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The Western Democrat.

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CHARACTER IS AS IMPORTANT TO STATES AS IT IS TO INDIVIDUALS, AND THE GLORY OF THE ONE IS THE COMMON PROPERTY OF THE OTHER.

$2 per annum IN ADVANCE.

WILLIAM J. YATES, Editor and Proprietor.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., TUESDAY, MAY 24, 1859.

SEVENTH VOLUME---NUMBER 362.

THE WESTERN DEMOCRAT,

Published every Tuesday,

BY

WM. J. YATES, Editor and Proprietor.
Edwin A. Yates, Associate Editor.

TERMS, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

If paid in advance,.....$2 00
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If paid after the expiration of the year,..... 3 00

☞ Any person sending us five new subscribers, accompanied by the advance subscription ($10) will receive a sixth copy gratis for one year.

☞ Subscribers and others who may wish to send money to us, can do so by mail, at our risk.

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☞ Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.

☞ For announcing Candidates for Office, $5 in advance.

☞ Advertisements not marked on the manuscript for a specific time, will be inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

A. C. WILLIAMSON,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Has taken an office jointly with J. A. Fox, Esq. up-stairs next door to the Court House, where he will be constantly present to attend to all calls on professional business made for himself or for Mr Fox when he is absent.
January 4, 1859. tf

J. A. FOX,
Attorney at Law,
Office next door to the Court House, Up-Stairs
A. C. WILLIAMSON, Esq., who is a joint occupant of the office, and who will be uniformly present, will attend to professional business for me in my absence.
December 21, 1858 tf

ROBERT GIBBON, M. D.,
PRACTITIONER OF MEDICINE AND OPERATIVE SURGERY,
Office No. 2 Irwin's corner, CHARLOTTE, N. C.
December 14, 1858.

JAS. T. DAVIS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.,
Will practice in the Courts of Mecklenburg and the adjoining counties.
☞ The collection of claims promptly attended to.
March 14, 1859 y

D. B. REA,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.,
Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his Professional care.
Office opposite Kerr's Hotel.
March 14, 1859 y

T. H. BREM & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DEALERS IN
British, French and American Dry Goods,
Carpets, Hardware, Hats and Shoes,
Charlotte, N. C.
THOMAS H. BREM,
J. A. SADLER, Jr.
Nov 9, 1858. T. LAFAYETTE ALEXANDER.

NOTICE.
All those indebted to me, by Note or Account, will please come forward and settle the same by Cash.
Febuary 8, 1859 ROBERT GIBBON.

H. W. RUPP,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,
CONCORD, N. C.
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired and warranted.
September 14, 1858 y

P. SAURS,
Architect and Builder,
Will furnish Designs, Plans and Drawings for Public Buildings, Private Residences and Villas. Particular attention will be paid to building Flouring Mills, Corn Mills, &c. Office in 3d story of Alexander's Building, front room, over China Hall.
Charlotte, Oct. 19, 1858.

S. M. HOWELL,
Saddle and Harness

Manufacturer,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.,
ONE DOOR SOUTH of the MANSION HOUSE.
☞ Repairing promptly and neatly done.
Jan. 1, 1859. y

CASH PAID FOR HIDES,
BY S. M. HOWELL,
ONE DOOR SOUTH OF THE MANSION HOUSE.
Jan'y 1, 1859. tf

NOTICE.
All persons, whose Notes and Accounts are due, owing to the undersigned as Trustee, are earnestly requested to call and settle, as it is important that the trust fund be marshalled at as early a day as possible. Remember, indulgence *cannot be given.*
W. R. MYERS, Trustee
June 15, 1858. tf of Leroy Springs.

Louric's Mills, S. C.
MESSRS. OATES & WILLIAMS are my authorized Agents for the sale of
LUMBER
at Charlotte, N. C. All orders delivered to them will meet with prompt attention.
April 12. 56-7t SOL. LOURIC.

SCARR & CO.,
Druggists & Chemists,
No. 4, Trade Street, Charlotte, N. C.,

INVITE the attention of Physicians, Planters, Merchants, &c, to their NEW and complete stock of DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c. The extensive patronage they have received from the Physicians of Charlotte and its vicinity is the best guarantee of the PURITY OF THE DRUGS sold by them.
January 1, 1859.

