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The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Postoffice in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people throughout.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Wanted—One cent a word each insertion. Local—Ten cents per line each insertion. Reading Room—Preferred position—Twenty-five cents per line each insertion. Displayed—Two dollars an inch, single column, per month in Daily. One dollar an inch, single column, in either English or Spanish Weekly. Additional prices and particulars given on receipt of a copy of matter to be inserted.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 3.



FOR DELEGATE TO THE 56TH CONGRESS PEDRO PERERA, OF BERNALILLO.

The price of county scrip in San Miguel county ought to be advancing. Enough of it has been used in paying taxes by the county commissioners and their friends to materially reduce the supply on the open market.

Italy is marked for the next attack by the anarchists, so a tailor in New York says. Once upon a time three tailors met and declared, "We are the people" and that declaration was all the meeting ever amounted to.

A few days ago New York was all torn up over the reported drowning of a popular young woman, but it afterward developed that she had run away to get married. Now envious women are asking the question, "Well, what is the difference?" It is astonishing what mean things the angels of creation can say of one another under certain circumstances.

The Chinese may be "back numbers" when contrasted with other nations of the world, but just the same they know how to dispose of an emperor who does not suit them. He invariably commits suicide. A very convenient arrangement for the fellows who desire office. It does away with the uncertainty and expense of a campaign and an election.

Charges of violations of the law have been made against the board of county commissioners of San Miguel county. These charges so far have not been denied. The public good demands that the territorial prosecuting officer of the district take action in this matter. If not, why not? Is what the decent, law-abiding people of this territory are asking.

The next attack made upon the administration, in the yellow journals, will probably be dated from Lexington, Ky. Two men have died at Camp Hamilton from yellow fever, the germs of which were brought from the southern camps. But that is sufficient evidence for the opposition papers upon which accuse the Republican officials in the War department with all manner of neglect and criminal carelessness.

The peace commission at Paris has held one business session, and there is some hope that the treaty between the United States and Spain will be ready for the necessary signatures before the end of the present century. But the American people must remember that dignified bodies must move in a dignified way, otherwise there would be no occasion for appointing commissions of any kind.

The biggest and quickest strike reported from Klondike was made by a trail girl. While on the way to the diggings at Dawson she met a miner returning who had \$10,000 in gold dust with him. She at once returned to the coast, married him and in less than an hour "skipped out with the boodle." The American girls always were the cutest creatures on earth, anyway.

Idle capital can find profitable investment in woolen mills in New Mexico. The advantages of this territory as a woolen manufacturing center are so numerous that it is a wonder that they have not been discovered and taken advantage of long ago. Once establish the enterprise in New Mexico and the experience of the cotton factories in the south will be repeated, and the sheepmen will be on the road to prosperity such as they never dreamed of before.

A Soft Thing in San Miguel County.

It pays to be a Union party official in San Miguel county. Such an officer can always deal in county vouchers, buy them up at 50 cents on the dollar and sell them at 70 cents on the dollar on the same day, thereby turning a good penny for himself. And after this is done these county vouchers are turned in to pay taxes with. Whether the vouchers are legal and honest cuts no ice. The gang sees to it that the purchaser, provided he buys through the gang's agent, is taken care of to the amount of the value of the vouchers purchased. To be sure, the law prohibits that sort of business, but what do the powers that be in county affairs in San Miguel county care for the law? It is no wonder that, when such things go on in one of the largest counties in the

territory, the territorial treasury shows large deficiencies yearly. But it must be admitted that it is a soft, nice thing for the fellows who are in the deal.

Rather Tough on the Poor Man.

The small tax payer of San Miguel county, when delinquent in the payment of his taxes, is compelled to settle up with a penalty of 25 per cent added, as the law requires. The large tax payer and the corporations pay their taxes at a discount of 25 and 50 per cent. But there is a day coming when the San Miguel county officials will wish that a different course had been pursued. The actions of this immaculate board, will turn them down with a sickening thud which will make the aforesaid officials wish they had followed the law. Actions speak louder than words, and the campaign cry heretofore used by the Union party in San Miguel county will have to be revamped to prove effective. There are a good many voters living outside of the City of Las Vegas who wonder just where the poor man comes in when the favors are distributed only to the lot of scrip speculators and sharks in the new town. The poor man pays 125 per cent under Union party rule and the rich man pays 50 and 75 per cent. Good scheme, for the tax payer and officials in on the deal, but tough on the poor tax payer outside of Las Vegas.

