Daily Press and Dakotaian.

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TELEGRAPHIC.

4 O'clock, a. m.

CINCINNATI.

The Next President Has Not Yet Been Nominated.

But He Will be Named To-Day.

The Platform Adopted and the Candidates Entered for the Race.

[illegible], Morton, Bristow, Blaine, Conkling, Hayes and Hartranft.

Their Commendable Points Ably Presented by Zealous Friends.

And the Convention Adjourns Without a Ballot.

[illegible]

Cincinnati, Ohio, June 15.—The convention was not promptly called to order [illegible]

[illegible]

CALLED TO ORDER.

The [illegible] At 11 a. m. President [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

A motion to strike out the resolution involving the question of Mongolian immigration, was lost, yeas 215; nays, 53.

[illegible]

Mr. Cowan, amid great [illegible] and repeated interruptions, withdrew his motion.

CREDENTIALS.

The report of the committee on all points save the Alabama case was then adopted.

THE ALABAMA CONTEST.

The question recurring on the Alabama case, Eusure replied to the argument of the minority report. The minority report claimed that the majority had no facts to sustain their report; the minority had presented an overwhelming array of the facts to sustain their report and the majority couldn't dispute them.

Mr. Atkins, of Georgia, followed for the minority report. The claim of irregularity is the origin of a movement out of which, [illegible] and by natural [illegible] came the election of the Spencer delegation. The speaker warned the [illegible] that if they were going to fight out the old Greely battles in the south, farewell to republican success. (Applause and hisses).

Wisconsin moved the previous question, which being sustained, the question was stated first on the adoption of the minority report. The roll of states was called and the vote resulted, yeas 354; nays 375; total 729; so the minority report was rejected. The question recurring on the adoption of the majority report, it was carried in the affirmative, few dissenting.

THE PLATFORM.

Hawley, of Connecticut, from the committee on resolutions, reported. He opened with congratulations on the part of the republican party, since under providence, it had redeemed the country of slavery and established a government by the people for the people, we renew and re-affirm our opposition to further grants of lands for railroad purposes; urges duty to protect immigration; suggested very moderate resolution relative to inquiry into the effect of Mongolian immigration on moral and political grounds; favored respectful consideration of woman's claims to participation in the government; re-affirmed duty of suppressing polygamy; duty to soldiers recognized; deprecated sectional strife or any thing reviving the animosity of the war; arraigned the democratic party as the same in character and spirit now as when it sympathized with, and was allied to treason, and accused it of being unworthy and incapable. Grant deserves the continued gratitude of the people for his patriotism and services.

THE CHINESE QUESTION.

Pierce, of Massachusetts, moved to strike out the reference to Mongolian immigration. He denounced it as a departure from every republican platform and of the principles of the declaration of independence and the [illegible] which makes all [illegible] equal.

[illegible]

Dutcher, of New York, urged a careful consideration of the resolution to see if our free people don't need protection against the coolie labor.

Curtis, of N. Y., urged that in the beginning of a new century the republic of America should not depart from the principles of the declaration of independence. He was received with great applause.

Tomlinson demanded the previous question, which was sustained. The question was taken on Pierce's motion to strike out, and resulted yeas 215; nays [illegible]; so the motion to strike out was rejected.

The resolution was then adopted.

FINANCIAL.

The question next stated was on the financial resolution.

[illegible], of Texas, from the minority of the committee on resolutions, offered as a substitute a resolution [illegible]

[illegible]

Hawley replied. He thought, in declaring principles for the government [illegible] declaration of fundamental principles, without tying us down to a certain case, but having the [illegible] [illegible] When he said resumption at the earliest moment, he meant it,

The substitute was voted down.

The resolution reported was adopted, and the whole platform was then adopted.

NAMING THE CANDIDATES.

The chair announced that the next business was the nomination of candidates. (Great applause).

A motion to adjourn was made and vociferously objected to.

A question put to adjourn until 10 to-morrow, was lost.

Kellogg came instructed by his delegation to present the name of

MARSHALL JEWELL

for president. He briefly stated his record.

MORTON.

Thompson, of Indiana, said he was instructed by the entire republican party, of Indiana, to put before the convention the name of

OLIVER P. MORTON,

as a suitable nominee for president of the United States. They knew him to be a worthy representative of the principles on which the republican party has ever and must always stand. He was equal to every crisis during the darkest hour of the rebellion, and equal to every crisis since. He denied that Morton is physically unfit for the position. True he has been afflicted in his legs, but it don't need legs to make a president. His head and heart are sound.

Pinchback, of Louisiana, seconded Morton's nomination, in the name of all truly loyal people of his state. He referred to him as a man of spotless integrity, matchless courage, and broad Catholic views. His election would strike terror to the Moslems in the south who are driving away capital, persecuting her loyal people, and murdering them.