Tilden's
Fluid Extracts.
SCARR & CO. call the attention of the Medical Profession to these elegant Preparations so admirably suited for the extemporaneous prepration of Tinctures, Syrups, Wines, &c., securing the desirable object of uniformity of strength.
No Physician should be without them.
For sale at SCARR & CO'S
Jan. 25, 1859. Drug Store, Charlotte.

To Physicians.
Dr. Churchill's new Remedies for Consumption.
Hypophosphites of Soda and Potash. Also, Compound Syrup of the Hypophosphites, at
SCARR & CO.,
Dec. 21. *Charlotte Drug Store.*

Window Glass,
Putty, Whiting, Oils, Varnishes, Dye-stuffs, Paints, &c, Low for cash by SCARR & CO,
Jan 25th Druggists.

JONAS RUDISILL,
Architect and Builder.
(DESIGNS FURNISHED AND BUILDINGS COMPLETED ON THE MOST REASONABLE TERMS, AND IN EVERY STYLE OF ARCHITECTURE,)
On College street, corner of Eighth street.
Charlotte, N. C.
WOULD most respectfully announce to the Citizens of Charlotte and surrounding country, that he still continues the above business in Charlotte, where he is prepared to furnish DOORS, BLINDS AND SASH, to the public on the most reasonable terms, and on the shortest notice.
Having a great many small claims for work done, scattered all over the country, he is determined to change his method of doing business and hereafter will require **CASH** for all work done in his Machine Shop, before removal.
Jan. 25, 1858. tf

Belts! Belts!! Belts!!!
FROM the best Belting Company, at Manufacturer's prices: CASH PRICES:

2 inch	12½	cts.	per foot.
2½ "	15	"	"
3 "	17	"	"
4 "	22	"	"
5 "	27	"	"
6 "	32	"	"
7 "	38	"	"
10 "	60	"	"
12 "	72	"	"
12 " 4 ply	92	"	"

☞ Seamless Belts manufactured to order at short notice.
Conducting Hose of all sizes, for water or steam pressure, ordered direct from the Manufacturers. ALSO, Packing of all description, at 55 Cents per pound.
J. B. F. BOONE.

LIFE INSURANCE.
THE undersigned as Agent will receive applications for Insurance in the *North Carolina Mutual Life Insurance Company.*
This Company is the oldest in the State, and has been in successful operation for several years. Its rates are moderate, and all losses promptly adjusted.
Persons wishing to insure their own lives or the lives of their Slaves, in this Company, will call at the Office of the Agent, at the Bank of the State.
☞ SLAVES insured for TWO-THIRDS of their VALUE.
THOS. W. DEWEY, Agent.
Jan'y 11, 1859. 1y

WILMINGTON BRANCH.
NEW GOODS.
KAHNWEILER & BROTHERS
RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Charlotte and the surrounding country that they have opened a Store two doors from T. H. Brem & Co's, where may be found a large and extensive stock of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, Silks, Dress Goods, Embroideries, Bonnets, Ladies' Cloaks, and Readymade Clothing, for Gents, Youths and Boys wear; Blankets, Kerseys, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Trunks, &c. &c.
We are now daily receiving the most extensive and best assortment of the above named goods that can be found in the State, and cheaper than any other House. Having bought our entire stock for CASH, which enables us to sell our goods 20 per cent cheaper. All persons wishing to save money in buying goods should bear in mind not to forget to call on us before buying elsewhere. Wholesale buyers, particularly, should bear it in mind to call at our store, second door from T. H. Brem & Co.
In addition to our large stock we have fitted up a WHOLESALE ROOM for wholesale buyers.
DAVID KAHNWEILER,
DANIEL KAHNWEILER.
Nov. 9, 1858 JACOB KAHNWEILER.

GROCERIES.
KAHNWEILER & BROTHERS have just received, in addition to their large stock of Dry Goods, a full supply of GROCERIES.
Dec. 14, 1858.