Work of the Republican Territorial Convention

The Republican territorial convention has met and done its work, and the work was well done. The platform adopted is a plain statement of the beliefs and principles of the Republican party. In it there is not a single attempt to dodge any of the questions now before the people. Any one who reads can learn from it just where the party stands without any explanation from some one else. The issues of the campaign are squarely met, and on that platform the Republicans enter the campaign confident of success at the polls on the 8th day of next month.

The indorsement of the principles of protection is in keeping with the policy of the party, and is an earnest of the sincere desire of the Republicans of the territory to bring prosperity to the varied industries of New Mexico. The statement made in the plank concerning the present tariff law, that "under that law the sheep and wool and live stock interests have been greatly benefited and the wealth of this territory increased by many millions of dollars," is one that cannot be truthfully disputed by the Democratic free traders, and one that will remain unchallenged during the campaign.

"We believe in sound money and a volume of currency sufficient for all business demands" is a declaration which will meet with the approval of every business man, miner, ranchman and stockman in the territory, and most certainly will be indorsed by every man who is dependent upon wages for his daily bread. Under a financial system which makes and keeps every dollar in circulation equal in purchasing power there can be no depreciation of values to deprive the property owner of one-half of his wealth or defraud the wage-earner of one-half of his earnings. Upon the maintenance of the money of the United States on a parity with that of every other nation depends the nation's credit and the happiness of the people, and the Republican party is pledged to the support of those measures which will keep the nation to the foremost as a land of honesty, freedom and happiness.

The indorsement of the administration of President McKinley, and that of Governor Otero in New Mexico, was only an act of simple justice. For the Republic of New Mexico to have done otherwise would have been the grossest indorsement. During the present administration prosperity has returned to the entire country, and no other section has been more benefited than this territory. The prices of cattle and sheep and wool have risen from almost zero mark to a point where there is a good profit in those industries, and because of that increase of prices the cattlemen and sheepmen have been able to pay off their debts, start square with the world and deposit money in the banks for a rainy day. Of Governor Otero's management of the affairs of the territory too much can be said. His energy and sound sense have attracted widespread and favorable attention to the territory; he is to be commended for his efforts to secure good government, affairs of New Mexico and for the material advancement of the interests of the people, both at home and abroad.

The other planks of the platform touching upon the services of the "Rough Riders" in the recent war, the Judiciary, statehood, national expansion and other foreign questions are framed with rare good judgment and fairly express the sentiments of a majority of the people of the territory on those matters. There is not a weak spot in the platform, and no reasonable person can point out just criticism.

The wisest act of the convention was in making the nomination for delegate to congress it did. Hon. Pedro Perera is one of the best and most favorably known men in New Mexico, a thoroughly representative citizen, abreast with the age, and above all lately honest in everything he undertakes for the public weal, and unselfish to a degree that places him above personal considerations in public life. His private life is above reproach, and in every particular he is peculiarly fitted to represent the territory in the national capital. His election will bring honor to New Mexico and reflect credit upon every man who casts his vote for him.

New Competition Threatened.

If the efforts of John Holmes, of New Zealand, now in this country, are successful, the American sheep and cattle raisers will be compelled to meet foreign competition in the home markets. Mr. Holmes is an industrial commissioner appointed by the colonial government and sent to the United States for the purpose of increasing New Zealand's trade with the United States. The New Zealanders, however, consider that the trade of this country with their island is quite sufficient, and nothing will be done in that direction. The principal exports of New Zealand are hemp, wool, frozen beef, horses, cattle, skins, hides and tallow, and the object in view in sending a commissioner to this country to introduce frozen meat into the mar-

kets. It has only been of recent years that the importance of the frozen meat industry has been thoroughly understood by the people of Australasia, but they have experimented with the shipment of beef and sheep carcasses in refrigerated vessels until it has been reduced to a science, and meat prepared in that way has been sold in the English and other markets with great success for several years. Now the United States is threatened with an invasion of fresh roast beef from near the south pole.

It would seem that shipping meats into the United States was considerably like carrying "coals to Newcastle," but Mr. Holmes says that he has been informed by dealers in meats that there is a large market here for his product, and upon that assurance some experimental shipments will probably be made.

