

PEACE PARTY AT THE HAGUE AND READY FOR WORK

Five Weeks After Its Departure from New York, Ford Peace Expedition Reaches Destination and Holds First Meeting

GERMAN TRIP IS IMPRESSIVE

From Copenhagen Journey Was Made in Special Train and Everywhere Were Encountered Evidences of the Big Conflict

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] THE HAGUE, Jan. 8. (Via London) Five weeks after its departure from New York, the Ford peace expedition reached The Hague today.

The members of the party plan to begin immediately the work of spreading the peace propaganda. The trip from Copenhagen in a special train through Germany, touching Lubbeck, Hamburg and Bremen, was filled with impressive suggestions of war.

The progress of the expedition through Germany was watched by silent crowds, except at one place where a German lieutenant lifted his helmet and wished success to the project. The entire trip over German territory was made after dark.

Arriving at the German port of Warnemuende in a ferryboat from Denmark, the Americans with the Norwegian, Swedish and Danish delegates, were met by a special train. The train which was provided by special permission of the military authorities, stood on the dock surrounded by soldiers in peace advocates stood on the platform in the dusk in a drizzling rain they were selected one by one, and their names were called and permitted to go aboard the train.

After a while the military guards on the train relaxed the rules and permitted the travelers to look out of the windows. In the brilliantly lighted stations at Lubbeck, Hamburg and Bremen the pilgrims caught their first glimpses of military activity. Groups of Red Cross nurses were seen on the platforms; soldiers were leaning out of the windows of incoming and outgoing trains; the familiar gray coated German officers were pacing back and forth and frequently a crowd of civilians, anticipating the passage of the expedition, hurried for a closer inspection of the train.

Evidence of the war was not missing from the train itself. Only one dining car was provided for the 290 travelers. The railroad authorities explained that all the dining cars were being used to transport wounded.

Posted in the cars were printed notices calling upon the public to eat sparingly and not waste food. One of three notices gave ten rules, admonishing the people to cook potatoes with the skins, to save the scraps of bread and abstain from meat.

Another notice was to the effect that when the train which was passing over bridges or through the tunnels, the windows and doors should be locked, because spies on occasion had thrown bombs with the purpose of destroying the railroad.

After leaving Hamburg and while approaching the western fighting zone, the train was kept at its highest speed and the usual stops at the smaller stations were omitted. The crowds at some of these stations indicated that the people along the road had been informed of the coming of the expedition. Yet the speed was maintained.

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—A vigorous campaign against the proposed constitutional prohibition amendments was voted upon next November was opened here today by the California Grape Protective Association at a meeting attended by about 150 grape growers and wine manufacturers. It was decided to draft an initiative amendment to the constitution to provide for state compensation for loss sustained by growers and wine makers should either of the two proposed dry amendments be passed.

The work of obtaining sufficient names to a petition to get the proposed compensation amendment on the ballot, it was said, would be begun in the near future. By a heavy vote the association tabled a motion made by Edgar M. Sheehan, of the state viticultural com-

QUIET FOLLOWS CHAOS IN EAST YOUNGSTOWN WITH MILITIA ON DUTY

Principal Streets Are Patrolled by Militia Where Night Before the Drink-Crazed Mobs Ran Riot, Looting and Burning

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Jan. 8.—Quiet prevailed throughout the day with members of the Ohio National Guard patrolling the streets. After the shooting, which five shots were fired, the men escaped through the crowded corridor.

Meetings of strikers were held in the hills back of the town this afternoon at which plans of action were said to have been discussed. It was learned also that employees of plants in the Youngstown valley on strike will hold a demonstration here tomorrow. According to the plans, the men will assemble on the outskirts of East Youngstown and march past the scene of last night's rioting to a big hall where speakers will address the crowd.

Militia officers acknowledged that they had been informed of such plans but refused to indicate what attitude the militia would take in the matter. They admitted, however, that the fourth regiment, composed of nearly 1,000 men was being held in reserve at Berlin Center, 15 miles west of here for any possible emergency.

