

The Daily New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

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The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Postoffice in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Wanted—One cent a word each insertion. Local—Ten cents per line each insertion. Reading Local—Preferred position—Twenty-five cents per line each insertion. Displayed—Two dollars an inch single column, per month in Daily. One dollar an inch, single column, in either English or Spanish Weekly. Additional prices and particulars given on receipt of copy of matter to be inserted.

SATURDAY, MAY 14.

SANTA FE should celebrate Admiral Dewey's magnificent victory and that in fine style. Lose no time.

CANARIES on loast. This country may have to swallow the Canaries yet. Wonder how they will taste.

THE war excitement is overshadowing the Hon. W. Jennings Bryan. It's an ill wind, that blows no one any good.

THE American naval commanders are different from newspaper correspondents. They are not a great success as space writers.

HOLDING on to the Monroe doctrine and to the Philippine islands at the same time, may prove a tougher job than it looks at present.

"REMEMBER THE MAINE" is ringing around the civilized globe and around portions not exactly civilized. Spain will not forget the sound of that shout for many a year.

THE administration is not relying for its information as to the movement of the American fleets upon the dispatches appearing in the New York yellow journals. Good thing for the administration.

THE price of Spanish 4 per cent bonds is down to the thirties. The price of American 4 per cent bonds is up to 120. This little fact indicates the difference between the two countries.

A WRITER in Blackwood's Magazine says: "There is something very Spanish about the Spanish." How this great fact was discovered by this eminent writer is somewhat inexplicable, however.

THIS city contains two or three rich men who are a detriment and a drawback to it. They aid no public enterprise, do nothing toward building up the city's interests, are backward in paying taxes, shirk public duties and the like. As a detriment they are a shining success. As a public benefit they are a grand failure.

THE Democrats, free silver men and Populists in the senate and house of representatives in Washington ought to understand by this time, that the present is neither a Republican nor a Democratic war, but the peoples' war and they would better take notice and act accordingly. Endeavor to hamper the government in the efficient and prompt conduct of the war will react upon their heads.

NO ALBUQUERQUE and Las Vegas papers reached here last night and this morning. The mail service in the territory is getting to be very rotten and unsatisfactory, about as bad as it was in the palmiest days of the unlamented Cleveland administration. The post-office inspectors may be busy getting up plans of campaigns against the Spaniards. If that is the case, the people may put up with the poor mail service here; if it is not, the postmaster general in Washington ought to bring some of these postoffice inspectors in this section and some of the railway mail officials up with a sharp jerk. This is very much needed and would be greatly appreciated by the people of New Mexico.

A British View of the War Situation.

The London Spectator looks at the present American-Spanish war through very clear glasses and referring to its outcome says: "The Americans will emerge from the war with new ideas and larger ambitions. They will have defeated a second-class European state, and will feel acutely that, as matters stand, they would have been defeated by a first-class one. They could not have fought France, to say nothing of Great Britain, without suffering grave defeats at sea and enormous losses on land."

"That is not the position which suits American temper and Washington will set itself to construct a first-class iron fleet. That once built, the desire for a position in the world equal to their position among nations will compel them to abandon the idea of non-intervention and change the Monroe doctrine into a direct and effective protectorate of the two Americas."

"We hope the Americans will keep the Philippines, and that they can keep them there is no doubt whatever. Europe, to put the truth in its most brutal form, can not attack them without our permission."

It must be admitted that there is much good, sound, common sense in these remarks, but whether or not the people of this country really desire the annexation of the 1,000 islands, known as the Philippines, containing a very mongrel and extremely conglomerate population is open to discussion and it may be presumed, will be discussed to a very great extent before a permanent conclusion will be reached.

Getting Along Well For a Home Concern.

