

GOVERNMENT IS TO AD SHOW AT CHICAGO

Departments Will Make Exhibits During the Land and Irrigation Exposition.

Washington, Aug. 24.—E. T. Perkins, the engineer in charge of the reclamation service at Chicago and chairman of the advisory committee of the United States Land and Irrigation exposition, has returned to Chicago, after a most productive visit among the various government bureaus which will contribute to the exposition.

In demonstration of the rapid progress that is being made towards devising and assembling the features of the exposition, Mr. Perkins, before leaving, outlined some of the plans that are being perfected in the department. The reclamation service will exhibit some forty odd colored transparencies of its work and a large model of the Salt River project, showing the dam, reservoir and the various canals which will reclaim the lands about Phoenix, Ariz. There will be showing water in these canals and irrigation in active operation.

The bureau of experiment stations has promised to make an interesting exhibit which will occupy 257 square feet. The exhibit of the bureau of animal industry will cover some 527 square feet; the bureau of entomology, 254 square feet; the bureau of plant industry, 285 square feet; the forest service, 735 square feet, and the department of soils, 230 square feet. Each one of these bureaus will distribute the most interesting literature concerning this work. The geological survey will have a space of 192 square feet, and the Hawaiian Islands will have a space of 114 square feet. Parts of these exhibits will be transferred from the Seattle exposition, but the major portion will be sent from material on hand in the Washington departments.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson has been interviewed on the subject and has promised all the help in his power as far as he may legally proceed.

"The era of land hunger and exploitation seems to be drawing in this country," said Mr. Perkins. "The office of the United States reclamation service in Chicago is besieged by applicants for information concerning the possibilities of obtaining homes on the government land in the west. During the months of June and July we had 3,257 applications for such information. Inspired by the work of the reclamation service, which already has expended \$30,000,000 on irrigation works in the west, there are a great number of private irrigation schemes carried on under the Carey act, as a general thing in the western states.

In addition to this flood of enquiries we learn that from 45,000 to 60,000 American families are yearly emigrating to Canada and carrying with them \$70,000,000 of good American money.

Inspired by these facts, the Chicago Tribune has undertaken to back the big exposition which is to be held in the Coliseum at Chicago from Nov. 20 to Dec. 4, 1909. The whole affair will be held under the auspices of the Tribune, which has agreed that if the expenditures are greater than the receipts, it will assume responsibility for the deficit up to \$30,000. If the receipts are greater than the expenditures,

the Tribune will not take the surplus, but will deposit it in a fund for the perpetuation of this land and irrigation exposition.

"The idea is to exploit the lands of this country," continued Mr. Perkins. "The people of the United States will be given an opportunity of learning what chances there are for establishing homes on the waste and rocky lands of New England, on the swampy lands of Florida and Louisiana, on the dry farming lands of western Kansas and Nebraska and eastern Colorado, or on the irrigated lands of the west. It is a national movement and not local in any sense of the word.

"The space in the main floor of the Coliseum is being sold at \$1.50 a square foot, which includes all decorations. Maintaining its liberal attitude, the Tribune has set aside over 12,000 square feet of space for the exhibits of the federal government and also has made a liberal allowance for meeting such expenses of installation and maintenance as the government cannot legally meet.

"In the annex there is to be a lecture room with a seating capacity of 256 people and there will be half hourly lectures with colored lantern slides and moving pictures by various experts of the movement on the particular work of their bureau.

"This exposition, conducted on these broad and liberal lines, will be most instructive to the entire people of the United States and should be the forerunner of a permanent exposition established in Chicago, so near the center of population."

FACTORIES TAKE ALL THE WOOL OFFERED

Boston Market Just About Cleaned Out by Heavy Purchases Last Week.

Heavy purchases of wool by manufacturers have just about cleaned up the available supply, according to the Boston Commercial Bulletin, which says, in discussing the wool market: "The Boston wool market is very nearly cleaned up on the best selections of domestic worsted wools, as a result of the heavy operations of the largest consumers in the country. The most important business of the week was accomplished by the American Woolen company, the largest buyer of wool in the United States. This corporation, whose activity has a most vital effect upon the market since our last report, just about 20,000,000 pounds of territory wool here, removing from further competition the choice wools offering. The deal began to draw to a close on the 13th, was carried into the 14th and was completed on Monday, the 16th.

