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New Store, New Goods, Lower Prices, At Your Old Time Friend's.

ABE GOLD

NATIVE PRODUCE

And farmers and ranchers will find it to their advantage to deal with me. A Free Catalog in connection with my new store, to all those coming to Santa Fe by train. Call and be convinced.

Santa Fe, N. M., January 1, 1889. ABE GOLD.

AT NO. 4.

New Goods Just Received.

Oranges, Lemons, Cranberries, Platt's Canned Goods and Vegetables, Batavia Canned Goods and Vegetables.

REASER BROTHERS, The Finest Staple and Fancy Groceries

LARGEST & MOST COMPLETE STOCK IN THE CITY

A FINE LINE OF Coffees, Teas, and Spices, Preserves, Jellies, Jams, Pickles, Olives, Sauces, Olive Oil, Catsups, Horse Radish, Fruits, Vegetables and Confectionery, Best Creamery Butter in the market, Corn, Oats, Hay and Potatoes

Read these Prices and Remember Them:

Table listing various goods and their prices, including Tomatoes, Corn, Peas, Apples, Cranberries, Flour, etc.

Telegraphic Tidings

TERRITORIAL TALK.

Congress Considering the Omnibus New States Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Springer, of Illinois, called up yesterday as a special order the senate bill for the admission of South Dakota and the organization of the territory of North Dakota.

The bill having been read in full, Springer took the floor in explanation of the measure and advocacy of the substitute.

He called attention to various provisions of the constitution of 1858, which he considered hastily and unadvisedly formulated.

He presented another reason why a new convention should be held. He criticized that clause of the constitution declaring all existing archives, records and books belonging to the territory of Dakota should belong to the state of South Dakota.

Under that clause the secretary of state of the new state was authorized to go to Bismarck and demand of the capital there every scrap of paper and book belonging to the territory.

Cox, of New York, was in favor of the omnibus bill, with certain amendments, but he was willing to help along any little conference between the two houses of congress which would result in elevating the territory into the rank of statehood.

Every territory except Utah should be admitted into the union when it had a population sufficient under the law to elect a member of congress.

Gifford, of Dakota, defended the constitution adopted by constitutional convention of Dakota, from the criticism advanced against it by Springer.

Toole, of Montana, strongly advocated the admission of Montana, and inveighed against the carpet bag authority in the territories.

The Garfield and Cleveland administration promised to relieve the territories, but both had failed. Tradition said that wise men came from the east, and his Republican friends had determined that history should repeat itself.

Some of these hot-house plants had been too frail to stand transplanting in a northern climate, others holding religiously to the doctrine that federal office holders should neither die nor resign, had stayed in the territories and gave promise of developing into good, useful citizens.

Laughter, but under Democratic supremacy the time-honored tradition had been violated. Instead of wise men coming from the east, it was learned they came from the south.

Laughter. Far be it from him to reflect upon the integrity of any man sent to the territories by the present administration, or upon the service from which they came, and the insolence of office holders consequent on alien appointments, and lack of confidence shown in the people of the territories constitute a grave affront.

These people had hoped for better things from the present administration. Four years ago Montana had been entitled to statehood, and the failure to receive it, together with a violation of the platform concerning federal appointments in the territories, had done much to bring about a political revolution this last fall.

There was only one remedy for the evil, a star on the flag, a vote and a voice in both branches of congress. Without this there was nothing but political insomnia and unrest. There was a homely maxim that "charity begins at home."

Much has been heard about home rule in Ireland, and America had contributed much to establish that blessing in that island. He would not abate the slightest interest in the cause, but he begged the gentlemen not to forget that under their flag home rule in the territories lay bleeding at the feet of despotism.

The people of the territories had been patient and long suffering, hiding their humiliation behind their pride, but they now found their modesty departing and independence asserting itself. To be one quailing with the departments respectively, but the long suffering, hiding their humiliation behind their pride, but they now found their modesty departing and independence asserting itself.

To be one quailing with the departments respectively, but the long suffering, hiding their humiliation behind their pride, but they now found their modesty departing and independence asserting itself.

Pending further debate the house adjourned.

IRON CLAD AGREEMENT.

Railway Presidents and Bankers Put the Selves to Rate Cutters.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—The presidents' agreement on which it was proposed to organize the Inter State Commerce Railway association has been printed in its modified form. The plan as amended provides for a chairman but no vice chairman. It was originally intended that there should be two vice chairmen to have charge of the freight and passenger departments respectively, but the dissent of these officers will be imposed upon the chairman, who will employ his duties.

