

LORD ROBERT CECIL REFUTES CHARGE BRITISH AGENTS HAD PLOTTED TO ROUSE ARMENIANS

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] LONDON, Nov. 16.—In the course of a discussion in the House of Commons last night of the Armenian massacres, Lord Robert Cecil, under secretary of state for foreign affairs, refuted the suggestion made by the opposition in the United States that British agents had instigated and stirred up the Armenians to revolt, and that Great Britain therefore was responsible for the massacres.

"There was no prosecution whatsoever," said Lord Robert. "The massacres were perpetrated by the mob on the part of their instigators, the committee of union and progress, not by British agents. The instigators were not to be exterminated. It is no exaggeration to describe the crime as the most heinous in the world's history. The other justification of the horror that it was in to some a military movement, due to fanatical outbreaks of modern feeling on the contrary there is every reason to believe that some thousands throughout the world repudiated the horrors equally with us."

Lord Robert declined an invitation to give the pledge of the government to employ all the resources of the army and navy in order to save the Armenians.

"After all," the speaker added, "the greatest possible protection for the Armenians is our victory in this war, and so that end all our efforts must be bent. But I am quite sure if any opportunity should occur to assist the Armenians by the efforts of our consuls or of our navy, that is in any way practical, the government would feel that it would be a very noble use of the resources of the country."

"We have already telegraphed to General Noyan, commander of the British forces in Mesopotamia, asking him to induce the Arab tribes to assist the unhappy Armenian fugitives wherever they can."

Referring to the suggestion of T. P. O'Connor, one of the Irish Nationalist leaders, that the government should make representations to neutral countries, like the United States and Switzerland, on behalf of the Armenians, Lord Robert Cecil said the government would rejoice if these countries intervened, but that it was not for Great Britain to dictate or even suggest to the government of independent neutral states their duty in such a case. He agreed with Mr. O'Connor that it was useless to make any representations to Germany, though he declared it was Germany alone who was able to stop the massacres, and that Germany's complicity in them had been proved beyond doubt.

Lord Robert paid high tribute to the action of Pope Benedict on behalf of the Armenians. He said the pontiff had made the strongest possible representations and that if they had been without result it was because it was "difficult to get the word out of stone."

REDUCE DUTY ON MATCHES

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] LIMA, Peru, Nov. 16.—The commission appointed to revise the customs and tariff schedules will recommend, it was announced today, a reduction of the import duties on matches to 20 Peruvian cents instead of the present rate of 50 cents. There has been presented in the house of deputies a project for a government monopoly of matches.

HERBERT BARBER DIES

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—Herbert Barber, president of Barber and Company, incorporated, and one of the most widely known shipping men in the United States, died in a hospital here today of pneumonia.

SERBIANS FAIL IN MOVEMENT TO CHECK THE BULGARIANS

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] BELGRADE, Nov. 16.—(By wireless to New York.) An official statement says: "The Serbians, after the fall of Novi Bazar, all the bridges and retreated to the left bank of the Morava, which is from 120 to 200 meters wide and from 1 to 2 meters deep. The Serbians, from fortified positions, and in King Peter's presence with strong artillery, tried to check the advance of the Bulgarians, but were unable to do so."

The Bulgarians stormed the left bank and entered Prokuplje, where they took six mortars, 19 cars, with ammunition, 480 boxes of artillery ammunition, 220 boxes of infantry ammunition, twelve cars laden with war material and made prisoners of several thousand Serbians.

The first Serbian territorial regiment mutilated and killed Col. Prilichewitch, who was one of the instigators of the murder of Archduke Francis Ferdinand. His regiment disbanded and the men went into the surrounding villages.

Nedelko Gabrinovich, who threw a bomb at Archduke Francis Ferdinand and his wife, the Duchess of Hohenburg, while they were on their way to Sarajevo town hall just preceding their assassination by Gavrilo Princip, in his confession that he was an accomplice in the crime, said that the major, Milan Prilichewitch, had obtained the bombs and revolvers with which a number of conspirators were armed.

According to Gabrinovich's confession, the conspirators applied to Prilichewitch, who was secretary of the Pan-Serbian union and formerly an officer in the Austrian army, and through him bombs and revolvers were obtained from the Serbian arsenal at Kragevatz.