The Santa Fe Fruit company, which is the name of the canning and evaporating company, has certainly commenced its business career in an auspicious manner. Looking to its future operations, the most important point was to get a permanent location where the tracks of both railroad systems could be run into its grounds and thus save all expenses of local transportation either coming in or going out. The pieces of land so situated are very few. These lots belong to a half dozen men, but by far the largest and finest property of this kind is that which belongs to the estate of the late Major J. D. Sena, which contains nearly two acres, with a frontage of about 500 feet on the depot grounds directly opposite the tracks of the systems. It is this tract which the Fruit company has now acquired. Mrs. Sena taking stock in the company in payment. This transaction gives the new enterprise the most eligible situation in the whole territory for its business, and while it may not be occupied till next year it gives the company increased solidity, and is an evidence of good business management which is an excellent omen of future success.

No Interference Will Be Tolerated.

Germany has served notice upon the United States that when the time comes for disposing of the Philippine islands that she will have something to say about the disposition. If William will remember, it has only been a few weeks since President McKinley caused to be conveyed to the representatives of the powers the intimation that no interference would be tolerated in the war with Spain, and it is not likely that any outside nation will be permitted to dictate the terms of settlement for the islands in either the Pacific or Atlantic ocean. The success Germany had in depriving Japan of the spoils of the war with China, seems to have given the "Federation" a wrong impression of the rest of the world, and particularly of the United States.

The American people have on their war paint, and when the time comes for peace negotiations with Spain, Germany, France or any other country would better keep fingers out of the muss. This government is capable of settling all the difficulties it gets into without any help and the American congress will dispose of the Philippines in the manner in which the interests of all concerned will be best conserved. If it is thought best to retain them they will be retained, but the probabilities are they will be put up at sale and the country that makes the best cash bid will get them. If William wishes to attend the auction and talk with "gelt," well and good, otherwise he will find that there is safety in attending to his own business. After suffering insult and injury for years, the Americans will not submit to any dictation from any foreign power. Members of congress and the president thoroughly understand the temper of the people on this proposition and they will act accordingly.

No fears are entertained in any quarter over the thinly disguised threat coming from the German throne.

Far Reaching Results.

While it is true that the eyes of European nations are fixed upon the war between this country and Spain with manifest interest as to the time required to bring about a result that was known at the beginning of the struggle, yet much more interest is taken in the effects it will have upon the United States as a nation, and the American people as individuals. And there is some cause for apprehension on the part of foreign powers, not that this government will begin a war of conquest in the east as a direct outcome of the capture of the Philippine islands, but in a commercial way.

It would be folly to assume that any nation can wage a war for any cause without that war bringing about changes in national life and characteristics which could not be foreseen or which, at the time the war was begun, seemed almost impossible and highly improbable. History making is pretty much the same in every age, and the past of all countries is filled with either progression or retrogression as the result of armed conflicts with neighboring or foreign countries. After every trial of strength made by the United States has come an era of new ideas to the people; new enterprises have been entered into; new lands have been settled and converted into states, and the energy of the citizens expanded in conquering a wilderness. The wilds of the west have been subdued, the frontier pushed into the Pacific and for some years past the restless, rushing crowds of investors and homeseekers have largely contented themselves within the boundaries of their own land.

The present war will change all this. The expansion of the navy to a sufficient force to protect American interests in all parts of the world will open up new avenues for the outlet of trade and the employment of capital, ideas of other countries will be broadened, and there will be a rush for the markets of the world by the manufacturers of this country which will all but monopolize them. The indomitable enterprise of the "Yankees" will bring on a commercial warfare which cannot help carrying everything before it. This widening of operations by American business men has been foreshadowed for two years past in the efforts made by some of the great concerns dealing in railroad supplies and kindred articles, but the shadow will become substance so soon as peace has been declared and ocean travel secured from dangers of confiscation by enemies.

The loss of markets and the rapid growth of wealth of the United States which will come with peace is engrossing the attention of European nations

at the present time far more than the probable fate of Spain or the disposition of the Philippines. It is the uncertainty of what will be attempted in the future which will injure interests heretofore regarded as safe that is causing all continental Europe to view with jealous eyes the sending of troops to the east and Cuba for the purpose of occupying lands that have in the past been held by a nation incapable of causing troubles in a commercial way.