DR. CHAMPION'S
Vegetable Ague Pills.
A safe and certain cure for Chills and Fever, or Fever and Ague in all its complicated forms, and is also an effectual remedy for Fevers of every description. This medicine is perfectly safe and harmless in its effects and may be given with perfect safety to persons of all ages. It never fails to effect a cure when taken according to directions accompanying each box. It is purely vegetable, containing no deleterious drugs, nor mineral medicines of any kind.
DR. CHAMPION'S Anti-Billious, Anti-Dyspeptic, Purifying and Cathartic Pills—The most reliable and safe remedy in Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Sick headache, Sick stomach, billious habits, indigestion, and all that class of diseases arising from a disordered condition of the stomach, bowels, blood or liver. It is entirely vegetable and contains no deleterious drug or medicine, and is one of the best cathartics ever recommended.
Price, 25 cents per box.
For sale by F. Scarr & Co. and by F. M. Ross, Charlotte.
F. M. Swyer & Co., Proprietors,
June 14, 1858. y Belleville, Illinois.

Varnishes,
Coach, Furniture, Copal (three qualities), Damask, Japan, &c &c. E. NYE HUTCHISON & CO.

WE'LL MARRY THIS FALL.

I gave her a rose, and gave her a ring.
And asked her to marry me then,
But she sent them all back, insensible thing,
And said she'd no notion of men.

I told her I'd oceans of money and goods,
Tried to frighten her with a growl;
But she said she wasn't brought up in the woods
To be scared by the screech of an owl.

I called her a beggar and everything bad;
I laughed at her features and form,
Till at length I succeeded in getting her mad,
And she raged like the sea in a storm.

And then in a moment I turned and smiled,
And called her my angel, my all;
She fell in my arms, like a wearisome child,
And exclaimed, "We'll marry this Fall."

She lov'd another, I knew full well,
But I gave him a most confounded fall;
For altho' she lov'd him, (a sober young man,)
The old folks lov'd my money—that's all.

NEW
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.
By Koopmann & Phelps.
The subscribers return their thanks to the public for the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on them, and would respectfully inform their friends and customers that they have received a large stock of Goods for the
Spring and Summer Trade,
which they will sell as cheap as the cheapest. They feel certain that they can give satisfaction both in price and quality.
A large lot of Ready-made Clothing
of various styles and qualities, on hand, at reduced prices.
GROCERIES, Hardware, &c.,
Of all kinds, kept constantly on hand and for sale on the most reasonable terms.
They invite purchasers to give their extensive stock an examination before buying elsewhere.
KOOPMANN & PHELPS.
April 19, 1859

NORTH CAROLINA
MILITARY INSTITUTE,
Charlotte, N. C.
THE Exercises of this Institute will commence on the ***1st October*** next.
FACULTY ELECT:
Maj. D. H. HILL, Superintendent.
Lieut. C. C. LEE, Commandant,
C. P. ESTILL, A. M., Principal of Primary Department.
Course of Studies:
In the Primary Department, such as to qualify a Student to enter any College.
In the Scientific Department the West Point Curriculum will be closely followed. It will be the aim of the Professors to make Surveyors, Engineers, Chemists, and men fit for the practical business of life.
In addition to the usual *Exercises* at Military Schools, the months of August and September will be spent in Campaigning through the mountains of North Carolina.
The *Academic Year* will commence on the 1st day of October, and will embrace twelve months. A furlough of two months (Aug. and Sept.) will be given to Cadets at the end of their second year.
Particular attention will be given to the *moral and religious instruction* of Cadets.
EXPENSES:
The Institute will provide Board, Fuel, Lights, Washing, Arms, Equipments and Uniforms.—and all clothing except under clothes,—for **$300 PER ANNUM**, one-half payable in advance; the balance in six months. *No extra charges.* No remission of charges to those who leave unless on the score of health.
TERMS OF ADMISSION:
No one will be admitted into the Primary Department under Twelve years of age; nor into the Scientific Department under Fifteen nor over Twenty-one years of age. All connected with the Scientific Department will be *required* to board in the Institute; those in the Primary Department may do so if they choose.
REMARKS;
The Institute Buildings are the largest, most elegant and commodious for the accommodation of Cadets in the Southern country; and the Board of Directors trust that under the management of the Superintendent and Commandant, (*both of whom* are Graduates of West Point and of long experience in the Army, and in the business of instruction,) the Institute will be established on a true Military basis and conducted on true Military principles. The board will further say, that Mr ESTILL is a Graduate of the Virginia University and an experienced Classical teacher. They would further state that it is their intention to increase the number of teachers in both Departments as the patronage of the public may require.
This Institute was granted a liberal Charter by the Legislature of North Carolina, with the power of conferring Degrees upon those who complete the prescribed Course of Studies.
☞ Applications for admission will be received until the 1st of September, and must be directed to Dr. C. J. Fox, President of the Board, Charlotte, N. C.
[For further particulars see Circular.]
C. J. FOX,
JAS. P. IRWIN,
H. LaF. ALEXANDER,
JAS. H. CARSON,
THOS. H. BREM,
W. A. OWENS, Com. of Charlotte,
J. B. KERR, Intendant of Charlotte.
DIRECTORS.
Charlotte, N. C., April 12, 1859.

