Imperfect Page Imperfect Page Imperfect Page Imperfect Page Historical Society

Notes and News.

Strong butter—a billy goat.

Oath of a Western girl—buy gum.

The Indian war in Oregon has fizzled out.

All flesh is grass, but all grass—widows are not all flesh.

The Hutchinson family have just started on a Pacific tour.

This must be looked into—said the young lady to the mirror.

Why are young ladies like misery—because they love company.

Within the past year 6,000,000 people have died of starvation in India.

Kearney has been interviewed in Chicago. It seems that he uses lots of cuss words.

Ex-Gov. Beriah Magoffin, of Kentucky, is in St. Paul on a visit to his son, Beriah Magoffin, Jr.

Ignatius Donnelly has been nominated for congress in the 3d district of Minnesota by the greenbackers.

Mitchell, of Duluth, has consolidated his Tribune and Herald.

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat is going for military titles used to ornament the front end of names in civil life.

A Chinaman at Des Moines, Iowa, has an American woman for a wife.

Rev. Bishop Simpson preached in Salt Lake, Utah, last Sunday, August 18th.

The Missouri state Republican convention has been called to meet Oct. 9th in St. Louis.

A tack points heavenward when it means most mischief. Alas! we have too many human tacks.

What is the difference between a bare figure and an old song—one is a nudity while the other is an old ditty.

Why is a horse like a prompt business man—because he is always prepared to meet an oat. D'ye see it?

Ben Butler is said to have received the largest fee of any attorney on record in the Parrangut prize money case.

A sergeant of the 7th cavalry comes to the defence of Maj. Reno in the Custer massacre through the columns of the Pioneer Press.

Father Hyacinth's marriage, according to a recent decision of the court of Cassation, in another case will probably be null and void.

Josh Billings says that any man who can swap horses and catch fish and not lie about it is as plum as they ever get to be in this world.

A St. Louis paper says that the Chicago women are so homely that fish won't live within three miles of their bath house on the lake shore.

Why is a man persistently importuned by a book agent like a man who has fallen from a ship into the sea? Because he's a man overbored.

An eastern clergyman was recently telling a marvelous story, when his little girl said, "now, pop, is that really true, or is it just Beecher?"

Have yer got any more of that ere sweetened salve, mister? was the delicate way a rural visitor asked for the fourth plate of chocolate ice-cream.

Within five days after the news reached the Island of Cypress that it had passed into the hands of the English, real estate advanced six hundred per cent.

We heard of a drunken man lately who ran against a barber's pole, and thinking it was his wife commenced to abuse her for wearing striped stockings.

Seventy sermons were recently stolen from the room of a theological student at Rochester, N. Y. seminary, leaving the poor candidate for pulpit honors bankrupt.

A San Francisco woman having no faith in books carried around $2,400 in her bustle; thus her bills were always in arrears although her assets were within reach.

Wendall Phillips, Caleb Cushing, James Parton and R. S. Spofford's names are prominent among those who have petitioned Ben Butler to run for governor of Mass.

E. H. Alden, present Indian agent at Berthold, and L. B. Sperry, ex-agent, brand as falsehoods the stories of the Pioneer Press correspondent as far as they are concerned.

A gentleman found what he thought was a pearl, a freshly crystalized tear of the Peri in the gutter the other day but it turned out to be very common paste—Selah!

The manner of voting in corporations in England has been changed from a share basis to individuals. This action was considered a necessary curb to the grasping power of monopoly.

Rev. Joseph Cook's remarkable education cost him seventeen thousand dollars. That accounts for it, he is so filled up with his expensive education that he has no room for common sense.

"Yellow Jack" is still crowding north, and tales of suffering and woe which make the stoutest hearts quail come from various Southern cities whose fair borders are swept as by the besom of destruction.

A blundering compositor has exemplified the importance of correct punctuation. This beautiful sentiment: "Woman! without her, man would be a savage;" read as follows: "Woman without her man; would be a savage.

Mr. Jerome Marble, of Worcester, Mass., has had an excursion car built and splendidly equipped for his especial use for himself and friends. Mr. Marble and party will make a shooting tour along the N. P sometime in Sept.

The Pioneer Press of St. Paul proposes during the week of the State Fair to enlarge its proportions to twelve pages or seventy-two columns. This is evidence of journalistic enterprise commendable in the proprietors and a credit to Minnesota.

A poor cuss is plain Mr. as he gets a little forehanded he passes from a plain private to captain—he gets rich or into some little petty office and suddenly he is a full fledged colonel and after a little he is a veritable general, "a bigger man than old Grant."

Webb C. Hayes, son of the president, is about to be married to a young lady of Fremont, Ohio; Miss Hannah Boggs by name. We wish them much joy. We hope Hayes of an excellent quality will be severed from the Boggs of Ohio, and that without any bull-dozing.

