

Santa Fe New Mexican

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ADVERTISING RATES.

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TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 29.

The attitude of the Republican party of New Mexico has always been consistent on the question of the admission of the territory as a state. We favored the admission of the territory when the Democratic party was united in their opposition against it. We still favor its admission, believing that there is no good and substantial reason for keeping us out of the Union as a state and believe that this can best be accomplished by the election of a delegate to congress who is in harmony with Republican politics and principles.—Republican Platform, New Mexico, 1898.

Spain, "to avoid the horrors of war" has finally accepted the terms of peace offered by the United States. Spain should have thought about the horrors of war a year ago, and the humiliation which that country has suffered the past year could and would have been avoided, and many valuable lives on both sides saved. Spanish pride and contempt for a "nation of shopkeepers" brought about the entire trouble, and now she must suffer for her ignorance and arrogance.

It would be a good idea for the members-elect of the 33d legislative assembly to thoroughly sound their constituents upon the question of statehood between now and the time the legislature convenes. If that is done, each congressman and representative will be well informed upon the matter and prepared to act accordingly. Statehood for New Mexico is the demand of the hour, and the coming legislature can do much to secure favorable action by congress on the matter.

The appearance of the stars and stripes in Asiatic waters seems to be displeasing to all European nations, except Great Britain. Well, it is too bad to disturb the dreams of cruel and unnecessary conquest so long indulged in by European countries, but the United States cannot wait upon the conveniences of other nations, neither can she allow the weak and helpless to be crushed by the powerful. The disgruntled European monarchs will be compelled to grin and bear their disappointment in the end. Uncle Sam has preempted a few islands along the shores of Asia, and it will not be long before he will prove up on the claim.

The 33d legislative assembly of New Mexico, which convenes in January, will be asked by interested parties to repeal some of the laws now in force and to enact new ones, more for personal benefit than for the good of the territory. The members-elect of the legislature are nearly all well known to the residents of the territory; have been tried in positions of trust before, and it goes without saying that schemers will receive short shift when the assembly is at work. It is a matter of much satisfaction to the tax-payers and citizens generally to know that the personnel of the coming legislature is such as to guarantee the enactment of good and wholesome laws.

The bachelors of Pueblo, Colo., are in a peck of trouble. The marriageable females of that city, disgusted with the diffidence of the unmarried desirables of the city have induced a leading paper there to start and superintend a voting contest over the many forms and attractive faces of the numerous clan of eligibles, and the three receiving the most votes will be in duty bound to lead some of the fair sex to the altar within a year. As lightning strikes in unexpected places the Pueblo bachelors are very uneasy. An exodus of unmarried men from that city in the near future need not surprise any one.

The world is certainly entering upon a golden era. During the past year the output of gold was about \$46,000,000 larger than 1897, and the output of 1897 was \$35,000,000 larger than in 1896. The aggregate for 1898 will be about \$285,000,000, or more than double that of 1892. In the past five years over \$1,000,000,000 in gold have been taken from the mines of the earth and added to the available supply. New discoveries are being made every day, and if the ratio of increase is maintained for five years more, the yellow metal will become as common as silver. Nature has evidently provided plenty of the precious stuff in her store houses, and the ambitions of men will bring it to the light of day for use in commerce and art.

Jerry Simpson, of sockless fame, having been beaten for re-election to congress, is putting in his time getting interviewed by eastern papers and seeking by that means to repair his political fences for 1900. In New York, the other day, he said: "If I can be of any service in 1900, I am ready. In the meantime we must be patient. The reaction will come. Wait a year until the smoke of this battle clears away. The people will cry out to be saved again." The idea of Jerry Simpson saving anything or anybody but himself is one of the humorous things of the political upheaval that struck Kan-

sas this year. Jerry will learn by 1900 that the people of the Sunflower state will be praying to be saved from him and his political associates. Prosperity and Populism cannot live within the boundaries of the same state.

Farmers' National Congress.