FULLINGS, SPRINGS & CO. have a large Stock of Cassimere, Silk and Leghorn Hats, bought of the manufacturers by the case.
ALSO,
A large stock of Gents' and Ladies' Trunks, from $2 to $24; Valises and Carpet-Bags.
April 26, 1859

New Books.
History of Frederick the Great, by Thos. Carlile.
Mizpah:—Prayer and Friendship, by L. C. Loomis.
Courtship and Matrimony, with other Sketches, by Robert Morris.
The Minister of Life, by M. L. Charlesworth.
The Sociable; or 101 Home Amusements.
The Life and Times of the Great Hugh Miller, of Scotland, by T. N. Brown.
Annals of the American Pulpit, by Dr. Sprague.
Lippincott's Pronouncing Gazetteer, or Geographical Dictionary of the World.
Dora Dean or Maggie Miller, Mrs M. J. Holmes.
Scouring of the White Horse, or the long Vacation Ramble of a London Clerk.
The Ks. Pepper.—Papers by Jacques Maurice.
Dust and Foam, or Three Oceans and Two Continents, by T. Robinson Warren.
I also have a few copies of Hawks' History of N. C., Vols. I and II.
Cantwell's Justice and N. C. Form Book.
P. J. LOWRIE.
Feb. 15, 1859.

Foreign Intelligence.

HOSTILITIES COMMENCED!

Austrian Arms Victorious—the bridge of Buffalora carried at point of bayonet—Cotton declined—Breadstuffs buoyant.

There was a sharp action at the Bridge at Buffalora on Thursday, the 28th, between the Austrians and Sardinians. It is reported that the Austrians took the place after considerable loss, at the point of the bayonet. Buffalora is a town of Northern Italy, in Lombardy, 25 miles northwest of Pavin, remarkable for the magnificient bridge of 12 arches over the Ticino. It was reported that Mortara had been taken. This is a town of Piedmont, capital of the province of Lomellina, on the Arbogna, 25 miles northwest of Alessandria. It contains a population of about 5,500 souls, and is enclosed by brick walls The Sardinians retreated before the Austrans near Lake Maggiore. The Austrians were concentrating at Piacenza in great numbers.

Forty thousand French troops are in Genoa at present.

The Austrians seized all the Sardinian vessels at Lake Maggiore.

Napoleon expected to join his army on the 3rd instant.

The Prussian Government had resolved to put its army in readiness for march.

It was expected that the impoverishment and ruin of the Paris Bourse would be unprecedented beyond example.

England Preparing for War.

A royal proclamation had been issued from London, offering ten pounds bounty to seamen, with the view of recruiting 10,000 men.

Great activity prevailed in all the dock yards. England is preparing for war, as she will in all probability be engaged in the conflict at an early day.

Austria.—A despatch from Vienna Saturday, states that Count Buol has forwarded Circular Notes to all foreign governments, stating to diplomats the reasons for a declaration of war by the Austrian Emperor.

A decree has been issued ordering a loan of $20,000,000. At present it will be impossible to contract it. The National Bank of Austria will advance two-thirds of the nominal value of the loan in new notes.

Advices from Rome on the 26th, states that a Proclamation has been issued by Gen Coyou, recommending the inhabitants to remain tranquil; and disapproving of any manifestation even of a pacific nature. Also reminding the populace that assembling in the streets in crowds has been already forbidden.

Eight thousand Austrians had arrived at Ancova.

The Austrians in large numbers had quitted Piacenza, and proclaimed a state of siege. They appear to have concentrated their forces on the left bank of the Po.

The Wurtemburg Chambers have unanimously voted the Government's project for a forced levy of horses, and opening a war credit of 7,000,000 florins. In debate sympathy was expressed with Austria.