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FLAMES MENACE APARTMENT HOUSE—MANY FORCED TO FLEE

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] LOS ANGELES, Nov. 16.—Mrs. Ola Brown Miller, 24 years old, was injured and twenty-seven other persons were compelled to descend fire escapes in fleeing from flames which threatened to destroy a downtown apartment house late tonight.

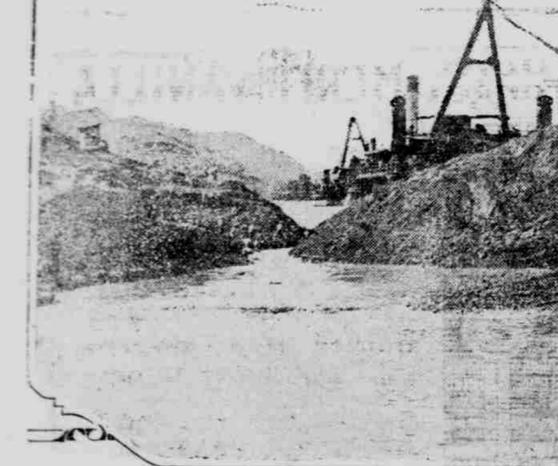
Mrs. Miller jumped from a fire escape onto the end of an extension ladder, which was being set into position by firemen. The extension buckled and the woman was caught in the

framework of the ladder. It was necessary to saw it apart to release her. She suffered a fracture of the right leg and was cut and bruised.

Flames and smoke cut off all other avenues of escape and the occupants of the building, a three story structure, were forced to flee to the fire escapes.

The fire originated in the basement and is believed to have been caused by oil overflowing into the furnace. The damage was estimated at \$19,000.

GENERAL GOETHALS HAS HUGE TASK CLEARING PANAMA CANAL



What latest slide has done to Panama canal near Gold Hill. This photo, just received from the Panama canal zone, pictures vividly the problem confronting General Goethals and other canal officials. Rock and earth have moved down from the heights on either side and forced the mud at the bottom up out of the water. In the foreground is an island, which began to form just before the picture was made. It rose and spread until it joined the sides of the canal.

FIRST PAYMENT OF ANGLO-FRENCH LOAN.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—The first payment of the syndicate members from all over the country to the \$500,000,000 Anglo-French loan were made here today. The checks were drawn against a deposit of \$70,000,000 in the National City bank, which represents the syndicate call for the payment of fifteen percent of the total subscription to the loan, allowing for discounts from par and other charges. The funds were turned into the bank by J. P. Morgan and company for the account of the agents of the British and French governments. Total deposits of the National City bank today rose to \$57,000,000, which exceeds by \$19,000,000 the bank's previous high record.

WOULD ABOLISH COMPTROLLER OF CURRENCY

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Abolition of the office of comptroller of the currency, which has direct supervision over the operation of all national banks, was proposed today to the federal reserve board by the advisory council created by the federal reserve act to advise the board on matters of importance to the reserve banking system.

The resolution was adopted at a meeting attended by nine of the twelve members of the council and the vote is understood to have been unanimous. Later it was discussed briefly by the board itself, though no action was taken.

The council recently was asked to submit to the board suggestions as to legislation to be urged upon congress at the coming session and to this task today's meeting largely was devoted. It is said the members agreed that the office of comptroller had become unnecessary by the establishment of the reserve system, and that there was bound to be duplication of work since examinations of national banks, one of the principal functions of the comptroller's office, may be conducted by agents of the reserve board at the request of a reserve bank. An alternative proposal was made that if the office were not abolished, the examination of member banks, including national banks, should be made in the future, exclusively by examiners of the board. There have been reports for some time that an effort would be made to abolish the office of comptroller or to curtail its power and it is understood that several members of the board would not be opposed to such a change.

The council recommended also for the reserve act to permit member banks to subscribe to the stock of joint branches in foreign countries, particularly South and Central America, to permit national banks to open branches in cities in the United States and to permit member banks to count federal reserve notes as reserves. Several other suggestions considered of minor importance were advanced.

There was a general discussion of requests of the board for opinions on how to reduce the existing over expansion in loans and how to guard against evil effects that may be expected to result to the financial interests of this country following the European war. Each of the reserve banks designates a member of the council.

BANK CLOSES FIRST YEAR

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] KANSAS CITY, Nov. 16.—The Federal Reserve bank located here celebrated its first anniversary today with the biggest day's business since its inception. Loans, bonds, rediscounts and investments at the close of business today totaled \$4,803,000.

