

IN THE BACKGROUND.

An Arizona paper mentions the fact that eastern merchants control the bulk of the Arizona trade, and attributes it to the fact that eastern people are energetic in drumming up trade, while these of California are apathetic in the matter. This is news to us. We supposed the San Francisco drummer found his way everywhere this side of the neutral line on the Rocky mountains. The eastern drummer crosses that line and invades the domain of the California commercial traveler; but the California man seldom finds his way east of the Rockies, and, if the Arizona paper is correct he does not thoroughly canvass the field that ought to be his own by right of vicinity. The trade of all the region lying west of the Rocky mountains ought to be controlled by this city, and it does not speak much for San Francisco mercantile enterprise when eastern merchants can control the greater portion of the trade of Arizona. Of course the western merchant has the advantage in price in many articles; but in such goods as California produces and manufactures the difference in freight and time ought to more than overcome that advantage. It is hard to be forced to acknowledge it, but it is the fact nevertheless, that the business men of Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City show more enterprise and push their trade with more energy than is displayed by San Francisco merchants. California used to be considered the fast state of the Union, but as a mercantile state she is at present very much in the background.—S. F. Report.

The Arizona paper that attributes the falling off in the trade with San Francisco to the fact that the field is not thoroughly canvassed by San Francisco drummers, must be both dull in observation and comprehension. There is hardly a day passes but what one or more western drummers may be seen upon our streets. The cause lies deeper than that. Our merchants are rapidly learning that to buy in San Francisco is to buy in the dearest market, and that to deal direct with eastern jobbers is to have the benefit of greater competition and cheaper prices and rates of transportation. These are the super-inducing causes for the change of base in mercantile operations throughout Arizona. There is no question but our people would prefer to keep up their connections with the West could they do so upon equal terms with the East; The inevitable is the master of all, therefore San Francisco must submit to this change with the best grace possible.

HAVERHILL, Mass., a thriving little city about twenty-five miles north of Boston, on the Merrimack river, has met with a disaster in the loss by fire of the larger portion of the business section of the city. This district was mostly composed of large manufacturing establishments, principally devoted to the shoe and leather industry, in which business Haverhill had become of late years to be the principal rival of Lynn. The loss is estimated at \$2,500,000, and serious apprehensions are felt that several lives have been lost.

Some time since we wrote an article concerning the future protection and welfare of these people. An agent in the employ of the interior department passed through in September last and assured us that upon his return to Washington he would call the attention of the department to the necessities and wants of this neglected people. We again ask our delegate to give this matter more attention. It has been the policy of the government to always aid those tribes of Indians who were friendly to the white, and as a known fact that peaceful tribes have been neglected. The Yumas have ever been friends of our people, and why not send them assistance? In the recent Apache outbreak, some of this tribe were the first volunteers as scouts, and proved themselves efficient and friends. With a small appropriation in the hands of an honest agent, much good can be accomplished for these people, and we trust that our delegate will give this matter his attention, in connection with his state government scheme.

Our fellow-townsmen E. Myers, formerly a resident of Carson, Nev., and find is well acquainted with our governor, Hon. F. A. Trule, and speaks of him in enthusiastic terms as a gentleman of the highest honor and ability. He says that about the year 1861 Gov. Trule was at the head of the largest business house in Carson City, then a city of a great deal of importance. From that time until this the governor has been engaged in mining and other business elsewhere, making friends and giving satisfaction to all persons with whom he had business relations.—Phoenix Herald.

BOB JOHNS PLEASANT returned last evening from Washington, looking and feeling well. Mr. Clum will now devote himself to his editorial duties with a

side of the mountain, in the cradle of the swarth, a coal bed was laid bare, which was also pre-empted as soon as discovered.—S. F. Daily Report.

The Report does us too much credit in the above. We cheerfully grant the honor of the concoction of the above rather tough story to a New Mexican journal of some repute in that line, and accord the superlative falsehood to the Report for crediting it to the EPITAPH.

HAVERHILL, MASS. A Thriving Manufacturing City Almost Obliterated from the Map.

