

SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN.

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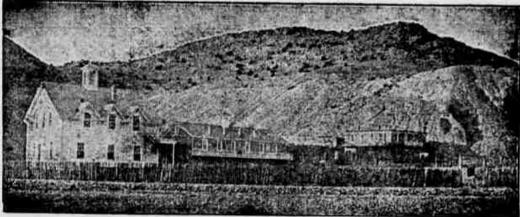
NO. 236.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

The new goods purchased by S. Spitz, the jeweler, have just been placed for public inspection. They consist of a fine line of decorated china and glassware. New ideas in silver novelties, ebony and leather goods and fancy clocks. These goods in connection with the usual large line of diamonds watches and jewelry always found in his cases will give the Santa Fe public an opportunity for selection seldom found outside of the large cities.

OJO CALIENTE

(HOT SPRINGS.)



THESE Celebrated Hot Springs are located in the midst of the Ancient Cliff Dwellers, twenty-five miles west of Taos, and fifty miles north of Santa Fe, and about twelve miles from Barranca Station on the Denver & Rio Grande Railway, from which point a daily line of stages runs to the Springs. The temperature of these waters is from 95° to 125°. The gases are carbonic. Altitude 6,000 feet. Climate very dry and delightful the year round. There is now a commodious hotel for the convenience of invalids and tourists. These waters contain 108.24 grains of alkaline salts to the gallon, being the richest alkaline Hot Springs in the world. The efficacy of these waters has been thoroughly tested by the miraculous cures attested to in the following diseases: Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Consumption, Malaria, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Syphilitic Affections, Menstrual Abnormalities, Scrofula, Catarrh, La Grippe, all Female Complaints, etc., etc. Board, Lodging and Bathing, \$2.50 per day. Reduced rates given by the month. This resort is attractive at all seasons and is open all winter. Passengers for Ojo Caliente can leave Santa Fe at 10:25 a. m. and reach Ojo Caliente at 3 p. m. the same day. Fare for the round trip from Santa Fe to Ojo Caliente, 57. For further particulars address—

ANTONIO JOSEPH, Prop.,
Ojo Caliente, Taos County, New Mexico

New Mexico Normal School

LAS VEGAS.

"THE HEART OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM."

- 1.—**NORMAL**—A professional training course for teachers. Diploma certificate to teach in any of the public schools of New Mexico.
- 2.—**ACADEMIC**—A broad general course. Diploma admits to all leading colleges and universities.
- 3.—**COMMERCIAL**—A thorough training course for business life, actual business, stenography, penmanship, commercial law, &c.
- 4.—**PREPARATORY**—A thorough course in the commercial branches for those who have not had the benefit of graded school advantages.
- 5.—**MODEL SCHOOLS**—An auxiliary to the normal course. A school for children of all grades.

A faculty of specialists from the leading normal schools, colleges and universities of America.

ADDRESS ALL INQUIRIES TO
EDGAR L. HEWETT, Pres.

THE NEW MEXICO

MILITARY INSTITUTE

Roswell, New Mexico.

THE MILITARY SCHOOL OF NEW MEXICO ESTABLISHED AND SUPPORTED BY THE TERRITORY.

Session Begins September, '98. Ends June, '00.

Five Teachers (Men), and Matron. Accommodations for 300 Students. New Buildings, all furnishings and equipments modern and complete; steam-heated, gas-lighted; baths, water-works, all conveniences.

Tuition, board, and laundry, \$250 per session. Tuition alone \$60 per session.

Session is three terms, thirteen weeks each. Roswell is a noted health resort, 3,700 feet above sea level; well-watered; excellent people.

REGENTS—
John W. Poe, Roswell, R. S. Hamilton, Roswell,
Nathan Jaffa, Roswell, J. C. Lea, Roswell,
J. O. Cameron, Eddy.

For particulars address:
JAS. G. MEADORS,
Superintendent

DAVID S. LOWITZKI,

DEALER IN

FURNITURE & QUEENSWARE,

Largest Stock in the City.

MY HOLIDAY FURNITURE JUST

First Furniture store You Come to on Frisco Street. RECEIVED. It is a Pleasure to Show Goods. Give me a Call.

