

Daily Press and Dakotainian.

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YANKTON, DAKOTA TERRITORY, WEDNESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 7, 1880.

No. 215

THE NEWS.

Peaceful Organization of the Maine Legislature.

Seventy-Five Fusionists and One Republican in the House.

Great Excitement Prevails, But No Violent Demonstrations Made

Russia's War Preparations Begin to Attract Attention of the Powers of Europe.

FROM MAINE.

Augusta, Jan. 7.—In the house Assistant Clerk Gibbs proceeded to call the certified roll of members. Mr. Hale claimed that certain elected members of the house from cities were not on the roll, and moved that they be included. He supported his motion in a long speech.

Objections were made to the motion from the other side, and Hale was ruled out of order by the assistant clerk, who refused to put the motion, on which the republicans withdrew from participating in the proceedings.

A message was then sent to the governor and council stating that a quorum of members of the house were present ready to be qualified.

Great excitement prevailed during Hale's remarks and an uproar followed.

After the notification to the governor that a quorum was present, the governor appeared and qualified the members, and then announced that seventy-six members, being a quorum, had taken and subscribed the necessary oaths, and were regularly and duly constituted the house of representatives.

This announcement was received with wild applause from the outside. Governor Garcelon said he now put in their hands the count as well as the petition of gentlemen of certain counties claiming seats and invoked their careful consideration of the same.

Three cheers were given for Gov. Garcelon, followed by prolonged hisses.

A quorum is made of 75 fusionists and 1 republican, Eugene Hale. The fusionists not participating are Shroud of Vasil, Vater of Farmington, and Snow of Skowhegan.

John C. Talbot announced the drawing of seats. The republicans came in and took part in the drawing, and every member responded except Vater of Farmington and Snow of Skowhegan, and the disfranchised cities and towns.

Rev. Mr. Wales, of Bridgeport, representative elect, opened the session with prayer.

Assistant Clerk Gibbs called the certified roll from the secretary of state, asking the members to respond as their names were called.

The governor and council attended the senate and administered the oaths of office. The senate organized electing John D. Lawson president, A. G. Andrews, secretary, and other fusion officers nominated in caucus last night.

Boston, Jan. 7.—The Journal's Augusta special says: An immense crowd is in attendance at the state house. The rotunda, corridors, committee rooms and galleries are a perfect jam. The members elect, with certificates and without, and counted out members with all contestants are admitted to the floor of both branches; also ex-governors, members of congress, state officers, representatives of the press, &c., until the house was full.

The assembly was called to order by Assistant Clerk Gibbs.

Augusta, Jan. 7.—The state house is packed beyond precedent. Early this morning the corridors were jammed, but there were many vacant seats in the rear of the hall. The clerks called the roll at 8:45. No republicans or fusionists who have been reported as non-affiliating responded. A quorum being needed in the senate, incorrectness in the house proceedings.

Secretary Lane called the senate to order, and all members answered roll call. Senator Locke read a protest from the republican members against the senate proceeding. The secretary refused to entertain the motion and a message was sent to the governor and council informing them that the members elect of this senate were present for the purpose of being qualified.

The governor and council appeared and the oaths were administered.

Senator Locke then rendered his motion, but the secretary would not entertain it. The election of a president of the senate then began, the republicans refusing to serve on committees or participate in the election of officers.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

Washington, Jan. 7.—Mr. Pendleton gave notice of the following amendment to the senate joint resolution, known as the Bayard resolution: And said notes shall not be available for any of the reserves required to be kept by national banks, and all such reserves shall be kept in coin.

Ordered printed and referred to the finance committee.

A communication from the secretary of the interior was received, transmitting the correspondence called for by resolution of the senate of December 8, 1879, concerning the Ute Indians. Secretary Schurz says he forwards copies of all correspondence excepting two letters received from General Adams, one concerning the testimony taken by the Ute commissioners and the other touching upon further negotiations with the Utes with reference to their reservation.

The letters, the secretary says, the interests of public policy demand should be withheld from publication at present.

By unanimous consent the states were called this morning as if on Monday for bills for reference.