The following is a sample of the compliments exchanged by Chicago and St. Louis newspapers: "When a St. Louis woman trims her corns she is not allowed to throw the parings into the street, as the garbage man insists that it is no part of his business to remove grindstones."

Capt. A. H. Bogardus, the champion wing shot of the world, and Dr. W. F. Carver, the champion rifle shot of the world, will both be at the Minnesota state fair. From present indications a series of encounters between these two champions may take place at no distant day.

A far-sighted miss of seventeen summers has concluded to marry a big man for her first husband, and a little fellow for her second, so that she can cut all the clothes of her first down, and make them over to fit his successor. Thus the hard times force home lessons of rigid economy and practical sense upon the tender nature of girlhood.

The only equivalent in the Japanese language for the English word baptism or immersion is soaking. A judicious illustration of its application is the following from the Baptist translation of the Bible into Jasanese, which greatly astonished the Japs: "In those days came John the soaker, preaching the soaking of repentance. Repent and be soaked every one of you."

Spurgeon, the great London preacher, refuses to come to America to lecture. He concludes his little letter as follows: "I should regard it as an utter prostitution of any gifts I possess if I were, as a servant of God, to use them to make money for myself in the way in which lecturers very properly do." Yours very truly,

C. H. SPURGEON.

Russian leather is made in Connecticut. Bordeaux wine is manufactured in California. French lace is woven in New York. Italian marble is dug in Kentuky. Marseilles linen is produced in Massachusetts. English cassimere in New Hampshire. Parian art comes from a shop in Boston. Spanish mackeral are caught on the New Jersey coast, and Havana cigars rolled out by the thousand in Bismarck. The question is: Is this a foreign country? Are these products foreign, or are we a snobbish nation?

The Biggest Plow in the World.

Dubuque (Iowa) Herald.

About a month ago the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad Company gave an order to the celebrated plow manufacturers, Hirshheimer & Barclay, of La Crosse, Wis., for a plow to be built according to drawing furnished, which should be the largest plow in the world. When at La Cross, the other day, we were invited to see the monster on the stocks, and to take its measurements. The plow being now ready for delivery, we give some weights and dimensions, which will enable one to form some idea of it. The share weighs 382 pounds, the mold-board 180 pounds, the beam 900 pounds, the coulter and clasp 180 pound, the clevis 60 pounds, and the standard 134 pounds. The sizes of the principal parts are: The beam is 16½ ft long, 10 inches wide and 17 inches thick; the land-slide is 9 feet by 2x5 inches, the standard 40x7x1½ inches, the mould-board is 8 feet by 26 inches, and the share 5½ feet by 12 inches. It will cut a furrow 37 inches wide, and is expected to go through any obstruction which comes in its way. The plow will be shipped to Geo. W. Sanborn, Superintendent of the Iowa and Minnesota division of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad, Mason City, Iowa, and will be used in railroad construction, the team attached to it being a locomotive. The railroad company look upon it as an experiment, but the builders are confident it will prove a success, and will vastly cheapen the ditching of railroads across our broad prairies.

St. Louis Globe Democrat: Of the total cases of *coup de sabel* reported, there were but a very few which could not be immediately traced to the use of stimulants. Somehow an impression has gained indorsement that a perspiring man can not fall before the heat. It is true that one of the earliest symptoms of prostration is the closing of the pores of the skin and an absence of perspiration. That is a symptom, and there is no more reason in trying to avert the impending by treating, by forcing an unnatural and not healthy perspiration by too lavish use of beer or whisky, than there would be in attempting to cure a case of typhoid fever, by removing the heated patient to a refrigerator.

Such use of stimulants but increases the temperature of the blood, and the stroke, when it does fall, does so with doubled force, and with the accompaniment of horrible convulsions and utter derangement of the brain.

Bismarck Weekly Tribune.

VOL. VI. BISMARCK, D. T., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 28 1878. NO. 13

W. A. HOLLEMBAEK,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGIST

DEALER IN

WINES, LIQUORS CIGARS,

STATIONERY, BLANK BOOKS, PAINTS, OILS, &C.

McLEAN & MACNIDER,

General Dealers in

Groceries, Dry Goods

BOOTS AND SHOES,

CLOTHING

HATS AND CAPS,

CROCKERY, ETC.,

Agents for

THE STUDDEBAKER WAGON.

Main St., - - BISMARCK.

Chas. M. Cushman & Co.,

DEALERS IN

LUMBER,

Paints, Oils, Glass, Paper, Putty, Nails

AND

GROCERIES

At the Lowest Prices for Cash. MAIN STREET BETWEEN FIST AND SECOND.

NORTH STAR CIGAR FACTORY,

Bismarck, D. T.

