

# TRAIN ARRIVALS

No. 1—7.45 p. m.  
No. 4—5.50 p. m.  
No. 7—10.55 p. m.  
No. 8—7.50 p. m.  
No. 9—11.45 p. m.

# VOLUME 22.

# HOW ONE COUPLE SAVED MONEY ON \$60 PER MONTH

They Fare Well. They Watch the Nickles, and Don't Spend Lavishly.

# LIVE AS CHEAPLY AS \$7 PER WEEK

When They Had a Garden. They Cut Expenses Down to a Minimum—Now Vegetables and Fruit Add to Cost of Living.

Can a young married couple save money on a salary of \$60 per month at present prices of staple necessities, and yet live with that common decency which society requires? They certainly can, according to a young man in Albuquerque, a clerk who makes just \$60 per month and who has a fine little wife, who has the saving habit, though she's not a bit "stingy."

"We have been married two years and we know just what every week has cost us during that time, for we 'keep books,'" said the clerk. "Every time the groceryman brings an order, or anything else comes into our house, down goes the cost, and it's paid for the moment it's delivered. When we have no money, we don't buy anything."

A glance at the well kept account book, daintily with feminine writing and figures, showed the following as the cost of what this couple needed to maintain three pretty rooms at their well kept home last week, including the time from Sept. 1 to Sept. 7:

**Daily Expenses.**

Monday morning Mrs. Clerk went down town to do her marketing. She buys round at different stores because she declares it's cheaper that way and you get better treatment than when you stick too close to one firm.

Fifteen cents worth of round steak, 25 cents worth of potatoes, one loaf of bread for 5 cents, 15 cents worth of strawberries, and 5 cents worth of cantaloupes made up her purchases, and when hubby got home to dinner he found his wife with potatoes enough for the whole week, strawberries for the day, bread for two days and meat enough for dinner and a small piece for breakfast. The whole lot cost 65 cents.

Tuesday 15 cents worth of meat, 10 cents worth of peaches, 10 cents worth of radishes and onions, and 15 cents for small sundries completed the program. Fifty cents in all for the day.

Wednesday, meat cost 25 cents as there was a visitor at dinner. Bread and a small cake 20 cents, fruit and strawberries 15 cents, and vegetables 15 cents. Total 95 cents.

Thursday, fuel had to be bought and one dollar for the week went for that necessity. Meat 15 cents, fruit 15 cents, bread 15 cents, and vegetables 15 cents. The week's sundries made a total of \$1.45 for the day's expenses.

Friday was an off day. Instead of meat, a dozen eggs cost 40 cents, butter 35 cents (these will last a week), fruit and vegetables 25 cents, total \$1.00.

Saturday, a bar of soap (Mrs. Clerk does her own washing and ironing), 5 cents, bread and buns 15 cents, meat, including Sunday's supply, 40 cents, vegetables 25 cents, fruit 35 cents, sugar 15 cents, and sundries for lights, 25 cents. Total 1.70.

During the week she purchased seven pints of milk for 35 cents. Their rent is \$12 per month, which makes a weekly average of \$2.

**Total Weekly Expenses.**

Their total expenses for the week, including rent, fuel, light, and food, including entertainment of one guest at dinner, was \$2.50. The week previous, their expenses were \$7.25. They economized on meat that week.

Last spring they had a vegetable garden and, with slight expense, they cut out their vegetable expense altogether, saving an average on that item of \$1 per week for six weeks. They are now about to purchase a dozen chickens and this will cut out the egg bill of 40 cents or more per week.

Their clothing bill is not heavy, averaging less than \$5 per month.

Last week they saved \$5.40 out of the \$15 weekly salary. The previous week, their savings amounted to \$7.75. For five weeks last spring during the garden period, they saved \$8 on an average per week. Of this amount about \$5 per month goes for clothing and \$3 for recreation.

The monthly savings on an average are \$10. They are not making an effort to save anything extraordinary, but are merely not spending any money that is not necessary. They live well and have all they desire. They number their friends by the legion and treat them all nicely but they don't spend lavishly in entertaining.

"It costs us 10 per cent more to live now than it did last winter, but we can still save on that basis," declared the clerk. Their home is a model of neatness but it represents Mrs. Clerk's work for every moment of the day.

