

Daily Press and Dakotian.

Vol. 3.

YANKTON, DAKOTA TERRITORY, MONDAY EVENING, MAY 21, 1877.

No. 22.

TELEGRAPHIC.

4 O'clock, p. m.

GENERAL.

Rumors of a Triple Alliance Between Germany, Austria and England.

The Hungarian Minister of Foreign Affairs is Warned not to Continue his Policy of Inactivity

The Garrisons of Alsace and Lorraine are to be Reinforced.

In Consequence of the Trouble in France.

Ku-Klux in the Border Counties of Missouri.

Foreign and Domestic News Items.

FOREIGN.

WAR ITEMS.

Paris, May 21.—A dispatch from Constantinople states that members of the Turkish chamber of deputies are quarreling, and government troubles are feared.

Some Vienna rumors are in circulation here that negotiations are pending for a triple alliance between Germany, Austria and England.

Constantinople, May 21.—English officers now here are actively engaged in surveying the defenses of this city and harbor.

The Russians are committing frightful massacres in the Caucasus.

London, May 21.—A dispatch from Pesh, Sunday, says in a remarkable article: In the Restler, Lyod, the minister of foreign affairs, is warned not to continue any longer his policy of inactivity. Prompt action is urged for an efficient protection of the frontier. The anxiety with which events on the lower Danube are watched in Hungary, finds a true expression in this article, although confidence in Count Andranzy is yet unshaken. General uneasiness felt on account of the equivocal attitude of the government has reached a high pitch.

A special from Erzeroum of Saturday describing the attack on Andahan, says the efforts of the Russians commenced with a heavy artillery fire, which was as hotly returned. This was followed by impetuous infantry attacks, which was repulsed to every time with great slaughter. Under orders, apparently to obtain success somewhere at any cost, the troops were led back to the assault after each failure, until the night stopped the carnage. From Kars we have intelligence that yesterday the Russians attacked the outer line with a furious determination, having preceded their attempt by a heavy but ill-directed cannonade from siege artillery. Powerful guns in the Turkish batteries replied with better effect. The duel was vigorously maintained till the Russians brought up columns of infantry as close as they dared to, fortifying, apparently, for the purpose, if possible, of taking the place by storm. The Ottoman commander observing this, drew together a large body of troops behind the ramparts, and launched a tremendous sortie upon the Russian flank and rear, under the shock of which many were obliged to retreat into disadvantageous positions. A bloody engagement followed at close quarters, and at its termination the Russians were obliged to retreat, beaten, and leaving upon the field three hundred corpses and a large number of wounded. There was a slight encounter, meantime, between the cavalry without any special result.

Athens, May 18.—The new Greek ministry is disposed to adopt a warlike policy. The people it is believed will support the ministry.

St. Petersburg, May 21.—Grand Duke Michael telegraphs from Tiflis, May 20, as follows: "Along the coast from cape Adler to cape Ptobenthyr, Turkish monitors are bombarding and burning ferries."

London, May 21.—The News, Bucharest despatch, says every day makes it more obvious that the Russians are in no hurry to cross the Danube. All present indications tend to the impression that no crossings further west than Hirsua, are intended to be attempted before early in June, and probably not before the czar reaches the army headquarters, about the 17th proximo, thus enabling him to witness the crossing of the main column.

Vienna, May 21.—Roumanian and Russian authorities issued a decree, Friday prohibiting all traffic on the Danube. This completely paralyzes a large portion of Hungarian trade. Andraszy has decided to take immediate steps against such measures being carried out, although he will doubtless be joined by other powers, he will not want for their cooperation.

Paris, May 21.—The La France asserts that in spite of efforts of the powers, the Hellenic cabinet is about to send a note to the porte demanding amelioration of the condition of the French provinces in Turkey.

A Times Berlin despatch says that in consequence of the supposed appointment of a semi-ultramontane cabinet in France spoken of before, reinforcement of the Alsace, and Lorraine Garrisons is likely to be carried into effect. The increase will probably amount to 10 or 12,000 in Alsace Lorraine and 6,000 in the country between Restadt, Mayence, and Coblenz. This makes the forces in western Germany equal to those in northwestern France. There is no anxiety as to president MacMahon's immediate intentions, yet its apprehended that the Ultramontane members of the new government may eventually prevail over Duke DeCazes and induce a more active period in the foreign affairs of France.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SHALL NOT BE USED.

