

**PHILADELPHIA  
WINS FIRST  
GAME**

**HARD HITTING ATHLETICS POUND  
THREE NEW YORK PITCHERS  
AND CAPTURE OPENING CONTEST  
AT POLO GROUNDS TODAY BY  
SCORE OF 6 TO 4.**

**"HOME-RUN" BAKER  
AND SCHANG ARE STARS**

Appreciating the interest in the great American game, especially now that the world's series is on, The New Mexican wants all the fans to understand that they may telephone Main 31, the editorial office, of the New Mexican, during the progress of the games and information will be gladly furnished them, no matter how often they phone. New Mexican bulletins in conjunction with the Postal Telegraph company, will also be posted in front of the Postal Telegraph office.

Polo Grounds, N. Y., Oct. 7.—The Philadelphia Athletics overcame the New York Giants by a score of 6 to 4 in the first game of the world's championship series here today. Forty thousand persons saw the battle in which hard hitting featured. New York used three pitchers in the box to stop the Athletics' batsmen.

Bender was hit hard, but outside of the fifth inning managed to keep the Giants' hit scattered. Baker was again a hero at the bat, driving out three hits, one of which was a terrific home run drive into the stand which scored Collins ahead of him. The only fielding misplay was a wide throw by Barry. The teams will meet at Shibe park tomorrow, weather permitting.

The official box score:  
Philadelphia, A. B. R. H. P. O. A. E.  
Murphy, rf. 4 0 1 2 0 0  
Oldring, lf. 4 0 1 2 0 0  
Collins, 2b. 3 3 3 4 6 0  
Baker, 3b. 4 1 3 1 3 0  
McInnis, 1b. 3 0 1 10 0 0  
Strunk, cf. 4 1 0 3 0 0  
Barry, ss. 4 1 1 1 3 1  
Schang, c. 4 0 1 4 1 0  
Bender, p. 4 0 0 2 0 0

Totals 34 6 11 27 15 1  
New York, A. B. R. H. P. O. A. E.  
Shaffer, cf. 5 0 1 3 0 0  
Doyle, 2b. 4 1 2 2 2 0  
Fletcher, ss. 4 0 2 2 2 0  
Burns, lf. 4 0 1 3 0 0  
Horzog, 3b. 4 0 0 1 2 0  
Murray, rf. 4 0 2 1 0 0  
Meyers, c. 4 0 0 4 2 0  
Merkle, 1b. 4 2 2 11 0 0  
Marquard, p. 4 0 0 0 6 0  
McCormick, 1 1 0 0 0 0  
Crandall, p. 1 0 0 0 0 0  
Tresreau, p. 1 0 0 0 1 0  
McLean, 1 0 0 0 0 0

Totals 36 4 11 27 15 0  
\*Batted for Marquard in fifth inning.  
\*McLean batted for Tresreau in ninth.

**Score by Innings.**  
Philadelphia 000 320 010—6  
New York 001 030 000—4  
Summary—Two base hits: Barry, Burns, McInnis. Three base hits: Collins, Schang, Home run, Baker.  
Hits: Off Marquard 8 in 5 innings; off Crandall 3 in 2 innings; off Tresreau none in two innings.  
Sacrifice hits: Marquard, McInnis, Stolen base: Collins.  
Doubles plays: Barry, Collins and McInnis.

Left on bases: Philadelphia 4; New York 6.

First base on balls: Off Marquard 1; off Tresreau 1.  
First base on errors: New York 1. Struck out: By Bender 4; by Marquard 1; by Crandall 1; by Tresreau 1. Time 2:06.

Umpires: Klein behind plate, Egan on bases, Higler left field, Connolly right field.  
Marquard and Meyers were announced as batteries for New York. Bender and Schang batteries for Philadelphia.

**First Inning.**  
First Half—John Brush Hemsted, the young son of the late John T. Brush, president of the Giants, threw out the ball and the world's series battle was on.

Murphy flew out to Murray. Murphy smashed the first ball pitched and Marquard shot a strike over to Oldring. Oldring singled to right on the second ball between Doyle and Merkle. Marquard tried to catch Oldring at first but could not quite get him. The New York pitcher used plenty of speed and kept the ball around the Athletics' knees. Oldring was caught off first by a quick throw by Marquard to Merkle. Collins singled sharply to center after having two strikes called on him. The crowd gave home run Baker a big cheer as he came to bat. Baker flied out to Burns.