**How They Started.**

"We have had no sickness during our married life, but we were not so lucky as the couple the Citizen quoted in Saturday's paper, for we had no extra clothing when we got married," said the clerk. "We had not intended to marry for nearly a year later than the time when the ceremony took place, but when we found that my wife's sisters were planning on a big wedding, we con-

# PS ATTACKED BY MOB AND TWO ARE INJURED

Four Different Attempts Made to Demolish Yellow Town But Only Glass Was Broken.

# HIGH OFFICIAL OF JAPAN IN MELEE

Director of Her Commerce and Trade Department Landed Just In Time to Be Involved In Trouble—Government Investigating.

Montreal, Canada, Sept. 9.—The following telegram was received by Consul General Nosse at Ottawa today from Mr. Ishii, director of the commerce and trade department of foreign affairs of Japan, who is at present in British Columbia studying the anti-Japanese movement in that province.

"Vancouver, Sept. 9.—Having arrived at Vancouver at 1 p. m. Sept. 7, I found that during the early part of the evening there was held a demonstration of the anti-Japanese and anti-Chinese and about 900 men, a number of rowdies about fifty or sixty, marched into the section of the city where are the stores kept by Japanese and Chinese, and threw stones, breaking considerable glass. Following this attack there came another, this time the number of the mob being increased to about 500 and the force of several stones was broken in. So far as I can ascertain only one Japanese was wounded. The police did their best but there is hardly any hope of relief in that direction."

**Four Attacks Made.**

Late last night Consul Merikawa sent the following telegram to the consul: In continuance of the message sent by Mr. Ishii I have to report that during the night of Sept. 7, 1907, four different attempts were made to demolish the Japanese quarters. Twice again they tried to attack the Japanese stores but on account of the vigilance of the Japanese and city police, no one was injured and their number gradually decreased and by 3 o'clock Sunday morning the rowdies had scattered and tranquility was restored.

The dispatch adds that all windows and door glass were smashed in fifty Japanese stores and two Japanese were wounded. The consul general Nosse will lay the facts before Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the premier of Canada.

**Studying Conditions.**

Akihiro Ishii, director of the commercial bureau of the Japanese foreign office, who was involved in the anti-Japanese riots at Vancouver last Saturday night, came to this country to investigate the report of the recent anti-Japanese riots in San Francisco. While this was given out as the specific object of his visit it is generally understood that his mission is to make a thorough investigation into the conditions in this country, and to ascertain the cause and extent of the prejudice against the Japanese.

He spent some time in San Francisco after traveling through the country and to British Columbia, where the conditions arising from the recent inflow of Japanese and Chinese in the northwest have caused a serious disturbance of labor conditions.

cluded to do a little surprise work, so we were quietly married one evening and began housekeeping a few days later. We tried the furnished room plan but that is not 'home.' We wanted a place where we could do as we pleased and not be hampered by knowing that some one else owned the furniture and everything we used.

**No Money or Comfort.**

"After five months of the furnished room life, we quit it for the three room house we now occupy. There was no money or comfort either for us in the furnished room. We lived in a house where four other families had rooms, and of course we were thrown in with them. They knew all of our affairs, and probably more, and we were forced to listen to their troubles. That's all right for the man who has just come to town and has to stand it, but it didn't suit either me or my wife, so we hustled around, bought our furniture and began housekeeping. It's a success in every way. We have all we want and enjoy life. Besides, we have a nest egg in the bank that will mean a home for us some day, of our very own, unless sickness comes along, when it will mean a nest egg in adversity at least. That \$75 per month man you told Saturday to try the saving plan, and he'll find that he has just as much to eat, just as good a variety, and enjoys life just as much, as he does now on his haphazard plan."

**RAILROADS GUILTY OF DISCRIMINATION.**

Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 9.—The Wilmar and Sioux Falls railway, part of the Great Northern system, was today ordered by the railroad commission to cease discriminating against Omaha in grain shipments. The Omaha Grain Exchange company complained that the railroad refused to furnish cars for shipments to South Omaha or Omaha, holding cars for shipment to Sioux City and Minneapolis. The commission ordered the railway officials to furnish cars in the order requested by patrons irrespective of their destination.

# THE DEADLY WORK OF MOROCCAN FANATICS



This view of Casa Blanca, Morocco, shows the bloody work of the ravaging, fanatical Moors in a narrow street, which was filled with the dead bodies of human beings and horses, after the Moorish pillagers had passed through it.

# GOVERNOR AND PARTY ARE GUESTS OF CLAYTON

Executive Accorded Warm Welcome Everywhere on His Northern Trip.