Manufacturer of

Fine Cigars,

and dealer in Imported Cigars, Fine Tobaccos Smokers' Goods, &c. A fine assortment of the best Fine Cuts. CLUM EMMONS, Proprietor.

8tf

BISMARCK AND FT. BUFORD STAGE AND EXPRESS AND U.S. MAIL

Leave Bismarck for Fort Buford and intervening points Sundays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 8 a. m., making the full trip in five days.

Stages will leave Buford on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6 a. m.

For Express, Passage or Freight apply to

J. S. WINSTON, Bismarck, D. T.

5tf

Or to LEIGHTON & JORDAN, Fort Buford.

O. S. GOFF,

PHOTOGRAPHER.

PORTRAITS AND VIEWS.

Fine Work a Specialty.

MAIN STREET, BISMARCK, D. T.

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INSURANCE!!

LIFE & FIRE!

The Mutual Life Insurance Co., OF NEW YORK.

THE ST. PAUL Fire and Marine Insurance Co.,

REPRESENTED BY

GEO. H. FAIRCHILD.

Bismarck, D. T., March 14 '78tf

Organized 1869.

Old Reliable Coulson Line,

Missouri River Transportation Co.

S. B. COULSON, General Manager. D. W. MARATTA, Gen. Superintendent.

Comprising the following first-class new and elegant Passenger Steamers, built expressly for the trade and commanded by experienced and skillful officers:

Steamers.	*Masters.*
BIG HORN,	Joe Todd.
ROSE BUD,	John Todd.
JOSEPHINE,	J. H. Maratta.
KEY WEST,	Nick Bussen.
WESTERN,	Mart Coulson.
FAR WEST,	James T. Earle.
E. H. DURFEE,	W. W. Coulson

The above steamers, with a reserve of two additional ones, will ply regularly during the season between

BISMARCK AND FORT BENTON,

Leaving Bismarck on advertised time, connecting at Fort Benton with the Great Freight Trains of Murphey Neal & Co., forming the

Renowned Montana Freight Line

through to all parts of the Territory, and the new Concord Four Horse Coaches for Helena, Bozeman, Virginia City, Deer Lodge and all intermediate points.

At Bismarck with the Northern Pacific R. R. for St. Paul and the East, and with the coaches of the N. W. Stage and Ex. Co. for the Black Hills.

The Steamer

ROSE BUD

Will leave for Cow Island and all intermediate points on Thursday August 29 on arrival of train. For further information apply at the office of the company by letter or telegraph.

D. W. MARATTA, General Superintendent, Bismarck, D. T.

1878

BAKER LINE,

(via Northern Pacific Railroad)

BISMARCK TO Ft. BENTON,

Composed of the following elegant light draught Steamers

RED CLOUD,

W. R. MASSIE, Master. AL. MAYNARD, Clerk.

NELLIE PECK,

Wm. SIMMS, Master. F. J. DENNIS Clerk.

Col. Macleod.

One of the above first class steamers will leave Bismarck every week during the season for Fort Benton and all intermediate points, offering to passengers unprecedented facilities for comfort and a quick trip, making

Close Connection

with all Stage Lines to the interior of Montana and the British Possessions.

Passage and rooms can be secured by letter or telegraph of the undersigned agents:

J. W. MOORE, 54 Clark St., Chicago.
M. W. DeWOLF, 285 Broadway, New York.
I. G. BAKER & CO., 210 Olive St., St. Louis.

H. J. KING, Bismarck, D. T.

51tf

BRICK! BRICK!

R. B. MASON,

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.

BRICK BUILDINGS ERECTED

On Short Notice and Satisfaction Guaranteed. All kinds of

BRICK AND STONE WORK

Done with Neatness and Dispatch. I have on hand a superior quality of

BRICK

which I will sell at reasonable prices. 4m4

INSURANCE.

L. B. PARTRIDGE & CO.,

BISMARCK AND YANKTON.

FIRE, MARINE AND LIFE INSURANCE.

Represent Only First Class Companies.

All Policies Issued Direct by us.

All Losses Adjusted By Us.

GEO. W. WINTER.

1tf Manager Bismarck Office.

STEINWAY PIANOS,

MASON & HAMLIN ORGANS.

New Pianos sold on

$20 MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

New Organs sold on

$5.00 MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

Time arranged to suit Purchaser.

52tf F. J. CALL.

THOS. J. SHUCK,

BISMARCK, D. T.,

Bricklaying

And Contractor for Brick and Stone Work.

CISTERNS AND CHIMNEYS

Constructed and other Jobbing done at reasonable prices. Orders solicited.

Orders left with J. A. Emmons or at Dunn's Drug Store will be promptly attended to. 1414

VEGETINE.

I will try Vegetine.

He did, AND WAS CURED.