Although troops began arriving here about five o'clock this morning, none was taken to East Youngstown for patrol duty until nearly noon when Mayor W. H. Cunningham of that place requested that militia be sent to police officers there in order to permit the men to get a much needed rest. The greater number of the troops stayed on the train which were backed into the yards of the Youngstown Steel and Tube company where they will be quartered while here.

Efforts on the part of the state to affect a settlement between the strikers and the Republic Iron and Steel company and the Youngstown Sheet and Tube company will probably open this morning, according to reports from Croton, state mediator, is expected to arrive here late tonight and every effort will be made to settle the differences.

For the first time in the history of the city sidings were closed in Youngstown on a Saturday. This action was taken by the city authorities in an effort to prevent the trains which were loaded in East Youngstown and Struthers, five miles away were open and cars running to that town were crowded.

Today was pay day at the plant of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube company. Owing to the burning of the pay office by the rioters last night, the company was compelled to line up in the streets to receive their checks.

Reports from Struthers where threats had been made to blow up the Yellow Creek dam which would result in the flooding of the business section of that place, said it was quiet there. A detachment of soldiers were sent to that point today and they are being crowded.

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The jury in the case of the eleven former directors of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad, charged with criminal violation of the Sherman anti-trust law, failed to reach a verdict at 11:30 o'clock tonight and the jurors were again locked up overnight. The case was submitted to them at 1:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Rumors circulated in the court room were conflicting. One was that a majority of the jurors favored the acquittal of all the defendants.

mission, to conduct the association's wet campaign unaltered with other liquor interests. It was said, however, that the association, which acted independently in the last dry campaign would continue that policy.

It was declared by two speakers that the agitation for a dry California came from interests without the state. The resolution passed in opposition to the dry measures declared that the amendment prohibiting the sale of drinks in saloons, restaurants, cafes, hotels, and clubs would destroy the California grape interests by cutting off avenues of distribution of wine as effectively as would the alternative complete prohibition amendment. It was stated in the resolution that the adoption of the measure would throw out of employment 100,000 and destroy an investment of \$150,000,000 in California.

WE MAY GET A SIX-BIT PIECE

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] SAN DIEGO, Jan. 8.—According to an announcement made today by President G. A. Davidson of the Panama California International Exposition, Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo is considering plans for the issuing of silver "six bit" (seventy-five cent) pieces in commemoration of the exposition.

It is proposed that the coin be obtained in about the same way as the "1848 six" of early California days. "The plan provides for the pieces to be legal tender as well as to serve as exposition souvenirs," said President Davidson. "The request for the issue is now before the treasury department and if granted it will be the first time that an exposition has adopted a United States coin of a value other than those authorized by law. The tender value of 'six bits' the coin will be symbolic of California."

The issue of this special coin was first proposed by C. D. W. Spencer of Oakland.

INVESTIGATING CLIFF DWELLERS

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] TUCSON, Jan. 8.—Experiments are being conducted at the University of Arizona, where the question is being raised in an effort to determine when the Arizona Cliff-Dwellers lived. The theory of Dr. A. E. Douglass, professor of astronomy at the university, is that there is an exact relation between the rainfall and other climatic conditions in various years with the size of the rings shown in the cross section of the trunk of a tree is being investigated in connection with the experiments.

Trunks of trees used by the cliff-dwellers in building their dwellings, many of which are still intact, will be compared with the trunk of the largest tree that can be found in Arizona. If the rings are similar in their character, the time at which the aborigines inhabited the southwest will be reckoned from the known age of a green trunk of a tree.

SENATE TALKS PHILIPPINES

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Debate on the proposed extension of self government in the senate today to the Philippines continued with attacks on the measure by Senators Sterling and Sherman, and a speech on its defense by Senator Wiley and Senator Williams. Senator Sterling declared too much self government already had been extended to the Philippines for their own good, and Senator Sherman said that the United States was morally obliged to continue its supervision of the islands until the people were unquestionably able to conduct their own affairs.

Addressing a suggestion that Japan might take the islands if the United States gave them up, Senator Williams declared Japan "would give them a better government than we can because the races understand each other."