The experiment may not result satisfactorily to the shippers, but the probability that success will result are entirely too certain to be encouraging to American farmers and ranchmen. The competition will have to be met, but it means a reduction of the prices for cattle and sheep and lambs, and that is something not particularly desired, either now or in the future.

A VALUABLE INVENTION.

The Johnson Dry Washer, Now Being Set Up at Golden, Promises to Work Wonders.

How to get the best results from gold washing processes has long been the aim and purpose of mining operators, and hardly a month passes but what some genius has invented an appliance or process whereby this class of mining operations is facilitated and made more all the dirt freed from the golden metal. Every issue of the Engineering and Mining Journal and other publications have illustrated notices of new and valuable inventions, and the details of that in the past have hedged about and circumscribed man's efforts to get at the treasure, are steadily being mitigated.

One notable effort in this line, and one which presents appearance indicate will work a genuine revolution in placer mining, is the invention of a Chicago man named Johnson, whose genius has evolved what is known as the dry washer. A clear and comprehensive description of this wonderful machine has been gleaned from Hon. J. T. McLaughlin, the well known county commissioner of this territory, and the details of the machine are as follows: It is a large, box-like affair 25 feet square in sectional area, and 30 feet high. It is movable upon wheels, and the four corners are supported on special rails laid in a straight line on a slight incline. In the center of the machine and half way up from the floor, is built a hopper in which the dirt from the placer is dumped. The hopper is arranged on an inclined plane into one side of the machine structure and emptied through the agency of this "griff," into the hopper running from the hopper at an incline through the side of the machine on the lower side, is a sluice way with an exterior extension movable at a unit of an inch in width. The hopper above and on the opposite side of the house, is a sluice way in which runs an endless bucket belt, the exterior of the sluice way swiveling at the exit from the machine. In the case with the opposite sluice, and of any exterior length to suit the location or circumstances. Into this latter conduit drops all gravel or pieces of gold which are retained by the sluice, and as this latter stuff is free from the precious metal, the debris is run off to one side as may be convenient. The number and size of the riffles in the first mentioned sluice is determined by the character of the location and the nature of the soil to be handled, so that what comes out of the snout of the funnel is a fine stream of water, and the gold is found in the bottom of the riffles. There is an engine and boiler whereby the work is done, and through the same mechanical power, by a block and tackle, the sluice is raised and lowered a little up the grade, the machine is pulled along the rails to any desired point. So the engine operates the workings of the hopper, hauls the dirt supporting car up the incline, and moves the machine itself. A steam dredge moves alongside of the machine and fills the car. When the limit or end of the track is reached, the dredge is shunted over on a track laid just to one side, and as it has just traveled, and the machine itself is shunted over on to the recent dredger track, and the operation then continues.

The inventor expects to secure 15 cents in gold per cubic yard of earth excavated, which is a very profitable return, as there are many placer camps where a return of 5 cents is considered profitable. The Golden placers have been worked for the last 200 years by the natives, who have depended upon it entirely for their living, and there is a great deal of gold to be secured there by economical working.

H. S. LUTZ, Agent. Santa Fe, N. M. W. J. BLACK, G. P. A., Topeka, Kas.

Mountain and Plain Festival, Denver, Colo., October 4 to 6.

For the above occasion the Santa Fe Route will place on sale tickets to Denver and return at a rate of \$10.25 for the round trip. Dates of sale October 3, 2 and 3; good for return passage until October 10. For particulars call on agents of the Santa Fe Route.

H. S. LUTZ, Agent. Santa Fe, N. M. W. J. BLACK, G. P. A., Topeka, Kas.

Notaries Public. The New Mexican Printing company has on sale blank records for the use of notaries public, with the chapter of the Compiled laws governing notaries, printed in the front. Will be delivered at any postoffice or express office on receipt of \$1.25.

Henry W. Leman, George W. Knaebel, Attorneys for Receiver. Dated, Santa Fe, N. M., September 30th, 1888. D-9-30-10-11

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President C. T. Jordan, of the Agricultural college, is able to be out, after a two weeks illness.

The three men acquitted at Las Cruces of the Stein's Pass train robbery have been re-arrested on the charge of conspiracy.