Mr. Chalmers introduced a bill to regulate coin certificates. It provides that holders of gold or silver bullion may deposit the same at any United States mint to be coined, and shall receive certificates for the value thereof in denominations less than five dollars, such certificates to be receivable for customs, taxes and all public dues, and be reusable; the bullion deposited to be coined as rapidly as possible and applied to the payment of the bonded debt; but there shall be always kept in the treasury gold and silver coin equal to one-third of the outstanding coin certificates to be limited to the bullion so received.

WASHINGTON.

PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATIONS.

Washington, Jan. 7.—The president has nominated Marcus W. Acheson, of Pennsylvania, district judge of western Pennsylvania, and James A. Kerns, of Pennsylvania, United States marshal of the eastern district of Pennsylvania; Jas. K. Valcott, of Pennsylvania, United States attorney for the southern district of Illinois; Jacob Wheeler, of Illinois, United States marshal for the southern district of Illinois; George W. Hascott, of Wisconsin, United States attorney for the eastern district of Wisconsin; and Jan. W. Warton, collector of internal revenue for the first district of Illinois.

A CONTESTED CASE.

Washington, Jan. 7.—The house committee on elections this morning took up the case of McCabe vs. Orth, of the 9th Indiana district, and heard arguments on the petition of McCabe to be allowed to take testimony and go on with his case. The decision to be given Tuesday next.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

New Orleans, Jan. 7.—A Lake Providence special says City Marshal Maguire, in attempting to arrest a number of flat boat men, was shot dead. Five men were arrested on suspicion and placed under guard. On Monday night several of Maguire's relatives broke into the prison and fired on the prisoners, wounding all, two mortally. The coroner's jury discovered the murderer of Maguire to be James Brown, who escaped on the skill of the men killed.

Boston, Jan. 7.—Stephen Longfellow, nephew of the poet, has been held trial for forging the name of the latter to a check for \$1,000.

New York, Jan. 7.—Postoffice station F, 401 Third avenue, was entered last night, the safe blown open and \$4,000 stolen.

Two trains on the elevated railroad came in collision to-day at Ninth avenue and Sixteenth street, and the engine and one car were smashed. No passengers or train hands hurt. The guards prevented the cars from being blown into the street.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

ARRIVAL.

New York, Jan. 7.—Arrived: Steamship Western from Bremen.

OFFER TO SELL BONDS.

New York, Jan. 7.—The sub-treasury to day received proposals to sell bonds to the government, in response to the secretary of the treasury's circular of Dec 31st, 1879, stating that he would purchase five million dollars worth. The total offering was \$7, 148,000, and were mostly from New York bankers.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Boston, Jan. 7.—The legislature organized to-day. Senator R. R. Bishop was unanimously chosen president of the senate, and C. J. Noyes, republican, speaker of the house.

FOREIGN.

A FIRE.

Sherbrook, Quebec, Jan. 7.—The large machine shop of Smith Ekis's manufacturing company burned. Loss heavy; insured.

MINISTER APPOINTED.

St Petersburg, Jan. 7.—Novic Vremia announces that Prince Liewon has been appointed minister of crown lands to succeed Woloff.

GEN. GORDON RESIGNED.

Alexandra, Jan. 7.—The Khedive has accepted the resignation of Gen. Gordon.

NEW RENT AGITATION.

Dublin, Jan. 7.—The Irish rent agitation has entered a new phase and has extended from the rural to urban localities. A movement is afloat to agitate permission, or reducing rents on the part of the poorer house holders and tenants in Dublin and other larger towns.

GERMAN AFFAIRS.

Berlin, Jan. 7.—It is gaining ground that Count De St. Vallier will remain here some time longer. The German government has, through its ambassador at Paris, declared a high value set on Vallier remaining. In consequence of this action negotiations of a very serious kind have been opened between De Freycinet and Prince Hohenlohe, through which Count De St. Vallier is said to have been persuaded to remain at Berlin.

RUSSIA'S WAR PREPARATIONS.

