THE ARIZONA SILVER BELT.

VOL. XV. GLOBE, ARIZONA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 6, 1892. NO. 19

THE ARIZONA SILVER BELT

Published every Saturday morning at

Globe, Gila County, Arizona,

—BY—

HACKNEY & HAMILL,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year	$4 00
Six Months	2 00
Three Months	1 50

Advertising Rates made known on application.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

Territorial.

Governor—N. O. Murphy, Phenix.
Treasurer—John Y. T. Smith, Phenix.
Superintendent of Public Instruction—G. W. Cheyney.
Auditor—Thomas Hughes.
Supreme Court—Henry Clay Gooding, Chief Justice, Prescott; Jos. H. Kibbey, Associate Justice, Phenix; R. E. Sloan, Associate Justice, Tucson.
U. S. District Attorney—Thos. F. Wilson, Tucson.
U. S. Marshal—Robert H. Paul.
Surveyor General—Royal A. Johnson.
Delegate to Congress—Marcus Smith, Tombstone.
Judge of First Judicial District—R. E. Sloan.
Judge of Second Judicial District—Jos. H. Kibbey, Phenix.
Judge of Third Judicial District—Henry Clay Gooding.
Judge of the Fourth Judicial District—E. Wells, Prescott.

Gila County.

Judge of District Court—Jos. H. Kibbey.
Clerk of District Court—W. H. Duryea.
Judge of Probate—F. W. Westmeyer.
Sheriff—J. H. Thompson.
Under Sheriff—George Pomberton.
District Attorney—Mills Van Wagenen.
Recorder—Chas. T. Harris.
Supervisors—Patrick Shanley, Q. C. Tebbs and J. W. Ellison.
Clerk of Board of Supervisors—Chas. T. Harris.
County Treasurer—J. W. Boardman.
Coroner——

Distance from Globe to the railroad at Willcox, 154 miles.
From Globe to Casa Grande, crossing the Pinals at Gila River, and touching at Pinal and Florence...93 miles.
From Globe to Casa Grande via Riverside...100 miles.
Elevation above sea level at Globe...3500 feet.
Latitude 33 degrees, 26 minutes, longitude 110 degrees, 43 minutes.
Highest maximum temperature, July 11th...110 deg.
Lowest minimum temperature, Jan. 10th...10 deg.
Mean temperature...63 deg.
Prevailing direction of wind...Southwest.
An observation extending over several years, discloses the remarkable fact, that there has not been a day of heat more or less unbearable.

J. W. LARCENT,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office opposite Hitchcock's Drug Store.
Telephone Night Call.

S. A. LOWE,
Advertising and Distributing Agent.
Deeds, Leases and other papers drawn up. Books examined and posted, Bills made out, etc.
Globe, July 23d, 1891.

P. T. ROBERTSON. G. C. ISRAEL.
ISRAEL & ROBERTSON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Office one door South of Court House, in Anderson Building.
GLOBE, A. T.

H. C. Hitchcock,
—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—
DRUGGIST
—ALSO DEALER IN—
FANCY GOODS,
TOILET ARTICLES,
STATIONERY CIGARS,
PAINTS, OILS,
VARNISHES, BRUSHES &
Pure Liquors
For Medical Purposes.
Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours of the Day or Night.

BESSIE LODGE I. O. O. F.

Bessie Lodge, I. O. O. F., meets Wednesday evening of each week at I. O. O. F. hall. Visiting brothers in good standing are cordially invited to attend.
CHAS. COLLINS, N. G.
J. E. ATKINS, R. S.

Tutt's Pills

The dyspeptic, the debilitated, whether from excess of work of mind or body, drink or exposure in

Malarial Regions,

will find Tutt's Pills the most genial restorative ever offered the suffering invalid.

Try Them Fairly.