New York, May 21.—The World says it is understood that the attorney general has been influenced to decide that Tweed's testimony shall not be used in pending or future suits. It is asserted that General Sickles, retained by Sweeney and Senator Woodin, has been in frequent consultation with Tilden, as has also been the attorney general.

SUSPENSION.

New York, May 21.—At a meeting of coal producers and carriers, to-day, it was agreed to suspend mining from the 15th of June to the 12th of July.

KUKLUX.

St. Louis, May 21.—The St. Louis Republican this morning calls editorial attention to the fact that organizations of lawless men exist in several border counties of Missouri and Arkansas, who called themselves "Ghouls," but are most familiarly known as Kuklux, whose chief purpose is to run and protect small illicit distilleries in the mountains, and kill, or whip or otherwise punish all persons who oppose them and show any disposition to enforce the law. There is a reign of terror in these counties.

FINANCIAL TROUBLES.

New York, May 21.—Advices from Peru to April 28, state there was a very uneasy feeling in financial circles and fears of a crash were entertained. Senior Pedro Berlales, banker and merchant, had failed for one million and a half soles. It is reported others would be involved in failure. Associated banks were thought to be in a precarious condition.

FIRES.

TOTALLY DESTROYED.

Norfolk, Va., May 21.—The town of Creswell, N. C., was totally destroyed by fire Friday night last. All United States mails in the postoffice were destroyed. The greatest distress prevails. There was but little insurance.

WASHINGTON.

Washington, May 17.—Secretary of the treasury will to-day issue a call for ten million bonds for syndicate, being the 47th call.

TERRIBLE STORM.

Washington, May 21.—A severe storm, accompanied by thunder and lightning, passed over this city last night doing considerable damage in the northwestern part. Houses were unroofed, fences, trees and telegraph poles blown down and carriages and wagons overturned and demolished.

WISHING TO ADVERTISE.

The postmaster general desires newspapers wishing to advertise in his department, to send to the chief clerk, W. H. Knapp, the amount of circulation, regular rates for square and how much discount.

France and Germany.

One of the most noteworthy and significant events of the present troublous times in Europe was the recent speech of Gen. Von Moltke, the great Prussian military leader, in the German parliament. The debate was on the war estimates, which included a grant for 105 new captivities, which Von Moltke advocated as a measure of great necessity, in view of the complete and colossal work which was being inaugurated by France in the reorganization of her army. In his remarks, Von Moltke said that he wished for a long peace, but the times did not permit such a hope. On the contrary, the day was not far distant when every government would be compelled to strain all its strength for securing its existence, the reason being the regrettable mistrust of governments toward each other. He pointed warningly to France. The French military budget exceeded that of Germany 150,000,000 francs per year; French journals were extremely bitter in their tone; the French army was the pride of all political parties; and everything that was granted to the military received the approval of the people. He would not say if France was arming with a definite purpose, but he did not believe that peace would long be maintained. Von Moltke is prophetic. The victories of the French at Jena and Austerlitz were dimmed by the German triumphs of Gravelotte and Sedan, and the humiliating conditions imposed by the conquerors have never been forgotten nor forgiven.

Too Wet Illinois.

Springfield Telegram, 16th. The very heavy rains which have prevailed over a large part of the state for the past month are beginning to excite serious apprehension as to the effect upon the prospective corn crop. From a gentleman who returned to the city from Southern Illinois to-day, it is learned that the earth is flooded with water in Gallatin, Saline, White, Wayne, Clay, Effingham and Shelby counties. In these counties very little of the ground has been plowed, but in a few places, on high land, where corn was got in early, it is up, but is turned yellow and looks very sickly. In other parts of these counties the spring work is in every stage of preparation for the unbroken ground to seed rotting in the earth. In Christian county, as in this county, Sangamon, the weather has been so wet but little ground has been plowed, and almost no corn planted. In McLean a considerable amount of corn has been planted, but the seed has rotted, and in Livingston the weather has been such as to prevent plowing except on the highest lands. In Woodford, Tazewell and Logan counties, all except the highest lands are submerged, and in Marshall county but very little corn planting has been done. No general report from all the counties in the state is attainable here, but it is apparent from the items supplied that in the whole of the corn region as high up as Livingston crop is seriously endangered. If the rain should cease now it would be impossible to plant in less than ten days and then the immature corn would be in great danger of early frost in the fall. South of here the damage would be less, as the season is more prolonged, but north of this line the risk would of course be much greater.