Prices Never Before Equalled in Santa Fe.

I will furnish your house from the parlor to the kitchen on easy payments. Highest price paid for second hand goods. I also carry a full line of picture frames and moldings.

CONGRESSIONAL

Senate Is Preparing to Retaliate on Germany for Discriminating Against America.

WASHINGTON'S CENTENNIAL

Congressman Bailey Camping on General Joe Wheeler's Trail with a Little Retaliation—House Also to Retaliate on Germany.

Washington, Dec. 19.—Senator Hanna introduced in the senate and Representative Payne in the house, a bill to grant subsidies to American shipping. Senator Mason, of Illinois, introduced today a resolution directing the committee on agriculture to inquire into certain legislation pending before the German reichstag calculated to prohibit the importation into Germany of American sausages and other meat products, and directing the committee, should the legislation become a law, to report immediately a bill to require inspection of sugars, meats, wines and other food products imported into this country from Germany. The resolution went over until tomorrow.

The vice president announced the committee on the centennial celebration of the city of Washington as capital of the nation, as follows: Senators Hoar, Hale, Perkins, Simon, McLaurin, Clay and Turley. Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, from the foreign relations committee, reported favorably the following pointed resolution and asked its immediate consideration: "That the president be requested to communicate to congress as far as the same may be done without detriment to the public interests, all information in his possession about the alleged outrages committed on Bishop Alged Cranston and other American citizens in the city of Peking, China, by subjects of the emperor of China, and what steps, if any, have been taken by the States department in demanding suitable redress and indemnity therefor." The resolution was agreed to.

Senator Cullom, of Illinois, gave notice that he would ask the senate at the conclusion of Senator Platt's speech, to take the anti-scalpers' bill from the table for consideration. Senator Chandler, of New Hampshire, inquired if it was Cullom's purpose not to have the bill referred to the interstate commerce committee. Senator Cullom replied that he proposed to ask for its consideration at this time. "I give notice, Mr. President," responded Senator Chandler, "that there are senators here who will insist that the bill go to the committee." Senator Sullivan, of Mississippi, protested against what he termed an "extraordinary proceeding."

Senator Taylor, of Colorado, gave notice that tomorrow he would address the senate on Senator Vest's anti-expansion resolution. In accordance with the notice previously given, Senator Platt, of Connecticut, addressed the senate, opposing the resolution offered by Senator Vest, declaring that under the constitution of the United States no power is given to acquire territory to be held and governed permanently as colonies. At 2 o'clock the Nicaraguan canal bill was informally laid aside to allow Senator Platt to finish his speech. In answer to inquiry from Senator Chandler, Senator Cullom said it was not his intention to call up the anti-scalping bill today. Senator Gallinger attempted to report favorably on Senator Proctor's resolution for a committee of five senators to visit Cuba. This required unanimous consent, and Senator Hale objected. Senator Proctor said he thought it important to get information, but Senator Hale said he thought it foolish to send a committee there.

The house adopted the resolution providing for a holiday recess from December 21 to January 4. Mr. Bailey, leader of the minority, created a flurry by offering the following resolution for reference to the committee on rules:

"Resolved, That the committee on judiciary be instructed to ascertain and report to this house (1) whether any member of the house has accepted any office under the United States, and (2) whether the acceptance of such office under the United States vacated the seat of the member accepting it."

Mr. Wagner, Republican, of Pennsylvania, moved the passage, under suspension of the rules, a bill for the proposed Philadelphia exposition in 1899. The bill passed—142 to 70.

The agricultural appropriation bill reported today contains the following retaliatory clause: The secretary of agriculture, whenever he has reason to believe that articles are being imported from foreign countries which are dangerous to the health of the people of the United States, shall make request upon the secretary of the treasury for samples from the original packages of such articles for inspection and analysis, and the secretary of the treasury is authorized to open such original packages and deliver samples to the secretary of agriculture for the purpose mentioned. The secretary of the treasury shall refuse to deliver any goods that the secretary of agriculture reports to him as having been inspected, analyzed and found adulterated or otherwise dangerous to health.

They Could Not Agree.
Wilmington, Del., Dec. 19.—The jury which held the fate of United States Senator Kenney in its hands, was discharged by Judge Bradford this afternoon, without reaching a verdict. The jury had been out over 70 hours.

