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DEUTSCHLAND MAKES ANOTHER CALL ON THE U.S.

GERMAN SUB CROSSES OCEAN WITHOUT TROUBLE, PROCEEDS TO READY DOCKING PLACE

EVERYTHING IS READY FOR HER. PONTOON USED AS SCREEN, AND CREW GIVEN ROOMIER QUARTERS

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire) NEW LONDON, Conn., Nov. 1.—The German submarine Deutschland arrived in the harbor here early this morning.

Captain Koenig said the Deutschland left Bremen on October 10 and made the trip here without special incident. The entire crew comprises twenty-five men. The Deutschland appeared in the outer harbor shortly after midnight and proceeded to the dock of the Eastern Forwarding Co.

The submersible, under her own power, slid into a "pocket" which had been prepared for her at the wharf, at 2:35 o'clock. The craft's entry into the harbor was so silent that only a few persons were aware that she was there.

Captain Koenig said that the boat originally was supposed to leave on October 1 but she was injured in a collision and put back to port, delaying her sailing ten days. The clearance papers were made out for "Baltimore or any Atlantic port."

Until the last three days very rough weather was encountered, Captain Goenig said.

Captain F. Hirsch of the forwarding company, accompanied by Dr. R. E. Black, the health officer, and other officials, met the submersible on a tug. The usual quarantine regulations were waived and the Deutschland tied up at the dock near the North German Lloyd steamer Willehad.

Plans were made to transfer the crew to the steamer Willehad where quarters have been in readiness for some time. All the men were in excellent health, it was said, and in high spirits over the successful termination of the second trans-Atlantic venture.

Soon after the craft was tied up, a pontoon, carrying a high fence, was swung into position between the dock and the Willehad. With the company warehouses on one side, this combination successfully hides the submarine from view.

The Deutschland first attracted world wide attention when at almost the same hour in the morning of July 9 she slipped in the Virginia capes.

Captain Koenig, who brought the vessel into New London today, also commanded her on her maiden voyage. The vessel reached her dock at Baltimore the following night. She carried a valuable cargo of dyestuffs. The trip constituted a record voyage for a craft of the kind, approximately four thousand miles in sixteen days.

The sub-sea trader started on her return trip August 1 with a cargo of rubber and sickle, dodged through a cordon of hostile warships watching for her outside the three mile limit and arrived safely off Bremen after a voyage of twenty-three days.

TAFT MAKES BITTER ATTACK ON DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGN ARGUMENT

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire) CINCINNATI, Oct. 31.—Asserting that the people of this country are now living in a fool's paradise, and that "the democratic party is seeking in its argument to induce the people to live in that fool's paradise until after election," former President William H. Taft addressed an outpouring of people here tonight.

"The democrats ask you to continue them in power because we now have prosperity," said Mr. Taft. "The slightest analysis of this claim will show how utterly untrue the people will be if they allow it to have any effect upon their judgment in selecting the party which is to conduct the affairs of the nation for the next four years."

"It is that instant that peace is declared abroad there will be an enormous falling off in the great demand for our products, with the speed of a cable dispatch, the conditions must radically change. Great factories, adapted only to the manufacture of war munitions, must cease to operate and the wage earners must be thrown out of employment until the plants can be made over to make peace products, and until a new demand for such products can be created.

Chicago Husbands Forced To Support Their Wives

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire) CHICAGO, Oct. 31.—Two thousand husbands in Chicago who, a year ago, were too tired or too ill to work, have gone out and got jobs since the passage of the non-support act by the last legislature. Statistics in the municipal court today showed that since the passage of the act, making a husband liable to criminal prosecution if he failed to support his wife, there have been 2000

U-53 RETURNS SAFELY

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire) BERLIN, (via London) Nov. 1.—The German submarine U-53 has returned safely to a German port, according to the official announcement. The German submarine U-53, under command of Captain Hatz, arrived at Newport, R. I., from Wilhelmshaven October 7 and departed after a visit of three hours. In the course of the next day the U-53 sank five ships off the American coast. Various reports have been current regarding the submarine and it was uncertain whether the craft was returning to Germany or had remained on this side of the Atlantic. There were rumors that she had been sunk. A search by American warships for a German secret base along the New England coast for supplying submarines proved fruitless, according to naval officers.