# RECEPTION AT RATON AND CIMARRON IMMENSE

Clayton, N. M., Sept. 9.—Governor George Curry arrived here last night after spending Sunday at Cimarron and Raton. The governor is making a trip over this part of the territory as the guest of J. Van Houten.

The party was met at the station of the St. Louis, Rocky Mountain and Pacific railroad by a large number of Clayton people and the first visit of Governor Curry, as governor, to Clayton will always be a pleasant memory to the executive. A reception was given him today and he delivered a short address, but the greater part of the day was spent in sightseeing.

The governor spent Sunday quietly at Cimarron, though he was greeted on his arrival there by a large number of people, everyone his friend. The day was devoted principally to sightseeing and to an informal reception. The governor left Clayton last night.

**At Raton.**

The reception accorded the party at Raton, his former home Saturday, however, was probably the greatest of the trip. The governor is well known to nearly everybody in that city and the way in which they lined up for him was wonderful. After breakfast at the home of Dr. Kohlhauser, an old friend, the party took a trip over the St. L. R. M. and P. railway, eating luncheon at the El Rancho, where elaborate preparations had been made. On their return to Raton, an auto ride occupied the evening until dinner.

At the conclusion of the evening at the Coliseum, over one thousand people met the new governor and expressed their hearty approval of his course. The evening was devoted to the reception and the party did not leave for Cimarron until Sunday morning.

# STEAMER GOES ASHORE DURING A HEAVY FOG TODAY

San Gabriel in Trouble Off Point Reyes, California.

# CREW SAFE BUT SHIP IS A TOTAL LOSS

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 9.—The steamer San Gabriel, which sailed from San Pedro day before yesterday for Umpqua in ballast, ran ashore one mile north of Point Reyes this morning during a heavy fog. It is believed that the vessel will be a total loss. The steamer carries a crew of fifteen.

Word has been received by the weather bureau stating that a steam schooner is standing by the stranded San Gabriel and a tug has left here for the scene of the wreck. The Point Reyes life saving crew has reached the vessel, and it is stated that there is no danger of loss of life.

**Will Probably go to Pieces.**

The surf is running high and there is momentary danger of the steamer breaking up, as she is lying in a dangerous position with her bow clear in shore and her weight resting on the center of her keel. If she can hold on until the tide rises, it may be possible to save her, as she is undoubtedly not damaged enough to prevent pulling her off.

At the company's offices in this city late this afternoon, it was stated that there was little hope of saving the San Gabriel, despite the fact that she did not have on any great quantity of ballast. Her position on the reef is such that it is believed any attempt to move her will result in breaking her up, as the sea is too high to permit any extensive salvage work without great danger.

**Cavalry for Philippines.**

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 9.—The army transport Thomas sailed today for Honolulu, Guam and Manila with nine troops of the Sixth cavalry and a detachment of field artillery for the Philippines.

# NEWS AND BROKERAGE OPERATORS TO QUIT WORK

Commercial Men Demand That They Break Existing Contracts.

# MEETING TONIGHT TO DECIDE ON ACTION

Chicago, Sept. 9.—A meeting will be held tonight by the members of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union to consider calling out the operators now employed in the brokers' and newspaper offices of this city, and the men working on leased wires. Yesterday a petition was circulated among the members of the organizations demanding that the officers call out these men regardless of existing contracts or agreements signed since the commencement of the strike.

The petition says in effect that every member of the union be called upon to cease work immediately notwithstanding any contract that has been signed, believing that the contract made which compels one brother to the disadvantage of another is better broken than kept.

The program to be followed will be settled at the meeting tonight.

**Walk Out Probable.**

Should the brokerage, lease wire and newspaper operators go out here the men occupying similar positions in other cities will follow suit, as the same demand will be made by the commercial telegraphers everywhere.

It is highly probable that the union tonight will accede to the demands of the strikers, since the situation has not been as bright here during the last few days, many of the men having gone into other work.

# EQUALIZATION BOARD NAMES ITS OFFICERS

James F. Hinkle, of Roswell, President, and R. J. Palen, Santa Fe Banker, Secretary.

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 9.—(Special)—James F. Hinkle, of Roswell, was elected president, and R. J. Palen, of Santa Fe, secretary of the territorial board of equalization, which met here today and organized.