The Business Center Entirely Consumed by Fire—Immense Destruction of Property and Supposed Loss of Life.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 18.—Reports from Haverhill state that a fire which started in the business portion of the town to-night spread with great rapidity, the buildings being mostly of wood. The small fire department was unable to cope with the flames. Assistance was immediately telegraphed for to Lawrence, Newburyport, Lowell, and other towns. The town at this hour, 1:30, seems all ablaze, and the business portion will undoubtedly be destroyed. Engines have arrived from Lawrence. The First National bank, Five cent Savings bank, all of the lower part of Washington street, have been burned, and there is no knowing where the fire will stop. Smith block, Finney block, Felton block, Prescott building, Union block, Cobbin building, on Washington street, Preling building, on Wingate street, have all gone. Loss several millions. Engines are coming from Newburyport and Dover. Numbers of families are burned out, and the streets are lined with merchandise and furniture.

THE FIRE UNDER CONTROL.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Feb. 18.—The fire is under control. But one block remains on Wingate street, and two at the other end of Washington street. All else in the square bounded by the Merrimack river on the south, Washington square and Essex street on the east, the north side of Wingate street on the north, and railroad square on the west, is burned to the ground. This territory embraces the largest part of the boot and shoe manufacturing. The loss cannot be estimated at present. Joseph Pratt, a fireman, is killed, and Geo. Whittier fatally injured. What yesterday was the finest street in the city and the principal business part, is today a smoldering mass of ruins. Some eighty shoe firms are entirely burned out, and others have suffered more or less damage. Two thousand people are out of employment, and several families are homeless. Engines were present from Newburyport, Lawrence, and Lowell. Men are already at work clearing away the debris.

Ober & Blake's and Gardner blocks on the north sides of Wingate street were several times on fire, but were saved. The wind blew fresh from the northwest, which, with the scarcity of water and freezing of hose, made it difficult to control the fire. Several men are reported missing, but nothing definite is known yet.

SUMMING UP THE LOSSES.

BOSTON, Feb. 18.—The Journal estimates the loss at Haverhill at \$2,500,000. It says the most dreadful feature of the calamity is the loss of life, and the awful uncertainty caused to many anxious hearts. It is feared the bodies of a score or more of prominent business men are buried in the ruins. The city marshal states that three men are missing, as the spread of the flames was so rapid they could not escape.

The Yuma Indians.

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LATEST TELEGRAMS.

The Hawaiian Treaty. WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—To-day in the house the committee on foreign affairs began hearing arguments on the bill to abrogate the Hawaiian reciprocity treaty. Representatives Randall, Gibson, and Darral of Louisiana, the latter of whom introduced the bill, were present, as was also J. Hale Sypher and Henry A. Brown, who represented the sugar planters of that state. The Hawaiian minister, Allen, and his counsel, ex-Gov. Boutwell of Massachusetts, were present, but did not take part in the argument, the committee having decided that they could reply on Monday next. General Rosecranz was an attentive listener to the arguments. Representative Darral opened the proceedings; he was followed by H. A. Brown and J. Hale Sypher. Randall Gibson will close the arguments.

The Peru Company. WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The president to-day transmitted to the house a letter from the secretary of state accompanied by a mass of correspondence in connection with the Peru company. The secretary in his letter says there is no trace of the alleged missing letters. The correspondence consists of a number of letters from Jacob R. Shepherd to Minister Hurlbut, in one of which he gives the names of prominent men who he claims are interested in the company, including Grant, Conkling, Boutwell, Vanderbilt, Belmont, John Sherman, Cameron, Astor and others. He urges Hurlbut to support Calderon's government, but intimates that if the company cannot do business with Peru it can with Chili as an alternative. He also sought to make Hurlbut believe that Blaine was favorable to the projects of the company and had sent instructions accordingly to Hurlbut. This is disproved by the letter of Hurlbut to Blaine, acknowledging receipt of a telegram bidding him not to use his influence in behalf of that company or any other speculative association. As the upshot, Hurlbut writes to Shepherd refusing to have anything to do with him or his company, and closing the correspondence.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—From all that can be learned Shepherd, in his letters to Hurlbut seems to have used the names of parties to his Peruvian scheme at haphazard and without any authority. Many of those named declare they know nothing about the affair. Shepherd and Grant decline to be interviewed on the subject.

Blaine to Hurlbut. NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—The Herald has a letter from Blaine to Hurlbut, dated Aug. 4th 1881, from which the following is an extract: "While this government will not undertake to decide upon the compensation due Landrean, you are instructed to inform the Peruvian government that the government of the United States will expect some adequate and proper means to be provided by which Landrean can obtain a judicial decision on his rights. Regarding the interpretation of the treaty to adjust the relations of Chili and Peru, the latter may possibly be compelled to submit to a loss of territory. If the territory to be surrendered should include the guano deposit discovered by Landrean and for the discovery of which Peru contracted to pay him a royalty, then the Peruvian government should in the presentation and payment to Landrean of the amount due on his contract. You will make such effort as you judiciously can to secure for Landrean a fair settlement of his claim."