A SHORT LIVED CAMPAIGN FAKE 'DIED ABORNIN'

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire) NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—Sixteen of the nation's members of the resolutions committee of the first progressive party convention which framed the platform for which Theodore Roosevelt was nominated for the presidency in 1912, endorsed a statement issued here tonight by the democratic national committee commending the "legislative activities of President Wilson." Eleven of the number signed the statement which also urged the reelection of the president.

Those who signed the statement were: John M. Parker of Louisiana, vice presidential candidate on the present progressive ticket; former Governor Lucius C. Gorvin, of Rhode Island; former Governor Jos. M. Carey, of Wyoming, one of the seven governors who came out for Roosevelt in 1912; Judge Albert D. Norton, of Missouri; and Hugh T. Halbert, of Minnesota. The resolutions committee for United States senator and governor in their states: Frank N. Howard, of Vermont; M. C. Dabara, of New Mexico; James H. Ingersoll, of Idaho; Arthur G. Wray, of Nebraska; Clarence B. Strouse, of Virginia; and J. W. McCormick, of Texas. Those who, it is announced, endorsed the statement were: William Allen White, of Kansas; George B. Hynson, of Delaware; Andrew J. Stone, of West Virginia; Wm. R. Fairley, of Alabama; and Isaac Newton Stevens, of Colorado.

Mr. Stevens for Hughes DENVER, Oct. 31.—Isaac N. Stevens tonight announced that he would send the following telegram to the publicity department of the republican national committee: "As a member of the resolutions committee of 1912, I signed a statement giving credit to the present administration for enacting many of its planks into laws. I never endorsed the present administration otherwise, and I am supporting, and intend voting for Mr. Hughes."

White's Denial KANSAS CITY, Oct. 31.—William Allen White, of Emporia, Kas., denied tonight in a long distance telephone conversation, according to a local newspaper, that he had endorsed the statement given out by former progressive party leaders in New York, in which the legislative achievements of President Wilson were commended. "The report that I endorsed such a statement is untrue," Mr. White was quoted as saying. "Please make it clear that the statement was shown to me and that I absolutely refused to sign it."

ITALIAN MINISTER RESIGNS (Republican A. P. Leased Wire) ROME, (via Paris), Oct. 31.—Tommaso Tittoni, ambassador to France, was resigned. The government, in accepting his resignation, proposed that the king nominate him as minister of state in appreciation of his services in the embassy at Paris. Signor Tittoni had been long absent from his post because of illness.

THE BATTLE CRY OF THE NEW FREEDOM



For he kept us out of war, boys, he'll always keep us out. Shouting the cry of watchful waiting. 'Neath our flag of snowy white, we will be too proud to fight. Shouting the cry of watchful waiting. Let your hearts with rapture burst as we sing of safety first. Shouting the cry of watchful waiting. When the hated foreign foes walk around upon our toes. We'll shout the cry of watchful waiting.

GERMANY ASKED ABOUT AFFAIR OF THE MARINA

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire) WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Germany has been asked to furnish the United States any information the imperial government may have concerning the sinking by submarines of the British steamers Marina and Rowanmore. The request was forwarded, it became known tonight, through the American embassy at Berlin.

It is understood the state department took this step without waiting for full reports from British sources and survivors of the ships, because it was considered desirable to assemble at the earliest possible moment complete information, particularly regarding the Marina, on which several American horse tenders apparently lost their lives. The request is informal and is intended in no sense as an intimation that German submarines have violated international law or the pledges of the German government to the United States.