A vigorous body, pure blood, strong nerves and a cheerful mind will result.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Ever since the establishment of the first paper on the bay of San Francisco, which we believe was the "Alta," removed from Monterey in 1849; the inhabitants of the Coast generally have been interested in the news from San Francisco. The "Alta," like many other pioneers of '49, has succumbed to the inevitable and gone over to the great majority, and, like other pioneers, has been succeeded by younger generations. The "Examiner" has taken perhaps the exact prominent place in the newspaper field of late years, and its Weekly edition is very generally taken by those who want an interesting and reliable paper published at "The Bay." Everyone is familiar with the Premium Offers made by Mr. Hearst, the "Examiner's" enterprising publisher, and it is only necessary to say that this year the aggregate value of the premiums—of which there are 5,000—is $25,000, which are distributed among all the subscribers to the paper. In addition to these premiums, which range in value from 50 cents to $1,500, every subscriber receives one of the four great premium pictures, which will be mailed to him in a tube direct from the "Examiner" office as soon as the subscription is received:

"The Retreat from Moscow," by Meissonier.
"The Roman Chariot Race," by A. Wagner.

Each of these pictures is 21x28 inches, and they are elegantly reproduced in fac simile, showing every tint and color of the great originals, either one of which could not be purchased for $100,000.

"Women and Children First," by C. Napier Henry
"Christ Leaving the Pretorium," by Gustave Doré

Each of these pictures is reproduced in photogravure, size 21x28, and eminently fitted for framing, and will adorn the walls of the most refined home.

The subscription price of the "Weekly Examiner" is $1.50, and subscriptions may be sent either direct to W. R. Hearst, Publisher, San Francisco, through the Local Agent of the "Examiner" or the Postmaster.

MATRIMONIAL!
Package of Cabinet Size Pictures. Also full written descriptions (including photographs) of respectable ladies who desire to correspond for fun or matrimony, sent in plain, sealed envelopes for only 10c. We have 6,000 lady members of every age and nationality; many are both titled and wealthy. Give description of ladies with whom you wish to correspond. Can suit you. Address DRAWER 697 CHICAGO ILL.

CONFESSIONS OF AN ACTRESS
WRITTEN BY HERSELF.
This book reveals in naked truth the snares, pitfalls and temptations which assail young girls who aspire to stage life. The schemes of the libertine against virtue are revealed. A great expose of the personal life of a popular actress. It speaks out in "plain English" for those who want to know the "inside" of stage life. Handsomely illustrated. Only 30c. postpaid.
GLOBE BOOK CO., 63 DEARBORN ST., CHICAGO, ILL.

FREE FREE
OUR NEW ... Gold Watch ... $100.00 ... FREE ... Stinson & Co., Box 812, Portland, Maine.

R. W. Tansill & Co., 55 State St., Chicago. WANT ONE Agt (Merchant Only) in Every Town for
TANSILL'S PUNCH 5¢
FREE! A 3-foot French Glass, Oval Front, Nickel or Cherry Cigar Show Case; Merchants Only. Address at once.
R. W. TANSILL & Co., as above.

THE WEST INDIA
Manufacturing Company.
PROPRIETORS OF THE WEST INDIA
Stomach Bitters.
No. 26 South Second Street.
SAINT LOUIS, - - - - MISSOURI

This great Tonic has been introduced to the people of the Mississippi Valley for the past thirteen years with unbounded success and popularity.
There is nothing of the kind extant that equals it as a stimulant, an apetizer, or anti-dyspeptic. It is particularly adapted to malarious districts and as a
Preventative of Chills,
is not surpassed.
It is endorsed by the best chemists as the most efficacious, strengthening Tonic this country has ever produced, the value of which will be recognized by all who may use them.
Private citizens of Arizona visiting St. Louis have expressed their convictions that it is peculiarly adapted to the wants of that Territory, and needs only a trial to insure its speedy introduction there.
Orders addressed to THE WEST INDIA MANUFACTURING COMPANY will be promptly executed. dec 13-tf

Wm. Zimmermann,
CARPENTER and BUILDER
AND
Dealer in Furniture.
Has on hand at all times a select assortment of furniture, of the latest designs, for sale at moderate prices. Also, Paper Hanging Neatly Done.
UNDERTAKING a Specialty.
Orders taken for Goods not in Stock.
WM. ZIMMERMANN,
Globe, Arizona.