The Paris correspondent of the Times says a declaration of war against Austria was expected to appear in the Moniteur of the 3rd. The Austrian Ambassador had not left Paris.

The Vienna correspondent of the Times says the Sublime Porte of Turkey was preparing for war.

CHARLOTTE HOTEL,
BY J. B. KERR, Proprietor.

EVERY ACCOMMODATION afforded the patrons of the Charlotte Hotel.
At this Hotel is kept the line of Tri-weekly Stages from Charlotte via Monroe, N C., and Lancaster S. C., to Camden, S. C.
Patrons of the Charlotte Hotel conveyed to and from the Depots free of charge.
Oct. 1, 1858. J. B. KERR.

Peters' Patent Non-explosive Self-generating Gas Lamp.
The public are now favored with the best, safest and most economical LIGHT ever produced; equal if not superior to the best Coal Gas. It is adapted for Churches, Hotels, Stores, Private Dwellings, Railroads, &c. &c. Sold by
April 26, 1859. E. NYE HUTCHISON & CO.

TAXES.
The Tax Lists for the year 1858 are now in my hands for inspection. Those liable to pay Taxes will please come forward and settle.
E. C. GRIER, Sheriff.
April 12, 1859.

Another yankee trick
That Will Pay.
CHILDREN'S SHOES with Metallic tips,
March 15, 1859. AT BOONE'S.

Fine Dress Hats
A few cases of Oakford's best at BOONE'S.

Gents' Fine Dress SHOES,
And OXFORD TIES at J B F BOONE'S.

Leather! Leather!!
Hemlock and Oak SOLE LEATHER,
Harness and Upper Leather,
French Calf Skins,
Lining and Binding Skins of every description,
Charlotte, March 15. AT BOONE'S.

BOOTS,
Quite a variety for Gents, Boys, Youths, and children,
March 15th. AT BOONE'S.

Tanner's Tools
Of every description at BOONE'S Boot & Shoe Store

The Charlotte Mutual Fire Insurance Company,
CONTINUES to take risks against loss by fire, on Houses, Goods, Produce, &c., at usual rates.
President—A. C. STEELE,
Vice President—C. OVERMAN,
Attorney—JOS. H. WILSON,
Sec'y & Treas'r—E. NYE HUTCHISON.
DIRECTORS:
A. C. STEELE, S. T. WRISTON,
JNO. L. BROWN, WM. JOHNSTON,
M. B. TAYLOR, F. SCARR,
CHAS. OVERMAN.
Executive Committee—S. T. Wriston, F. Scarr, Jno. L. Brown.
April 20, 1859.

PRESENCE OF MIND AND COMMON SENSE.

If a man faint away, says Hall's Journal of Health, instead of yelling out like a savage, or running to him to lift him up, lay him at full length upon his back, on the floor, loosen the clothing, push the crowd away so as to allow the air to reach him, and let him alone. Dashing water over a person in a simple fainting fit is a barbarity. The philosophy of a fainting fit is that the heart fails to send the proper supply of blood to the brain; if the person is erect, that blood has to be thrown up hill, but if lying down it has to be projected horizontally, which requires less power, as apparent.

If a person swallow poison, deliberately or by chance, instead of breaking out into multitudinous or incoherent exclamations, despatch some one for the doctor; meanwhile, run to the kitchen, get half a glass of water in anything that is handy, put into it a teaspoonful of salt and as much ground mustard, stir it an instant, catch a firm hold of the person's nose, the mouth will soon fly open—then down with the mixture and in a second or two up will come the poison. This will answer better in a large number of cases than any other. If, by this time, the physician has not arrived, make the patient swallow the white of an egg, followed by a cup of strong coffee, because these nullify a larger number of poisons than any other accessible articles, as antidotes for any poison that may remain in the stomach.

If a limb or other part of the body is severely cut, and the blood comes out by spirts and jerks, be in a hurry or the man will be dead in five minutes; there is no time to talk or send for a physician—say nothing, out with your handkerchief throw it around the limb, tie the two ends together, put a stick through them, twist it around tighter and tighter until the blood ceases to flow. But to stop it does no good. Why? Because only a severed artery throws blood out in jets and the arteries get their blood from the heart; hence to stop a flow, the remedy must be applied between the heart and the wounded spot—in other words, above the wound. If a vein had been severed, the blood would have flowed in a regular stream, and, on the other hand, the tie should be applied below the wound, or on the other side of the wound from the heart, because the blood in the veins flows towards the heart, and there is no need of so great a hurry.