Fresh Candies just received at Fischer & Co's.
Waltner's prices defy competition.

AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR

Urges Congress to Give District of Columbia Citizens Franchise Rights, and to Absorb the Telegraph Lines.

Kansas City, Dec. 19.—The American Federation of Labor opened the second week of its annual convention today, with many resolutions still unpassed upon. Two resolutions adopted this session petitioned congress to pass a bill giving citizens of the district of Columbia the same rights of franchise as are enjoyed by the people of the states; and urging the government ownership of telegraph lines, a postal telegraph system being favored.

The resolution provides for a system telegraph lines and the adoption of a postal telegraph system. John M. Hauer, president of the United Mine Workers of Illinois shook the convention up by reviewing the strike at Viridan, and a resolution was adopted thanking Governor Tanner for refusing to call out the state troops to protect the mine operators when they brought in bands of negroes from the south to take the places of striking miners.

Bribe Lying in State.
Lima, Ohio, Dec. 19.—This city is dressed in mourning, and business is suspended today while the remains of the late Calvin S. Brice lie in state. The remains were viewed by thousands.

Foreign Diplomat Dead.
London, Dec. 19.—News was just received today of the death of Francis Napier, the ninth baron of Napier, at Broughton Castle, in the state of Scotland, and entered the diplomatic service in 1840.

Fire Near Syracuse.
Syracuse, N. Y., Dec. 19.—At Baldwinsville, 12 miles north of this city, a fire destroyed today the plant of the Kenyon Paper Company, a building occupied by the New Process Rawhide Company, Stone, Mill, Hotaling & Co., and a building occupied by Clark Mercer & Co. The loss is estimated at \$78,000.

Another Rich Man Dead.
Kenosha, Wis., Dec. 19.—Edward Bain, president of the Bain Wagon Company, died today of heart trouble at Pasadena, Calif. He was rated as one of the richest men in southern Wisconsin.

Spanish Political Muddle.
Madrid, Dec. 19.—It is semi-officially announced that the Spanish ministers will place their resignations in the hands of the king today (tomorrow). The general commanding the northern army, has proclaimed a closure of all Carlist clubs and societies in his district.

Ritualistic Leader Dead.
New York, Dec. 19.—Rev. Thomas McKee Brown, for 28 years rector of the Protestant Episcopal church of St. Mary the Virgin, died today of pneumonia. He was the leader of the ritualistic movement in the Episcopal church, and his attitude was so antagonizing to Bishop Potter that for some time the latter has refused to confirm classes in St. Mary the Virgin church.

President Reviews the 1st Territorial.
Macon, Ga., Dec. 19.—President McKinley arrived here at 9:30, and was received by a large and enthusiastic crowd. A presidential party drove out to the reviewing grounds where General Willson's command, including the 1st territorial regiment was reviewed. A memorial addressed was presented to the president by the confederate veterans. Reference to care for the confederate dead in the interior, Atlanta speech was framed in a huge wreath of flowers, and placed on the pedestal of the confederate monument. President McKinley spoke briefly from the reviewing stand, confining his remarks chiefly to the pride American people should take in the brave men who were here. Lawson, Shafter and Wilson also made short addresses. The president and party left Macon on a special train for Augusta at 11:30.

MARKET REPORT.

New York, Dec. 19.—Money on call steady at 3 1/2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3 @ 4. Silver, 59 1/2; lead, \$3.55.

Chicago.—Wheat, Dec., 66; May, 67 1/2 @ 67 3/4. Corn, Dec., 34 1/2; May, 35 1/2. Oats, Dec., 26 1/2; May, 26 1/2.

Chicago.—Cattle, receipts, 13,000; steady to 10c higher; beefs, \$2.90 @ \$3.00; cows and heifers, \$2.00 @ \$4.75; Texas steers, \$3.30 @ \$4.50; stockers and feeders, \$2.80 @ \$4.25. Sheep, 20,000; steady to 10c lower; natives, \$2.50 @ \$4.30; westerns, \$3.00 @ \$4.30; lambs, \$4.00 @ \$5.00.