The importance of the meeting of the Farmers' National Congress, which will convene in Dallas, Texas, Tuesday, December 6, does not seem to be clearly understood by the people of New Mexico. The congress will be attended by representatives from every state and territory in the Union, there will be displays of farm products, papers prepared by men of note and standing in the country, and many discussions of all the questions affecting the prosperity of the land will be had. One of the important matters to come before the congress will be that of irrigation, and it is taken that the delegates assembled on that question will be direct and of great benefit to the southwest. Governor Otero, fully realizing the importance of the congress, has appointed a large number of delegates to attend from the territory. The gentlemen named by the governor as delegates are not all farmers, but they are all practical, hard-headed men in whatever line of business they may be engaged in, and the welfare of the territory demands that as many of them who can arrange their affairs to do so, should attend and lend their aid to those measures which promise to advance the interests of the territory and encourage the construction of irrigation reservoirs and systems in New Mexico.

What a Beet Sugar Factory Can Do.

The second year of experiments with sugar beets in and around Santa Fe, and in the Espanola valley, has just closed, and like the first, the analysis of beets grown shows great richness in sugar and a very high per cent of purity. Last year much interest was taken in the matter, but this year the culture of beets has been carried on without any fuss or noise. That a beet sugar factory, located at Santa Fe, and in the vicinity of the city, for which thousands of acres of land are available, and those raised in the Rio Grande valley, both north and south within a distance of 25 miles, in each direction, would be a benefit to the entire country, no one can question; in fact an enterprise of that kind would transform the entire scope of country coming under the influence of the factory.

What a sugar factory can accomplish for a community is, perhaps, best told by a correspondent of the New York Post, writing from Los Angeles, Calif., regarding the Chino beet sugar factory. He says:

"It would be hard for one who has never been in the locality of a modern beet sugar factory to realize what wonderful changes such an institution brings about in a few years in an agricultural community. For illustration, take the Chino factory. The walls for it were laid in January, 1891. Only a huddle of ranch houses and barns were then at what is now the prosperous town of Chino. As far as the eye could reach, nothing but sage brush, cactus and wild mustard could be seen. Jack rabbits and coyotes were numerous. A marvelous transformation has been made in that part of Pomona valley since the factory started. The town of Chino, with a population of 2,000 persons, public park, oil refinery, a big \$12,000 school house, banks, stores, newspapers, pretty homes, streets and avenues, has grown up, and is one of the fastest growing communities in the state. From the vantage ground of the sugar factory one may look off on a luxurious agricultural landscape. Nearly 8,000 acres of beets grow there this season.

"The opportunities offered for money making by ten of thousands of Americans, when the beet sugar industry will have been established in the United States, are great. This country paid foreigners for sugar in 1894, \$124,400,000; in 1895, \$138,200,000; and in 1896, \$143,000,000. We ought to keep every dollar of that at home. The Americans are now producing but one-eleventh of all the sugar they consume, and we could produce it all in the southwest. It will be years—a generation, no doubt—before there can be any cry of too much competition in the making of our own beet sugar. If this nation produced its own sugar, \$23 factories the size of that at Chino would be \$700,000,000. Think of the vast army of men who would find employment in building these factories, in constructing machinery for them, and in keeping them in repair. If this nation produced all the sugar it consumes, nearly 150,000 men (allowing 240 men for each factory, as at Chino) would be taken from other and overcrowded pursuits to work in the sugar factories. Over 500,000 men would be employed in growing sugar beets for factories, and not less than 6,000,000 acres of land, now either idle property or used for growing general farm crops, would be used exclusively (as in the sugar beet sections of France and Germany) for growing sugar beets."

Analysis of beets in all parts of the United States has shown beyond a shadow of a doubt that the beets grown in the vicinity of this city are the richest in sugar and the highest in purity that have been produced anywhere. In addition to that part of culture of beets in this section and altitude, the yield per acre is much larger than in Nebraska or California, and more than in the famous Pecos valley, where the growing of beets has been made an equalized success.

In the past year the New Mexican has urged the business men and property owners the desirability of establishing a factory in or near the city; has pointed out the advantages of the location, and shown by facts and figures the advantages to be derived by interesting capital in the enterprise, and it again calls attention to the matter. The correspondent of the New York Post states that it will require 623 factories the size of the one which has wrought so wonderful a change at Chino, to supply the demand for home consumption of sugar, and certainly with the advantages possessed by Santa Fe, this city ought to be the location of one of that number. The population of the country is rapidly increasing and with

that increase will come an increase in the demand for sugar. With the expenditure of a little energy, the display of a little enterprise, a factory can be secured for the city, and it seems that the results to be attained are worth the effort. This matter should be taken up and pushed; carried to success. Now is the time to act. Capital is looking for employment, men are anxious to engage in enterprises which promise much less sure returns than the making of beet sugar, all conditions are favorable.