MODES OF DEATH.

A recent number of the Quarterly Review contained the following article, which will be read with interest:

To be shot dead is one of the easiest modes of terminating life; rapid as it is, the body has leisure to feel and reflect. On the first attempt by one of the frantic adherents of Spain to assassinate William, Prince of Orange, who took the lead in the revolt of the Netherlands, the ball passed through the bones in the face, and brought him to the ground. In the instant that preceded stupefaction, he was able to form the notion that the ceiling of the room had fallen and crushed him. The cannot-shot which plunged into the brain of Charles VII, did not prevent him from seizing his sword by the hilt. The idea of an attack and the necessity for defence was pressed on him by a blow which we would suppose too tremendous to leave an interval for thought. But it by no means follows that the inflicting of fatal wounds is accompanied by a pang. From what is known of the first effects of gunshot wounds, it is probable the impression is rather stunning than acute. Unless death be immediate the pain is varied as the nature of the injuries, and these are past counting up.

But there is nothing singular in the dying sensation, though Lord Byron remarked the physiological peculiarity that the expression is invariably that of languor, while in death from a stab the countenance reflects the natural character of gentleness or ferosity to the last gasp.

Some of these cases are of interest to show with what slight disturbance life may go on under a mortal wound till it comes to a full stop. A foot soldier at Waterloo, pierced by a musket ball in the hip, begged water of a soldier who chanced to possess a canteen of beer. The wounded man drank, returned his heartiest thanks, mentioned that his regiment was nearly exterminated, and having proceeded a dozen yards on his way to the rear, fell to the earth, and, with one convulsive movement of the limbs, concluded his career.—"His voice," said the trooper who told the story, "gave scarcely the slightest sound of weakness."

Capt. Basil Hall, who, in his early youth, was present at the battle of Corunna, has singled out, from the conclusion that consigns to oblivion the woes and gallantry of war, another instance, similar to the one related above. An old officer, who was shot in the head, arrived pale and faint at the temporary hospital and begged the surgeon to look at his wound, which was pronounced mortal.

"Indeed, I feared so," he responded, with impeded utterance, "and yet I should wish very much to live a little longer, if it were possible."

He laid the sword upon the stone at his side, as gently, says Hall, as if the steel had been turned into glass, and almost immediately fell senseless upon the turf.

Dunning.—Every business man and mechanic, who has a proper appreciation of the true mode of doing business, ought to have impressed upon his memory the fact that no man should be delicate about asking for what is properly his due. If he neglects to do so, he is deficient in the spirit of independence which should characterize all his actions. Rights are rights, and if not granted should be demanded. The lack of a proper fulfilment of this principle has lost to many fortune, fame and happiness. Occasionally a customer, who is less a gentleman than an upstart, puts on haughty airs and affects to be insulted at being "dunned" for money that he ought to have paid long before. This is a small matter. The laborer is worthy of his hire. We know it is unpleasant to be dunned, and equally unpleasant to dun others, nevertheless, circumstances require that we should sometimes submit to it; but we should be sorry to get angry with a man because he asked us for his dues; and a man is very small potatoes who will fly into a passion when another demands a small bill of long standing.

Plot Against the French Emperor.—A Paris letter says: "In spite of the gigantic efforts made by the police to maintain the strictest secresy upon the subject, the fact of another conspiracy against the life of the Emperor has got abroad, and once more served to spread consternation amongst us. On the very morning before the representation of Meyerbeer's new opera, an anonymous letter was received by the Prefect of Police, purporting to come from a person in high office, but whose allegiance to the Marianne enabled him to be certain that an attempt was about to be made to assassinate the Emperor on the occasion of his visit to the Opera Comique. The letter described the personal appearance of the individual who had drawn the lot which designated him as the instrument of the vengeance of the Marianne—gave his name at full length—told that he came from Lille, where had been held the meeting wherein had been debated the subject of his execution; and furthermore went on to say that the personal character of the assassin being weak, and he being subject likewise to religious exultation, it would be an easy task to work upon these religious scruples, and the most important revelations be thereby obtained. The writer was of opinion that the assassin would be found in the nearest church during the greater portion of the day; and so it proved sure enough. Upon the description furnished by the anonymous correspondent, the individual was arrested in the church of the Pertit Peres, at about 4 o,clock on the day in question, and carried off to the Prefecture, where he was submitted to an interrogatory which lasted over three hours, and from which, as had been anticipated, the most terrible revelations were extorted, which are said to have filled the witnesses present with the greatest amazement, not only at the audacious perseverance of the Marianne, but at the utter ignorance in which the police, in spite of its vigilance and numerous spies, must ever remain concerning the machinations of this dreaded association."