No runs, two hits, no errors.  
Second Half—Bender grinned as Shaffer came to bat and shot a wide curve which was close to Shaffer's knees. It was a ball. The next one

(Continued on page four).

**UNKNOWN NEGRO  
IS SUSPECTED  
IN CHICAGO CASE**

Chicago, Oct. 7.—Acting on instructions given by a man who said he saw Miss Ida Leegson walking west in West 71st street at 6 o'clock last Saturday evening, accompanied by a negro, instructions were given the police today as follows: "Arrest for murder and robbery a copper-skinned negro, five feet, 11 inches, or six feet tall; weighing 180 to 190 pounds. Well dressed, square shoulders, erect carriage. Wore black soft hat and gray coat."

After giving up her position as a school teacher in Mason City, Iowa, September 29, Miss Leegson came to Chicago and engaged a room with Mrs. James P. Burnette, saying she was going to try to earn more money to continue her art studies. Saturday she placed an advertisement in a paper, asking for a place as a trained nurse.

Saturday afternoon, a telephone call came from a "Mr. Wilson," who, when told Miss Leegson was out, inquired closely after her personal appearance. An hour later he called again and asked her to go to a point on the west side to care for his wife. She left to answer the call and was not heard from again by her friends.

The street address given by "Mr. Wilson," proved to be a vacant lot on the prairie.  
The possibility that Miss Leegson was lured to her death by an organized band of "white slavers," while being investigated by the police, is not believed by them to offer a solution of the mystery. An investigation among the teachers at the University of Chicago and at the art institute indicated that the murdered woman had no men friends and that her nights had been spent in industry.

**SCHOOL CHILDREN  
STRIKE OUT OF  
SYMPATHY**

Calumet, Mich., Oct. 7.—The sympathetic strike of school children in the Keweenaw county copper strike district spread today and five hundred are now out. The Ahmeek, New Alhambra and Mohawk schools are affected.

A special meeting of the school board was called to deal with the situation. It is said the compulsory school attendance law will be upheld and that wholesale prosecutions of parents will follow if the children do not return to school at once. This morning a parade of four hundred of the striking pupils was held at Ahmeek.

Seventy-five strike breakers arrived last night and twenty arrived today for the Calumet and Hecla.

Automobiles are still being fired on in the Keweenaw district. The machine of a Calumet man was struck last night, the bullet shattering the windshield.

**MEXICAN CABINET AGAIN  
CHANGED BY HUERTA.**

Mexico City, Oct. 7.—Another general shakeup in the Huerta cabinet today has resulted in a complete change of the ministry with the exception of the war portfolio. Most of the ministers were shifted from one department to another, but in two instances sub-secretaries were promoted. The cabinet, as it is now constituted, follows:

Minister of foreign relations, Manuel Garza Aldape, recently foreign minister and later minister of public instruction.

Minister of finance, Adolfo de la Loma, formerly minister of justice.

Minister of public instruction, Garcia Naranjo, formerly sub-secretary of that department.

Minister of communications and public works, Jose L. Lozano, formerly minister of communications.

Minister of justice, Enrique Gerosetti, formerly minister of finance.

Minister of war, General Aureliano Blanquet retains portfolio.

**MARY BAKER EDDY'S  
ESTATE IS IN COURT**

Concord, N. H., Oct. 7.—Under a decision of the supreme court today, Joseph E. Fernald of Concord, was ordered to hold as administrator the property of the late Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy, the founder of Christian Science, until trustees are appointed by the probate court.

The court held that Mrs. Eddy created a public trust to be administered by the First Christian Church scientist, in Boston, under the court's supervision.

**RACE RIOT BREAKS  
OUT AT JOLIET, ILL.**

Joliet, Ill., Oct. 7.—A race riot broke out this afternoon when negroes tore down the fall in the village of Romeo, seven miles west, to rescue one of their number. One negro was killed. Six deputies were sent to the scene and immediately telephoned for reinforcements.

**LINCOLN BEACHEY  
KILLS LITTLE GIRL**

Rochester, N. Y., Oct. 7.—While maneuvering in a new aeroplane at Hammondsport this afternoon, Lincoln Beachey swooped too low. His machine struck Ruth and Helen Hildreth, daughters of H. E. Hildreth, of New York City, killing the former and probably fatally injuring the latter.

