

Waco Examiner.

COUNTY TICKET.

Representative.....METH P. MILLS
County Judge.....G. B. GERRARD
County Attorney.....A. W. KUBANK
County Treasurer.....J. D. WALLACE
District Clerk.....J. F. BEASLEY
County Clerk.....JOHN W. BAKER
Tax Assessor.....J. H. RICHEY
County Surveyor.....STEPHEN TURNER
Cattle and Horse Inspector.....WADE SMITH
COUNTY COMMISSIONERS:
Precinct No. 1.....JOHN ROBINSON
Precinct No. 2.....THOS. WILLIAMS
Precinct No. 3.....D. JEMISON
Precinct No. 4.....W. G. BOYD
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE:
Precinct No. 1.....R. W. DAVIS
Precinct No. 2.....W. G. BOYD
CONSTABLE:
Precinct No. 1.....JNO. W. WILLIAMS
Precinct No. 2.....J. A. SNOWDEN
Precinct No. 3.....W. G. BOYD

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1878.
LOCAL NEWS.

Pianos Again!
I will duplicate the so-called "Red-field" piano, with the maker's real name, for \$250, purchaser paying freight from factory.
oct15dt R. E. EOLI.

Election Tickets.
State, District and County together two dollars a thousand at the EXAMINER office. Orders solicited.

The Remains
Of Dr. B. F. Graves were buried in the Waco cemetery at five o'clock yesterday afternoon. A large concourse of citizens were in attendance.

To Rent.
One brick residence with 4 rooms and good out house, water, etc. five minutes walk to Square. Enquire of R. W. YEATES & Co.
oct15dt Auctioneers.

Look to Your Interest.
Those elegant ladies' and gents' saddles, wagon and buggy harness, collars, whips, spurs, brushes, combs etc., at S. W. Mabry's saddlery and harness establishment, South side public square, can be bought at advantageous figures. Look to your interest and give him a call.

Dooley's Yeast Powder.
This truly unrivaled baking powder stands on its merits alone; and because of its perfect purity and excellence, and from the fact that every package is strictly full weight, the people have adopted it in their households, and have the utmost confidence in it. It always does the work effectually, goes much further in use, and makes better and more wholesome and nutritious biscuits, bread, rolls, muffins, cakes and pastry than any other powder in the country.

Vegetables.
Apples, Potatoes, Onions, Pickles and Sour Kraut, in 1-2 lbs at Humphreys and Eaton.
oct12dt

Fish.
Smoked Halibut; Boneless Codfish; Pickled Salmon; White Fish; Mackerel; Holland Herring and Russian Sardines at Humphreys & Eaton.
oct12dt.

Another Car Load
Apples and Potatoes,
Just received by
J. F. MARSHALL.

Just Received
Fresh at J. H. Brown's, Austin street, prunes, currants, salmon, extra speed pigs feet, English dairy cheese, dairy butter, buckwheat flour, canvased ham, Potomac herring, all fresh and genuine and ordered specially for family use.
oct12dt

Fresh Cranberries.
Two pound New York Cream Cheese for twenty-five cents, apples at forty cents a bucket, and all vegetables to be had in the market, at Putnam's family supply store on Austin avenue.
oct10dt.

Baby Carriages at Cost.
To make room for Christmas goods I will sell Baby Carriages at cost.
THEO. A. REISNER.
oct5

Shawls! Shawls!
Cashmere, single and double, all wool shawls, plain and reversible; Ottoman's new styles and large sizes; the largest variety ever offered in this city; matches prices, at Lessing, Lyons, Solomon & Co.

Personal.
Mr. W. G. Kingsbury was in town yesterday from his ranch, showing effects of quite a painful attack of sickness recently. We are glad however to note his convalescence.

Marshall S. H. Russell is registered at the McClelland.
Mr. L. W. Goodrich of Marlin, is still in town, having undergone an involuntary separation from his lady who left on yesterday morning's train by being just in time to see said train leave the depot.