HOW TO BUY DRY GOODS—NEW YORK
AND HAVE THEM DELIVERED
FREE OF CHARGE
when the order amounts to a specified sum—at prices guaranteed LOWER than any other house in the U. S.
Send for Samples,
Koch & Co.
IMPORTERS AND RETAILERS
Semi-Annual Fashion Catalogue, published Sept. 12th, and mailed free upon application, listing and illustrating with over 1,000 lithographs and wood cuts, everything needed for Ladies', Gents' and Children's Wear and adornment; Housekeeping Goods, Carpets, Upholstery, etc., etc.
"KOCH & CO. Make a Specialty of and do the largest and most reliable Mail Order Trade in the country. Their Fashion Catalogue is indispensable to parties prevented by distance from doing their own shopping in New York."—Herald.
6th Ave. & 20th St., NEW YORK CITY.

GLOBE MEAT MARKET,
(One door north of E. F. Kelliher & Co's Store.)
GLOBE, - - A. T.
Denis Murphy,
PROPRIETORS.
Always Keep Sale
CHOICE BEEF,
VEAL, MUTTON,
PORK, Etc.
Orders Called for and Meat Delivered Daily.

FREE
One of the BEST Telescopes in the world. Our bottlers are amazed and to advertise our superior goods we will make a limited number of these glasses free to each bottler ... EYES AND EYES MORE ... The following cut gives the appearance of the instrument ... about the 60th part of its bulk. It is a good, clear, serviceable, strong, achromatic glass ... Address, H. HALLETT & CO., Box 880, PORTLAND, MAINE.

If You Have
CONSUMPTION | COUGH OR COLD
BRONCHITIS | Throat Affection
SCROFULA | Wasting of Flesh
Or any Disease where the Throat and Lungs are Inflamed, Lack of Strength or Nerve Power, you can be relieved and Cured by
SCOTT'S EMULSION OF PURE COD LIVER OIL
With Hypophosphites.
PALATABLE AS MILK.
Ask for Scott's Emulsion, and let no explanation or solicitation induce you to accept a substitute.
Sold by all Druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N.Y.

I. O. O. F.

Regular meeting of Globe Lodge No. 6, I. O. O. F., on Monday night of each week at Masonic Hall.
All brothers in good standing are cordially invited.
W. H. HENDER, N. G.
E. L. BENBROOK, Sec'y.

Masonic:

Regular communication of White Mountain Lodge, No. 3, A. F. & A. M. meet Thursday's on or succeeding each full Moon. Sojourning Brethren in good standing cordially invited.
By order of the W. M.
C. A. FISK, Secretary.
aug7tf

FISHER'S SPECIFIC
FOR
SCROFULA,
SYPHILIS,
CANCER,
ECZEMA,
The Only Remedy that will Thoroughly Eradicate these diseases from the system.
We do not use any of the Mercury or Potash treatment whatever, but to the contrary, our remedy will expel from the system all mercurial effects. Our preparation is entirely vegetable and the rankest acids can be taken into the stomach without the least injury to the system or fear of salivation as would be the case were mercury one of its constituent parts. The patient can eat or drink what he pleases while under our treatment, giving the lie point blank to the charge that the Specific contains dead loads of mercury. It is
The Most Heroic Blood Purifier
ever known. Scrofula, Sores and old Ulcers permanently cured in from 30 to 90 days by Fisher's Specific. All letters confidential. Full particulars free. Address,
W. W. BAILEY,
San Carlos, Arizona.