**RIANO ADDRESSES  
SCHOOL BOYS  
AND GIRLS**

**SPANISH MINISTER SPEAKS IN  
SPANISH AND ENGLISH TO AUDI-  
ENCE GATHERED IN FRONT OF  
HOTEL THIS MORNING.—MR.  
GRAYCRAFT TAKES GROUP PHOTO.**

**SEES TESUQUE; LEAVES  
TO-NIGHT FOR EAST**

Santa Fe's school boys and girls saw and heard a real minister, soon to be ambassador, this morning.

Don Juan Riano, Spain's minister to the United States, the speaker, and he used two languages, Spanish and English.

Following the banquet last night the diplomat took a much needed sleep. He breakfasted at his hotel and at 10:30 a. m. the future citizens of Santa Fe left their school books, and accompanied by their teachers, marched down to the De Vargas hotel. Don Juan noticed with pleasure the flags of the United States and Spain, and he again referred to the ties which bind New Mexico to "the mother country."

He told of the progress that he has seen in the great southwest and brought a message of good cheer to the young folks who will one day have charge of this country.

After the speech the First Regiment band played a lively tune and there was cheering.

**Pose For Photo.**

Accompanied by the mayor, Celso Lopez, and members of the chamber of commerce and prominent citizens, Don Juan posed for a photo which was taken by A. B. Graycraft. Then the minister jumped into an automobile and hurried to Tesuque where he saw the Indians. Several automobiles accompanied him.

At 2 p. m. Spain's representative returned to the hotel for luncheon.

After dining he visited the old palace and other places of interest. At 5 o'clock, according to the program, he will leave for Lamy in a motor and take dinner at El Ortiz. At 8:25 he will board the Limited for the east.

**NOME IS DEVASTATED  
BY SEVERE STORM**

**HUNDREDS RENDERED HOMELESS AND  
GREAT PROPERTY LOSS REPORTED.—  
WINTER FINOS ALASKA TOWN FACING  
FAMINE**

Nome, Alaska, Oct. 7.—The storm is abating. Three unidentified bodies have washed ashore. Five hundred persons are homeless. Help from outside will be necessary.

The steamships Victoria, Navajo and Corwin are safe at anchor seven miles out.

Nome has been almost destroyed by a storm. All the south side of Front street is gone. The sand hill is gone. Two miles of territory next to the sea was devastated. No lives were lost.

The storm that began Sunday night beating in from Bering sea was the worst ever known here. Men and women worked all night in the icy water to save their household effects.

The electric light plant was wrecked and telephone service was cut off. The loss is estimated at a million and a half dollars.

There will be much suffering. Winter is at hand, and it will be impossible to get in supplies needed.

All the small boats on the beach were destroyed. Five hundred houses have been demolished, and more are falling.

Nome, the famous gold camp on Bering sea, the most northerly city in the world, was built on a sandy sea beach. In front of the town there is an anchorage for ships, but steamers do not make a landing. Cargoes and passengers are landed at an aerial tramway station in deep water. The principal part of the town, which a dozen years ago had a population of 20,000, is on the east side of Snake river, with a long finger extending to the west along a narrow sand spit. This sand spit was rich in gold dust and the early settlers built their cabins there.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 7.—Every available government wireless was spluttering out messages towards Alaska today calling for reports on the destructive storm at Nome. One brief reply came from the Nome life saving station, saying the water front had been devastated in a tidal storm.

The Red Cross appeared to extend its aid as soon as the needs could be learned. The revenue cutter Bear, now at Nome, can be used for bringing about 150 people to Seattle. Of fliers here thought steamships which weathered the gale in the sea out of Nome would bring others.

**COLORADO SUPREME COURT  
DECIDES AGAINST HOTELS.**

Denver, Colo., Oct. 7.—The state supreme court announced today a decision reached yesterday that the city

**SULZER TRIED  
TO PLACATE  
MURPHY**

**TESTIMONY TO-DAY BROUGHT OUT  
THAT ENVOYS FROM THE GOV-  
ERNOR WENT TO MURPHY TO  
GET HIM TO CALL OFF IMPEACH-  
MENT INQUIRY.**

**SULZER'S DEFENSE  
WAS TO STAND TO-DAY**

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 7.—The ground work for the defense of Governor Sulzer was to be laid today by Louis A. Sarecky, formerly Sulzer's campaign secretary and expected to be the day's first witness at the impeachment trial.