BRISTOW.

Gen. Harlan, of Kentucky, came forward amid the greatest applause exhibited in the convention, to nominate B. H. Bristow, in obedience to the instructions of the entire republican party of his state. The announcement of his name was the signal for another tremendous round of applause.

From the earliest period of his manhood he had been true to the great principles dear to the heart of every republican. Instantly, when the war broke out, he announced his determination to stand by the Union, come what might. He followed his words by entering the military service, and subsequently supporting the cause with equal zeal in the legislature.

Judge Poland, of Vermont, seconded the nomination. He said a large proportion of the people in his state belonged to the republican party.—That unlike almost any other state, Vermont had not a candidate of its own, but has a deep interest in the work of this convention. One boast of the democracy is, they go into the contest with a united south in their favor. This is probably true, as it needs only a comparatively small [illegible] of the northern vote to restore the dominion of the country again into the hands of those who sought to break up the Union. Vermont and Kentucky came into the Union together, and he hoped they would stand together for victory with Bristow.

Curtis, of New York, next took the platform amid loud and long applause. On behalf of that vast body of republicans of New York, who have seen that reform impossible within the republican party, because they have seen the heavy side of the government drawn upon thieves, he rose to second the nomination of Bristow. He pointed out the great occasion for reform; referred to Bristow as the one who could at this time embody the sentiment of the country in behalf of such reform. In conclusion he said, if this is not to be the last successful convention of the republican party, it must go into the canvass with these cries:

First—Absolute protection of all rights of citizens everywhere.

2d—The [illegible] of hard money and the [illegible] return to it.

3d—[illegible]

[illegible]

Richard H. [illegible], of Massachusetts, also seconded Bristow's nomination. [illegible] to carry Massachusetts [illegible] November.

BLAINE.

When Blaine was called [illegible]

[illegible]

Loring, of Illinois, took the platform. He [illegible] satisfied with the loyalty of Bristow, but if Massachusetts cannot carry any candidate of this convention, he was not satisfied with the loyalty of Massachusetts. If it cannot carry by 75,000 majority, they ought to sell out Faneuil Hall for a democratic hall. [Applause, and a voice "move the monument from Bunker Hill."] He urged that the party demanded a man who knows enough to know that the national debt must be paid through the prosperity of the American people; that money must be made by law, and not by labor.

Nothing could be more effective than the speaker's statement of the requirements of the people and the republican party, growing out of the necessities of the hour. Each sentence was forcibly emphasized, and elicited rounds of applause.

His announcement of

JAS. G. BLAINE

was the signal for another scene of tremendous excitement.

To desert him now would be like an army deserting its general. In the name of the government, her great defenders and supporters, her soldiers living or in the skeleton clutch of Andersonville and Libby, Illinois nominates that prince of parliamentarians, the leader of leaders, James G. Blaine.

Turner, of Ga., related his journey through the country, where he found Blaine's name was talismanic. He referred to the name of the defender of the outraged people of Louisiana, but believed that the name of Blaine would arouse the people of this great country as that of Morton will not. He eulogized Blaine's record in eloquent, impassionate terms, but elicited strong tokens of dissent and displeasure when he uttered a sentence to the effect that the republican party was bleeding and dead from democratic victory, before Blaine, in the halls of congress, came to the rescue.

Frye, of Maine, followed in support of Maine's idol son. Whoever is nominated by this convention he will carry Maine by 20,000 majority.

CONKLING.

When New York was called, Woodford advanced to the platform and in obedience to the injunction of the New York state convention, presented the honored named of

ROSCOE CONKLING,

broad in culture, eloquent in debate, wise in council, [illegible] in leadership, true to the old republican party. He needs neither defense nor eulogy. He is a positive quantity in the body politic. He characterized him as a true friend of Ulysses S. Grant. Let us nominate a president with our heads and not our hearts.

HAYES.

Governor Noyes, on behalf of Ohio, presented the name of

GOV. R. HAYES,

one who is well known and greatly beloved by Ohio. He had defeated successively Thurman, Pendleton and Wm. Allen. He has got in the habit of beating democrats, and from force of habit will do it once again if nominated. He is brave, honest, unpretending, wise, sagacious, scholarly, and a gentleman. In him you will have a candidate on whom all [illegible] can unite, [illegible] his nomination in the [illegible] and [illegible] for the [illegible] of success.

HARTRANFT.

Bartholomew, of Pa., presented the name of Gov. Hartranft, amid [illegible] applause. He did not claim him as superior intellectually to the other candidates, but he knows enough and will listen to good, sound and sensible advice. He is the chosen leader of Pennsylvania republicans.

ADJOURNED.

On motion of Cumback, of Indiana, the convention adjourned till to-morrow morning.

Congressional.