PRESS COMMENTS.

AGRICULTURE.

(Albuquerque Democrat.)

Irrigation experts and persons who have observed the splendid results produced by the careful conservation of water in California and Utah have many times expressed surprise at the vast amount of water that is yearly allowed to run to waste in this territory, and a large acreage of now barren land that could be rendered highly fruitful by the adoption of better and more economical irrigation methods.

Nothing has ever been more truly said than that this territory is a land of wonderful possibilities. In no line are possibilities greater than from an agricultural standpoint. The truest prosperity of any country is based upon the development of its agricultural resources. The richest mines may be exhausted, the demand for factory products may fall and is sure to fluctuate, but the soil is our life, and whatever adds to its value benefits the nation. "Whoever makes two blades of grass grow where only one grew before is a public benefactor," is a true if true saying. The man who improves the soil is working not alone for self-aggrandizement, but for the well being of generations yet to come. He bequeaths no ready-made fortune to his descendants, but the means of a comfortable livelihood, and a stimulus to industry and honesty, which latter does not come so surely to him who inherits a gold mine or a sugar factory.

Great fortunes are seldom won from the pursuit of agricultural arts, it is true, and it is well that such is the case. The land, as a rule, has an assured, instead of a speculative value. The time has surely come in New Mexico when more attention should be given to the fullest development of our resources of the field and farm, and to the all important problem of the storage and economical application of water. Only by the correct solution of this problem can New Mexico hope to take the place among the other commonwealths of the nation that is by right hers. It is not exaggeration to say that there is enough water running to waste in the territory to bring into productivity more than ten times as much land as is now under tillage.

SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE.

(Rio Grande Republican.)

The Republican will be pleased to see Major Llewellyn elected as speaker of the house of representatives. No better selection could be made.

FAVOR PROTECTION.

(Elizabethtown Miner.)

The voters of New Mexico are in favor of protection. Protection to her leading industries, mines, cattle, sheep, wool and agricultural products; and for this reason gave such a magnificent Republican majority at the last election.

MORE INFORMATION.

(Kansas City Star.)

The latest stories about the Philippines differ from former narratives. Americans have been taking the Philippines, and even the Filipinos, on hearsay. The first exploring expedition by intelligent American officers into the interior of the country is followed by reports of a beautiful and picturesque region, the mountains covered with timber, the lower ground consisting of fields and gardens, and all the land inhabited by the refined and hospitable Filipinos, who offered the Americans every polite attention. The only lack of the country seemed roads and bridges, which is the result of a worthless government. The United States has supplied this favored land with all it needs to complete an earthly paradise—liberty.

TERRITORIAL TOPICS

DONA ANA COUNTY.

The El Paso & Northeastern R.R. will make an exhibit of Sacramento mountain products at the Farmers' National congress, to be held in Dallas, Texas, in January.

Santiago Trujillo has been arrested at Colorado City on charge of stealing horses from Santiago, Pecos, of Mesilla Park, and taken to Las Cruces.

The El Paso & Northeastern R.R. will put on Sunday excursion trains between El Paso and Alamogordo to accommodate hunters and pleasure seekers generally.

Opinion relative to the Elephant Butte dam in El Paso has undergone a marked change in favor of the scheme and the dog in the manger policy of the Mills-Magoffin-Morehead combination has come into high disfavor.

William Coe, of Newman canyon, has raised potatoes weighing 4½ pounds each.

Alamogordo now boasts of a church choir of extended dimensions. The town has also a literary society, and will shortly be organizing a Chautauqua.

A public meeting has been held at Las Cruces to devise means with which to stop the small-pox plague, and money will be raised and suitable guards employed to preserve a rigid quarantine.

The Baptist board of home missions are to build a \$5,000 church edifice at Alamogordo.