It is hardly within the province of a newspaper to prophesy, and still it does not require much prophetic vision to see that the direct result of the war will be to extend the glory of America and add dollars to the already enormous riches of the United States. War is terrible while it lasts, but the history of this country has been that out of the trail of blood which marks its passage have sprung greater things and better conditions. The present will be no exception.

SMALL HOLDINGS.

Delegate Ferguson's Bill Extending Time for Filing Such Claims Until March 5, 1901, Passed House of Representatives.

A Washington dispatch says, that on Thursday afternoon, the bill introduced by Delegate Ferguson, amending the act, creating the court of private land claims, so as to allow settlers on claims 160 acres or less in extent, who have settled upon these small holdings in good faith and have had possession of them for 20 years prior to the passage of act and prior to the survey of the lands to file his class of claims in the offices of the surveyor general and registers and receivers until March 5, 1901, prove up and receive patents for the same until that day.

Under the original act, the time for filing this class of small holding claims, had expired three years ago. The court of private land claims was slow in getting into practical operation and cases were not rapidly adjudicated. Home settlers could not know whether to file their claims until the validity of their claims under private grants had been passed upon by the court of private land claims, and even now all of them had not been so passed upon. Other bona fide settlers do not seem to have understood their rights in season to avail themselves thereof.

In its favor to the committee says men who have entered on wild and unsurveyed land in good faith and generally under what they supposed to be a valid title and have actually lived there improving the same, making their homes and maintaining actual and continuous occupancy for 20 years and more ought not to be dismissed on a mere technicality, nor should any unintentional neglect and delay in filing their claims deprive them of their homes.

There will be no difficulty experienced in the passage of the bill in the senate as it is a very meritorious measure. As soon as it becomes law, persons claiming these small holdings will have until March, 1901, for filing and completion.

Idle Fears.

On account of the absence of troops from this section it is feared by some in these parts that the Mesquero Apache Indians may become troublesome. This is idle fear, but in case they should attempt a raid all that is necessary would be to turn the people here upon them and the Apache tribe would not last so long as the snow upon White mountain. The Apaches are not so dangerous as some of the Spanish sympathizing people who are off a reservation.—Sacramento Chief.

The Coal Oil Inspection Law.

The El Paso Times is still worrying over the coal oil inspection law in New Mexico, and insists that it is this law which makes the price of coal oil so much higher in New Mexico than it is in El Paso. The Times is anxious to have the Liberal interview the merchants in Lordsburg to find out if, the Times, is not right. The Liberal had investigated the matter fully before it commented on the Times' original article, and for its benefit will say that for many years before this law went into effect the price of coal oil in the territory was much higher than it was in El Paso; that the reason of this was the freight rates; that the cost of having coal oil inspected is but 1 cent a gallon, and it makes no difference to the consumers whether the inspector tests the oil in a five gallon can, a 50 gallon barrel, or a tank car, the price per gallon is the same. The Liberal interviewed the merchant in the Times, even if it is backed up by the wisdom of the Roswell Register, to make a merchant in New Mexico believe that an inspection fee of 1 cent a gallon can be used by the Continental Oil company to double the price of oil. The oil inspector is required to go to any place in the territory and inspect any amount of oil.—Lordsburg Liberal.

Letter List.

List of letters remaining uncalled for in the postoffice at Santa Fe, N. M., for the week ending May 14, 1898. If not called for within two weeks, will be sent to the dead letter office at Washington: Armitjo, Juan; Apodaca, Emeterio; Byrne, John; Bowen, James L.; Dougherty, Louis; Garcia, Nicholas; Gonzales, Rafael; Gonzalez, Francisco; Gregorio, Dolores; Hamill, S. B. (2); Melendez, Joseph; Martinez, Eliza; Martinez, Florencio; Martinez, James; Sandoval, Manuel; Yaldes, Josefa de; Tapia, Antonio; Torres, Oligio; Tully, Lill.