Miss Darling of Gatesville is registered at the Taylor House.
Mrs. W. D. Jackson left yesterday to spend a month with friends at Belton. Bro. Jackson requests us not to mention the fact, as he wishes to have a good time during her absence, and it is too good to keep.

Mrs. Nannie Latham, nee Miss McClelland of Weatherford, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Ed. Rotan in this city.

Lime! Lime!
R. W. Peunum keeps constantly on hand Austin White Lime. For sale in any quantities. Leave orders at D. S. Woods', Austin st.
oct15dt

Two Hundred Dozen
Wood and Egg Pipes, Match Boxes of all styles, Cigarette Paper in any quantity in stock and for sale at
THEO. A. REISNER'S.
oct5

DR. GRAVES DEAD.

After a Day and Night of Apparent Convalescence He Shows Other Symptoms and soon Dies.

Four Thousand Dollars Missing—Foul Play Strongly Suspected.

Coroner's Inquest Not Concluded—Full Report of the Testimony.

To the account published in yesterday's EXAMINER of the poisoning, Saturday morning, of Dr. B. F. Graves, a leading druggist of this city, there is a sad, if not an alarming sequel. He was found, as we stated, at an early hour Saturday morning, in a dying condition from opium poisoning. The physicians despaired of saving him, but applied all known remedies nevertheless, and were successful after a time in restoring him to consciousness. He was entirely rational Saturday evening and continued so up to a few moments before his death. Sunday morning he was sufficiently strong to sit up in bed and even to walk about the room. About 6 o'clock Sunday evening he complained of pain in his left arm. The arm rapidly became very much swollen and inflamed. The patient suffered until 6 o'clock Monday morning, when he died. The arm and shoulder had become several times their natural size, while all the left side of the body was much swollen and discolored. Dr. Graves, at the time of his death, was about thirty-seven years of age. He was a man of fine physique, weighing something over two hundred pounds. He and his wife came to this city about two years ago from Ramsey, Illinois.

At ten o'clock a. m., Justice E. P. Massey summoned the following named gentlemen as a jury of inquest: Ben T. Duval, H. C. Fallon, George Conns, Charles Peterson, Charles Kott and Edward Moore. After viewing the remains at the deceased's late residence the jury retired to Justice Massey's office where a number of witnesses were examined. County Attorney Charles B. Pearce assisted by Gen. Felix H. Robertson, conducting the examination.

Dr. S. Walter Cook being duly sworn testified: I am a practicing physician; knew Dr. B. F. Graves for twelve months or more prior to his death; was called in to see him about five or six o'clock Saturday morning last. Dr. Cook and myself went together. Deceased was at that time in a dying condition. There was little evidence of vitality. I concluded after examining him and asking some questions that he had been poisoned with opium or some other narcotic. After working on him some three or four hours he began to improve. He continued to improve, became conscious towards evening, and by the next morning, (Sunday) was entirely rational. He spoke to myself and others Saturday night. Sunday morning I had a conversation with him. He asked me what had been done with his money; said he had four thousand dollars in his pants pockets which he had left at the head of his bed. About ten o'clock Saturday morning it was intimated to us on the porch by Messrs. J. H. Pace, Lewis Darrow and others that they might have been foul play. These gentlemen suggested that it would be proper for us (Drs. Brown, Cook and myself) to look after a draft for a large sum and some money he was said to have had; also for drugs. We asked his wife where his clothing were. She pointed to a side room saying they were there. We found the pants hanging on the wall; there was no draft or money in them; we found the coat and vest in the room where the sick man was lying; in the vest was a watch and some thirty dollars in money. The pants were in one room and the other clothing in another. In the coat we found a number of papers and a box of medicine. The box contained one full capsule and another capsule which had been broken and the contents, a powder which tasted and looked like quinine, spilled in the box. I cannot say it was quinine; it may have been something else. We found on a table in the bed room another box which was empty; it was labeled quinine. No other medicine attracted our attention as having any bearing on the case. On Sunday morning the deceased told me how he had taken the medicine. He said he had some quinine capsules put up in St. Louis, each containing, besides quinine, one-eighth of a grain of morphia and that on Friday night he had taken two of said capsules, an hour or two apart. I inquired of him what he said that he had taken the capsule from the empty box we found on the table. He said he took the last one at four o'clock a. m.; that he got up in the dark and took it himself, and then went back to bed. The box we found in the coat had no mark upon it; the other was simply marked quinine, there being no druggist's name on either. The boxes both looked as if they had been carried in the pocket several days. The deceased died at 6 or 7 o'clock this (Monday) morning. I was with him a short time before he died. As to the cause of his death, the suspension of respiration, on Saturday morning, caused through being so choked in the circulation, which commenced in the vessels of the left arm. He died about twelve hours after this was discovered. Morphine was the indirect cause of his death, though he had been gotten from under the influence of the drug. I at first understood him to say that he had left four thousand dollars cash in his pocket, but afterwards he said thirty-five hundred dollars of the amount was in a draft. He asked nearly everybody that came into his room if they had seen his money. He said repeatedly in the presence of his wife that he believed the druggist in St. Louis had made a mistake in putting up the quinine. I did not hear him intimate that any one had either poisoned or robbed him, though he seemed to talk under restraint. It is customary for druggists, in putting up medicines, to put their names and the name of the drug on the package. On Sunday night we told him we did not think he could live, and that if he had any-