Catarrh is Not Incurable

But it can not be cured by sprays, washes and inhaled mixtures which reach only the surface. The disease is in the blood, and can only be reached through the blood. S. S. S. is the only remedy which can have any effect upon Catarrh; it cures the disease permanently and forever rids the system of every trace of the vile complaint.

Miss Josie Owen, of Montpelier, Ohio, writes: "I was afflicted from infancy with Catarrh, and no one can know the suffering it produced but I. The sprays and washes prescribed by the doctors relieved me only temporarily, and though I used them constantly for ten years, the disease had a firmer hold than ever. I tried a number of blood remedies, but their mineral ingredients settled in my bones and gave me rheumatism. I was in a lamentable condition, and after exhausting all treatment, was declared incurable. Seeing S. S. S. advertised as a cure for blood diseases, I decided to try it. As soon as my system was under the effect of the medicine, I began to improve, and after taking it for two months I was cured completely, the dreadful disease was eradicated from my system, and I have had no return of it."

Many have been taking local treatments for years, and find themselves worse now than ever. A trial of S. S. S. will prove it to be the right remedy for Catarrh. It will cure the most obstinate case. Books mailed free to any address by Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

S.S.S. For The Blood

La Luz has beaten Alamogordo 6 to 4 at base ball, and the La Luz horn is nightly exalted.

There was no water in the river at Las Cruces for several weeks until very recently.

Great quantities of quail are being trapped in Dona Ana by reed traps with an aperture at the bottom. The birds enter these cages to secure the grain scattered there, and then try to escape by the top instead of the bottom of the cage.

The Agricultural college farm title is said to be cloudy, because Sam Bean, who sold the land in 1854 to Salvador Cordova, never secured the consent of his wife to the sale. It is estimated that at least \$100,000 worth of improvements have been put on the land.

George W. Webster, of Roswell, has bought 500 more head of Shropshire lambs for feeding for the spring market.

Fifty miles of range in Chaves county have been burned over through carelessness.

Dr. J. D. Love, of the Upper Peninsula, has returned to his former home in Arkansas, and a physician named Brown, from El Paso, has taken his place.

The people of Elk are hauling lumber for a school house which they expect to have ready for occupancy in three weeks.

The track layers of the Pecos Valley extension are within 90 miles of Roswell.

Roswell is wrestling under the throes of an egg famine. The local hens "with malice aforethought" have one and all refused to lay.

GRANT COUNTY. The justices of Central and Silver City are on a crusade against the would-be knights errant who think it smart to pack guns around in violation of the law.

Judge Porterfield and bride, of Silver City, have just been treated to a charivari party. There were no casualties except such as commonly result from champagne cork explosions.

Intimidation of voters at Central in Grant county by an armed deputy sheriff is complained of. The officer beat a colored man over the head with his gun, and did other things, it is charged, that he had no right to do.

The Lordsburg Knights of Pythias are about to build a hall.

Miss Etha Neff, of Silver City, has returned from an extended visit to Los Angeles.

There is a large amount of corn on the Mimbre, and the growers are wondering what to do with it if not allowed to haul it to market. On account of the small-pox, Mimbre people are being cooped up.

The Pinos Altos schools have reopened, as the small-pox scare has subsided.

A Chinaman presented himself before the Deming registrar before the recent election, with what he claimed to be naturalization papers, and was allowed therefore to register. On election day he appeared at the polls with his "naturalization papers" and cast his ballot, all the while the citizens near by to examine his "naturalization papers" more closely, and they pointed out to him a marriage license issued to the Central in California. Then there was a pretty howl "aye do all round."

Mrs. Appes Hogan and daughters, Miss Mary and Margaret, of Burlington, Ia., are visiting for the winter at Silver City with her son, L. T. Dixon.

Silver City reports new buildings getting up on every hand. That seems to be a common complaint all over the territory of New Mexico.

Surveyors are at work on the prospective railroad to Hanover from near Silver City.

Deming is sending hay to California, where there is a good demand for New Mexican hay.

At Antonito for Durango, Silverton and all points in the San Juan country, at Alamogordo for Jimtown, Creola, Del Norte, Monte Vista and all points in the San Luis valley.

A Salida with main line for all points east and west, including Leadville. At Florence with F. & C. B. R. for the gold camps of Cripple Creek and Victor.