A Misapprehension.

Boston Commercial Bulletin. "I think, my dear," said the president, as he took his nightshirt from under the pillow, "that we will give a dinner, by and by, and have Sherry."

"Rutherford!" said Mrs. Hayes. "—have Sherry and some of the army people," concluded the commander-in-chief, as he adroitly slipped into bed, left Mrs. H. to tuck up the baby and turn down the gas.

Scissorinkums.

Why don't somebody make a pun on Kars?—[Ex. 'Kars it can't be done.

"An inch of land is what two Portland men are having a lawsuit about." —[Philadelphia Evening Chronicle. They take an 'ell of a lot of trouble about it.

When Rutherford was asked to take a glass of wine last night he looked at a piece of twine which Mrs. H. had tied about his little finger, and said, "No, I thank you."

"How Shall We Help Ourselves?" was the title of a recent lecture by a Boston lady. "We should say with a spoon or fork, if handy; if not, and nobody's looking, take your fingers."

We do not offer this as a prize conundrum, but print it simply to show what a man can evolve from his brain when hard pushed. What is the difference between the former prime minister of England and a well known cure for hydrophobia? Well, now for it. One is a Gladstone and the other is a man stone. No bouquets, please.

A safety envelope to prevent tampering has been devised. On the flap the words "Attempts to open" are printed with a double set of chemicals, the first impression containing nutgalls and the second green vitriol. If the flap be steamed or moistened in any way the magic printing will appear.

Courtship is a very simple matter in the Andaman Islands. The bridegroom eats a certain kind of ray-fish, which gives him the appellation of "bachelor-desirous of marrying." When he is ready to take a wife he sits beside a marriageable maiden and stares at her. Then the bride's father or guardian joins the hands of the pair, and they disappear from the village, plunging into the depths of the forest, and remaining away several days.

Mary Clemmer on Puns and Pundsters.

Mary Clemmer does not think well of "Ah Sin," the new play of Mark Twain's and Brete Hartie's. The life in it is not only vulgar, but brutal, and the dialogue is chiefly remarkable for the weak puns that disfigure it. "Of all cheap things," she writes, "what is mentally so cheap as a cheap pun, far-fetched and lugged into dialogue? It is an awful test, one that no mortal can survive more than half a dozen years at longest to have the reputation of being very funny. Up to that time if sufficiently perennial he may give us fresh flowers of humor and wit; afterward it seems one endless effort to resuscitate the old.

Why Printers Die Young.

A writer fulls accounts for the reason why printers die young, and why they are continually tramping from place to place in search of peace and quietude. He says that working for forty editors and scores of authors, every one of whom is as sensitive as a sore thumb and as lively and interesting as a hornet, no wonder the printers die young, and only pachydermatous, grizzly, mulish specimens get their share of life. The writer wishes he could offer himself as an awful example of the perils which environ the man who meddles with cold type. A thoroughly trained printer should have a stepmother and then a stepfather, and have been bound out to a tanner, and then have married a scolding wife and lived in a smoky house and have had a family of babies who were afflicted with the colic. He should have added to all this discipline a thorough knowledge of science and law, languages, theology, history and biography. If, in addition, he has a vicious-looking countenance and an amiable disposition, he may stand some chance with these authors and editors; but the probabilities are, after all, that they will worry him to death. This picture will have a very depressing effect upon ambitious boys who are anxious to learn the "art preservative of arts." The picture, however, is a tolerably correct one.—Elmira Advertiser.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

WALL STREET. New York, May 21.
Money 2 per cent.
Governments—Firm.
Gold 6 1/2.
Stocks—Strong.