In calling please say advertised and give the date.

T. P. GABLE, Postmaster.

Children should always increase in weight. Not to grow, not to increase in flesh, belongs to old age.

Present and future health demands that this increase in weight should be steady and never failing.

To delicate children, Scott's Emulsion brings richer blood and firmer flesh. Better color comes to the cheeks and stronger muscles to the limbs. The gain in weight is substantial; it comes to stay.

See and fit, all druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

1,000,000 ACRES LAND FOR NEW MEXICO.

Bill in an Advanced Stage of Legislation—Senate Committee Reports It Favorably.

The senate committee on public lands has decided to pass a favorable report upon the Jones bill giving New Mexico 1,000,000 acres of public land for her institutions. This bill is exact duplicate of the Ferguson bill as amended; by the house committee on public lands. It will be seen, therefore, that the bill has reached an advanced legislative stage. If it can pass the houses it is practically assured that the senate will act favorably upon it. Delegate Ferguson had interviewed this week with Speaker Reed, and endeavored to secure a promise of recognition of the bill. He reminded the speaker that this measure was in lieu of a statehood proposition, and that it only gave New Mexico what congress has always cheerfully given the states upon admission. The speaker said he was fearful that it might set a bad precedent and that the other territories would follow with a similar demand. He regarded it as too important legislation to be disposed of by unanimous consent, and thought it would be best to let it come up regularly under the call of committees. This involves such delay that the delegate renewed his appeal for permission to ask unanimous consent for consideration. The speaker has not yet given him a final answer.

Certificate of Publication.

TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO. Auditor's Office, Ins. Department. For the year ending December 31, 1898. Office of auditor of public accounts, Santa Fe, N. M., February 7, 1898.—It is hereby certified, that the Continental Insurance Company of New York, a corporation organized under the laws of the state of New York, whose principal office is located at No. 63 William street, New York, has complied with all the requirements of chapter 46, of the Laws of New Mexico, passed in 1882, entitled "An act regulating Insurance Companies," approved February 18, 1882 (amended April 3, 1884), so far as the requisitions of said act are applicable to said company, for the year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-eight.

In testimony whereof, I Marcelino Garcia, auditor of public accounts for the territory of New Mexico, have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal of office, at the city of Santa Fe, the day and year first above written. [Seal] MARCELINO GARCIA, Auditor of Public Accounts.

Certificate of Publication.

TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO. Auditor's Office, Ins. Department. For the year ending December 31, 1898. Office of auditor of public accounts, Santa Fe, N. M., February 7, 1898.—It is hereby certified, that the Lloyd Plate Glass Insurance company, a corporation organized under the laws of the state of New York, whose principal office is located at 63 William street, New York, has complied with all the requirements of chapter 46 of the laws of New Mexico, passed in 1882, entitled "An act regulating Insurance Companies," approved February 18, 1882 (amended April 3, 1884), so far as the requisitions of said act are applicable to said company, for the year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-eight.

In testimony whereof, I Marcelino Garcia, auditor of public accounts for the territory of New Mexico, have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal of office, at the city of Santa Fe, the day and year first above written. [Seal] MARCELINO GARCIA, Auditor of Public Accounts.

Certificate of Publication.

TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO. Auditor's Office, Ins. Department. For the year ending December 31, 1898. Office of Auditor of Public Accounts, Santa Fe, N. M., Feb. 8, 1898.—It is hereby certified, that the Springfield Fire & Marine Insurance company, a corporation organized under the laws of the state of Massachusetts, whose principal office is located at Springfield, Mass., has complied with all the requirements of chapter 46 of the laws of New Mexico, passed in '82, entitled "An act regulating insurance companies," approved February 18, '82 (amended April 3, '84, and February 28, '89, and House Bill No. 31, approved March 17, '97, being chapter 46, laws of '97, so far as the requisition of said acts are applicable to said company, for the year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-eight.