Kansas City.—Cattle, receipts, 5,000; strong to 10c higher; native steers, \$2.75 @ \$3.25; Texas steers, \$3.25 @ \$4.35; Texas cows, \$2.25 @ \$3.10; native cows and heifers, \$1.25 @ \$4.25; stockers and feeders, \$3.15 @ \$4.25; bulls, \$2.00 @ \$3.70. Sheep, 20,000; steady; lambs, \$4.15 @ \$5.50; muttons, \$2.00 @ \$4.00.

At the Hotels.
At the Claire: Joseph Wind, Albuquerque; H. D. Matherly and wife, Salida; L. C. Spaulding, Graham; Harry S. Spaulding, Lamy; E. V. Long, Thos. W. Hayward, Geo. T. Gould, Las Vegas; W. B. Childers, Albuquerque.

At the Bon Ton: George Ducey, Durango; Chas. Kuharuck, Paradox, Colo.; L. P. Young, Trinidad; A. W. Braub, Las Vegas; E. C. Bassett, Omaha; C. Bruce, Trinidad.

At the Palace: Veneslao Jaramillo and wife, El Rito; J. O. Roccoch and wife, Oak Park; Ill; J. P. McNulty, Turquesa; Miss Emma Hawley, London, Eng.; Miss Fannie McNulty, Miss Agnes McNulty, Cerrillos; T. F. Coffey, Thomas Smith, Las Vegas; E. C. Langford, Littleton, N. H.; S. H. Elkins, Dolores; W. E. Martin, Socorro; M. W. Mills, Springer, N. M.; Ernest Knaebel, Denver; John Miller, New York; M. L. English, Dolores; Miss Nellie O'Brien, Arizona.

For Rent.
Three nicely furnished rooms. Enquire of Mrs. DuChemin, near the Cartwright house.

SOLID SILVER CITY

Business Conditions 50 Per Cent Better Than Last Year in Every Respect.

RAILWAYS ARE PROSPEROUS

But Present Road, Mining and Cattle Laws Need Remodelling, and Power of Rebating Taxes by County Commissioners Should Be Revoked.

Special correspondence New Mexican, Silver City, N. M., Dec. 18.—Following are a few additional expressions from trade conditions:

Colonel J. W. Carter, cashier Silver City National bank: "Without going into details, I consider business conditions fully 50 per cent better than last year, in every respect. Silver City has never experienced a business failure, and none of the merchants are now suffering in a financial way. It has always been known that Grant county containing a great amount of low grade ore, but there was no way for the poor man to test the actual value of his property until the smelter was built. Now it is possible for the man with limited means to open his prospect and make a living from the product while developing. And, so long as a man is making a living, he is satisfied to work and increase the value of his property by developing. In this manner many of the new properties partake the nature of a pension. The volume of business for the bank is constantly increasing, but we can do all the business for Grant county for the next 20 years, regardless of the increase."

The Silver City National bank is the oldest banking institution in the south west. It has successfully weathered all financial storms and is as solid as the rock of Gibraltar. The last statement of the bank showed \$242,414.02 in resources, \$25,895.55 lawful money reserve and \$163,394.67 in individual deposits.

T. F. Conway, of Conway & Hawkins, attorneys-at-law: "Silver City is always prosperous, and our people are doing well. The railway is doing a big business and the mining outlook is especially good. More mines are being opened now than ever before in the history of the county."

Mr. Conway has been a subscriber to the New Mexican for the past 20 years and has paid out many \$10 notes for yearly subscriptions. He made Santa Fe his home for a number of years. Some time after becoming identified with Silver City he operated the smelter here and made it a success, finally disposing of it to Mrs. Hearst.

E. Cosgrove, hardware: "Our outside trade is constantly increasing. We supply Finos Arros, Santa Rita, the Mogollons and all the tributary mining localities with powder, fuses, caps, steel, etc., and have five teams strung out on the road between here and Dry Creek hauling supplies for us. We can't get teams fast enough to fill our orders!"

O. C. Hinman, house furnishings: "My business is always good and has been so for the past 16 years. It is as good as ever during this season of the year. My stock is worth about \$12,000, and is probably the largest in the territory."