NEW YORK MARKET. New York, May 21.
WHEAT—Dull; No sales. No. 2 Chicago, 1 1/2; No. 2 Milwaukee 1 1/2.
CORN—Easier, new mixed western, 67 1/2; old do., 67 1/2.
OATS—Firm, mixed western; 42 1/2.
RICE—Dull; 94.
PORE—Quiet; 14 1/2.
LARD—Higher; 9 1/2.
WHISKY—112.

CHICAGO. Chicago, May 21.
WHEAT—Weak and lower; 1 1/2 for cash; 1 1/2 1/4 bid for June, 1 1/2 for July.
CORN—Weak and lower; 49 1/2 for cash; 51 for June, 51 1/2 for July.
OATS—Lower; 39 1/2 for cash.
RICE—Lower; 75.
BARLEY—Firm at 85.
PORE—Weak and lower; 14 1/2 for cash; 14 1/2 for July.
LARD—Weak and easier; 9 1/2 for cash; 9 1/2 for July.
WHISKY—107.

MILWAUKEE. Milwaukee, May 21.
WHEAT—@ 1/4 lower. No. 1 1/2; No. 2 1/4 for cash; 1 1/4 for July; No. 1 1/4 for July, No. 3 1/2.
CORN—Steady; 45c.
OATS—Steady 41 1/2.
RICE—Dull; 87.
BARLEY—81c.

PROPOSALS.