The executive board will consist of three experienced men instead of a chairman and vice chairman as was first agreed, and rate making power will be in the hands of committees. Another amendment is the omission of the clause providing

BIG DEAL IN THE SAN LUIS.

Pittsburg Capitalists Make a Heavy Investment—Improvements Going on.

DENVER, Jan. 17.—A number of Pittsburg capitalists have just concluded the purchase of a large tract of land in the San Luis valley in the immediate vicinity of Alamosa. They have formed a syndicate which will be known as the Alamosa Improvement Company, and the tract will be made from the Empire Land & Improvement Company of Colorado, for the cash sum of \$63,000. This is the largest cash sale ever made in Colorado outside of the city of Denver.

The tract comprises 3,280 acres of agricultural land around the city of Alamosa, including some town property.

The company propose to fence the land, dividing the same into farms of equal proportions, and otherwise improving the same for the purpose of renting to desirable and thrifty farm tenants at a nominal figure. Arranged in the manner which the company is projecting some forty farmers will thus be accommodated, establishing homes for themselves and families.

Henry A. Butters, who has concluded the sale for T. C. Henry, representing the Empire Land & Improvement company, arrived in Denver yesterday. Mr. Butters said:

"Alamosa and the surrounding country is looking up wonderfully this season. Not only are outsiders seeking investment in this desirable section of the San Luis valley, but the residents of the town, business men, clerks and railroad employees are putting their money into real estate there, and the prospect is for a big boom for that locality this spring. I predict," continued Mr. Butters, "that the coming season Alamosa will make a showing of at least 6,000 acres of grain, over and above that of last year, this section being especially adapted to the raising of small grain." Some of the property included in the recent purchase embraced the city of Alamosa, which will also be improved; some fine business and residence buildings are to be erected on the same.

No Brotherhood Men Wanted. CLINTON, Iowa, Jan. 17.—The order has gone forth on this division of the Chicago & Northwestern that all operators of the Telegraphers' brotherhood must resign their organization or quit the employ of the Northwestern. There are large numbers of the brotherhood. What they will do is not known, as the order is a surprise to them. There are two organizations of telegraph operators—the Order of Railroad Telegraphers and the Order of Commercial Telegraphers. None of the train dispatchers on the Chicago & Northwestern road in this city belong to either body. The only association of the kind with members among its members train dispatchers of this road is the Order of Train Dispatchers. The company, however, is favorably disposed toward the latter.

TELLER IN THE CABINET. Wolcott Formally Named—Chilcote Wants Teller's Place.

DENVER, Jan. 17.—E. O. Wolcott has been formally elected to the United States senate to succeed the present incumbent, Thomas M. Bowen, in the joint convention Charles S. Thomas' name was presented on behalf of the democrats. The election was by a strict party vote.

TELLER AND THE CABINET. The news says it has learned from private sources that Gen. Harrison has offered the interior portfolio to Senator Teller, and that Teller has agreed to accept it. The news comes out through accept of Senator Chilcote's friends in the legislature who, it is said, are working with a view to securing Chilcote's nomination as Teller's successor.

The New St. Louis Bridge. ST. LOUIS, Jan. 17.—The contract for the construction of the Merchants' bridge across the Mississippi at this point has been awarded to the Union Bridge company of New York city. The bid in gross for the building of the bridge only, and for what other work is specified for in the contract is \$1,200,000. According to the charter agreement work according to commenced by February 2, or a forfeiture to the United States is the result. This leaves twenty-one days in which to begin operations.

Santa Monica Fire. LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 17.—The hotel which was destroyed by fire at Santa Monica, was the old Santa Monica hotel and not the Arcadia. Building owned by Senator Jones, of Nevada, and Mrs. Col. R. S. Baker. The loss on the building is \$35,000 and on the furniture \$16,000 or approaches. The losses are well covered by insurance.

Senator Manderson Re-Elected. WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Senator Manderson yesterday received a telegram announcing his re-election by the Nebraska legislature.

A New Comet. ROCHESTER, Jan. 17.—Prof. Swift, of Warner observatory, has received notice

of the discovery of a new comet by Prof. Brooks, at Smith's observatory, Geneva.

Its position is as follows: Right ascension 18 hours and 27 minutes, declining south 21 deg., 20 min., with a rapid westerly motion. The comet is faintish.

He Bit the Dust.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 17.—Advices have just been received from the Creek Nation that Wesley Barrett, a half-breed Creek Indian desperado, who murdered United States Marshal Phillips, and later, Moses McIntosh, of the Creek police, and wounded two or three others during the past year, was ambushed and killed Saturday by Wallace McKee, a Creek Indian. A large reward had been offered for Barrett either dead or alive.