In testimony whereof, I Marcelino Garcia, auditor of public accounts for the territory of New Mexico, have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal of office, at the city of Santa Fe, the day and year first above written. [Seal] MARCELINO GARCIA, Auditor of Public Accounts.

SOCIETIES.

Montezuma Lodge No. 1. A. F. & M. Regular communication first Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. F. S. DAY, W. M. J. B. BRADY, Secretary.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1. R. A. M. Regular convocation second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. H. P. ARTHUR SELLIGMAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1. K. T. Regular convocation fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. MAX. FROST, E. C.

ADDISON WALKER, Recorder.

I. O. O. F. PARADISE LODGE No. 2. I. O. O. F. meets every Tuesday evening at Odd Fellows' hall. H. W. STEVENS, Recording Secretary.

CENTENAL ENCAMPMENT No. 3. I. O. O. F. Regular convocation second and fourth Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall; visiting patriots welcome. THOS. A. GOODWIN, C. P. A. F. EASLEY, Scribe.

MYRTLE REBEKAH LODGE, No. 9. I. O. O. F. Regular meeting first and third Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall. Visiting brothers and sisters welcome. THERESA NEWHALL, Noble Grand. HATTIE WAGNER, Secretary.

AZTLAN LODGE No. 3. I. O. O. F. meets every Friday evening in Odd Fellows' hall, San Francisco street. Visiting brothers welcome. NATE GOLDSON, W. G. A. F. EASLEY, Secretary.

K. O. P. SANTA FE LODGE No. 2. K. O. P. Regular meeting every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock at Castle hall. Visiting knights given a cordial welcome. ROBERT H. HOWLER, Chancellor. Commander. LEE MUEHLSTEIN, K. of R. and S.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS. DENTISTS. D. W. MANLEY, Dentist, Office, Southwest Corner of Plaza, over Fischer's Drug Store.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. MAX. FROST, Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

CHAS. A. SPIESS, District Attorney for the First Judicial District. Practices in all the courts of the Territory. Office—Griffin Block, Santa Fe, N. M.

GEO. W. KNABBEL, Office in Griffin Block. Collections and searching titles a specialty.

EDWARD L. BARTLETT, Lawyer Santa Fe, New Mexico. Office in Cotton Block.

CHAS. F. EASLEY, (Late Surveyor General.) Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, N. M. Land and mining business a specialty.

E. A. FISKE, Attorney and Counselor at Law, P. O. Box "F," Santa Fe, New Mexico. Practices in New Mexico and all District Courts of New Mexico.

T. F. CONWAY, W. A. HAWKINS, CONWAY & HAWKINS, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Silver City, New Mexico. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to our care.

A. B. BRENKHAN, Attorney at Law. Practices in all Territorial Courts. Collections and title searching. Rooms 5 and 6 Spiegelberg Block.

INSURANCE. S. E. LANKARD, Insurance Agent. Office—Griffin Building. Palace avenue. Represents the largest companies doing business in the territory of New Mexico, in both life, fire and accident insurance.

The New Mexico Railway & Coal Co. CONSTRUCTING

The El Paso & Northeastern R'y AND

The El Paso & Northeastern R. R.

To accommodate the public will carry freight and passengers on its construction trains to and from the end of its track, commencing April 15. Trains leave El Paso at 1 p. m. and returning leave end of track at 7:30 p. m., making connection with stages to Alamogordo, La Luz and Tularosa. A. S. GREIG, General Superintendent.

Cheap Rate to Indian Pueblo. At any time a party of five or more desires to visit the San Ildefonso Indian Pueblo, a rate of one fare for the round trip will be made to the Rio Grande station. Tickets limited to date of sale and one ticket to cover entire party. T. J. HELM, General Agent, R. G. & S. F. F. R.