At Pueblo, Colorado Springs and Denver with all Missouri river lines for all points east.

SOCIETIES.

Montezuma Lodge No. 1. A. F. & M. Regular convocation second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. F. S. DAVIS, W. M. J. B. BRADY, Secretary.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1. R. A. M. Regular convocation second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. JAMES B. BRADY, W. M. ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1. K. T. Regular convocation fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. MAX. FROST, E. C. ADDISON WALKER, Recorder.

I. O. O. F. PARADISE LODGE No. 2. I. O. O. F. meets every Thursday evening at Odd Fellows hall. Visiting brothers always welcome. STOLEE LEWIS, W. M. H. W. STREVEN, Recording Secretary.

CENTENNIAL ENCAMPMENT No. 3. I. O. O. F. Regular convocation the second and fourth Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows hall; visiting patriots welcome. THOS. A. GOODWIN, C. P. A. F. RASLEY, Sec'y.

MYRTLE REBEKAH LODGE, No. 2. I. O. O. F. Regular meeting first and third Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows hall. Visiting brothers and sisters welcome. THERESA NEWHALL, Noble Grand. HAZEL WAGNER, Secretary.

AZULAN LODGE No. 3. I. O. O. F. meets every Friday evening in Odd Fellows hall San Francisco street. Visiting brothers welcome. J. W. TAYLOR, N. G. W. H. WOODWARD, Secretary.

K. O. P. P. SANTA FE LODGE No. 2. K. O. P. Regular meeting every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock at Castle hall. Visiting knights given a cordial welcome. J. ZIMMERMAN, Sec'y. Chancery Commander.

LEW. MCNEILS, K. of K. and S. PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. MAX. FROST, Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

CHAS. A. SPIESS, District Attorney for the First Judicial District. Practices in all the courts of the Territory. Office—Griffin Block, Santa Fe, N. M.

GEO. W. ENABREL, Office in Griffin Block. Collections and searching titles a specialty.

EDWARD L. BARTLETT, Lawyer Santa Fe, New Mexico. Office in Catron Block.

CHAS. F. EASLEY, (Late Surveyor General.) Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, N. M. Land and mining business a specialty.

E. A. FISKE, Attorney and Counselor at Law, P. O. Box 27, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Practices in Supreme and all District Courts of New Mexico.

T. F. COSWAY, W. A. HAWKINS, CONWAY & HAWKINS, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Silver City, New Mexico. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to our care.

A. B. RENSHAW, Attorney at Law, Practices in all Territorial Courts, Commissioner Court of Claims, Collections and title searching. Rooms 5 and 6 Spiegelberg Block.

INSURANCE. S. E. LANKARD, Insurance Agent, Office: Griffin Building, Palace avenue. Represents the largest companies doing business in the Territory of New Mexico, in both life, fire and accident insurance.

DENTISTS. D. W. MANLEY, Dentist, Office, Southwest Corner of Plaza, over Fischer's Drug Store.

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10:28 a. m. Lv. Santa Fe Ar. 6:55 p. m.			12:28 p. m. Lv. Espanola Lv. 4:55 p. m.
11:00 a. m. Lv. Sandoz Lv. 2:25 p. m.			1:25 p. m. Lv. Saramas Lv. 2:45 p. m.
11:50 a. m. Lv. Las Alamos Lv. 1:15 p. m.			2:25 p. m. Lv. Tres Piedras Lv. 1:15 p. m.
12:50 p. m. Lv. Antonito Lv. 11:40 a. m.			3:25 p. m. Lv. Alamos Lv. 10:50 a. m.
1:50 p. m. Lv. Saldia Lv. 6:50 a. m.			4:25 p. m. Lv. Pueblo Lv. 2:40 a. m.
2:50 p. m. Lv. Pueblo Lv. 2:40 a. m.			5:25 p. m. Lv. Colo Spgs. Lv. 1:02 a. m.
3:50 p. m. Lv. Denver Lv. 10:50 p. m.			6:25 p. m. Ar. Denver Lv. 10:50 p. m.

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At Pueblo, Colorado Springs and Denver with all Missouri river lines for all points east.

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A. S. GREIG, General Superintendent

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