Julius Sultan,
Successor to
D. Sultan & Bro.,
Dealer in
GENERAL
Merchandise.
COMPLETE STOCK of
Groceries,
FURNISHING GOODS,
DRY GOODS,
Boots and Shoes,
BUCKINGHAM AND HECHT'S
ORIGINAL
MOUNTAINEER
Crockery, Glassware, Liquors, Cigars, Tobacco, Tinware, Hardware, and
Patent Medicines,
ALWAYS ON HAND.
PROMPT ATTENTION given to Country Orders.
Goods Delivered Free of Charge in Globe and immediate vicinity.
Agent for Aermotor Windmills.

GIVES MORE POWER USING LESS WATER THAN ANY OTHER WHEEL.
THE OLD RELIABLE LEFFEL WATER WHEEL
JAMES LEFFEL & CO.
SPRINGFIELD, O. and 110 LIBERTY ST., N.Y.
apl7 1y

Every Citizen Must be Protected in his Rights

"The Mining Industry," of Denver, replying to a letter from one of the Idaho striking miners who found fault with the paper because of its opposition to the unlawful course of the strikers, states some wholesome truths. It says:

"Miner is right is considering the industry as the friend of miners everywhere, and it does not, and will not, advocate any cause in opposition to their welfare. But we claim the privilege of exercising our own judgment, just as we grant to all others the same privilege. The Miners' Union of Idaho had an undoubted right to strike for any purpose they saw fit. Whether their strike was wise, is altogether another question which does not in any manner affect the question of their right to quit work, which is striking. But it does not follow that because they had a right to quit they had a right to prevent other men from working.

In this country every man has equal right, either to work or quit work, and the man who interferes with that right don't belong here, and is out of joint with the spirit of liberty. When the union miners of Idaho said that non-union men should not work, they violated the principles of liberty, which every State is bound to protect. A few years ago the entire nation engaged in a great war, primarily because certain men said that they had a right to compel certain other men to work, whether they were willing or not, and the result was to establish equal individual liberty. Now the Miners' Union says certain men shall not work when they are willing, and if it is necessary to have a little or a big war to settle the point that men can work when they want to, as the other was settled, the war will be on hand promptly. The liberty of the American citizen is a poor thing to trifle with, as the Union will discover.

We don't agree on this capitalist cry, either. When a man who has brains and industry enough to accumulate money, and invests it in a mine, and has skill enough to manage the mine so it can make money, he is entitled to the profits, and he is under no obligate to divide with anybody. He is under obligations to pay fair wages, and to give his men protection to their lives and health while in his employ. These obligations were complied with by the mine owners of Idaho. At least we think they were. Other people have a right to think differently, but that right don't make the mine owners thieves, nor give the strikers the privilege of blowing up mines and mills with dynamite, and murdering men who do not agree with them."

Senators Discuss the Tariff.

In the Senate July 26th, after routine business the presiding officer laid before the Senate Mr. Hale's resolution as to the relative effects of the Republican policy of "protection" and the Democratic policy of "tariff for revenue only," and Mr. Aldrich proceeded to address the Senate on that subject. He said that the tariff question was to become by common consent the leading issue in the approaching presidential campaign. The lines between the two great parties upon this question were clearly defined. The investigation made by the Finance Committee of the Senate clearly established the fact that a decline instead of an advance had taken place in the price of the necessaries of life and the resulting cost of living since the adoption of the act of 1890. It was a very significant fact that while the cost of living in the United States declined during the period of investigation of the Finance Committee the cost of living in England increased 1.9 per cent. At no time in our history had the earnings of the people in the United States been as great, measured by their power to purchase the comforts and necessaries of life, as they were to-day. Measured by the same standard they were vastly greater than those of any other people in the world. Referring to Mr. Vest's assertion that never before the present time has there been such disturbances of labor or of such hostile and inimical relations between employer and employe, Mr. Aldrich presented statistics of strikes in each year from 1880 to 1890, inclusive, in the United States. These strikes varied from 610 in 1880 to 798 in 1890; whereas in Great Britain, the paradise of tariff reformers, 3169 strikes had occurred in 1889. As to the prostration of agricultural interests about which Mr. Vest had said so much, Mr. Aldrich asserted that Mr. Vest's statement was diametrically opposed to the actual facts of the case. The farmer to-day with an equal number of bushels of grain or pounds of meat could buy more and better clothing, machinery or supplies than ever before. Mr. Aldrich closed his speech with an eloquent recital of the benefits of protection.