In outlining the defense yesterday former Senator Harvey D. Hinman told how the governor turned his campaign funds over to his secretary and trusted him to keep them straight.

The court after an executive session lasting an hour, voted to retain in the record the testimony of Allan A. Ryan, regarding Governor Sulzer's alleged attempt to bring pressure to bear on Republican senators to vote that his impeachment was illegal.

Ryan was then recalled to the stand and asked what further conversation with the governor on the occasion of the latter's request that he see Root.

"I suggested to Mr. Sulzer that now that certain charges had been made against him, I did not see that he could afford to put himself in a position in which he could not answer the charges. He said that the reason was that he did not want to drag his wife into the situation and put her on the stand."

"I told him I would not go to Washington, but I would try to ascertain the Republican sentiment on that question, whether the court had a right to impeach him."

"Is that all of the conversation," asked Attorney Stanchfield.

"No," he said, "he said that if they voted that the trial was not legal he could make a public statement and explain the situation satisfactorily."

Ryan testified that Gov. Sulzer asked him to ask Delancey Nicoll to see Charles F. Murphy in an effort to have the impeachment proceedings stopped. Governor Sulzer attempted to secure the influence of Charles F. Murphy to stop the trial of his impeachment and in return therefore said he "was willing to do whatever was right" according to the testimony of Allan A. Ryan at the trial today.

The testimony was given, after the court by a secret vote of 41 to 14 decided to admit in the record Ryan's testimony of yesterday. This was that Governor Sulzer had asked him to see Senator Root and request him to induce State Chairman Wm. Barnes to influence the Republican members of the court to declare the impeachment proceedings illegal because they were brought during an extraordinary session of the legislature.

The admission of this testimony yesterday was stricken from the record.

Ryan's story of the governor's alleged attempt to make peace with Tammany hall on the event of his trial was next given.

Ryan said that Sulzer asked him to see Delancey Nicoll his father's attorney and request him to see Murphy.

"He wanted me," the witness said, "to have Mr. Nicoll sway Mr. Murphy to call off this inquiry by getting him following to vote that the assembly had no right to impeach him. He said Mr. Nicoll could go between and that he (Sulzer) was ready to do whatever was right."

"A statement which was placed in evidence, and which Ryan said was dictated to him by a friend whom he did not name, said in part:

"The Republican organization, as such, will do nothing; it will give no advice, no order, and will leave every Republican senator to do as he sees fit. The chairman says distinctly he will not permit any one, high or low, to speak to him on the subject."

Ryan was not cross examined.

The defense then opened its case, calling Samuel A. Beardsley of Utica, Judge Herrick said he proposed to show by the witness that Beardsley offered to contribute \$25,000 for "a client" to Sulzer and that the contribution was declined. The court, by a vote of 29 to 24 then voted not to receive any testimony tending to show contributions were refused.

Beardsley is said to have been an attorney for the late Anthony N. Brady.

Herbert H. Lehman of New York, treasurer of Governor Sulzer's campaign fund, testified he gave Sulzer \$5,000 in cash on September 25, 1915, without any reservation. The governor's attorney declared they proposed to show that this was part of the money the governor used in Wall street.

Of Denver cannot pass an ordinance allowing hotels or restaurants to keep open after midnight or on Sunday, nor can it adopt any law that will in any way annul any of the provisions of the state local option law. The decision was rendered in the case of Vick Walker vs. the People of Colorado. It applies to all cities operating under special charters.

**PROFESSORS FIRED  
FOR ANTI-TRUST  
SENTIMENTS**

**WITNESS BEFORE SENATE BANKING  
COMMITTEE GIVES NAMES OF  
COLLEGE PROFESSORS WHO WERE  
DISMISSED FOR THEIR POPULAR  
LEANINGS.**

**VOTING FOR BRYAN  
CAUSED ONE DISMISSAL**

Washington, D. C., Oct. 7.—George H. Shibley, director of the bureau of political research before the senate banking committee today, renewed his charge that the "trustocrats" had driven college professors who espouse the country of the people from their positions.

Senator Weeks demanded that Shibley name professors who had been treated.

"Professor Edward Bemis of Chicago university," replied Shibley, "was discharged because he attacked the Chicago gas trust. John R. Cummins of Syracuse was discharged for voting for Wm. Jennings Bryan. James Allen Smith of Marietta, Ohio, was driven from his place. The present president of the United States had a narrow escape because he advocated the short ballot. But he continued in the service of the people and has now triumphed."