DELAWARE, O., Feb. 16, 1877.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:—

DEAR SIR.—I wish to give you this testimony that you may know, and let others know, what Vegetine has done for me. About two years ago a small sore came on my leg; it soon became a large Ulcer, so troublesome that I consulted the doctor, but I got no relief, growing worse from day to day. I suffered terribly; I could not rest day or night; I was so reduced my friends thought I would never recover; I consulted a doctor of Columbus. I followed his advice; it did no good. I can truly say I was discouraged. At this time I was looking over my newspaper; I saw your advertisement of Vegetine, the "Great Blood Purifier" for cleansing the blood from all impurities, curing Humors, Ulcers, &c. I said to my family, I will try some of the Vegetine. Before I had used the first bottle I began to feel better. I made up my mind I had got the right medicine at last. I could now sleep well nights. I continued taking the Vegetine. I took thirteen bottles. My health is good. The Ulcer is gone, and I am able to attend to business. I paid about four hundred dollars for medicine and doctors before I bought the Vegetine. I have recommended Vegetine to others with good success. I always keep a bottle of it in the house now. I is a most excellent medicine. Very respectfully yours,

F. ANTHONI.

Mr. Anthoni is one of the pioneers of Delaware, O. He settled here in 1821. He is a wealthy gentleman, of the firm of F. Anthoni & Sons. Mr. Anthoni is extensively known, especially among the Germans. He is well known in Cincinnati. He is respected by all.

IMPURE BLOOD.—In morbid conditions of the blood are many diseases; such as salt-rheum, ringworm, boils, carbuncles, sores, ulcers and pimples. In this condition of the blood try the VEGETINE, and cure these affections. As a blood purifier it has no equal. Its effects are wonderful.

VEGETINE.

Cured Her.

DORCHESTER, MASS., June 11.

DR. STEVENS:—

Dear Sir.—I feel it my duty to say one word in regard to the great benefit I have received from the use of one of the greatest wonders of the world; it is your Vegetine. I have been one of the greatest sufferers for the last eight years that ever could be living. I do sincerely thank my God and your Vegetine for the relief I have got. The *Rheumatism* has pained me to such an extent, that my feet broke out in sores. For the last three years I have not been able to walk; now I can walk and sleep, and do my work as well as ever I did, and I must say I owe it all to your blood purifier, Vegetine. MARGERY WELLS.

VEGETINE.—The great success of the VEGETINE as a cleanser and purifier of the blood is shown beyond a doubt by the great numbers who have taken it, and received immediate relief, with such remarkable cures.

VEGETINE

Is better than any MEDICINE.

HENDERSON, KY., Dec., 1877.

I have used H. R. Stevens' Vegetine, and like it better than any medicine I have used for purifying the blood. One bottle of Vegetine accomplished more good than all other medicines I have taken. THOS. LYNE, Henderson, Ky.

VEGETINE is composed of Roots, Barks and Herbs. It is very pleasant to take; every child likes it.

VEGETINE.

Recommended by M. D.'s.

H. R. STEVENS:—

Dear Sir,—I have sold Vegetine for a long time, and find it gives most excellent satisfaction.

A. B. DE FIEST, M. D., Hazleton, Ind.

VEGETINE

Prepared by H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT. NEW YORK.

"It's only a cold," has sent thousands to premature graves. A cold stops up the avenues of the system, and disease must result. Neglected, most violent remedies must be used to remove the obstruction; taken timely, a few doses of

Tarrant's Seltzer Aperient.

will carry off naturally the cause of suffering, and save days, months or even years of suffering.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. 1212

FOR $750

We will insert a one-inch advertisement, thirteen times, in one thousand American weekly newspapers, and from good parties will accept a six months' note in settlement. Advertisement may appear three months every week, or every other week six months.

HALF INCH.....FOR $445
FOUR LINES.....FOR $280
THREE LINES.....FOR $225

For cash payment entirely in advance, five per cent. discount. No extra charge for making and sending cuts. Files may be examined in our office. For catalogue of papers and other information address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., New York.

P. S.—For an order amounting to $1000 we will give a reading notice gratis.

TO HAVE GOOD HEALTH THE LIVER MUST BE KEPT IN ORDER.

For Pamphlet address Dr. Sanford, New York.

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco

Awarded *highest prize* at Centennial Exposition for *fine chewing qualities and excellent and lasting character of sweetening and flavoring.* The best tobacco ever made. As our fine strip trade-mark is closely imitated on inferior goods, see that *Jackson's Best* is on every plug. Sold by all dealers. Send for sample, 20c., to C. A. JACKSON & Co., Mfrs., Petersburg Va.