The board will likely be in session nearly all week since there are fifty cases from all parts of the territory to be acted upon. The deliberations of this board are watched with considerable interest. All members were present today except Mr. Letts, of Cimarron; E. A. Miera, of Cuba, Sandoval county.

# INFANT KILLED IN SHOOTING AFFRAY

Chester, Pa., Sept. 9.—A 13-month-old child was instantly killed in a shooting affray at the home of Daniel Friel today in this city.

Friel, the uncle of the child, has been arrested charged with murder. He asserts he heard burglars in the house and that the child was shot accidentally, but the police believe the child was killed during a quarrel. The infant was the daughter of Mrs. Mary Matthews, a widow.

# SECRETARY ROOT IS DEAD AND HEARTY

New York, Sept. 9.—Secretary of State Root, famed and appearing in excellent health, will leave Muldoon's sanatorium at White Plains, N. Y., tomorrow after a stay of several weeks. The secretary will go first to his old home at Clinton, N. Y., where he will remain about a week. He plans to be in Washington by Sept. 12. His stay will be brief, however, as he leaves for Mexico, Sept. 25. He will cross the Mexican border at Laredo, where he will be met by President Diaz and become his guest.

# THREE BURNED TO DEATH IN HOTEL

Charlotte, N. C., Sept. 9.—Fire early this morning destroyed a hotel at Cleveland Springs, N. C. Miss Smith, of Eldorado, and two negroes employed at the hotel, were burned to death. The fire started by a stroke of lightning.

# TRUST SEEKS LIFE OF ITS "CUT PRICE" RIVAL

More Than 250 Jobbers In Three States Form Alliance to Kill Competition.

# MANUFACTURERS AID IN CRUSHING EFFORT

Ohio Firm Refuses to Be Bound by Monopoly Contract and as a Consequence Is Fighting for an Existence Now.

Toledo, O., Sept. 9.—The bureau of statistics of the United States government, in its compilation of figures relative to the 40 per cent increase in the cost of living, has uncovered still another trust scheme.

A great war is being waged by 120 grocery jobbers in Ohio, 70 in Michigan and 70 in Indiana, against a Toledo, grocery jobbing house for which has been adjudged guilty by them of the heinous crime of cutting prices.

After the wholesale grocery trust which flourished in Ohio for years was broken up by the Valentine anti-trust law, one of the members of the former combine started in on a new line of business. He concluded to dispense largely with traveling salesmen and sell goods by catalogue, cutting prices below those fixed by the trust.

Immediately there was a protest from other jobbers, and an appeal now that all the jobbers in the three states are united in a fight to put this one price-cutting grocer out of business.

One of the first moves made was to try to induce manufacturers to force this firm to maintain prices or refuse to sell it goods.

**Warned by Manufacturers.**

It has developed that when manufacturers send their goods to the jobbers, prices are fixed at which the jobber must sell the retailer.

If the jobber sells below the fixed price the manufacturer must refuse to sell him any more goods, under penalty of losing the business of all the jobbers in the combine.

When the price-cutter has his supply shut off, and if the combine succeeds he is put out of business.

The Toledo firm, the Dow-Snell Co., has already been informed by certain manufacturers that they cannot have any more goods unless the Dow-Snell people agree to maintain prices to the retailer.

Here is an extract from a letter received by President E. E. Dow from a manufacturing concern in Richmond, Va.:

"We are today in receipt of letters from all our customers in your city, complaining that you are cutting the prices on our products, and saying, in effect, that unless we can induce you to put up with this practice they will discontinue the sale of them."

Another manufactured grocery product is listed for sale by the jobbers at \$2.85. The retailer sells it at \$1.85. Dow-Snell catalogue it to retailers at \$2.55. They received a letter from the manufacturer, which says:

**Criminal Contracts.**

"This practice is against our interest and against yours, and under the circumstances we will be obliged to discontinue selling the goods to your firm."

But this is not the limit. Many of the manufacturing firms insist that the jobber sign a contract agreeing that he will not sell, or permit to be sold, any goods under the price stipulated by the manufacturer.

President Dow has in his possession a letter from a firm declining to sell any more goods to Dow-Snell until the firm and every salesman and commercial employe sign such a contract.

In his catalog, issued weekly, Dow conducts his fight against the jobbers' trust. In the last issue, speaking of these contracts, he says:

"You ought to see some of the contracts thrown up at us, and which all the other jobbers do sign. Some of them would send a man to jail quicker than a toad can lap lightning, if they happened to fall into the hands of some grand jury where the prosecuting attorney was onto his job."