Marriage.—A practice prevails in the publication of marriages, to announce that Miss A. married Mr. B. It may be a species of gallantry to name the lady first, but it is entirely out of place. She does not marry the man—the man marries her. The woman only consents that he shall take her; and in consequence of this willingness on her part to take upon herself all the cares of wedded life, the husband is required to cherish and protect her. The wife agrees to love, honor, and obey, which are only promises contingent on the good conduct of the husband. The Scripture mentions that "he took unto himself a wife;" but we hear nothing said about her taking unto herself a husband. When Jacob set out on his travels in search of a wife, he found Rachel at the well drawing water for the family. He stood on no ceremony. He did not wait for the usual salutations of the day, or formal introduction, but forthwith kissed her "and lifted up his eyes and wept." The joy that overwhelmed him, in finding such a pretty domestic girl in the wilderness, gushed forth in a torrent of tears. All the while Rachel was passive. She made no advances. She did not kiss Jacob, nor did she coyly resent the liberty he had taken. Here we have the negative consent—the submission of the female, and the successful and decided advances of the gentleman; for Jacob was a gentleman of fortune and distinction. We should not therefore say in our journals that the lady married the gentleman. She puts no ring on his finger to bind the obligation. She does not present her husband with a gold watch and chain, a diamond breastpin, or a pair of white kids.

Prefers Slavery.—The late Timothy Rogers, of this county, says the Liberty, Bedford (Va.) Sentinel, sometime previous to his death, emancipated in his will 31 negro slaves, and made provision for their transportation to Liberia. When the time, however, for their departure from this place arrived, (Tuesday night last,) only 12 of the number would consent to embark on the train bound East; the remainder preferring slavery in "Ole Virginny," to freedom in a foreign clime. Giddings, Greely & Co., may crack *that* nut.

The Dying Never Weep.—It is a striking fact—*the dying never weep.* The circle of sobbing agonized hearts around, produces not one tear. Is it that he is insensible and stiff already in the chill of dissolution? That cannot be, for he asks for his father's hand, as if to gain strength in the mortal struggle, and leans on the breast of mother, brother, or sister, with still conscious affection; and just before expiring, at eve, after a long day's converse with the Angel of Summons, he says to his oldest brother—the last audible good night of earth—"Kiss me—kiss me!" It must be because the dying have reached a point too deep for earthly crying and weeping. They are face to face with higher and holier beings, with the Father in Heaven, and his angel throng, led on by the Son himself, and what are the griefs of a morning, tears of a dying farewell—be it that they are shed by the dearest on earth—in that vision bright of immortal life and everlasting reunion!

Fortune-Telling.—Despicable as the practice which goes by the name of fortune-telling is, we believe there is a kind of fortune-telling which is not only possible but easily practiced upon correct principles. Thus, to begin with the young when we see a child obedient to his or her parents or teachers, or any one else toward whom the subordinate relation has become necessary, we have no hesitation in predicting that good fortune will accompany such a child into early manhood or womanhood, and insure a fair start in adult life. If the case be that of an honest, energetic, young man, who has successively advanced from the position of apprentice and journeyman into that of a master-mechanic or boss, we can tell his fortune without much difficulty. So with regard to those who have chosen a profession as the means of livlihood. Let us see how they conduct their business. If they do this intelligently, industriously and honestly at the start; they will be very apt to continue to do so, and success will be sure in the long run. Unprincipled men, in the same line, may get ahead of them at the beginning, but they will fare best in the end, and so illustrate the truth of the maxim that honesty is the best policy. We will confess that we are no fortune-teller, if it does not so turn out.