Rain in Southern California. SAN BERNARDINO, Cal., Feb. 18.—This valley has enjoyed a splendid rain, lasting all last night. The wind is from the south with occasional showers, and a promise of a heavy rainfall. Grain is coming up finely, and a prosperous season is assured.

Death of Ex-Governor Purdy. SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 18.—Ex-Gov. Samuel F. Purdy, one of the old pioneers, died here this morning. He came to the coast in 1849. Deceased occupied at one time the position of lieutenant-governor of the state, under Gov. Jno. G. Downey. At the time of his death he occupied the position of superintendent of construction at the new city hall.

Seventy Victims. LONDON, Feb. 18.—It is believed that 70 persons perished by the colliery explosion at Trinidad grange.

Fishermen Lost. GLOUCESTER, Mass. Feb. 18.—The schooner Correna from the Grand Banks, reports the loss of six crews in a violent hurricane.

Turbulence in Texas. ULVALDE, Tex., Feb. 18.—Last night a party of desperadoes, headed by William Moore, visited the residence of Sheriff Robb and sought to murder him. Robb fought them, killing Walter Crane. Citizens came to the rescue, and the desperadoes were cleaned out.

Two deputy sheriffs visited a Mexican rancho twenty miles east of San Antonio, yesterday, to arrest Juan Garcia, a noted desperado and horse thief. Garcia opened fire with a Winchester rifle, wounding Deputy Sheriff Stevens. The fire was returned and Garcia killed.

Water in all the northwestern Texas streams is rapidly overflowing the country. Two big bridges on the Texas Pacific railway were swept away last night between Weatherford and Fort Worth, stopping trains.

Masonic Ball. On Wednesday evening next, the day being the anniversary of George Washington's birth, the Masons of Tombstone will give their first ball. This is a most fitting day for the reunion of the lodge because of the intimate and exalted position the "Father of his country" held in relation to the order. It is not necessary to say that this ball will excel all those that have preceded it, grand as they have been, for this order does nothing by halves, therefore those who attend may expect a right royal time.

At the last regular meeting of Ivanhoe Division No. 1, Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, held February 17, 1881, the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing term: Sir Knight Commander, Thos. Moses (re-elected); Sir Knight Lieutenant Commander, W. H. Hardy; Sir Knight Recorder, A. C. Biljcke (re-elected); Sir Knight Treasurer, E. C. Lane; Sir Knight Grand John Calley; Sir Knight Sentinel, J. W. ...

Anti-Polygamy. BOSTON, Feb. 18.—State senate has passed a resolution expressing abhorrence at the practice of polygamy. Congressmen are asked to ...

secure the passage of an anti-polygamy law.

Fire in Chelsea. BOSTON, Feb. 18.—A large fire broke out in Chelsea early this morning. Assistance is asked from here.

15th Annual Encampment, G. A. R. SAN JOSE, Cal., Feb. 17.—Ninety-five delegates were present at the evening session. Reports of special commission were received. A resolution was unanimously adopted recommending the Fraternity Record as worthy the individual support of each member. A motion to print the proceedings of the encampment under the supervision of the A. A. G. and Dept. Com. and New Dept. Com. prevailed. The committee to whom was referred the report of the committee on veterans' home, did not report. The matter will be taken up to-morrow. The encampment is almost unanimous in favor of the home. A large number of visiting members of the G. A. R. are present at the session. Officers will be elected to-morrow, and a grand banquet given in the evening at the Auzeais house.

SAN JOSE, Feb. 18.—At the encampment of the G. A. R., the report of the committee on veterans' home recommended that the Dept. Com. appoint twenty members of the G. A. R. as a portion of the Home Association. Unanimously adopted. The election of officers being in order, W. A. Robinson, present A. A. G., was elected on the third ballot, receiving 46 votes out of 73; W. T. Ellis of this city, present senior vice-commander, received 23 votes. Adjourned until 2 p. m.