# PRISONER WAS FREE FOR THREE MINUTES

Greeley, Colo., Sept. 9.—Charles Simonsen, charged with the murder of Editor C. R. Lewis of Greeley, who was fatally shot August 24, was a free man for three minutes this morning, when his case was dismissed in Judge Presley's court at the request of District Attorney Van Horn.

Simonsen's freedom was of short duration, as he was almost immediately rearrested on a warrant sworn out on information of Deputy Sheriff Frazier, the warrant being issued by Judge H. P. Hill of Greeley, and charging Simonsen with the murder of Lewis.

This unusual proceeding grew out of the maneuvers of the attorneys in the case, which diverted the interest in Simonsen to them.

# KILLED HIS SON.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 9.—In a fight with his son who was intoxicated, Christian Kelly inflicted a fatal cut today.

# WEATHER FORECAST

Denver, Col., September 9—Partly cloudy with local showers tonight and Tuesday.

# NUMBER 211

# FOR THIRD TERM AND SINGLE STATEHOOD

Delegate Andrews Gives Interview in Santa Fe of Much Significance.

# FOR CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION SOON

Plan Whereby New Mexico Can Come Into Union Alone—Roosevelt Can Not Escape Nomination.

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 9.—(Special).—Delegate W. H. Andrews, who is here on business today, gave out an interview in which he said he favored a third term for President Roosevelt, that he believed that Roosevelt was the logical man under existing conditions and that he believed that Roosevelt would be nominated and compelled to run for a third term whether or not he desired the office.

The delegate said that he was for Roosevelt for a third term and that he believed sentiment generally was for Roosevelt.

**Statehood Certain.**

Delegate Andrews also stated that he felt certain that single statehood would be secured for this territory during the next congress. He will urge Governor Curry to call a meeting of the delegates elected last year to draft a constitution. These delegates are to be asked to meet in Santa Fe at their own expense, if Mr. Andrews is successful in drafting a constitution and forward it to Washington.

The delegate is quoted as stating that, if this is done, he will introduce a single statehood bill in the next congress and that he feels reasonably certain that it will pass both houses and be approved by the president who lately announced that he would not further urge joint statehood for New Mexico and Arizona.

**Governor May Cooperate.**

It is believed here that Governor Curry, who favors statehood, will cooperate since it is generally believed that statehood can be obtained for New Mexico in short order.

It is believed that by March of next year, an act will have been passed by congress permitting New Mexico to become a state.

The announcement that Delegate Andrews favored a third term for Roosevelt caused no surprise since it was generally known that he was an admirer of the president.

According to the plan which Delegate Andrews favors, a constitutional convention would be called to meet in November at the capital.

**Constitutional Convention.**

The delegate says that it would not take longer than ten days at the most to formulate a constitution which would serve a temporary purpose. Amendments and changes could be made later.

While the delegates to such a convention would not be paid for their services by the territory, the delegate feels certain that if statehood were secured, the next legislature would reimburse the delegates for the money they would spend in attending the constitutional convention. Another feature of this plan which makes it look like a sure thing is the assistance Governor Curry would give in inducing the president to favor New Mexico's admission.

**He Has Influence.**

Governor Curry, perhaps, has more influence with Theodore Roosevelt than any man in New Mexico and he has repeatedly stated that he would do all in his power to aid in securing statehood for this territory. With his assistance there is little doubt but that the plan proposed would result in the admission to the union of New Mexico.

It is not known how the governor would view the proposed holding of the constitutional convention but as soon as he returns to the capital, the matter will be taken up with him in detail. It is not thought that he will oppose it since he favors statehood strongly. On the contrary it is believed that he will do all in his power to secure the attendance of the necessary delegates.

# VETERANS ENROUTE TO ENCAMPMENT

New York, Sept. 9.—Many veterans of the war of the rebellion are in this city today from points in the south and west on their way to Saratoga, where they will attend the forty-first national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, which opens tomorrow. The delegates, many of whom are accompanied by their wives and daughters, spent much of the day visiting Grant's tomb, Governor's Island and other places of interest.

# Killed in Runaway.

Pueblo, Colo., Sept. 9.—In trying to stay the flight of a runaway box car on a 30-foot trestle in the steel yards early this morning, Tony Costa, an Italian, aged 25, lost his grip on the brake and fell beneath the wheels where he met a horrible death.