YANKTON, AGENCY, D. T., May 16th, 1877.
SEALED PROPOSALS in triplicate, with a copy of this advertisement attached, will be received at the office of the undersigned at Yankton Agency, D. T., until 12 M. of Tuesday May 29th 1877, for the delivery at Santee Agency, Neb. of the following articles, viz:
12 arithmetics (Robinsons rudiments), 12 arithmetics Robinsons first lessons, 6 bushel bran, 100 yards bed ticking, 1 doz. blueing, 4 doz. writing books, Harpers, 6 wash boards, 1 chopping bowl, 2 doz. brooms, 1 doz. scrubbing brushes, 4 dozen dusting brushes, 2 gross shirt buttons, 1 gross coal buttons, 2 gross dress buttons, 1 gross large agate buttons, 1 dozen lamp burners (2 sizes), 2 pairs carvers, 10 glass cases, 2 cases lamp chimneys, 40 yards blue and white check, 1 pound cinnamon, 1 pound cloves, 1 cow (milk), 18 dozen sewing cotton assorted, 1 dozen coarse combs, 1 dozen fine combs, 1 dozen cord stout balls, 1 dozen chalk crayons, 50 yards Gingham, 12 geographies, English and Dakota, 15 boys hats, 15 girls hats, 40 yards green Scotch Holland, 80 yards Kentucky jeans, 1 large granite iron kettle, 4 sets knives and forks, 120 pounds lard in pails, 2 bunches lacers leather, 100 yards table linen, 1 dozen mortice locks, 3 candles matches, 1 set maps, Guyots Intermediate series, 50 yards brown maulin, 24 papers needles assorted, 1 pound nutmegs, 50 gallons kerosene oil, 14 dozen dust pans, 1 dozen milk pans, 1 dozen wooden pails, 1 dozen strainer pails, 1 dozen sloop pails, 2 boxes late pencils, 5 pounds peppermint, 10 dozen clothes pins, 1 dozen plates, per tin, 5 pounds baking powder, 1 large coffee pot, 1 large tea pot, 1 dozen Sanders first readers, 1 dozen Sanders second readers, 1 dozen Sanders third readers, 1 dozen Sanders fourth readers, 25 pairs boys shoes, 25 pairs girls shoes, 80 yards cheviot shirting, 100 yards nine-four shooting, 3 dozen slates, 10 pounds laking soda, 25 pounds sal soda, 3 dozen misso stockings, 25 pounds starch, 1 large stove complete, 250 pounds A coffee sugar, 100 gallons syrup, 10 pounds tea, 1 wheelbarrow, 4 dozen lamp wicks, 50 cords wood, 500 bolts assorted, 2 tons Blossburg coal, 4 dozen files assorted, 800 pounds iron assorted, 25 pounds bar iron, 25 pounds nuts, 5 pounds rosin, 100 pounds steel assorted, 10 pounds solder, 10 pounds washers, 1 dozen Lippencott axes, 2 dozen axes handles, 400 bricks, 3 boxes glass, 2 dozen butt hinges, 3 brass stop cocks, 1 brass oiler, 100 feet ceiling 1/2 inch, 1 framing chisel 3 inch, 3 dozen chisel handles assorted, 1 dozen doors, 2 dozen door locks, 3 dozen dead locks and bronze latches, 7 dozen files, 11,500 feet flooring, 42 glass oilers, 300 pounds white lead, 4,000 feet lumber 2d clear, 1,000 feet lumber 10 and 12 inch stocks, 50 bushels lime, 20 kegs nails, 5 each, 40 No 100 2nd, 1 keg wrought nails, 30 gallons raw oil, 12 pairs plow handles, 1/2 dozen belt punches, 6 paint brushes 4 1/2 inch 1/4 in iron pipe, 25 pounds putty, 12 roof peaks, 200 feet 1/2 inch rope, 5 gallons turpentine, 1 dozen T hinges, 15 pounds rubber packing, 3 saws C point, 15,000 shingles (A), 1 set stocks and dies, 2 1/2 feet drop siding, 12 wagon tongues, 1200 pounds tar paper, 5 gallons kerosene, 1 dozen T hinges, 24 glazed windows, 500 window tops, 8 break ing plows 12 in coulters, 4 team bridges, 3 bucklers cleavers, 4 cases Frasers axle grease, 14 dozen grain cradles, best, 1 1/2 dozen grain cradles, 4 dozen grain cradles, 1 set double harness, heavy, 1/2 dozen head knives, 3 dozen pairs ox bow keys, 3 dozen ox bows, 1 dozen machine oilers, long tubes, 1 barrel star machine oil, 4 dozen oiltans for mowers, 700 fence posts, 5 pounds mower guard rivets, 6 pounds mower section rivets, 3 dozen wood rakes, 1/2 dozen shovels, D handles, 1 dozen spades, steel stones pointed, 8 dozen mower sections, 6 dozen scythe stones, 100 pounds fence staples, 1/2 dozen double sticks, 1/2 dozen double stirrups, 4 pounds twine, 300 bushel oats in berline.
Bids must be accompanied by a bond in the sum of one thousand dollars, with two or more sureties, approved by a U. S. judge or district attorney, for the faithful performance of the contract. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids, which may be for all or a portion of the articles named, and they must comply with the terms of this advertisement to receive consideration. Payment will be made by certified voucher, and all goods must be delivered at the Santee Agency within 15 days after the approval of the contract.
JOHN G. GAMMANN,
U. S. Indian Agent.

may 7-dim15
PEIR & LUEBKE,
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Hides, Furs, Leather
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And all kinds of Ammunition.

Pocket and Table Cutlery, Fishing Tackle, &c.

Agents for the VICTOR SEWING MACHINE for the city of Yankton also

Agents for the LAFLIN & RAND POWDER Co
Store and Repair Shop on
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YANKTON, D. T.

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DO A GENERAL
Banking, Collection and Loan Business
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Special attention paid to collections and Remitted for Invariably on Day of Payment
Will loan money, pay taxes, and sell real estate for non-residents, on favorable terms.
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PETROLEUM FOR FUEL
IT COOKS, BAKES, HEATS FLAT IRONS AND SERVES AS AN ILLUMINATOR

OSCAR PFRETZSCHNER
has received the agency of this fuel saving, labor saving invention and has opened an exhibition and sale store on Third street between Broadway and Cedar street, in the room formerly occupied by Oliver Shannon as a law office. He

INVITES THE LADIES
to call and examine the stove and witness its operations. It will perform all the work of a wood heater at
GREATLY REDUCED COST
Is convenient to manage quick in its operations and is particularly comfortable for summer use.

BLACK HILLERS
will find it just the thing for use on the prairies. A small can will contain fuel sufficient for
A TRIP TO THE HILLS.
OSCAR PFRETZSCHNER,
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