The senate's currency hearings were resumed today with the definite understanding that they will continue until October 25, if important witnesses appear.

Conferees between President Wilson and Democratic leaders in the senate today practically assured that the currency bill would be made a party measure, the Democrats of the senate committee considering it separately as was done in the house. By such an agreement it is expected that the administration bill, amended to some extent, would receive a vote of at least 52 or possibly 61.

Should it be impossible to obtain a majority report from the entire committee, it is proposed to take the bill from the committee by party caucus to the floor of the senate to press it for passage during the present session.

**LIND HAS CONFERENCE  
AT VERA CRUZ**

**CHARGE O'SHAUGHNESSY MEETING  
WITH HIND.—FEDERALS CHARGED WITH  
INHUMAN CRUELTY AT DURANGO.**

Eagle Pass, Texas, Oct. 7.—Federal troops captured the constitutionalists' provisional capital, Piedras Negras, this afternoon without firing a shot. The constitutionalists had abandoned the city.

Vera Cruz, Mex., Oct. 7.—A report on affairs at the capital brought by Nelson O'Shaughnessy, charge d'affaires at the American embassy in Mexico City, was laid before John Lind, the personal representative of President Wilson in an overnight conference. It was said he brought no roseate picture of conditions but reported assurances from the national police that fair elections would be held and early pacification of the country accomplished.

Mr. O'Shaughnessy returned directly to the capital, accompanied by his wife, who had just returned from Europe.

Mr. Lind will remain in Vera Cruz. Unless invited by the Mexican government or instructed by President Wilson he will have no direct communication with the administration. If he has any representations to make he probably will communicate them to the embassy.

Indications are, however, that there will be no further communications either direct or indirect.

A number of mining men who arrived here today from the state of Durango assert that in pursuance of their instructions the federal soldiers kill all wounded rebels and that one man was dragged from a hospital immediately after one of his legs had been amputated, placed before a firing squad and executed.

**NEGOTIATIONS IN SALE OF  
INDIANAPOLIS CLUB OFF**

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 7.—The sale of the Indianapolis American Association baseball club to G. A. Wahlgreen, J. C. McGill and Jack Hendricks of Denver, which was announced Friday, was temporarily declared off today.

The purchasers and Sol Kiser of Meyer and Kiser, owners of the Indianapolis club, failed to agree on deferred payments.

Mr. Wahlgreen said negotiations would be resumed later with Sol Meyers, president of the club.

**SOUTHERN PACIFIC  
ATTORNEY DIES TODAY**

Windsor, Vt., Oct. 7.—Maxwell Evans, general counsel for the Southern Pacific railroad, died at his home here this afternoon, aged 51 years. He had been in failing health for three years.

**ANTI-TRUST LAWS  
ARE NEXT ON  
PRESIDENTS CARD**

Washington, Oct. 7.—A start was made by President Wilson yesterday on his anti-trust program for the December session of congress. He had a long preliminary conference with Senator Newlands, of Nevada, chairman of the interstate commerce committee which handles trust legislation in the senate.

The president expects to confer also in the near future with Representative Clayton, chairman of the house judiciary committee, as well as with other members of the two congressional committees which will be directly in charge of the legislation.

Senator Newlands said after the conference that he expected the president to transmit some recommendations to his committee early in the December session. These probably will materialize after the president consults Attorney General McMeekin and some prominent lawyers outside of the official circle who have been studying the problem for years.

Yesterday's discussion with Chairman Newlands was of a general character, bringing forth no particular scheme of legislation. The president and the senator examined the history and arguments presented for and against various pending bills which would supplement the Sherman anti-trust act by providing for the prevention of holding companies, stock watering and discrimination in prices.

The regulation of the size of business and the definition of the word "reasonable," as used by the supreme court of the United States.

Senator Newlands himself has a bill pending that would create an interstate trade commission with powers of publicity, investigation and correction, the power of preliminary investigation regarding violations of the Sherman act, the power to aid the courts in the enforcement of their decrees, the dissolution of trusts and the reassembling in legal form of their constituent elements.

As the minister alighted at the station he was greeted by President Henry H. Dorman, of the Santa Fe chamber of commerce, and by Samuel G. Cartwright, chairman of the banquet committee.

"I am delighted to be in Santa Fe," said the diplomat to the representative of the New Mexican who walked with him to an automobile. "This air is so bracing that I do not feel any fatigue from the trip."