thing to say he had best say it. Mrs. Graves was requested to ask him (the dying man) if he believed she had poisoned him; she did so, and he replied that he did not believe she had. He said he wanted Mr. Peterson and Mr. Lewis to wind up his drug business as he had instructed them to do, and to give Mrs. Graves the draft of \$3500. Mr. Lewis \$500 if it could be obtained. Mr. Lewis was present but Mr. Peterson was not. I was not present when he gave them other instructions regarding his business. I made enquiries and learned that Dr. Graves had not been in the habit of taking morphine.

Dr. W. H. Brown being sworn, made a statement, which corroborated in most essential points the testimony of Dr. Cook, and added: Dr. Graves stated to me that he (Dr. G.) on returning to his home at 11 p. m., Friday night, had first laid down on a bed in the room where the pants were found, but being unable to sleep there he rose, went to the room where his wife was sleeping and laid down on her bed. He stated to me that he himself got up in the night and took the capsules, and that his wife, as far as he knew, had not risen during the night. I visited him at 11 o'clock Sunday morning, and found him, as I believed, entirely out of danger. As to the cause of his death, I regard it as resulting from violent and delirious inflammation, excited, more likely, by the necessary use of injections under the skin to correct the effect of opium taken.

Dr. W. B. Back testified: I was called to attend Dr. Graves at 6 o'clock Saturday morning. He was lying on the bed, apparently dead. Examining him I found he was not dead and I immediately went to work to do what we could, using all the antidotes and remedies usually applied in cases of opium poisoning. At 10 o'clock p. m. the Doctor opened his eyes and at 3 p. m. his respirations were regular. I staid with him Saturday night. Mr. Skidmore, Mr. Lewis, Mr. Pace and some others were in the room. At 10 o'clock Sunday night we had a long conversation with him. He said he had eaten supper with his wife between ten and eleven o'clock Friday night. He told me he took one capsule, but afterwards said he was not certain that he had taken any. He said he had left about five thousand dollars in cash, and a draft for \$3500 in his coat pocket; said he thought his wife had it. Mr. Pace asked him if he thought there had been foul play. He replied that he had been studying about it; Mr. Pace asked him if he suspected any one of having poisoned him, and he replied he would keep his own counsel until he should get well and would then tell about it.