SAN JOSE, Feb. 18.—The encampment adjourned sine die at 5 p. m. The officers elected are: W. A. Robinson, of San Fran., Dept. Commander; J. M. Davis, Oakland, Dept. S. V. C.; R. A. Warfield, Healdsburg, Dept. J. V. C.; Rev. A. S. Fiske, San Fran., Dept. Chaplain; D. J. Tucker, Medical Director; Council of Administration—J. L. Skinner, post 3; A. W. Collins, post 8; G. L. Harris, post 2; G. M. Ireland, post 1; A. G. Bennet, post 7. Delegates to National Encampment—W. H. Holmes, post 3; J. C. Tucker, post 11; W. S. Rosecranz, post 22; alternates—E. M. Gibson, post 8; R. M. Appar, post 1; F. M. Cooley, post 12.

A resolution was passed instructing said delegates to use their best efforts to have the national encampment of 1883 held in San Francisco. Resolutions of respect to late Comrade James A. Garfield were passed. The new officers were installed by Department Commander C. Mason Kinne.

A resolution was adopted affirming that the G. A. R. is purely a patriotic, charitable and fraternal organization, having nothing whatever to do with politics. It was resolved to hold the next annual encampment in San Francisco, and that the semi-annual encampment be held at Santa Cruz the first Saturday in August.

The main vertical shaft is down 292 feet. There have been three drifts run from the bottom of this shaft, one to the south, one north and one easterly. At 190 feet down there are two drifts, one running northerly and the other southerly. These drifts are not on the vein, being levels from which to tap and work the vein at different points.

There was ore in the main shaft down to 80 feet when it dipped away easterly, whence it has been followed upon the incline 330 feet. They have drifted in ore on the strike of the ledge, 80 feet. The ledge runs from 2 to 14 feet thick. The ore is gray and yellow carbonates and green chlorides, with occasional bunches of rich argentiferous gossans. They have on the dump from 2300 to 2500 tons of rich ore. A contract has been concluded with the Boston mill to work 1000 tons of this accumulation. Will commence to send it forward to the mill in a few days. This will add a new bullion producer to the list of the camp, and give an additional impetus to the development of mines in that vicinity.

Huachuca Water Company. Work on the reservoir is rapidly progressing. The excavation is nearly complete and work walling it up has begun. The wall is laid in good lime mortar, which is beat and tamped in against the solid rock sides until every crevice is completely filled. The size of this work must be seen to be appreciated. The mere statement that its dimensions are 90 feet long, 80 feet wide and 20 feet deep, leaves but a vague impression on the mind. Its capacity in cubic feet is 144,000, and in gallons 1,080,000. When the wall shall have been completed, the whole interior will receive a coat of Portland cement, bottom and sides, of such thickness that there never will be the least possible leakage. The pipe line will be laid from the mountain reservoir and connection made with this receiving reservoir by the time the masonry is complete. This is a gigantic enterprise and reflects great credit upon its projectors and promoters.

Worocco (San Diego) Mining Co. Monday work was stopped in the shaft waiting the arrival of more cable. Shaft is now down 350 feet. Commenced drifting to the north on 366 level Tuesday. An 8-inch streak of carbonate was struck that has steadily grown better. The west cross cut is in hard lime and shows little change in south drift, 267 level, the ledge holds the same width and shows little change from last week. On 130 level connection has been made between upper No. 3 and the drift from upper No. 2. Carbonate still on hanging wall of up-rise and drift.

Tombstone M. & M. Co. There is no diminution in the output of the mines of this company. A new incline shaft has been started south of and below the Combination shaft to open up and below the more easily work the great ore body in this part of the Goodenough. The West Side holds its own in quantity and quality of ore. The mills are working well and up to their full capacity.

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WEEKLY MINING REPORT

Drifting Along the Line, With Good Results.

Ingersoll Ore to be Milled—The Girard Mill Turning Out Bullion.

The Outlook.