Arrived at the De Vargas, the minister was met by Lieutenant Governor E. C. de Baca, who, in the absence of Governor McDonald, was the highest state official in the city; by Mayor Lopez and the committee he appointed, and members of the chamber of commerce, who extended another welcome to the diplomat. Don Juan was visibly pleased at the warmth of the hospitality extended, reminding him of his own country.

From his room at the De Vargas, Don Juan could see the capital dome ablaze with many lights in his honor.

**Banquet Begins.**  
It was exactly 10:30 when the banquet hall, brilliantly illuminated and beautifully decorated with the Stars and Stripes and the Spanish flag, received the guest of honor and his many hosts. There was not the slightest difficulty or confusion in seating the hundred or more people at the various tables, each table having been numbered.

The table decorations were most attractive. Masses of red and yellow dahlias—the Spanish colors—greeted the eye wherever it roamed, and chrysanthemums added to the beauty of the scene.

At the speakers' table sat Chief Justice Roberts, toast master, and at his right, Don Juan. Next to him sat United States Senator Catron and then Secretary of State Antonio Lucero. To the left of the toastmaster sat Lieutenant Governor de Baca, Hon. Benjamin M. Read and Attorney A. R. Renahan.

At the smaller table to the right of the toastmaster sat Mrs. William C. McDonald, "the first lady in the state," with a party of friends. Col. Massie sat next to Mrs. McDonald. At the table to the left sat another member of the governor's staff, Col. Bronson M. Cutting, also in uniform.

Throughout the banquet hall one saw beautiful women, superbly gowned and not a few wearing diamond tiaras.

At the other end of the room was a long table at which sat the supreme court judges, with their wives, and at another table were seated the various members of committees of both city and chamber of commerce.

**A Stringed Orchestra.**  
To add to the pleasure of the occasion music was discoursed by Ramirez's orchestra, the musicians occupying seats at the eastern entrance to the banquet hall.

**To King and President.**  
At 1 a. m. Toastmaster Roberts arose and proposed a toast to the king of Spain. It was drunk in silence. Then the Spanish national air was played, everyone standing up. A toast was next proposed to the president of the United States. Everyone arose at the stirring strains of "The Star Spangled Banner," which filled the air.

Toastmaster Roberts then delivered a brief speech. He said: "Tonight, as citizens of New Mexico, we are assembled to pay homage to the distinguished representative of that great, renowned and illustrious

ber.

**SPEEDY TRIAL PROMISED  
SLAYER OF MRS. REXROAT**

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 7.—A speedy trial for the murder of Mrs. Mildred Allison Rexroat on September 25 was today promised Henry Spencer, whose confessions of 20 murders, woven by an opium cloud dumfounded the police.

His admission of the Rexroat crime is substantiated, he is known to have committed many of the large number of burglaries he has confessed and there is a possibility that he may have slain Mrs. Annabel Wight last December.

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**SANTA FE DEAR  
TO HEART OF  
A SPANIARD**

**DON JUAN RIANO, SPAIN'S MINISTER,  
AROUSES ENTHUSIASM WHEN HE  
TELLS OF GROWING FRIENDSHIP  
BETWEEN UNITED STATES AND  
"THE MOTHER COUNTRY".**

**MANY ATTEND BANQUET  
GIVEN IN HIS HONOR**

"I cannot tell you how tremendously impressed I am with my first visit to the Southwest where everything is so great, so vast. All through this region the traditions of Spain follow me wherever I go and no Spaniard could travel here without being stirred to the very depths of his nature."

In these words Don Juan Riano, Spain's minister to the United States, and for 24 hours guest of the city of Santa Fe and of its chamber of commerce, replied to the warm welcome extended to him.

The occasion was a banquet given last night at the De Vargas hotel and attended by many of Santa Fe's prominent men and women, who did all in their power to make the cultured Spaniard and diplomat whose wife is an American girl, feel that old Spain is indeed held in high regard by New Mexicans.

Arrives at 9:20.  
Don Juan and his secretary arrived on a special train from Lamy at 9:20, coming to New Mexico on the limited from California. He was accompanied from Albuquerque to Santa Fe by Col. J. A. Massie, representing the state, and Hon. Jose D. Sena, representing the city.

As the minister alighted at the station he was greeted by President Henry H. Dorman, of the Santa Fe chamber of commerce, and by Samuel G. Cartwright, chairman of the banquet committee.

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