NEW STRIKE IN WAR PLANT

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—Employees of the Edgewater Manufacturing company at East Chicago who were reported to have gone on strike because of alleged machinations by "foreign plotters" denied tonight that any such strike existed. The company is said to be making large quantities of war munitions.

A meeting of the employees has been called for tomorrow morning to formulate a protest against the alleged "war plot" aspect of the strike, according to leaders among the workers. It was said that efforts have been made for the last six months to regulate the relations between the employers and the employees.

FREIGHT IS TO BE MOVED SOON

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] GALVESTON, Tex., Jan. 8.—We are commencing to see daylight, the extra tonnage that we have chartered, coupled with the fact that the Pacific Coast freight rush has passed its apex and is on the decline, leads me to believe that the embargo that has been placed on eastbound freight from Galveston will be removed by the Morgan line within a reasonable time" said R. S. Stubbins of New York, general freight agent of the line tonight, after a day of inspection of that company's terminals here.

He was asked what he considered a "reasonable time." "I can't say as to that," he replied, "it will all depend on conditions but I am sure that it will not be very long."

MISS SPRING FINED \$350

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] HONOLULU, Jan. 8.—Miss Dorothy Spring, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Spring of Berkeley, Cal., whose recent reconciliation followed reports of domestic infidelity, pleaded guilty today to reckless driving and was fined \$350. The man who was in Miss Spring's company when a woman was knocked down and injured late last December, was not fined. Miss Spring called later in the day for Vancouver, B. C.

RUSSIANS CLAIM GAINS WHILE AUSTRIANS SAY HOLDING THEIR GROUND

LONDON, Jan. 8.—The battle continues between the Russians and the Austro-Germans in Galicia and Bukovina. The Russians claim further gains and the Austrians claim to be holding their ground. The Austrians have made determined counter attacks along the middle Dnieper and northeast of the town of Czernowitz and, according to the Russian official communication, they were beaten back with enormous losses while the Russians have made distinct gains, occupying several Austrian positions and taking more than 1,500 prisoners in all.

Count von Reventlow, the German naval critic, writes that the Russian offensive has been well prepared and that the Russians have great reserves of men and artillery, and he considers that the movement, if successful, might bring Romania and Greece on the side of the entente.

Count von Reventlow's opinion concerning Greece is not shared in Great Britain, where the opinion prevails that the Greek king is not likely to oppose his brother-in-law, the German emperor, in any circumstances. Emperor William's condition continues to be a leading topic. All messages from Berlin declare his threat ailment is only slight, while rumors from other countries report it dangerous.

The British political crisis over conscription has subsided for a time at least. The opposition may gradually

RILEY FACES CHARGES

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 8.—Charges of misconduct in office were preferred against Governor Whitman tonight against John E. Riley, state superintendent of prisons. Superintendent Riley will be given a hearing at the executive chamber on Tuesday, after which the governor will announce his decision on the question of removing him from office. The governor's announcement that charges had been preferred against Riley on Tuesday, after which the governor will announce his decision on the question of removing him from office.

The governor notified the superintendent today that he saw no reason for changing his opinion.

MAY ASK GERMANY AND AUSTRIA PLEDGE TO RESPECT GUARANTEES OF SAFETY OF AMERICAN LIVES

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Encouraged by the conciliatory attitude shown by Germany and Austria in recent diplomatic exchanges with the United States, officials are considering the possibility of a definite and comprehensive statement pledging not only Germany but all of her allies to respect in the conduct of their sea warfare the guarantees as to the safety of American life for which this government has contended throughout the entire submarine controversy.

President Wilson is being urged by some of his close advisers to ask the German allies for definite assurances that no unarmed ships with Americans aboard shall be destroyed by any of them until the passengers reached a place of safety. The president is said to look with good favor upon such a proposal, but has reached no decision. In any case he probably will take no steps in that direction until details of pending negotiations with these countries have been cleared up.

Officials are particularly gratified over Germany's latest note on the destruction of the American William F. Frye, made public today, because of its acceptance of the principle that the mere placing of non-combatants in lifeboats before a prize is destroyed is not a sufficient guarantee of safety.