PIANO Beautiful Concert Grand Pianos, cost $1,600, only $425. ORGAN Superb Grand Square Pianos, cost $1,100, only $255. Elegant Upright Pianos, cost $800, only $155. New Style Upright Pianos $112.50. Organs, $35. Organs 12 stops, $72.50. Church Organs, 16 stops, cost $390, only $115. Elegant $375 Mirror Top Organs only $105. Tremendous sacrifice to close out present stock. New Steam Factory soon to be erected. Newspaper with much information about cost of Pianos and Organs, SENT FREE. Please address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.

$7 A DAY to Agents canvassing for the Fireside Visitor. Terms and outfit Free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

Fancy Cards, Snowflake, Damask, assorted in 25 styles with name 10 cents. Nassau Card Co. Nassau, N. Y.

Wm. Kelly, SHOEMAKER,

6th Street, Bismarck, D. T. Opposite Custer Hotel.

Fine work for ladies or gents a specialty. Repairing neatly and quickly done. Orders from abroad will receive prompt attention. n15v3tf

JOHN MASON.

WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS AND BILLIARDS,

AT THE OLD STAND, MOORHEAD, MINN.

Headquarters for Army and Missouri River People. 10tf

Sherman House,

FARGO, D. T.

One block west of post office and U. S. Land Office. Opposite Railroad Depot.

10tf T. MARTIN, Proprietor.

1878. ESTABLISHED 1872

COMPLIMENTS OF

James A. Emmons, Wine and Liquor Merchant, Bismarck, D. T.

Dakota Politics.

The Democratic Convention which meets at Yankton to-day, if it acts wisely, may name the next delegate to Congress. Though Judge Bennett is an able man and under other circumstances would be considered the strongest candidate that could have deen nominated, there is a bitter opposition to him in the Hills and many of the Republicans of that locality will oppose him to the bitter end, while much opposition will crop out in Yankton and other portions of the Territory. This section, however, will, no doubt, give him a hearty support unless Capt. Maratta should be nominated by the Democrats in which case it will be difficult to hold the Republican vote for Mr. Bennett.

The feeling in the Hills is best shown by the following letter to the writer from a prominent Republican in the Black Hills. We hesitate, however, to give it lest our motives should be misunderstood, but if the position taken be not true, the quicker it is understood the better. If it is true Republicans should be warned of their danger and be prepared to meet it. The letter is as follows:

CENTRAL CITY, D. T., Aug 14.—Inasmuch as I do not expect to attend the meeting of the Republican Territorial Convention at Yankton in consequence of business pressure here, I take the liberty of addressing you a few lines upon the status of our party affairs in this county. Judge Bennett, though court and outer officials in our midst, and with the aid of a clique flourishing upon the substantial benefits of judicial favors bestowed upon them, succeeded in bulldozing a majority of the precincts in this county at the primaries for the election of delegates to our late county convention. In Lead City, one of the largest camps in the Hills, the Bennett faction succeeded, by beginning before the hour fixed, in getting control of the organization of the meeting. Finding the voters were coming in and that the tide was heavily against them they summarily closed the poll after it had been open not to exceed ten minutes: Closed the poll at a time when there were twenty-five anti-Bennett voters inside the room and twice that number outside demanding a chance to vote. By this means they *counted* a majority for their ticket of from three to ten votes. At Gayville members of the same clique called the meeting to order before the time fixed, and with but five to six persons present elected four delegates to the county convention. At the proper hour some fifty voters came to the place of voting to learn that the primary election was over and the delegates chosen. In Central City we opened the poll ten minutes after the time appointed, one o'clock, and two judges kept the poll open *over three hours*, made a list of voters, conducted matters orderly, and fairly and polled 302 votes. Of these the highest vote on the Bennett ticket was 62, showing a majority of 238 votes against Bennett. The precincts of Central and Galena sent anti-Bennett delegates to the county convention and in these precincts there was a fair and orderly election. Taking the aggregate of all the votes cast in the county at the primaries, notwithstanding the Bennett frauds, and there was cast against Bennett a majority of one hundred and fifty votes. The feeling against this man is something that cannot be compromised. It is based upon a belief in the minds of a majority of Republicans that he is corrupt, partial and prejudiced as a judge. His nomination, if made, will have the effect to divide the party here, not only as to the vote for delegate, but, I fear, upon county officers also. I am aware that your position may be such before the convention that you may feel a delicacy about stating these matters to members of the convention, and you are aware also that I am personally opposed to Bennett, but it is right that members of the convention should know the exact facts and condition of things here before making a choice. I feel convinced that I have in no wise misrepresented the case. It may be that some representatives of the anti-Bennett delegation may attend at Yankton. I fear, owing to the great distance, they will not, therefore have written you at length.

Our Republican voters will unite upon any one of the prominent candidates except this man Bennett.

Should Bartlett Tripp be nominated by the Democrats he will take largely from the Republican vote in southern Dakota, and should the dissatisfied Republicans in the Hills choose to support him the Republicans of the territory will find that they must be up and doing.