Washington, June 15.—The house refused to concur in the senate amendments to the legislative appropriation bill.

A conference [illegible] [illegible], Whiting [illegible] and Representatives [illegible] and [illegible].

[illegible]

[illegible]

Washington, June 15.—General Belknap's counsel, after a full consultation, concluded to decline pleading in any further plea to the articles of impeachment, [illegible] at the last session of the court. This it is expected will be followed by a further order or motion as an amendment of the order already made, requiring them to proceed with the trial upon the plea of not guilty, which the [illegible] will put in for them. They will, however, file a paper to-morrow, in which their reasons for declining to plead further is substantially set forth. They take the ground that Gen. Belknap is already substantially acquitted, inasmuch as the senate has failed to assert, by a two-thirds vote that he is impeached. The fact that he is or was an officer within the meaning of the constitution being denied by more than one-third of the body, and that fact being an essential element of a legal conviction, he can not be convicted, whatever may be the opinion of the senate on other facts of the case; nevertheless the counsel say they will be ready for trial on the 6th of July, and though their client has already been acquitted and ought in justice to be discharged, they expect confidently that he will be acquitted again. They think he ought to be spared the trouble of going through the tedious and expensive forms of another trial on another branch of the case. They have taken out subpœnas for 197 witnesses.

Bristow Wont Take the Second Place

Washington, June 15.—Secretary Bristow was at his office this morning and received many callers. He said that as he did not expect to be nominated and he would not be disappointed. Was grateful to his friends for their efforts in his behalf, and as he did not hanker after the first place, he would under no circumstances accept the second.

FOREIGN.

London, June 15.—Winslow, the Boston forger, was to-day released by the British government.

The rumor last evening that Blaine had been nominated by the Cincinnati convention proves to have been unfounded, as no ballot was had yesterday. From private sources we are led to believe that his friends are still sanguine and expect to carry him through on the third ballot to-day, though he still lacks about 76 votes of a majority. Bristow is next strongest, having from 120 to 140, and Conkling ranks third. Morton, Hayes and Conkling will not unite in favor of Bristow.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York.

New York, June 15.

Money—Easy at 2@3.

Gold—112⅞

Governments—Steady and higher.

Stocks—Steady and higher.

New York, June 15.

Flour—Low grades in fair demand.

Wheat—Inferior grades heavy, but prime is scarce and in demand for export; No. 2 Milwaukee 120@[illegible]; No. 3 do. 115; No. 2 Chicago spring 113½@116½; No. 3 do. 105@107.

Rye—Quiet.

Barley—Dull and nominal.

Corn—Good demand for export; mixed no grade [illegible]; low mixed graded 58; graded 51½; new western mixed ungraded [illegible].

Oats—Dull and in buyers' favor; western mixed and state [illegible].

Beef—[illegible]—Dull; [illegible].

Lard—Prime steam 11 [illegible]@45.

Eggs—Firm; western [illegible].

Butter—Steady; western new 13@22.

Whisky—More active on 'change, at 111.

Chicago.

Chicago, June 15.

Flour—Quiet and unchanged.

Wheat—[illegible] about ½c lower; [illegible] for July [illegible]

Corn—[illegible] lower, quiet and steady; high mixed [illegible]; No. 2, 44¾@45; closed at [illegible] for cash or June; 45½@45⅝; closed at [illegible]; rejected 39.

Oats—Steady and a shade firmer; 29⅜ for cash; [illegible] for June; [illegible] for July; rejected 24.

Rye—Steady; No. 2, 71½.

Barley—Dull; No. 2, 60.

Pork—Firm; 19 00@19 for cash; 19 02½@05 for July.

Lard—[illegible] lower; 11 [illegible]@15.

Meats—Steady; shoulders [illegible]@7½; short rib 10; short clear 10.

Butter—Fair demand; good 12@14½ good to choice dairy [illegible].

Eggs—Fairly active; [illegible]@11.

Whisky—Steady at 108.

LATER.

Grain, [illegible]—Wheat firmer; 116⅛ for July.—Corn higher; 45½ for June; 45[illegible] for July; 46[illegible] for August. Oats 29½ for cash. Pork easier; 19 00 [illegible] for July. Lard unchanged.

Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, June 15.

Flour—Quiet and steady.

Wheat—Opened weak and a shade higher, but closed easy; No. 1 Milwaukee 115¾; hard 120; No. 2 Milwaukee 109¾ for July; 107⅝ for August; [illegible]; No. 3 [illegible].

Corn—Steady; No. 2, 43.

Oats—Steady; No. 2 28¼.

Rye—Dull [illegible].

Barley—Steady; No. 2 70.

Liverpool.

Liverpool, June 15.

Breadstuffs—Steady.

[illegible] Spring [illegible]. Club [illegible]. Corn [illegible].

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AND

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