The next day, Sunday, I did not go to see him until two o'clock; when I entered the room at that hour I asked me if I had seen any thing of his five hundred dollars and a draft. I told him 'no,' and asked him if he had not told me the amount was five thousand dollars. He said no, and that I had misunderstood him. I was present when he died. He was pulseless four or five hours immediately prior to his death. I told him Mr. Graves, I think you cannot live, and if you have any statements to make, or any business matters to arrange you had best do it. Mrs. Graves said to him, that the public suspected her of poisoning him, and she wanted him to state what he thought about it. He said he did not believe she had done it. He directed Mr. Lewis and Mr. Peterson to attend to his business matters in accordance with instructions he had given them. Mrs. Graves said she knew her husband had five hundred dollars and the draft, but that she did not know what had been done with it; that the property had been in her possession, two or three days before, and she had given it back to him. I differ with Doctor Brown and Cook as to the immediate cause of his death.

After adjourning an hour for dinner, the court reconvened at 2 p. m. Bailey Lewis being sworn said: I commenced keeping books for B. F. Graves, the deceased, on the 16th of last month. An agent of R. F. George of Galveston came here last Tuesday. Graves was owing George. He and the agent had a conversation. I don't know the nature of it; don't know whether George sold the retail department of his drug store to Mr. H. Behrens on last Monday. An invoice of the goods was taken. Myself and Mr. Behrens took the invoice. I know of no other sale or transfer of his stock or goods; none was talked of that I know of. Dr. Graves instructed me to draw off his accounts and collect for forty days, and to give him a bill regarding the goods except that I should settle up his business as best I could. He gave me instructions as to his business along after the first two weeks I entered his employ. He told me to accept drafts etc. He was not here all the time. The retail department, which he sold, included the books and papers of his business. He gave his two acceptances, one for one thousand and the other for thirty-five hundred dollars, on the Paris Exchange Bank, payable to B. F. Graves or bearer, ten days after date. I don't know whether these drafts were paid or not; don't know what Graves did with them; but I saw Graves with a box of capsules. He had them in his hand, and he had them in a piece of paper put them back in his pocket. I don't know that he ever had a draft on the Waco State Bank. I don't know of any five hundred dollars he had on Friday night. He told me on Watkins' corner that night that he had that sum and that he had money enough to pay his debts. A Mr. Merchant whom he owed about six hundred dollars was there. The books show no other sale of stock than the one to Behrens. The books are in my possession; they are in my trunk. I am not aware that pages of narrow evened paper, which are bills for goods Behrens did not buy. Prior to the time I was with Graves I was in the employ of Darrow, Patterson & Co. as book keeper. I was in their employ from September 1877 to June 14th, 1878. I was in no permanent business after leaving D. P. & Co., until I went to work for Graves. I saw Graves with a box of capsules. No cash account was kept in connection with Graves' business. The books consist of a day book and ledger. I gave Graves \$30, Friday night, which represented the cash sales of that day except \$1.50 which I had used. There have been no entries made on the books of drafts purchased except one of about six or five dollars. S. Barbo sent by regis-

tered letter last week \$50 which is credited. No other credits appear. I saw Dr. Graves after supper Friday night at the store, he having just returned from the country; was with him about an hour. I left him there. The next time I saw him was Sunday morning, when he was at home in charge of the Doctors.