As we have before remarked, bolting is disastrous to localities as well as to individuals. The apportionment in the Republican convention will be made on the basis of the vote cast this fall for delegate, and those localities which bolt, if any do, will find that their representation in the next convention will be reduced in proportion as their Republican vote is reduced, and we doubt if this locality or the Black Hills can afford to sacrifice the future for present gains, or to punish a candidate that is personally objectionable.

EXTENSION OF THE NORTH PACIFIC.

The writer met Mr. Chas. B. Wright, president of the North Pacific railroad, yesterday, and from him learned the following interesting facts:

The contract for the extension of the North Pacific two hundred miles west of Bismarck will be let within ten days, and the work of getting out ties, bridge timber, &c., will immediately commence. The ties, timber and iron will be forwarded during the fall and winter, and crossed on the ice, together with the necessary rolling stock. It has not yet been determined whether grading will be commenced this fall, but it probably will be the object being to put the Yellowstone division in running order in time for fall Montana business.

Engineers are now at work locating the line from Minneapolis and Sauk Rapids, and grading on this line will commence within ten days. That section may be completed yet this fall. It surely will be early next spring.

The lands west of the Missouri will be put on the market as fast as sections of ten miles of road is completed, and at very low rates—certainly at $2.50 per acre—the object being to realize funds for construction from sales of land.

Five townships west of the Missouri, three on the Missouri, and two up the Heart river will be surveyed this fall—in fact work on the survey has already commenced.

The importance of this work to Bismarck can scarcely be realized. Things will just boom here another season.

One word more. The extension of the North Pacific also involves a line of road to the Black Hills. The Union Pacific will surely meet it by building a line to the Hills, which may be anticipated by the North Pacific by extending their line to the Hills as well as to the Yellowstone next season. The Chicago & Northwestern will also be forced to extend its road from Lake Kampeska to Bismarck, for they will seek to divide at this point the trade of the great Northwest. It's business now, surely.

The statement made in a dispatch from Yankton to Chicago papers charging Col. Parker with purposely delaying the announcement of the vote when it was believed Judge Kidder had 72 votes, in the recent territorial convention, does a worthy gentleman injustice. Judge Kidder's highest vote during the last ballott was 69, and there was no unnecessary delay in the announcement of the vote. The rush for Bennett when it seemed certain that Kidder would be nominated took the form of a regular stampede, and however unsatisfactory to some the result may prove to be it was fair.

A fearful hailstorm visited Fargo and vicinity Monday evening, commencing about 15 minutes past 6 o'clock p. m. It came from the northwest. A high wind prevailed at the same time which sent the hailstones, some of which were the size of goose eggs, rattling and banging through the glass windows at a lively rate. Scarcely a whole light of glass is left in Fargo on the north side of buildings. The tin roof of the new brick block torn off, several buildings demoralized, and signs, awnings and light material summarially disposed of. Nothing here at Bismarck betokened the war of the elements transpiring in our neighboring city. Here everything was quiet and peaceful. It was a fine afternoon and evening followed by a pleasant night and morning. The night passenger train from Fargo was delayed until 11 p. m. but came in on time, making up the entire four hours. The side of the sleeper facing the north looks as though it had passed through the Pittsburgh riots. No human lives were lost as we can learn although five horses were killed in a stable which was demolished. Violent storms have prevailed below this season but this is the only severe storm which has visited Dakota.

In the article on the inside of to-day's TRIBUNE in relation to the convention, there will be found numerous typographical errors as the article was put to press before the writer could see the proof, but the meaning is apparent and explanations can hardly do justice to the subject.

The platform, which is in every respect admirable, adopted by the republican territorial convention is crowded out this week for want of room but will appear next week.

The Deadwood Times and Pioneer heartily support the nomination of Judge Bennett and express the belief that he will carry the full republican vote of the Black Hills.

The Grand Forks Plaindealer standheartily by the nomination of Judge Bennett and says he will receive the full republican vote in that locality.

From Eastern dispatches we learn that the President will visit Bismarck.

SCHURZ AND THE ARMY.

A Drag Net Circular Issued by the Former to the Agents of the Indian Bureau.

Minneapolis Tribune.

It is evident that there is going to be a very bitter fight this winter between the Interior and War Department of the transfer of the Indian Bureau. Secretary Schurz is secretly nursing evidence to be used against the War Department. The following secret circular has been forwarded to all Indian agents for full reports. This circular has been forwarded from the frontier to private sources here. It is equivalent to an order to Indian agents to hatch up everything scandalous that can be brought against the army. The circular is as follows:

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 9, 1878.—SIR: Please furnish this office, as early as possible, with the information sought in the following questions, to which you will refer by numbers.

1 Have soldiers ever been stationed near or upon the reservation under your charge? What is the nearest point to your agency at which soldiers are now stationed? At what distance from the agency?