This concession, coupled with the offer of Germany to pay indemnity for the Lusitania victims, and American officials are particularly gratified over Germany's latest note on the destruction of the American William F. Frye, made public today, because of its acceptance of the principle that the mere placing of non-combatants in lifeboats before a prize is destroyed is not a sufficient guarantee of safety.

ITALIAN BOAT WITH MOUNTED GUNS HELD UNTIL STATUS IS DETERMINED

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Baron Erich Zwoedinek, charge of the Austro-Hungarian embassy today informally called to the attention of Secretary Lansing the presence of two mounted three-inch guns on the Italian steamship Giuseppe Verdi when she arrived in New York Thursday. While official information upon the subject was lacking, it was understood that the charge had made inquiries as to what action the United States, as a neutral, considered taking in the matter.

Secretary Lansing was said to have assured Baron Zwoedinek that the vessel would not be allowed to leave New York until the questions involved had been disposed of. Officials in a position to be familiar with the attitude of the United States, expressed the belief that the ship would not depart until the guns had been removed.

PAN-AMERICANS ARE LANING'S BANQUET GUESTS

Delegates to Second Scientific Congress, Which Ends Two Weeks' Session, Are Given Reception by Secretary of State

SAY MUCH BEEN ACCOMPLISHED

Lansing Expresses Gratification of United States for What Congress Has Done and Ambassador Suarez Makes Response

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Delegates to the Second Pan-American Scientific Congress, which ended a two weeks' session here today, were guests of Secretary Lansing tonight at a banquet featured by addresses re-emphasizing the growing tendency toward closer relations among the American republics.

Secretary Lansing, Ambassador Edward Suarez-Majica, of Chile, president of the congress, Judge George Gray of Delaware, chairman of the United States delegation and Ignacio Caldera, Bolivia's minister here, were among those on the after-dinner program. Mr. Lansing expressed the gratification of the United States for what the congress had accomplished and Ambassador Suarez, responding for the organization proposed a toast to "the president of the United States, as a symbol of the country that has entertained us so fraternally."

In delivering a farewell to the departing delegates, Judge Gray urged that the American republics which "need no formal treaties to impel us to unity of thought and action" should not neglect in their friendly relations with each other to take steps for military preparedness. Another endorsement of President Wilson's "Fourteen Points" was made by Minister Caldera, who declared it "a great doctrine, which excludes no man, threatens no country, but is the culmination of that great universal yearning for freedom, for peace, for justice and for unity."

Monday, as the guests of the United States government, the foreign delegates, will leave for a tour north as far as Boston, which will end at New York January 16. They will be entertained at luncheon Monday by the Baltimore Board of Trade and afterward will visit Philadelphia, Princeton, New Haven, Boston and various other cities.

Judge Gray in his farewell address tonight emphasized that military preparedness should be directed "not for war but, as happily has been said, against war." He added that the opportunity might come "and we all fervently pray it may soon come" when the president could offer as the spokesman of all the Americans a suggestion that might "find lodgment in the mind and heart of the peoples of the world."

"This voice," he continued, "when spoken, must be the voice of a people, with no selfish aims, but with a purpose of aggression or aggrandizement, stand for law and justice and the broad humanities that underlie our civilization."

The bill is the result of the sea power "south as well as north," he said, "was a duty, that we may protect every where the commerce that traverses the great seas and ocean basins, and be open to all neutral nations," while the

BILL WOULD THROW WATER-POWER LANDS OPEN TO LONG LEASE

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The house today passed the Ferris bill, which would throw open to fifty-year leases public lands containing more than three times as much waterpower as now is under development in the United States. It is estimated that in the eleven states which it is proposed to enter there are about 19,000,000 undeveloped horsepower.

The bill is the result of careful study by water power experts of all parts of the United States. The fifty year lease feature has the support of the Secretary of the Interior Franklin B. Lane, his predecessor, Walter L. Fisher, and of Gifford Pinchot, former chief forester.

Party lines were cast aside in voting on the measure today. Minority Leader Mann was one of its strongest supporters. His republican colleague, Representative Mondell of Wyoming, said that "fourth of July" could not be insisted that leasing would delay development of the sites. Western senators are planning a hard fight on the measure in the upper house.