M. K. White, hay, grain and feed: "Business is a little better than last year. You see, we have a floor space of 50 by 70 feet in this building, and it is crowded to the ceiling."

J. J. Kelley, of Kelley & Halstrom, harness, saddles, etc.: "Last year our business was rather limited, because we were not able to secure employees. When the spring trade opens we will do a larger business than ever before. We are now employing four men in our saddle and will have more when we can get them. We are making the best saddles sold in the southwest and are rapidly extending our trade. We sell considerable in Texas, Arizona and other localities. Silver City is the best town in the territory."

REPRESENTATIVE BARNES INTERVIEWED.
"Mr. Barnes, what do you propose to do for Grant county when you get up to Santa Fe?" asked the New Mexican reporter, of the newly elected representative.

"I have been in attendance on a term of court and have been closing up my business so that I could get away in time for the legislature, and have really been too busy to think much about what I shall do. However, I can tell you of some of the things that Grant county needs."

"The people of the county are vitally interested in the subject of good roads and the present road law needs fixing. For the past two years no work has been done on the roads except by individuals and large corporations, at their own expense."

"I have observed, during my career as a lawyer, that the code of civil procedure needs amending. The feature of our financial law known as the Bateman bill should be sent back to Mr. Bateman for satisfactory explanation, or something substituted which is clearer and more concise."

"The power of promiscuously rebating taxes now exercised by the board of county commissioners, should be revoked. The board's supervision of tax matters terminates with the exercise of their duties as a board of equalization. Nevertheless, they have been in the habit of usurping the power of rebating taxes and the above should be stopped. Errors in tax levies should be corrected only through proceedings in the district court. In some of the northern counties the railway pays from 75 to 90 per cent of the taxes and stock men and others have their taxes rebated, while in Grant county the stock men and all others pay their taxes. The present scheme in an injustice."

Some legislation is needed on the cattle sanitary laws. The present laws are

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

FOR SALE BY H. B. CARTWRIGHT & BRO.

incomplete and insufficient for the protection of New Mexico stock men.

"The mining laws also need one or two corrections, and I intend to take the matter up."

"I believe that some inducements should be offered to industrial and manufacturing enterprises. Reducing or freeing them altogether from taxation for a number of years would be a good idea, and would tend to attract capital. The best sugar and cane sugar industries need some legislation to stimulate greater efforts on the part of local and outside capital. The legislature should do everything possible that will tend to change New Mexico from a consuming to a producing territory."

"No, I have no interest in probable insurance legislation and do not care to discuss it."

"Of course, I haven't bills in my pocket for all of the above matters, but I think that they should be considered by the legislature, and they probably will be."

A LOCAL MARINE HOSPITAL SERVICE.

Captain J. O. Cobb, M. D., from Washington, Looks Santa Fe Over and Is Delighted with the Location.

Captain J. O. Cobb, M. D., assistant surgeon in the United States marine hospital service, who has been stopping at the Palace for a day or two, left for the north yesterday afternoon. He has been looking over Arizona and New Mexico and investigating relative to tuberculosis, with a view to recommending the establishment of two sanitariums, one low and one high altitude, for the treatment of tuberculosis patients of the marine hospital service. As the selection of these places is likely to involve the reservation of certain parts of the public domain, Captain Cobb has been examining Fort Marcy reservation in this city as well as other reserved army posts in the two territories.

The captain was extended every courtesy by the register and receiver of the land office in this city, to whom the visitor brought a letter of introduction from the department of the interior. The situation here in general, and Fort Marcy reservation in particular, greatly pleased the surgeon. The old fort was just what he wanted, and there were only two objections, the very high altitude and the cost of the water supply. The former, however, can be gotten over, but the latter seems to be a stickler, and unless terms satisfactory to the government are offered by the water company, the hospital service may not come here. The garrison that was here last paid \$200 per month in water rent, and used all the water they wanted. Captain Cobb says, however, that the marine hospital service can not pay any such tax. He called on Captain Day, but was unable to come to any definite understanding, other than the company would reduce its rates and offer terms that the management believed would be satisfactory. One of the features always looked out for in locating a government hospital is an independent water supply, and if Santa Fe is favorably decided on and the reservation is not taken, a location can be made up near the foothills and a water supply secured there either by reservoir or by artesian means.