In looking over the mining field, not alone of Tombstone but the entire county, we see nothing but the most hopeful signs for the future. At home, new claims are being brought to a state upon the border line between prospects and mines, where, by the judicious investment of comparatively small capital they would, in most cases, become paying properties. Bisbee, the great copper camp of Arizona, is in a similar condition. There are a score or more of the most inviting copper locations in that camp that give unmistakable indications of large deposits of ore, similar in nature to that of the celebrated Copper Queen mine. In the Huachuca, developments are steadily progressing upon several properties that give strong evidence of soon becoming large producers of both copper and silver. Reports from the newly discovered mines in Winchester district are most hopeful. The property purchased by H. Solomon and George Hearst is opening out quite as rich as they expected when they made the purchase. Other claims in the same vicinity are also showing rich ore, which gives the owners faith that they are upon the verge of bonanzas equal to anything in the territory. Dos Cabezas is also looming into unwonted prominence, and we hear of sales being negotiated at remunerative prices by the locator. This is the gold district, par excellence, of Arizona. The ledges are described as large and well defined, with the gold evenly disseminated throughout the vein matter. It is believed by those who have cast their lot in that locality that the day is not distant when Dos Cabezas will take rank with the most favored districts in the land. We also hear good news from the mines in the Chiricahua mountains—at Galeville and Ayre camp. The Texas smelter has of late been doing good work, and Col. Clute feels perfectly satisfied that when their smelter shall be in operation he will turn out a continuous stream of bullion, to gladden the hearts of the owners.

Returning toward home again, we strike the mines in the Dragons, which show remarkably well for the work done upon them. In the Turquoise portion of the Dragons this is particularly the case. Upon the western slope there is a force of men taking out ore from the Silver Cloud and also from the Royal Arch mines, which is of high grade.

That Cochise county is one of the richest pieces of territory within the borders of the United States is a perfectly safe statement to make, and that one-half its resources developed we would be reminded of the palmy days of Washoe, when one-half the people were crazy with the argentiferous wealth of the Comstock.

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of the most complete mills in the territory, everything about it being of the most durable character. Work in the mine is confined principally to making connections for the more perfect working of its various levels. We expect to chronicle good returns from this mine for the future.

Valina. Drift on the 400-foot level is now in 125 feet, the face being in quartzite. Winze from the Summer drift is down 20 feet. The drift running northeast from the Summer has been connected with winze No. 5, and for 68 feet shows a continuous body of high grade ore on the west wall. The slopes are looking well and are shipping about 18 tons of ore per diem to the Boston mill. The Yreka shaft is 58 feet in depth; still in cement.

Old Guard. Drifting both ways on the ledge at 150 feet depth. Ledge six feet wide with well defined walls. There are 18 inches of high grade ore on the hanging-wall, with eight on the foot-wall. The intermediate ledge matter carries sufficient metal to justify its being saved in a dump by itself. The prospects for this property are first-class.

Grand Central. They were putting in the station for the 600-foot level at the new shaft yesterday. For the last 50 feet in the shaft the rock was very hard, but now it is softer and working better. Have connected the 300 level, old works, with the cross-cut west from the new shaft; also, have connected the 500 level with the joint winze on the Contention line. Cross-cut on the 600 level is approaching the ledge and indications are favorable. They are hoisting the usual quantity of ore, which goes forward to the mill.

Contention. The Flora Morrison shaft has reached a depth of 540 feet. The stops on the 212 and 312-foot levels are looking well. Work at the Contention new works was somewhat hindered last week by putting in a new spur wheel for one of the hoists. Raising sufficient rich ore to keep the mill running at its full capacity, which is 75 tons per day.

Contact. Drifting east on the ledge at 75 feet with good results. Until the drift advances further from the shaft, sinking will be interrupted. The prospects are said to be exceedingly good. It is to be hoped that this, Mr. Hearst's first venture in Tombstone, will prove a veritable bonanza that he may be encouraged to invest more of his wealth among us.

Bradshaw. Work on the first and second levels is progressing steadily, with good results. The ore breasts are looking better than ever. The mill is nearly ready to start work.

The Huachuca. In Copper canyon there is a group of four most promising copper properties. These are the Belgic, Oceanic, Katharina and Ella D. The first named are on the same ledge and the other two upon another ledge less than a quarter of a mile away. These ledges are described as very large and well defined, with walls of lime and syenite. They have all been cross-cut, and show eight feet of solid ore, the average of which gives 38 per cent copper. The ore is a combined sulphide and carbonate, the sulphide predominating. The Garrett mine, which is an extension of the Oceanic, has 500 tons of rich ore piled on the dump, some of which is reported as assaying \$1,500 per ton in silver. Copper canyon would seem, from the reports we hear from it, to have a bright future before it.

TUCSON ITEMS.

From the Citizen, Feb. 17th. A large party of New Yorkers are in the city to-day, and seem to be well pleased with Arizona, especially Tucson. The party is composed of capitalists and will make extensive investments here.