THE SEVENTH Beet Sugar factory in the United States was erected at Eddy, New Mexico, in 1896, and made its first "campaign," beginning November 15th, 1896, and closing February 15th, 1897.

THE CONTENT OF "SUGAR in the beet" of the crop grown in the Eddy and Roswell sections of the valley has proven to be more uniformly high than any other part of the United States.

FORTUNATELY the land is blessed with just the fertility to produce high grade beets, and

MORE FORTUNATELY the Pecos Irrigation and Improvement Co. and the Roswell Land and Water Co. have an irrigation system of great magnitude, covering a vast body of the BEST SUGAR BEET lands on earth. The water is applied to the crop WHEN NEEDED.

THE SUN SHINES more hours in the day and more days in the year in Eddy and Chaves counties, New Mexico, than in any other section of the west.

PECOS IRRIGATION AND IMPROVEMENT CO. EDDY, NEW MEXICO.

OR ROSWELL LAND AND WATER CO. ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO.

J. J. KAGERMAN, President. E. O. FAULKNER, Vice-President.

The Palace Hotel

WM. VAUGHN, Prop.

FRANK HUDSON, Clerk. No expense will be spared to make this famous hostelry up to date in all respects. Patronage solicited.

The Timmer House

SILVER CITY, NEW MEXICO.

On the European Plan, or Board and Room \$1.50 to \$2 per day. Special rates by the week. SPACIOUS SAMPLE ROOMS FOR COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS. When in Silver City Stop at the Best Hotel. FRANK E. MILSTED, Prop.

HOTEL WELLINGTON

Formerly Welcker's. American and European Plans.

5th Street, Near U. S. Treasury, Washington, D. C.

European Plan, \$1.00 per day and Upward. First Class Restaurant a la Carte. American Plan, \$3.00 per day and Upward. Transient and Permanent Guests. L. M. FITCH, Proprietor.

The DAILY NEW MEXICAN will be found on file at the Hotel Wellington.

WATCH WORK A SPECIALTY

J. R. Hudson, THE PIONEER, MEXICAN FILIGREE JEWELER

AND DEALER IN Watches, Clocks, Optical Goods and Notions. SEWING MACHINE SUPPLIES. SANTA FE NEW MEXICO

J. G. SCHUMANN,

DEALER IN BOOTS, SHOES, and FINDINGS. Santa Fe - N. M.

PLEADINGS AND PRACTICE

(Forms to conform to Code) Pattison's Forms of Pleading, under the Missouri Code, have been placed with the New Mexican Printing Co. for sale. A complete and comprehensive book of forms, added to the new Code of Civil Procedure now in effect in New Mexico. Part 1. Ordinary Proceedings in Courts of Record. Part 2. Attachments, Controversy, Garnishment, Habeas Corpus, Injunction, Mandamus, Mechanic's Lien, Prohibition, Quo Warranto and Replevin. Part 3. Miscellaneous, Covering Advertisements, Affidavits, Arbitration, Assignments, Depositions, Naturalizations, etc., etc. Bound in full law sheep. Delivered at any postoffice in New Mexico upon receipt of publisher's price, \$3.00. Purchaser's name printed on the book free of cost. Address New Mexican Printing Company, Santa Fe, N. M.

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Pecos Valley Railway

Time card in effect January 31, 1897. (Central Time.) Leave Pecos, Tex., daily at 7:30 a. m. arriving at Roswell, N. M. at 9:15 p. m. Leave Roswell daily at 9:25 a. m. arriving at Pecos at 7:10 p. m., connecting with the Texas & Pacific Ry., for all points north, south, east and west.

Stages for Lincoln, White Oaks and Nogal leave Roswell on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 a. m.

For low rates and information regarding the resources of this valley, and the price of lands, or any other matters of interest to the public, apply to

E. O. FAULKNER, Receiver and General Manager, Eddy, N. M.

Notaries' Records. The New Mexican Printing Company has on sale blank records for