PEMBROKESHIRE ASHORE

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] LONDON, Nov. 16.—The Royal Mail Steamship Pembroke, 4968 tons, is ashore south of Las Palmas, Canary Islands. Other steamers have gone to its assistance.

PENFIELD TOLD TO GET DETAILS OF ANCONA CASE

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Ambassador Penfield at Vienna was instructed by cable today to ask the Austro-Hungarian foreign office for a statement in detail of the circumstances of the torpedoing of the Italian liner Ancona in the Mediterranean last week, with a loss of several American lives.

This action was taken upon the presentation by the Austrian embassy here to Secretary Lansing of a communication from Vienna. This statement is identical with that sent out by wireless Monday through the Overseas News Agency. It says the Ancona was shelled by an Austrian submarine while trying to escape, but that when she stopped, forty-five minutes was allowed for the passengers and crew to get into small boats, a torpedo being fired only when another ship appeared in response to a summons by wireless from the Ancona.

Ambassador Penfield was sent what is known as an informal instruction to discuss the case orally with officials of the Austrian government to obtain details supplementary to those transmitted by the embassy. The undetermined points on which the American government now seeks information are:

Did the submarine fire a warning shot?

Did the submarine cease firing when the Ancona came to a stop?

How much time was given passengers and crew to get into the life boats?

What were the activities of the submarine while the ship was unloading its passengers?

Was a torpedo fired while any of the passengers were aboard?

The fact that the Austrian government assumes responsibility for the action of the submarine, it is believed of the reports that the undersea boat flew a German flag but officials are anxious to be satisfied on this point as well. It is considered possible here that the submarine may have been an Austrian craft with some German officers and men aboard, but until the facts are definitely established there will be no inquiry made by Ambassador Gerard at Berlin.

ASQUITH IN PARIS

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] PARIS, Nov. 17.—Premier Asquith of Great Britain arrived here last night accompanied by Foreign Secretary Sir Edward Grey, Minister of Munitions Lloyd-George and First Lord of the Admiralty Balfour. The object of their visit has not been announced.

BRITISH STAFF IN FRANCE CHARGED WITH INCOMPETENCY AND NEGLIGENCE OF ITS WORK

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] LONDON, Nov. 16.—Charges of incompetency and neglect of work were brought against the British staff in France by Baron St. Davids in the house of lords this evening, when he asked the government whether its attention had been called to the reports alleging that during the recent fighting there had been many complaints as to failures of the staff work.

Lord St. Davids asserted that men had been added to the staff for no military reasons who ought to be in the trenches and that he had been told that the British headquarters staff was five or six times as large as that of General Joffre, the French commander in chief. It had been stated, he continued, that women visited headquarters in France, and he asked whether the government defended their presence there.

The people were sending their sons out to fight under the direction of men who, he declared, were living at headquarters in vast numbers and could not get early to their offices because they were up late playing bridge.

"It is about time," said Lord St. Davids, "that the men were given a fair chance. More than once the troops have broken their German lines but owing to bad staff work the whole thing fell through. Many lives have been sacrificed owing to muddling in high places."

The Marquis of Crewe, lord of the privy seal, replied that the allegations that success at Loos had been missing owing to the failure to bring up reserves at the right time was the subject of an inquiry between the highest authorities that could be involved.

Baron Newton, who said he was

unable to disclose the number of the British staff, defended it, as did also Viscount Haldane, the former secretary for war.

Lord Haldane declared that Lord St. Davids had launched his attack without adequate information.

"It is true," he said, "that the country has suffered owing to the want of an organized general staff. Nevertheless there has been evolved a general staff of the highest order. To say that the work of the staff is a failure is to say something which is very far from the truth. As for Field Marshal French, he is up at 6 o'clock in the morning."

The Marquis of Crewe said that from his knowledge of Field Marshal French he thought it exceedingly unlikely that he would submit to having persons forced upon his personal staff. Lord Crewe had no hesitation in saying that unless women had business at headquarters they ought not to go there.

EIGHTEEN MEN MISSING

LONDON, Nov. 16.—The representatives here of the Monarch Steamship company says that one boat with eighteen men from the British steamer Indian Monarch, which was abandoned on fire 420 miles south of St. Helena, November 9, is missing. The captain and seventeen members of the crew of the steamer were landed at St. Helena, Monday. The Indian Monarch was bound from New York for Auckland, New Zealand.

