and the rise of alkali after irrigation occasionally render areas of farm land unfit for the production of profitable crops. The remedies for these troubles are well known, but their application requires time and some expenditure of money.

To encourage the prompt installation of drainage and the eradication of the alkali by washing it out, the Secretary of the Interior has issued a public notice affording relief to all those settlers on government projects whose lands are thus affected.

Under the terms of this notice the Reclamation Service is authorized to deliver water at a nominal rental on a temporary contract to the owners of such alkali lands. Where such lands have been included in the area covered by a previous public notice the following method will be adopted:

1. The water right application and public notice and other notices supplementary to or amendatory thereof will be suspended so far as they affect the lands described.
2. The date when the first installment of the building, operation and maintenance charges will become due and payable on said lands will be fixed hereafter by public notice.
3. The Commissioner of the General Land Office will be instructed to cause the records of his office and of the local land office to be changed in accordance herewith.
4. The Reclamation Service will be authorized to furnish water to said land on a rental basis, at not less than the operation and maintenance charge in force during the period of such suspension.

NICHOLAS HAS RESIGNED
LONDON, April 6.—A dispatch to the Chronicle from Vienna says that King Nicholas, of Montenegro, has resigned as chief commander of the army besieging Scutari in favor of the Serbian General Bojovic.

LEGISLATURE MEETS AGAIN THIS MORNING

House Members Gathering Expecting Third Special Session to Terminate Today With Sine Die Adjournment.

NEW SESSION MAY BEGIN TOMORROW

No Change Contemplated in Organization of Either House or Senate; Appropriations Bill Will Die; Code to Be Completed.

The legislature, both house and senate, will meet this morning around about 9 o'clock. It will be the first session of the house since Thursday night, when the adjournment was taken shortly after midnight. There is a great deal of interest centered in today's session owing to the fact that some time today it is understood the termination sine die of the second special session of the first state legislature will come.

There was a great deal of talk yesterday about what would be done in today's session, but it is understood that the house will do little of anything, insisting that the senate join with it in the sine die adjournment so that the call for the additional session may not be longer delayed. There were a number of people who were of the opinion yesterday that the house would concur in senate amendments if any such were made to the general appropriations bill. It, however, was learned last night that it is not the intention of the house to do any such. Under the leadership of Babbitt, chairman of the house committee on appropriations, the house refused to accept the appropriations bill of the senate and amended it to suit itself.

In the senate the appropriations committee recommended that the senate do not concur in the house amendments and the original Roberts bill, as amplified and improved over the senator's objections by the entire senate, will doubtless be insisted upon. This deadlock spells failure for the appropriations bill in the second special session and makes it an item to be considered at the additional session beyond peradventure.

The question of the code was also uppermost in the minds of many and some went so far as to say that the governor will not mention the code in his call. The governor, however, has not said he will not mention the code in the call, but did distinctly refer to it and again when talking about the special session that the code had not been completed, which was one of the good and sufficient reasons for recalling the legislature. There are a number of sections of the code which have not been finished—amounting in all to about 75 senate and house bills. It is understood that these will be allowed to die, by reason of the expiration of the session, and they will be reintroduced in the new session. It is generally admitted that to defer the completion of this important work would not only be expensive but suicidal, and that it is better to spend \$25,000 more in completing the work than it would be to allow the work already done to go by default, the money expended in this work wasted and the code completion and revision deferred for two years.

It was not learned until after the house had adjourned on Thursday night that the attaches could not be paid for their last week's services because of the cramped condition of the funds. Two bills were introduced to meet this exigency, which, however, contrary to the general impression, failed to pass the house after having passed the senate. It is thought, though, that the house will cheerfully agree to the passage of these two bills this morning so that the attaches may be remunerated as usual for their faithful service. If these bills are not passed it may be necessary to introduce additional relief bills.

The solons began to gather again last night preparatory to the session this morning. Following the adjournment on Thursday a large number of them went home to take advantage of the short rest accorded by the three-day house adjournment. They are returning refreshed and ready for additional labor.

The beginning of a new session early this week will not be marked by any reorganization in either house. The house members to a man are more than satisfied with the manner in which Speaker Linney has conducted the affairs of the body, and all are loud in their praises of his ability as a presiding officer. The speaker is one of the younger members of the house, but he is also one of the keenest and ablest. In spite of the general expression of dislike for some of the official actions of President Cunniff, there is no whisper of any organized opposition to him for president again. Although there are many members of the senate who bitterly disagree with him at times, there are none that deny his remarkable ability and they all say

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