There was no evident tension over the case today in government circles. Officials continued optimistic, apparently in the belief that the final accounts would show that the steamer lost her immunity as a merchantman by flight or by attempting a counter attack. As to the Rowanmore, which admittedly sought desperately to resist, there seemed to be but one point to clear up—whether the submarine actually fired upon boats leaving the ship, as alleged by survivors.

Virtually no information about either case was given out by the state department during the day. Secretary Lansing, who is handling the situation personally, declined to say anything further, that his information is incomplete; that reports had come from London during the day, and that the affidavits of survivors would be made available.

(Continued on Page Eight) Republicans Will Control Congress At Next Session (Republican A. P. Leased Wire) WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—A republican majority in the next house of at least 27 is predicted in a statement issued here tonight by Representative Woods of Iowa, chairman of the republican congressional campaign committee. Mr. Woods also declares Hughes will be elected by a satisfactory majority, and that the republicans have better than an even chance of controlling the senate.

Whatever May Have Occurred Says Lodge, Was In Accord With Events Already Known

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire) NORTH ADAMS, Mass., Oct. 31.—The alleged weakening postscript to the Lusitania note to Germany regarding "strict accountability" was again referred to by Senator Lodge at a public meeting here tonight. "The president of the United States has denied that there was any postscript to the Lusitania note and we are all bound, of course, to accept the president's denial just as he makes it," said Senator Lodge.

"I need hardly say," he added, "that I would not willingly bring an unfounded charge against any one high or low or if I misled into doing so I should be quick to retract it. The president makes one mistake. The statement which he characterizes as untrue, that there was such a postscript, was not mine, but was made by Mr. Breckinridge, a former assistant secretary of war, according to the evidence of two independent witnesses, both gentlemen of high character, responsibility and veracity, and Mr. Breckinridge was in a position to know. If, as he is reported to have said, he had seen the postscript, bearing in mind the public and hitherto uncontroverted fact that Mr. Bryan had informed the Austro-Hungarian ambassador that the "strict accountability" note of May 15 meant nothing, which fact was at once cable by the ambassador to Berlin, it seemed to me that Mr. Breckinridge's statement as testified to by two independent ought properly to be laid before the public.

"The president, it will also be observed, says that the clause proposing arbitration was suggested and that after consideration he rejected it. This suggestion rejected by the president covered the exact proposition said by Mr. Breckinridge to have been embodied in the postscript, and may have been what Mr. Breckinridge had in mind when talking to Dr. Bailey and Mr. Jeffrey about the postscript which was rejected without having been referred to the cabinet, and it may also have been the reason for Mr. Bryan's statement to the Austro-Hungarian ambassador that the note meant nothing.

"I would also call your attention to a statement by Mr. Charles Warren, a republican presidential elector of New Jersey, who states that he was told by a member of President Wilson's official family that the proposition to arbitrate the loss of life on the Lusitania was to be embodied in a note to Ambassador Gerard and was not to be a postscript to the 'strict accountability' note, whether as a postscript or as a separate note, and the method of its suggestion, consideration and rejection.

Virginia Closes Saloons Drastic Law Now in Force (Republican A. P. Leased Wire) RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 31.—Virginia, the eighteenth state to ban the sale of intoxicating beverages, closed all saloons at midnight tonight, completing a dry area in the south reaching from Washington to Jacksonville, in a separate note, and the method of its suggestion, consideration and rejection.

Although a large part of the old domain had been voted dry in local opinion, the new state law closed more than 300 saloons. The law is the most drastic ever passed by a state legislature. No beverage, except cider, can be sold that shows a trace of alcohol and possession of more than one gallon of whiskey, one gallon of wine, or three gallons of beer would be allowed as prima facie evidence of intent to violate the law. Vast quantities of liquor have been stored in some private homes.