The advantage of getting the present reservation is principally in this, that to erect new building permission must be secured from congress to use the funds in hand for that purpose. But in the fitting and remodeling of structures already up, no such permission is necessary. And the difficulty in getting congressional permission to build at the foothills, may prevent the hospital from coming here at all. If the Fort Marcy reservation is not taken, Captain Cobb hopes that arrangements mutually satisfactory to the government and the water company can be made and the high altitude hospital located here. The plan will be to use the Fort Marcy reservation for a distributing hospital where between 300 and 500 consumptive sailors from the navy will be cared for until they can be sent out on ranches to recuperate. Every care will be taken

to prevent contagion. Each patient will be provided with an anti-septic box to expectorate in, and their contents burned carefully as well as anything else about the premises that may tend to carry infection. In fact everything will be done to keep the premises and the persons of the sick in the cleanest condition possible. Thus there will be no danger of trouble in town from the hospital. The amount of money brought into the city by the service will be considerable, about \$2,000 per month, quite an acceptable addition to the local circulation.

Captain Cobb seemed so pleased with the town and the climate that while he did not say outright that he would recommend the establishment of the high altitude hospital in Santa Fe it was evident that this is the spot that will receive his most favorable recommendation, provided that the water rates that the hospital management consider reasonable are offered. The visitor went to Fort Union from here to examine that place, and from there will go east. Some place in the vicinity of Tucson will probably receive the recommendation for the low altitude hospital. Captain Cobb is a very bright young man, and made an excellent impression while here. He was cordially received everywhere.

Code of Civil Procedure.

Every practicing attorney in the territory should have a copy of the New Mexico Code of Civil Procedure, bound in separate form with alternate blank pages for annotations. The New Mexican Printing Company has such an edition on sale at the following prices: Leatherette binding, \$1.25; full law sheep, \$2; flexible morocco, \$2.50.

The Jake Levy Tailoring Company has received its new line of fall and winter clothing samples and can show the public a nobbler, cheaper line than have ever been brought to the city before. A perfect fit guaranteed.

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NEW MEXICO.

THE CITY OF MOUNTAIN AND PLAIN

ANY KIND OF CLIMATE YOU WANT

THE SACRAMENTO AND GREAT VALLEY PLATEAU

CONNECTED BY 25 MILES OF MOUNTAIN RAILWAY

ALAMOGORDO

is beautifully situated at the foot of the SACRAMENTO MOUNTAINS 10 1/2 miles from Santa Fe, N. M., in winter climate.

— PURE MOUNTAIN WATER —
Fruit, Nut, Lemon, and Raspberry Commercial Reserves.

COMBINED WITH THE MOUNTAINS

IT IS THE

NATURAL SANITARIUM OF THE UNITED STATES.

Five Home-steads in Mountains of Fertile Lands and abundant rainfall and Manufacturing, Fruit Growing and Business Centers of 18,000.

AT THIS THRIVING LITTLE CITY

ALAMOGORDO.

ON THE LINE OF THE EL PASO & NORTHWESTERN

MISS A. MUGLER

EVERYTHING FIRST CLASS.

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

Southeast Corner of Plaza.

THE EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

OF THE UNITED STATES.

Outstanding Assurance December 31, 1897, \$951,165,837.00

New Assurance written in 1897, 156,655,693.00

Proposals for Assurance Examined and Declined, 24,491,973.00

Income, 49,572,969.53

Assets, December 31, 1897, 336,876,308.04

Reserve on all existing Policies (4 per cent standard) and all other liabilities, 186,333,133.30

Surplus, 4 per cent standard, 50,543,174.84

Paid Policy Holders in 1897, 21,106,314.14

LARGEST Most Insurance in Force.

STRONGEST Largest Surplus.

BEST Pays Death Claims Promptly.

Pays Larger Dividends (\$1,000,000 more during last five years.) Issues Better Policies.

WALTER N. PARKHURST, General Manager,
New Mexico and Arizona Department,

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

Resident Agents—
S. E. LANKARD,
GEO. W. KNAEBEL, SANTA FE.