Gen. Willcox and Gen. Carr, two game-cocks who, envious or jealous of their respective powers, met in deadly combat with a firm determination that one or the other must go to the stew pot, on the corner of Myers street and Maiden lane. After the third round Gen. Willcox tucked his legs up and died with his spurs on, at 4 o'clock on the evening of yesterday. [The head of the old rooster after whom the unfortunate bird was named ought to be tumbled into the official pot, and then there would be hope of live commander to protect the scattered settlers from further Indian devilment.—Ed. EPITAPH.]

FILES! FILES! FILES! A Sure Cure Found at Last—No One Need Suffer!

A sure cure for blind, bleeding, itching and ulcerated piles has been discovered by Dr. Williams' Indian Ointment. A single box has cured the worst chronic cases of 25 or 30 years standing. No one need suffer a minute after applying this great soothing medicine. Lotions, instruments and eluaries do more harm than good. Williams' ointment absorbs the tumors, allays the intense itching, (particularly at night after getting warm in bed,) acts as a poultice, gives instant and painless relief, and is prepared only for piles, itching of the private parts, and for nothing else.

Read what the Hon. J. M. Coffinberry, of Cleveland says about Dr. Williams' Indian Ointment: "I have used scores of Pile cures, and it affords me pleasure to say that I have never found anything which gave me such immediate and permanent relief as Dr. Williams' Indian Ointment. For sale by all druggists, or mailed on receipt of price, \$1.00. ADDRESS: WHEELER & CO., 205 East Fourteenth street, New York."

Skin Diseases Cured. By Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment. It cures as if by magic, Pimples, Black Heads or Grubs, Blisters and Eruptions on the face, leaving the skin clear, healthy and beautiful. Also cures Itch, Barbers, Itch, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, Chapped Hands, Sore Nipples, Sore Lips, old, obstinate Ulcers and Sores, etc.

SIXTY DISEASE—F. Drake, Esq., Cleveland, O., suffered beyond all description from a skin disease which appeared on his hands, head and face, and nearly deprived him of his sight. The most careful oculist failed to help him, and after all had failed he used Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment and was cured by a few applications. The first and only positive cure for skin diseases ever discovered. Sent by mail on receipt of price, Fifty cents. ADDRESS: WHEELER & CO., 205 East 14th street, New York.

HO! FOR SONORA.

More of the Festive Red Devils Fleeing to the Land of the Manyas. From J. D. Pitt, who is hauling lagging from the Chiricahua to the Grand Central mine, it was learned yesterday, that on Friday about noon he passed Antelope springs on his way in with a load. About three and a half miles east of the springs he saw two Indians upon ponies riding to the southward upon the "keen run." Shortly after, six more, who were in hiding, sprang up and rode away after the first. These six were mounted upon medium-sized American horses. Jack Cann, who keeps the Antelope springs, went down into the valley with another man on a hunt the day before (Thursday) and discovered a band of six horses. They killed an antelope and put it into their wagon and started home, when they thought they would gather up the horses and take them back with them. They left their wagon and went for the horses, and when quite near them they were startled by the appearance of six Apaches, who mounted the horses and rode away at full speed. It is not necessary to say that they did not pursue the fleeing savages, having lost none.

At 8 o'clock, Friday morning, Mr. Fife heard firing, as he supposed by the soldiers, and again after he passed Antelope. He reports the Indians as fleeing southward, toward the east end of the Mule mountains. After he passed the station he could see the soldiers in pursuit. He heard at the station that one Indian had been taken prisoner by the soldiers the night before, but he did not see him, and only spoke from hearsay.

In the afternoon, yesterday, there was a report on the streets that Frank Lord had just come in from the Chiricahua and reported that a Yankee killed in a fight with the Indians. This report it is understood was contradicted by Mr. Lord, therefore it is safe to say there was no truth in it whatsoever. There is no doubt, however, but what Mr. Fife saw the eight Indians, who are long ere this safe in Sonora, making for the rendezvous of their fellow renegades.

REPORT ON THE PROGRESS OF THE FLORA MORRISON SHAFT.

The Flora Morrison shaft has reached a depth of 540 feet. The stops on the 212 and 312-foot levels are looking well. Work at the Contention new works was somewhat hindered last week by putting in a new spur wheel for one of the hoists. Raising sufficient rich ore to keep the mill running at its full capacity, which is 75 tons per day.

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