Mr. Vest replied to Mr. Aldrich. Referring to the question of strikes in Great Britain and in the United States, Mr. Vest said that it was marvelous, from Mr. Aldrich's position, that the workingmen in Great Britain were not in arms against the employers. In face of the carnage at Homestead, the Senator from Rhode Island represented that there were the most amicable relations existing between employers and employed in the United States. In that Senator's theory the United States should be a paradise for the workingmen, and there should be no discontent. As to Mr. Aldrich's remarks about agricultural prosperity, Mr. Vest asserted that the price of farm land (which was the best of agricultural prosperity) had steadily gone down in Missouri and the other largely agricultural States.

Mr. Paddock denied that statement, so far as the State of Nebraska was concerned.

Mr. Davis put in a like denial on the part of the State of Minnesota, and and Mr. Allison did the same for the State of Iowa. The debate was continued by Mr. Allison and Mr. Palmer. Mr. Allison said that he was in favor of such rates of duty as would equalize conditions, and that was the purpose of the McKinley act. Mr. Palmer did not believe that the Republican party was responsible for such events as the Homestead tragedy, but it was responsible for having promised that its legislation would make such occurrences impossible.

More Sweetness than the Barbarous Fad.

In the old Colonial day, when a well to do woman owned one silk dress, wore it for a lifetime and then bequeathed it still in good condition to her children, the buying of that precious garment was a serious matter indeed. At sixteen, if her father could afford to buy it for her, a girl was considered of age to possess the coveted gown and sweep proudly forth in it to full young ladyhood.

Often a country girl would travel many miles with father or brother to select the fabric in the nearest large town. Often, too, the purchase was deferred until she was about to marry, and she went instead with the young man of her choice and the couple bought at the same time their household furniture and the wedding dress of the bride.

It is pleasant to think of the mingled delight and anxiety of such a pair of old time lovers out shopping together; but there is one instance at least on record where the expedition ended in disaster.

A young man and maiden from old Newbury had ridden to Boston, a journey of forty miles, on horseback, the prospective bride mounted behind her betrothed upon a pillion. They had relatives in the city with whom they staid over night, and were thus enabled to make their purchases at their leisure, with careful consideration for each.

At length everything was bought or bargained for, and the bundles securely tied up and arranged for the return journey, but when the moment arrived for the bride to remount upon the pillion she found some difficulty in accomplishing the feat, and to make it easier for her the horse was brought close to the side of a large hogshead, standing in what is now Dock square, Boston.

With the aid of a box she mounted to the top and was about to step thence to the horse's back, when the heading gave way beneath her feet and she was precipitated with a splash and a shriek into the contents of the hogshead, which was filled to the brim with good West India molasses!

Blinded, sticky and sputtering, the unfortunate young woman cried for help and struggled vainly to scramble out of her sugary prison. She could do nothing unassisted, and when she had cleared her eyes sufficiently to look for her escort she beheld that unworthy gallant, overwhelmed by the ridicule of the situation, in the act of riding away and leaving her to her fate.

"Joseph!" she screamed desperately after his retreating figure, "Joseph! Joseph! You come back and get me out of this kag o'sweetenin or I'll never marry you—never."

Joseph returned. The deserted bride, who must certainly have possessed an exceptionally forgiving disposition, pardoned and married him, and the story of their misadventure has been handed down among their descendants to the present day.—Youth's Companion.