These contents, I had a lengthy conversation with the deceased relative to his business shortly before his death. On Friday evening at about 1 o'clock I started to the McMillan Hotel, on reaching the corner opposite Watkins' book store, I met Dr. Graves. He took my hand and held on to it saying 'wait I want to see you.' I turned back with him, and we walked up to the present near by store and sat down. He said he was in a heap of trouble and wanted to advise with me. We sat there some time and he said he had before any conversation had taken place with him, he had been put in the hands of lawyers who were pressing him to sell out and pay or make an assignment for the benefit of his creditors. In response to a question he told me he owed about six thousand dollars. I asked him what he had to do about that. He said he had had five thousand dollars in his pocket but he did not intend to give it up, and he had a stock worth eight thousand dollars that he bought on his last trip North, and besides he had a thousand dollars in cash in his hand before going North. He proposed selling those goods to myself and Mr. George. We said he could soon make his inventory, and taking a pen wrote down these figures, (with witness produced a paper showing items of stock amounting to about \$10,000. He asked me what I would give for the stock. I told him to get Mr. Lewis to make out an inventory, the next day and I would then talk to him. The conversation turned on the claims against him, and he said he would like to see what they were, that letters had been sent from Waco to New York and that he would like to see them. He said he was willing to ship them said he would pay nothing until he knew the sources of these reports. He said his wife was his worst enemy. Speaking of selling out he said whatever he did he would do the next day Saturday and possibly the trading Chicago rates, he would stay, he said, three or six months, long enough to get a divorce. When he got up he said he would go to bed. He said he was afraid to go to sleep. He had frequently told me that he would go to bed, but he would not sleep. I know nothing about it except what he told me. I came to Waco last November a year ago, and I saw Dr. Graves at that time. He and the Doctor very soon afterwards. A boy came into my room about six o'clock Saturday morning, and he said he had seen Dr. Graves lying on the floor. I saw three men come to the room, one of them was Dr. Lewis, and he said he had been in company with the two gentlemen named, and he said he had seen Dr. Graves lying on the floor. He said he had been in the room, and he had seen Dr. Graves lying on the floor. He said he had been in the room, and he had seen Dr. Graves lying on the floor. He said he had been in the room, and he had seen Dr. Graves lying on the floor.

REPUBLICAN RALLY.

The First Radical Speech of the Season.

A large and respectable audience mostly white assembled at the court house last night to hear Col. Russell, U. S. deputy marshal and radical. He was introduced in pleasant remarks by Dr. Moore.

Col. Russell is a large portly man of pleasing appearance and impressive manners, and though not a gifted rhetorician, is a speaker of unusual force. His effort made one of the hottest political gatherings in Waco this season.

He was he said but a young man, Texas born and bred, his birthplace being on the classic Brazos. He only claimed the right modestly to state his opinions in common with others on the great issues of the day. There were two policies the one looking to honest policy the other to disruption and repudiation. In the integrity of the government was the hopes of the people and if integrity or the confidence of the people is that integrity we drift upon a sea of chaos confusion and destruction. The Col. then discussed the hard times and the cause. The hard times are charged to the Republican party. He objected to contrast the condition of the country before the war with the present. We are burdened with debt now, we were not then. It was the war that left the people beggared. The freedom of the blacks, then their equality and their inviolability of the public debt had been recognized in the solemn manner of constitutional amendments. The people had pledged their faith and black and white would scorn and spurn any attempt on the part of fanatics to destroy the honor of the government by repudiation. Here the speaker pictured the broken and defeated confederate soldiers received back under the old flag and swearing a new allegiance and held therefore that it was his duty to show his faith by supporting the government. These notes and bonds and legal tenders were issued from necessity to carry on the war. These were promises to pay, they were not money, they were promises to pay in the money of the constitution.

The government in issuing bonds to raise money advertised them by hand-bills, scattered all over the North, begging the people to buy these bonds to carry on the war, and that war freed the black man, and the people of the North, rich and poor alike, trusted the government. Suppose the Confederacy had whipped, they would have lost their money as those did who trusted the Confederacy, and when the black man comes to understand how the greenback was issued never will he go back on that dollar. [Great applause from the blacks.]

He then reviewed the action of the Democratic party in which it had again and again endorsed in convention and in Congress, the payment of these legal tenders in coin. The Democrats have three times in conventions, demanded the resumption act, and now as they have lost all cause of disturbance, they seek to destroy the very act they have before denounced. Expediency is the basis of the Democratic party. The greenback dollar has come, year after year from being worth nothing, almost to a par and why? because the resumption act shows that they will be paid; destroy the resumption act, and they will go down and down, till they are worth nothing. Here followed a complicated discussion on contraction and expansion, scattering and difficult to follow, showing that the repeal of the resumption act will send greenbacks and everything else to the devil.