RUSSIAN TRENCH AS GERMANS FOUND IT OUTSIDE OF VILNA



The fighting around Vilna, Russia, was marked by a determined resistance on the part of the Russians. This photo shows a Russian trench outside the fortifications which was erected to strengthen the defense of the town. It was captured after a fierce bombardment and hand-to-hand fight.

Arizona's Foremost Store, where quality and the latest fashions reign supreme.

Store Service

Our modern store offers the best of service, every detail being practically applied, marks our service efficient.

HOMELIKE REST ROOM fitted in a modern way offers visitors all the comforts of home.

CHECKING DESK where parcels and small pieces of luggage may be left.

MAILING STATION—where parcels are wrapped and mailed or expressed.

EXPRESS MONEY ORDERS are issued at the main office for your convenience.

OUR DELIVERY SERVICE is of the very best.

TELEPHONE 1616
Private exchange reaching all departments.

The Store Beautiful

Our modern store draped in fashionable merchandise and touched with timely suggestions, is truly a pleasant place to shop. For the Yule Tide shopping we offer the new in novelty and practical gifts in all departments. Our spacious Toyland is robed in Christmas colors and displays, the latest ideas in American made and imported toys. Toys purchased now will be put aside and delivered when desired.

The high quality of merchandise displayed, the rich fashionable colorings, and the conveniently arranged stocks, vie with one another in making this Arizona's foremost store a store beautiful.

Art Exhibit

A choice collection of art pieces in oil—French Crayon and Pastels—acquired and displayed by the Addington School of Arts, in our homelike rest room. If you are a lover of high art you will enjoy seeing this exhibit.

Mrs. L. M. Addington, in charge.

Bedding

The choicest of bedding in a variety of qualities from the inexpensive to the finest obtainable. Wool or cotton blankets in plaids and plain colors with borders in contrasting colors. Comfortors filled with fine quality cotton down and wool, with silkline, saten and silk in plain colors and floral patterns.

TIMELY LINEN SUGGESTIONS

An impressive exhibition of linens, of elegance, for Thanksgiving Day service. Goldwater's have always been noted for the exceptional qualities offered in high grade linens and for this season still more effort has been put into assembling our varied collection.

Maderia Linens

HAND EMBROIDERED

14-inch Tea Napkins, hand embroidered and scalloped—ranging in price, at dozen \$5.00, \$6.50 and \$7.00

LUNCHEON SETS—consisting of centerpieces and twelve doilies to match, all hand embroidered, splendid for Thanksgiving service or gifts, at per set \$5.00, \$5.50, \$6.00 up to \$17.50

LUCKY BIRD TEA SETS—A new fad in Japanese hand work, cranes, the Japanese lucky birds, embroidered in the corners of pieces in fast colors. 36, 45, 54 and 62-inch cloth, priced at \$2.00, \$3.50, \$5.00 and \$6.00

20 by 54-inch scarfs, in same designs, at each \$1.75

Dinner Cloths

Special Thanksgiving values, 72 by 90 inch cloths, good floral and conventional patterns—mostly without napkins to match, an extra value at each \$2.95

PATTERN TABLE CLOTHS—72 by 108 and 86 by 96 inch. A number of desirable designs—no napkins to match, splendid quality at each \$3.90

Satin Damasks, yard \$1.75

72-inch all linen Irish and German linens, full bleached, attractive designs, exceptional fine quality. Napkins to match.

Double Satin Damask \$1.50

72-inch full bleached, all linen, from Irish looms; floral and conventional designs. The pattern for your Thanksgiving table may be among these Napkins to match.

Scotch Linens, yard \$1.25

72-inch half bleached, fine, closely woven damask, with weight, giving excellent service—bleaches rapidly and is preferred by those who wish a damask of high quality at a low price. Napkins to match.

German Embossed Linens

The original silver bleached, round thread Damask in beautiful floral patterns—very substantial quality, 70 and 72-inch—yard \$1.25 and \$1.50

22-inch Napkins to match, dozen \$3.50, \$4.00

70-inch Irish Linen \$1.00

Goldwater's extra special linen value, full bleached, all linen, choice selection of floral patterns.