No intoxicating liquor is allowed to be sold in Alamogordo, and there are no drunken or disorderly persons to be seen on its streets.

The White Oaks road has completed its new depot building and terminals at El Paso, and trains are now running out and in there instead of at the Southern Pacific depot.

The White Oaks road will shortly begin construction beyond Alamogordo to the Salado coal fields, 85 miles distant, and it is predicted that when the deposits are reached, the price of coal in southern New Mexico, western Texas and northern Mexico will be heard to fall with a dull and sickening thud.

Alamogordo is to have a lumber mill capable of sawing 3,000 feet per hour. The buildings will cover 80 acres, and over one mile of railroad sidings will be required. The boilers will be of 250 horse power, and 200 men will be required to operate the plant, with a payroll of \$500 per day.

Gong Foo (Chinese Harry), of Eddy, and Estella Krigg, a dusky local hotel chambermaid, have been married by Rev. John Kell, and there is considerable gossip over the event.

Probate Judge Harper, of El Paso, has appointed J. O. Cameron, of Eddy, guardian of Alice May Miller, a minor, residing in Eddy. The property is in El Paso and is valued at \$2,000. Mr. Cameron gave \$4,000 bonds.

The Springer press reports local trade brisk and the merchants happy. Solomon Spiegel and family, of Springer, have gone on a visit of several weeks to St. Louis.

Rev. Adolph Hoffman, of the Methodist church at Raton, has organized a church at Alamogordo with 14 members and a Sunday school of 37 children.

A new wagon road is being built between the Red River settlement and La Belle, via Bitter Creek.

Rev. Reynolds, of the Baptist church at Raton, is on an extended trip to the Atlantic coast.

The Stockman calls attention to the fact that "promiscuous shooting around is dangerous as well as contrary to the laws. It should not be allowed in any community." This substitutes what the New Mexican has claimed all along.

Monogram Note Paper. Monogram note paper is the correct thing for private correspondence. The New Mexican Printing company can furnish the latest styles of this paper and at very low prices. Call and see samples.

Legal Notice. In the district court for the First judicial district of the Territory of New Mexico, sitting within and for Santa Fe county.

Edward L. Bartlett, plaintiff, vs. The Mexican Southeastern Railroad Company, formerly the Mexican & Guatemalan Colonization & Railroad Company, et al. No. 3261.

RECEIVER'S NOTICE OF SALE. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, the receiver heretofore appointed in the above entitled cause in pursuance of an order to that effect heretofore made and entered of record by the above named court, will, at my office, No. 100 Washington street, at the City of Chicago, in the State of Illinois, receive bids in writing, up to ten o'clock a. m. on the tenth day of October, A. D. 1888, for the purchase of the grant and concessions heretofore made by the Republic of Mexico to the said defendant railroad company, and any and all interest, right or title the said railroad company may have in or to the said grant and concession, either at law or in equity, the same being a part of the assets of said railroad company and having been ordered by the said court to be sold for the benefit of its creditors. All bids under this notice must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the order of said receiver for ten per cent of the amount of such bid, which amount shall be forfeited to the said receiver, in the event of the sale being awarded to such bidder and his refusing to receive the same and pay the balance of the purchase price within five days after being notified that his was the successful bid. The said grant and concession so offered for sale will be subject to inspection at the office of the receiver during business hours from this date until the day of sale.

HENRY W. LEMAN, GEORGE W. KNAEBEL, Attorneys for Receiver. Dated, Santa Fe, N. M., September 30th, 1888. D-9-30-10-11

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HIS OWN SHADOW.

My friend Charles Daly is a member of the theatrical profession. In the early portion of his career, while yet unknown to fame, he found the summer lapsing by without having secured an engagement. It was not until late in October that he received an offer to fill a vacancy that had occurred in a St. Louis theater.

As the position he was about to fill was a subordinate one, he was obliged to seek cheap lodgings. A chance acquaintance on the train recommended him to an obscure hotel on a back street.

Yearly with his long journey from New York—for there were no sleeping cars in those days—he begged to be shown immediately to his room. As there was no sign in the hotel, a sleepy bellboy lighted a gas mantle and escorted him to his chamber.

Just as they commenced the ascent of the second flight of stairs they were started by the most horrid laughter, apparently from some one in a room on the corridor they were approaching.