2 What aid have you received from the military in the management of agency affairs and the control of your Indians?

3 In what way and to what extent have education, morality, self support and good order among your Indians been promoted by the military?

4 What benefit has accrued to the service through the inspection by military officers of supplies and annuity goods, and of beef cattle?

5 What aid has been rendered by the military in recovering cattle and horses stolen from your Indians, in arresting liquor sellers, unlicensed traders, intruders and parties selling arms and ammunition?

6 What has been the effect upon your Indians of their proximity to the soldiers?

7 Have you any evidence as to the parentage of any half-breed children upon your reservation being chargeable to either officers or soldiers of the army? If so state the number of such children.

8 Do you know of false representations relative to affairs at your agency having been made by the military authorities? If so, state the facts and circumstances.

9 Have your Indians rebelled against the authority of the whites within the last three years? If so, what were the inciting causes?

10 How often within the three years have you been obliged to call upon the army for assistance, and for what purpose?

11 Under the same circumstances would you now call on the military or would you rely upon your police?

12 Does the present system of Indian police do away to any extent to the necessity for a military force on your reservation?

13 State, if you can, the wars in which your Indians have been engaged, when and where they occurred, the causes which led to them, the number of soldiers engaged in fighting the Indians, the number of Indians and whites killed, the amount of property destroyed, and the cost of the war in money.

14 What attempts were made to bring about a peaceful settlement of the difficulties, and what was the effect of the war on the Indians?

15 Have the Indians now under your care been at any time under charge of a military officer? If so, what knowledge have you as to the management of agency affairs during that period, the amount of money disbursed, and the progress made by the Indians in education, virtue and self support?

16 Give such reliable information as you have in regard to the care of Indian prisoners while held in custody by the military.

17 State any facts within your knowledge bearing upon the question of the military management of Indian affairs.

Very respectfully,

WM. M. LEEDS, Acting Commissioner.

A Six-Year-Old's Idea of Things.

A little fellow in this city, who has seen scarce half a dozen summers, and at whose home teas have been kept but for a few weeks, visited a neighbor a day or two since, to get company in his play, where he was informed that his oft-time playmate was suffering from chicken-pox. The lady of the house, in tones of curiosity not a little tinctured with solicitude, asked the little fellow if they had had the chicken-pox over to his house, and was much amused at the reply, with all gravity: "No; we haven't had our hens long enough yet."

A Suspicious Couple.

Winnebago City Press.

This spring a man living near Albert Lea went into Iowa for a short visit, and returning home his wife refused to receive him back until he had made oath that he had been true to her during his absence. The husband then refused to live with her until she had made a similar affidavit. They went to Albert Lea where the necessary affidavits were prepared and executed, after which material relations were established, and peace and happiness prevails in their home.

THE YELLOW DEATH.

A Stricken Hamlet—Granada Still in the Unrelenting Grasp of the Fearful Scourge—Panic Completing What the Terrible Malady Leaves Undone—The Situation Monday.

N. Y. Special Telegram Minneapolis Tribune.

A Times special from Grenada says that yesterday was the ninth day since the fever began to rage, and of the cases developed—about 200 in all—not one has given a symptom of improving. All the patients have been seized with great suddenness. Each has had medical attendance and nursing, and still 74 deaths are recorded as having occurred up to this morning. The town is not merely desolate. It is so devastated that its condition is one of

PITIFUL HORROR.

No one is seen in the streets except the undertakers, physicians and nurses going on their hopeless and ghastly errands. In every house almost, a "body" is waiting for burial—not that there is any ceremony. A man is taken with the fever, lies down exhausted, falls into a state of collapse or delirium, and in a few hours is wrapped in the blankets in which he died and hurried to the burial-place. The burial-service is omitted, for the living have no time to think of other services than those to the sick.

THE CLERGY

have stood nobly in their places, the Rev Mr. McCracken, of the Episcopal church, being constantly on duty as nurse and counsellor of the sick. Until last night there was no fear evinced by the nurses. Twelve deaths occurred in 24 hours, and the poison seemed more virulent in its action than ever. In the Bristol Hotel there were twelve inmates. The fever was among them, seven cases having appeared. Among the sick was Mayor Conley, whose family were in the same house. He was prostrated Friday night. Before that he had been

ONE OF THE BRAVE MEN,

determined to outface the pestilence. His son-in-law, Atwood Wilshire, a telegraph operator, who came to assist Mr. Redding, was with Mayor Conley when he was taken sick. The mayor's nerve gave out suddenly. He went to his room, lay down, and declared it was all over for him, as the fever was upon him. He rapidly became worse, and in his delirium tore the bed clothes to pieces. He died early this morning. His daughter, Mrs. Wilshire, wife of the telegraph operator, and her two lovely little children were in the house, but had not taken the infection, and Mrs. Wilshire was not less brave about it than her husband.