On the latter date the American Woolen had acquired approximately 20,000,000 pounds of Montana, Idaho and Soda Springs wools. Of this total Idaho wool was taken to the extent of about 1,000,000 pounds, while the purchases of Soda Springs stock amounted to approximately 750,000 pounds. The remainder was Montana. All the wools were graded. The Montana wools were bought at 24 cents for the clothing, 27 cents for fine staple, 29 1/2 cents for half-blood; 30 cents for three-eighths and 29 cents for the quarter blood. The Idaho wools were taken on a basis of 22 1/2 cents, while the Soda Springs fleece were obtained at 24 to 28

cents for the different lots running from three-eighths to fine. In addition to these heavy purchases on the local market, the American Woolen has bought within the past two weeks about 1,000,000 pounds of Soda Springs wool in St. Louis, approximately 300,000 pounds of territory wool in Chicago, as well as the line of 150,000 pounds of high grade three-eighths Ohio in Wheeling, 30,000,000 Pounds Sold.

While the American Woolen company has provided considerable excitement by its operations, it must not be thought that the other manufacturers have been doing nothing here. On the contrary, some of the leading consumers have been and are around the market taking supplies with great freedom. The Arlington, the Wanskuck, the Botany Worsted, of New Jersey, the Globe Woolen Mills, of Utica, N. Y., and many other mills have been represented here. Outside of the 20,000,000 pounds of wool bought by the American Woolen it is conservatively estimated that fully 10,000,000 pounds have been taken by the other operators, making the stupendous total of 30,000,000 pounds.

Market Strong, Stocks Small. Today the interest state of affairs from the standpoint of the wool dealer, namely, the unusually low supply of good staple domestic wools on the local market. At the beginning of the season the Utah wools arrived here and were quickly taken; the Idaho fleeces then came along, and they were bought in a short time, both original bags and graded lots moving. Soda Springs suffered a similar fate. Now the latest wools to arrive, the staple stock from Montana has reached here, and is also practically gone from dealers' hands. Before the American Woolen company entered the market, probably six or seven million pounds of Montana wool were sold. This total, with the about 18,000,000 pounds taken by the American, leaves a comparatively small amount unsold. Of the remainder, it is said a considerable part is made up of great Northern wools, which will sell in the original bags on account of being clothing wools.

The movement in Oregon staple has been very steady, and of large volume, and is now practically the only territory wool of sufficient staple offering in quantity. A large quantity of Texas wool has been moved, one house alone having disposed of 800,000 pounds of 12 months' sales of Northern California wool have been accomplished also. A little quarter-blood and three-eighths bright wools have been moved this week, but generally speaking, quarter-blood and fine fleeces have been almost wholly neglected. However, it would not be surprising if the next heavy buying movement in the market would be directed toward fleeces of which fine and quarter blood grades are in good supply. Foreign wools are selling in a limited way principally on account of the small quantities available. It is estimated that 60 to 65 per cent. of the 1909 territory clip has been sold.

HOW'S THIS. We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm. Wadding, Kinnear & Marvle, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

We DARN your socks. HURBS LAUNDRY COMPANY. I. H. Cox, the plumber, plumbing and heating and all kinds of repair work promptly done and guaranteed.

TO REFORM "DRUNKS." Street "drunks" and whether they should be created and tried for being drunk and incapable of drunk and disorderly is a subject which has been strenuously debated at the anti-alcoholic congress this week. The opinion of the majority seems to be to keep them out of police courts as much as possible. The principle has been tried at Cologne, and has been attended with considerable success. There the method is for the police to work in cooperation with Salvation Army officers. The latter go around in the night hours with an ambulance wagon and either wheel the "drunks" home as a preliminary to a course of reformatory influence, or they remove them to a special shelter for, first, physical and then moral treatment. The police, in their part, when they find a "drunk" in the streets, telephone to the ambulance for the ambulance, which takes friendly charge of him. Even a "fighting drunk" is often dealt with

PLAN TO AMEND CORPORATION LAWS

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Attending the conference will be Attorney General Wickersham, Secretary of Commerce and Labor Nagel, Secretary of the Interior, Ballinger, Interstate Commerce Commissioner Knapp and Solicitor of the Department of Justice Bowers. It is probable that while the conference are in session in New York they will listen to suggestions from leading financiers, railroad men and others, although this feature of the program has not been decided upon.