CARE OF THE INDIANS.

Interesting Recommendations of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Commissioner of Indian Affairs Obery, in his annual report discusses the act of June 29, 1888, by which the authority and duties of the superintendent of Indian schools were extended. The commissioner reaches the conclusion that the most natural, economical and effective administration of Indian schools will be secured by enlarging the prerogatives of the superintendent, first, by placing under his immediate charge all matters connected with all branches of Indian education, instead of restricting him to two lines of work in connection with but one class of schools, and second, by providing that he should perform the official functions necessary in charge of such enlarged duties through the bureau of Indian affairs, under which arrangement the commissioner of Indian affairs may place at the disposal of the superintendent the entire official machinery of the bureau by the use of which nearly all the business in relation to Indian schools is and must be transacted.

The commissioner recommends some important changes in the methods of making purchases of Indian supplies. A much more satisfactory method, he thinks, would be for the Indian bureau to submit to bidders a standard sample of each article, instead of having submitted to it a large variety of samples of each article. Thus the question of price would at once have to be considered in awarding contracts, and nothing more would be required of the commissioner than the making of an award to the lowest bidder.

In conclusion the commissioner said the Indian is coming to appreciate the fact that he must become civilized. Must, as he explains it, learn the white man's way or perish from the face of the earth. He should be taught how to work, and all schools that are open for his children should be schools in which they will be instructed in the use of agricultural and mechanical implements, and the Indian should be taught not only how to work, but also that it is his duty to work, for the defrauding communism of the terrible reservation system gives to the individual no incentive to labor, but puts a premium upon idleness and makes it fashionable.

Samuel C. Siebert, late paying teller of the Union Trust Co. of Philadelphia, fell overboard from the steamer Camerata, at the wharf, and was drowned.

The great popularity of Ayer's Pills as a cathartic is due no less to their promptness and efficacy than to their coating of sugar and freedom from any injurious effects. Children take them readily. See Ayer's Almanac for this year, just out.

The Rarest of Combinations. True delicacy of flavor with the efficacy of action has been attained in the famous California liquid fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs. Its pleasant taste and beneficial effects have rendered it immensely popular. It cleanses the system, cures constiveness, etc.

SOLEMN CONSECRATION.

The New Episcopal Bishop of New Mexico and Arizona. COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 17.—The consecration of Rev. Dr. J. D. Mills Kendrick as bishop of New Mexico and Arizona took place at Trinity Episcopal church, Columbus, yesterday. The three consecrating bishops were Tuttle, of Missouri, Presiding Elder Rulison, of Pennsylvania, and Dudley, of Kentucky. Bishop Rulison delivered the charge to Bishop-elect Kendrick. Other bishops and laymen were present. The services were conducted by Bishop Tuttle.

Eupespy. This is what you ought to have, in fact, you must have it, to fully enjoy life. Thousands are searching for it daily, and mourning because they find it not. Thousands upon thousands of dollars are spent annually by our people in the hope that they may attain his boon. And yet it may be had by all. We guarantee that Electric Bitters, if used according to directions and the use persisted in, will bring you good digestion and oust the demon dyspepsia and install instead eupespy. We recommend Electric Bitters for dyspepsia and all diseases of liver, stomach and kidneys. Sold at 50 cents and \$1 per bottle by C. M. Creamer, druggist.

extends a cordial greeting, and invites a careful and thorough inspection of his FINE COLONY LANDS.

Some 2,000 acres of which are subdivided and planted into (ten and twenty acre blocks from which incomes can be produced equally as great, if not greater, than the average farms of eighty and 160 acres in the western and northwestern states), and all within a radius of one and one-half miles of the railroad depots at

LAS CRUCES AND MESILLA PARK

Some of these blocks are cultivated, or have bearing orchards and vineyards; others not. Some have tasteful and modern cottages upon them; in others Nature has undisputed dominion. It's merely a question of choice—and money—although the latter does not cut such a figure as one might suppose in these days of booms; and our "long term payment and low interest" plan often adds a little spice to a transaction to one who has an eye to the future. Warranty deeds given. Write or call for plans and circulars. Command us for carriages or other courtesies within our power to give.

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Men's Boys' and Youths' CLOTHING AT COST

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

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The Second National Bank OF NEW MEXICO.

CAPITAL PAID UP \$150,000

Does a general banking business and solicits patronage of the public.

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H. I. BARTSCH, H. I. WULFF.

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