HUGHES DEFINES PLATFORM UPON WHICH HE RUNS

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire) EVANSVILLE, Oct. 31.—Charles E. Hughes tonight told an audience in the school stadium here of the policies he intends to follow if elected president. Mr. Hughes declared that he would, to begin, select the ablest cabinet the country could afford, would protect American rights with respect to life, property and commerce, throughout the world, would exert all powers of reason in investigating grievances, would endeavor to safeguard American enterprise to promote a protective tariff and would give the United States a "straight business government, impartial, fair, efficient."

The names declared that he believed in the "leadership of the executive" in shaping legislation and thought it his duty "so far as he can by his recommendation and his powerful influence" to promote the passage of beneficial laws. After saying he would select an able cabinet, he referred to a "little word of pleasure" from the "spokesman of the opposing party, saying in effect that members of the republican cabinets could not be called to mind."

"I want to give in answer to that suggestion," Mr. Hughes declared, "that the cabinet of this administration never will be forgotten."

Mr. Hughes was to speak at 8 o'clock but did not reach the stadium till after 9 and began his speech at 9:30. A torchlight procession that was 45 minutes in passing detained him. The marching party, with the speaker between cheering crowds. During his address he was frequently halted by salutes of cheering.

The meeting was in the open air and the speaker did not speak long, for his voice was frayed by the day's exertions. Mr. Hughes' speech of tonight marked the end of his first day's campaign of his two days' tour of the state. It was a day of crowds and noisy welcomes.

"Going through Indiana," he told the audience here tonight, "I have met the most hearty greeting and to me it is a prophesy and an assurance that we are going steadily forward to victory on the seventh of November."

"We cannot say just how we will find things next March but we can state the principles by which we shall be guided," he said. "If I am elected president as I expect to be, I shall be guided by the principles of business administration in our great departments of government."

"We are living in a time which is full of opportunities for the American people and also full of grave dangers. It is no time to be contented with irregularities, but to make without reference to the power of the statutes that are enacted to accomplish the purposes for which they are designed. We must have in this land more thorough-going, more true and explicit legislation if we are to accomplish the purposes which we have in view."

"The executive is the nation's honor. He is entrusted with the right of diplomatic instrumentalities. He is the man who represents the country in all its dealing with foreign nations. It is today of the utmost importance that we have a proper expression of the rights of American citizenship and the dignity of American citizenship; and I desire, and if I am elected, I propose no far as in me lies, to see that the rights of American citizens with respect to life, property and commerce are safeguarded throughout the world."

"This is not a policy which leads to war. What a travesty it is to say that a policy that forfeits self respect, or does not represent America with the courage and indomitable spirit that our country has, is a policy which will be to our lasting peace and security."

"I do not want to be president of a decadent people. The American people are not decadent. They have the same spirit which won and preserved our liberties. All that is necessary is to give a true expression to the spirit of American life, and that expression will conserve American peace because it will present us to the world as a nation."

(Continued on Page Two) COAL PRICES GO UP AS STRIKE THREATENS IN OKLAHOMA MINES affected by the strike order recently issued because of an unsettled dispute between operators and union miners over the biennial wage contract. The strike order was made effective November 1. Only a limited supply of coal was reported tonight to be available in any of the larger cities of this section. In case of a cold wave and that consequent drain on the fuel on hand, dealers said much suffering would result.

Prices, so far, according to retail dealers, have made no substantial advance, but increases were predicted soon. In Dallas, Texas, tomorrow the new scale to the user will be \$8.50 a ton for domestic coal instead of \$8. The city has only a week's supply on hand, dealers reported, because of the car shortage. In Wichita, Kas., a coal famine without weeks was predicted if weather conditions were such that the supply was a chance to replenish the supply. COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 31.—Coal operators tonight predicted the retail price of bituminous coal would reach \$10 a ton in Ohio in the near future, if the present demand and the shortage of coal in the state service continues. Jobbers were selling at from \$6 to \$7.50 per ton as a result. Slack is being sold in the mine run class at \$5 per ton.