The servant hastened to explain that it was a gentleman who had been drinking too much and was suffering with delirium tremens.

My friend hesitated about proceeding farther, but on the assurance of the servant that this was the first time that the sick man had made any noise and that he was in charge of two friends who had volunteered to sit up with him Charles concluded to proceed.

The first of howling mournfully around the house, and then he bent wildly on the window panes. Hastily disrobing himself and extinguishing the candle, he enjoyed the luxury of the first stretch in 48 hours.

He fell asleep almost instantly. How long he remained so he could not tell, but some time during the night he was awakened by a quick, sharp noise at his bedside resembling the overthrow of a piece of furniture or the bursting open of a door.

Starting up in his bed, he was horrified to see standing near him a figure in white, with glaring eyes and disheveled hair, apparently crazed upon him. He at once realized the situation, the victim of mania-potu had escaped from his washers and obtained admission to his room. Almost as suddenly, however, the apparition vanished.

The disappearance affected him no less seriously, for he knew not from what quarter to expect the next attack.

Anything was preferable to such uncertainty, and momentarily expecting to encounter the maniac he groped his way in the dark to the table where he had left his candle.

It seemed an age to him before he succeeded in obtaining a light. When its feeble glimmer penetrated the room, to his astonishment it was empty.

Arming himself with his cane, he commenced a search, but without discovering the intruder. The door was locked on the inside and the windows were secured. There was but one closet in the room, and that was empty.

Could he have been mistaken? Could it have been a dream? At all events, there was no more sleep for him that night. After dressing himself he was about to go to the office of the hotel and apply for another room, when it occurred to him that it would be more embarrassing to be determined to be commencing a change, and in the hope that it was near morning, he had no watch, he wrapped the bedclothes around him and sat in a chair awaiting the break of day.

The candle burned to its socket long before he had fallen asleep. The glimmer had hardly made its appearance when he descended to the office and waited his breakfast, with the determination of seeking other quarters afterward.

He had decided to say nothing of his scare, but when the clerk, surprised at his early appearance, inquired if he had not rested comfortably he determined to confide in him, with the hope of obtaining an explanation of the mystery.

The clerk evidently believed that it was nothing but a dream, but he sent to inquire if the sick man had left his room during the night. He received the positive assurance of the clerk that he had not, and rested quietly and that such a thing was impossible, as neither of them had closed his eyes.

In the hope of setting his mind at rest the clerk suggested that he should sit near the door of the breakfast room and inspect the faces of the guests to identify if possible the intruder.

The arrangement was carried out, and after the last guest had breakfasted his friend was forced to believe that none of them could have been the intruder, but the impression yet remained that he could not have been deceived.

The clerk determined to go up stairs and make a final inspection of the room.

This was done in the presence of my friend, who accompanied him without discovering any possible means of exit.

Waxed and annoyed with himself for having invited by his confession the ill concealed amusement of the clerk, he sat upon the edge of the bed, endeavoring to recall all the circumstances of the case.

While in this position he slowly raised his head, when his eyes encountered what seemed to be the apparition that had previously presented itself. A second glance reddened his cheeks with shame when he recognized himself in the mirror.

With this clear to guide him he discovered that the noise which had awakened him was made by the porter of the hotel, who overturned a chair in an attempt to extinguish a lamp which was burning in the corridor. Starting in surprise from a heavy sleep, a friend behind, by the bright light of the lamp which shone through the transom of the door, his own reflection in the glass, which disappeared, of course, when the light was extinguished.

This is the veracious history of a man who was frightened by his own shadow.—Philadelphia Item.

How He Shot. A Texas military company was out on the range recently practicing at rifle shooting. The Houstonian in command suddenly became exasperated at the poor shooting and, seizing a gun from one of the privates, ordered sharply: "I'll show you fellows how to shoot!"

Taking a long aim, and a strong aim, and an aim altogether, he fired and missed. Coolly turning to the private who owned the gun, he said to him: "That's the way you shoot." He again loaded the weapon and missed. Turning to the second man in the ranks, he remarked: "That's the way you shoot."

In this way he missed about a dozen times, illustrating to each soldier his personal incapacity, and finally he accidentally hit the target.

"And that," he ejaculated, handing the gun back to the private, "is the way you shoot."—Los Angeles Express.

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