It is said he went on that the republican party demonetized silver. It was never done; silver was never demonetized, any further coinage was prevented but not its circulation. Balance of trade is in our favor to \$300,000,000 yearly, there is plenty of money in circulation \$14.79 per capita. Lack of money is not the cause of hard times. There may not be as much money as years ago, but money is worth more. It is not more money we want but confidence.

The speaker came down to local politics. The rest of his speech which was directed against the Greenbackers and A. J. Davis and that ilk and is incapable of a synopsis. It was a torrent of fire, hail and brimstone, it was a tirade of invective and damnation of over two hours and a half in length, in which greenback theories and Greenbackers were damned with logic, rhetoric and sulphur, till the very air smelled of brimstone, and the darkeys thought the day of judgment was come. His denunciation of Hamman was particularly savage. He pictured him as a traitor to every party, a trickster to the Democrats, a man who for twenty years had been lying about during negroes as monkeys and cursing white radicals as scallwags. He denounced A. J. Davis, DeGress and Hamman as most infamous liars and foul mouthed traducers. He then gave a review of the Greenback convention, which he described mildly, in the outset as the hungriest, loudest assemblage that ever met on earth, the only decent part of which was the negro, and then as he warmed up to his subject, piled lurid fires on it. That made

Large Stock of BOOTS AND SHOES FOR Ladies, Misses and Children AT JOHN SLEEPER'S.

Large Stock of HATS for Men and Boys AT JOHN SLEEPER'S.

LEATHER AND SHOE FINDINGS AT JOHN SLEEPER'S.

You Can Get Six pounds of Cream Cheese at Curtis' for one dollar.

Ask at Curtis' For Sherrill's Washing Crystal. For washing clothes it has no equal. Rendering hard water soft; saves time, soap and money; and does not injure garments.

Purchase at Winn's A kit of mackerel for one dollar; a bucket of apples at 40 cents; a bucket of onions at 40 cents; one dozen cans of tomatoes at \$1.50, and other things at correspondingly low prices.

Riggins Brothers. Everybody ought to know what an immense stock and how cheap Riggins Brothers are selling hardware. Call and examine their table and pocket cutlery, Bridge street.

Three Car Loads Of candy received yesterday at 6c. THEO. A. REISNER'S.

To Arrive A car load of Wood and Coal Heating Stoves. LYNCH & McCLELLAND.

For Sale or Exchange. One of the richest small farms in the county; will exchange for a house of four or five rooms in Waco. Call immediately on me at 63 Austin street. R. E. BURNHAM.

For Sale. A fine lot of young mules by John Robinson. Six miles South of Waco, d&w 100.

Make Hats. Ever your teeth are irresistibly pained, by burials and invigorates them with the health-giving SODIUM. Thousands use it and commend it. Pure, safe, and efficient. It is preferred to every tooth-wash and powder sold.

A Splendid Lot Of stationery, such as business and visiting cards, commercial and letter paper, bill heads etc. just received at the EXAMINER job office.

Rich, Rare and Spicy. Several hundred pounds for sale, cheap; good for rabbit meat. ed&w 100. EXAMINER OFFICE.

T. N. McMULLEN & CO., -DEALERS IN- Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, BLACK AND COLORED SILKS, Trimming Silks and Satins, Cashmeres, Alpaca, Merines and Dress Goods in Great Variety. Immense stock of TRIMMING, FRINGE LACES AND HAMBURG EDGINGS. Complete Stock of Shawls and Cloaks, Ladies', Misses' and Childrens' Shoes From Philadelphia. Manufacturers also Complete Assortment of MENS' BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS. EXTRA STOCK OF FRENCH AND SCOTCH CASSIMERES. We call special attention to our TRIMMING SILKS AND SATINS. Don't fail to give us a call at Watkin's old stand, South Third Street Waco, Texas. T. N. McMULLEN & CO.