SHE DID NOT KNOW OF HER FATHER'S DEATH,

or of that of her brother, Don Conley, ten years old, who died last night. Mr. Wilshire left the place this morning with his wife and two children. He took them to Holly Springs. That place is still healthful, fortunately, notwithstanding it has been made a welcome asylum to Grenadians. Wilshire declared this morning that he would return to Grenada in the afternoon, as he must be near his mother and sister, who are both sick, and will probably die.

THE DEATHS AT THE BRISTOL HOUSE

last night were five, being Mayor Conley, his son, Miss Kate Clark, Miss Bristol, and a Mrs. Moore from the country. Dr. Gilespie, a faithful physician, died this morning. He was sick about fifteen hours. It is believed he could have resisted the disease physically, but his system had been so prostrated by hard work that his nerves were unstrung. He was at the telegraph office yesterday, when he made several attempts to write a dispatch to inform some one of his death. He spoiled a number of blanks before he succeeded, and then went away, having told Mr. Wilshire that he was afraid exposure had fastened the disease upon him

THE NEXT THING

heard of him was his death. Only one case has been so sudden as to prostrate its victim—Mr. Redding in the streets. The occasion for a panic yesterday—besides the general tendency of the disease to become swifter and more malignant—was the prostration of the nurses of the Howard Association of Memphis, and the report circulated quickly that the blacks were dying, and that six who were sick would not recover. The remaining colored people hastened to pack a few things, load ox-wagons and other vehicles, and started for the country. With six nurses down with the fever, the sick likely to die unattended, the situation becomes

MORE ALARMING

than it has been. Already deaths have occurred under nurses who had more than one patient to attend. They would leave one to visit another, and find the first patient dead on returning. The number of nurses is so small that sufferers sometimes cry piteously for water and no one answers them. As frequent drink in small quantities is almost essential to induce perspiration, this deprivation must continue. It is a fearful fate that stares the three-score of white people of Grenada in the face, and there seems to be no probability that it will be avoided. Dr. Meadeville, who came from Port Eads to devote himself to the Grenada patients, said the disease was

SO VIRULENT AS TO ASTONISH HIM.

"God knows," said he, "that this is terrible. I have seen the fever at Brunswick, at New Orleans, at Memphis in 1873, at Shreveport, and I have never seen anything that can for an instant be compared with this."

QUICK WORK.

Standing Wheat Converted Into Bread in Less Than Five Minutes.

Carolton (Mo.) Democrat.

The last sensation occurred last Thursday, when about 50 men were present by invitation to see Jim Lawton beat his own time of two years ago, when his wife had bread baked in eight and a quarter minutes after the wheat was standing in the field. At 10 o'clock the Buckeye Reaper, drawn by Cy Burnett's dun mules, stood at the corner of the growing wheat, machine in gear, ready for a start. Men were stationed every few feet along the line of grain ready to seize an armful as it fell from the reaper, and rush with it to the thresher close by, which, under the direction of veteran drivers, was getting under way for business. At the mill, just 16 yards away, Lawton stood at the window watching the moment when McCaw, on the swiftest horse in the county, should start from the thresher with the grain, while Mrs. Lawton and her neice, Miss Alice, had all the preparations made to make griddle cakes and biscuits in the shortest possible time. At the drop of the hat the dun mules sprang to the work, and in one minute and 15 seconds the threshed wheat, about a peck, was in the sack and on the horse and the race commenced for the mill. There were two bridges to cross, and the excited spectators could only see a column of dust, hear a couple of taps on the plank bridges as the horse flew over them at lightning speed, and the wheat was delivered to Lawton in the mill. In 2 minutes 17 seconds the flour was delivered to Mrs. Lawton, and in 3 minutes and 50 seconds from the starting of the reaper the first griddle cake came from the hands of Miss Alice, was gobbled by a dozen eager hands and—that was the last of it. In 4 minutes and 37 seconds from the starting of the reaper, according to the best double timer stop-watch in the country, a pan of biscuits was delivered to the hungry crowd by Mrs. Lawton, and that was the last seen of them. Then other pans of delicious biscuits were baked more at leisure, and boiled ham and "one minute biscuit" formed a sandwich it was right hard to beat, and then, as it would be impossible for a Western gathering of any kind to be worthy the name without a speech of some kind, Mr. Smiley proposed that Gen. Shields make a speech, which he did in those incomparably graceful words of his that fill even so prosaic a proceeding as grinding wheat with a poetry of eloquence. Then Lawton, in his modest way, had to say something and he made a little speech, which was heartily applauded as well as that of Gen. Shields, and the party separated.

Happy Man.

An exchange says: "There is a man up in our country who always pays in advance for his paper. He has never been sick a day in his life; Never