In a few weeks the annual export of live stock from Montana and the far West will begin. The shipments will be large, though less than those of last year. The Northern Pacific estimates that there will be at least 180,000 head of cattle to be shipped east from Idaho, Montana and Washington. Last year over 200,000 head were sent out.

Truth About White Hills.

KINGMAN, July 20th, 1892.

EDITOR PHOENIX HERALD:—Having made four trips to the White Hills camp, I will give you a few facts as I see them.

I hardly think that there is, or ever has been at any time since the discovery, over three hundred men all told. Of course, there are passengers by stage and by private conveyance and on foot going and coming every day. Experts from all over the United States visit the camp. Some condemn it and call it a fraud and leave apparently in disgust, but some few or other these fellows come back again and buy property.

I hardly think that over sixty men have been at work at any time and at present not half that number.

I cannot get the figures, but I hardly think that over one hundred tons of ore have been shipped from the several mines. There has been over thirty dumps cleared off and cross cuts made across the veins of ore which showed good high grade ore. Piles of sacks were on each dump, also large piles of second class ore piled up.

Parties claimed that ore that would not go over one hundred dollars they piled up as second class and let it lie for an after consideration.

A stage line of four large coaches has been established from Kingman to the Hill through in ten hours.

A town site has been laid out, but there is but yet a small town. You know the verse runs:

"Yankee Doodle went to town,
He wore a pair of trousers,
He swore he could not see the town
There were so many houses."

If anyone is anxious to see the town of White Hills they had better get there for there is but one small house, two others begun, and may be ten tents, and a hundred or more rags.

A small piece of canvas will hold a lot and the town boomers are lively fellows. In time these mines will be worked, for there is good ore in sight and the ore all seems to be free and easily worked. At present it is shipped to the Kingmen sampler and from it shipped to Pueblo. H.

Disparagement of patents is common and easy, says the Iron Industry Gazette, but it should not be forgotten by those who sneer at inventors that, out of a total of over $8,000,000 of capital invested in manufacturing in the United States, patents form the basis for the investment of about $6,000,000. Evidently, the United States system of encouraging invention, that has resulted in the patenting of over 476,000 inventions, is a system that is exceedingly wise and valuable. The one thing that has enabled manufacturers to make so wonderful progress in the United States is the patent system.

The cyanide process at the Needles has proven a total failure. The company made a number of tests on a large scale on ores from different mines in San Bernardino county, California, and Mohave county, Ariz., which demonstrated unmistakably that some radical improvements must be made in the modus operandi of the process before it can possibly be made a success. At a stockholders' meeting held Friday it was decided to erect a $250,000 smelting plant in place of the mill.—Mohave Miner.

There are fifteen National banks in New York City which have deposits exceeding $15,000,000 each, the largest amount being $33,000,000 in the National Park Bank, and the next largest amount $25,000,000 in the Chemical National. Ten banks have over $15,000,000 each loaned, the National Park having the largest amount, and the First National the second largest.

In this country 33,000,000 acres of land are being farmed by irrigation. France owes its wonderful success in gardening to this system, and in late years Italy has spent over $200,000,000 for this purpose.

The following are some of the large mining assessments of Yavapai county: Congress Gold and Silver Mining Co., $52,005; United Verde Copper Co., $104,980; Commercial Mining Co., $136,514.

A queer case of poisoning occurred at Terre Haute, Champaign county, O. A family ate a spring chicken which had been feeding on dead potato bugs, killed by paris green. The poisoned persons were critically sick.

An exchange says that a lake has been discovered in the Holbrook mine at Bisbee, which contains hundreds of blind fish, similar to those discovered in the Mammoth Cave, Kentucky.

It is alleged that Senator David B. Hill will resign as U. S. Senator, the duties of the position being irksome and life in Washington uncongenial to him.