Result of an Agreement. The conference will be the result of an agreement reached last spring when President Taft called the men above named together and expressed to them his dissatisfaction with the present laws regarding corporations, including railways, and told them that it was his intention in his first message to Congress in December to recommend legislation relative to corporations. He said that while he knew the necessity for such legislation existed, he was not prepared to suggest the lines it should take, and he therefore requested Messrs. Wickersham, Nagel, Ballinger, Knapp and Bowers to look into the situation and make recommendations.

However, one thing is to be made clear to the business and corporation world. President Taft is out after legislation that will prevent many of the evil practices of some corporations. It will be made plain, it was stated from an authoritative source, that the president is not out after any corporation or individual, and believes the proposed legislation can be discussed both in and out of Congress without precipitating an agitation harmful to the business world. Suggestions will be received from men prominent in financial life and in the railroad world, and will be given consideration. The president, it is said, is not on a trust-busting expedition of wide dimensions, but wants corrective legislation for the regulation of the corporations in the future.

As a guide in their work, President Taft referred each of the conferees to his speech of acceptance at Cincinnati. In that speech he said the chief function of his administration would be to perfect and complete the machinery by which certain standards would be maintained, by which the lawbreakers would be promptly restrained and punished but which would operate with sufficient accuracy and dispatch to interfere with legitimate business as little as possible.

The president declared the present machinery is not adequate for the purpose. In a general way he advocated a change in the interstate commerce act whereby the commission would be relieved of certain executive and administrative duties and its functions limited to quasi-judicial ones.

Classification of Corporations. President Taft also said there should be a classification of that very small percentage of industrial corporations having power and opportunity to effect illegal restraint of trade and monopolies, and legislation either inducing or compelling them to subject themselves to registry and to permit publicity regarding their operations by the department of commerce and labor. He also advocated reorganization of bureaus in the department of commerce and labor, the department of agriculture and the department of justice, which bureaus have to do in one way or another with the business of corporations.

It will be seen that the conferees, who will meet in New York, have an important task before them, and the president will undoubtedly give great weight to their report when it is submitted to them. It is the expectation that the conferees will hold several preliminary meetings in New York and outline their work, meeting again in the fall, and pass their report in the hands of the president when he returns from the western trip ready to begin the job of writing his message to Congress.

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Stop Worrying--Hire a Collector

Credit is the one thing that has caused more failures in business than any other.

Not because credit is wrong, but because it is extended too long. Jobbers sell to you, Mr. Merchant, and state in their invoices just when payment is to be made. But you must sell these same goods to your customers often without knowing just when the bill will ever be paid.

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But don't worry about it any longer. Insert a want ad in the paper tomorrow and hire a collector. There are many bright, hustling young men in the city who will be glad to devote either part of their time or all of it to collecting those old accounts.

Give him a percentage on all he collects and it won't be long before your list of over-due bills has dwindled down to at respectable figure.

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For Dyspepsia and Indigestion.

If you suffer from Indigestion or Dyspepsia; if you are annoyed with gas on the stomach, fullness after eating, belching, sour stomach, heartburn, etc., a few doses of Kodol will relieve you.

If you know as well as we do how good a preparation Kodol is for indigestion and dyspepsia it would be unnecessary for us to guarantee a single bottle. But to get you to know how good it is as well as we know, we practically will purchase the first bottle for you.

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How could we afford to make such an offer to the public, and how could we afford to spend thousands of dollars to tell you about it unless we positively knew and were sure of the merits of Kodol.

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It must be a liquid, because all those ingredients cannot be put into dry form. It must be able to digest any food, or any mixtures of food, and completely. Kodol does that even in a glass test tube. No other digester can. Kodol alone does all of the work. It stops all irritation, and gives the stomach complete rest. It has taken us years to get a perfect digester, but we certainly have it now. Please try it today at our risk. It means more than relief. It means that the stomach will do its own work far sooner than you'll expect. Kodol digests all the food you eat. Eat what you want and let Kodol digest it.

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Get a dollar bottle of Kodol, and do it today. Don't delay. And if you can honestly say that you did not receive any benefits from it after you have used the entire bottle the druggist will refund your money to you without question or delay. We will pay the druggist the price of the bottle purchased by you.

Any druggist will give you Kodol on these terms, because he knows our guarantee is good. The \$1.00 bottle contains 24 times as much as the 50c bottle. Kodol is prepared at the laboratories of E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

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