London, Jan. 7.—Detailed reports of Russian military preparations which come from various points on the Austrian and German frontier, are beginning to excite attention throughout Europe. A pamphlet has just been issued wherein the frontier defenses of Germany and Russia are elaborately discussed and the respective advantages of different plans of invasion on either side canvassed. The author is evidently a German military man, and the appearance of such a pamphlet under present circumstances is regarded in Berlin as highly significant. The writer expressed the belief that the German eastern frontier is sufficiently defended and that German forces can be easily and quickly mobilized and thrown on important points in sufficient strength, even on the shortest notice, to hold the Russians at bay on the frontier until measures of resistance in the interior can be thoroughly organized. The following passage closes the pamphlet: When at the beginning of September the venerable German emperor visited Alexander at Alexandrow he showed to the world with gratified concurrence of his people that his traditional friendly re-

lations to Russia still existed, and consequently allayed the excitement which had been caused in Europe by newspaper recriminations, extending over several months, ascribed to him by the public journals— "Thank God, a war with Germany is impossible." He spoke, we may well believe, in accordance with the feelings of a great majority of his loyal subjects. These words are, it is to be hoped, to be effaced neither by the nihilists nor Parlavoric agitators, nor by these restless statesmen and generals who, notwithstanding their experience in the Russo-Turkish war, desire to satiate their thirst for glory by an attack upon Germany. When they venture upon this, they may, perhaps, find that their object will be a trifle more difficult of attainment in this country than it proved in Te key.

RAILROAD CONSOLIDATION.

Philadelphia, Jan. 7.—About forty or fifty stock holders of the Pittsburg, Titusville & Buffalo railroad company held an informal meeting to-day and discussed the following proposition, submitted by the president of the Pittsburg, Chautauqua Lake & Buffalo railroad company, running from Brooklyn to Corry, Pa., where it connects with the Lake Shore, who offers the Pittsburg, Titusville & Buffalo road \$125,000 in cash to take their P. C. L. & B. road and merge it into the Pittsburg, Titusville & Buffalo company, to issue 30,000 shares of stock and to assume control of the Pittsburg, Chautauqua Lake & Buffalo railway. The president said that by accepting this proposition he would be able to pay off the entire issue of income bonds, scrip and back interest, at the maturity of the coupons of the road, leaving a cash balance of fifty thousand dollars which would be expended for improving the road, and for purchasing additional cars. The stockholders gave their assent to the proposition, final action to be taken at another meeting.

THE BLACK HILLS.

The Deadwood News is six months old as a daily.

The firemen gave a ball in Central City, New Year's night.

Central City supported the first term of school taught in the Hills.

The production of gold taken out of the Black Hill in the year 1879 amounts to \$5,000,000.

The Deadwood Times devotes ten columns in its January let number, to the mining and milling industries of the Hills.

The first steam printing presses in the Black Hills are now in operation in the office of the daily Herald, of Central.

The largest specimens of nugget gold ever found in the Hills were found in Potat Gulch, one nugget alone bringing \$128.

On New Year's day the first number of the Black Hills Weekly Evening News, an eight page illustrated paper, made its appearance in Deadwood.

The New Year's number of the Deadwood Evening Press contained a two page supplement, giving a review of the resources, productions, growth etc, of the Black Hills.

The Hills are contributing to the wealth of the world at the rate of \$425,000 per month. Of this \$200,000 is paid out every month for expenses and labor done right there.

The Deadwood hose company were out on parade New Year's day. They also gave an exhibition of exactly what could be done in the time of emergency. No more big fires in Deadwood.

News: The business done at the Deadwood postoffice averages as follows: One thousand newspapers received per day; 700 pounds of newspapers received per day; amount sent away each day, 800 letters; 300 pounds of newspapers, and \$1,000 in money orders.

The Black Hills are a group of mountains situated in the plains of southwestern Dakota, inhabited four years ago by a tribe of hostile savages. Now the Hills contain some seventy-five towns and villages, 1,400 quartz stamps crushing ore. Twenty-five thousand people are engaged in various pursuits, and six daily and two weekly newspapers are published.

NORTHERN DAKOTA.

Big Stone City has a new three story brick hotel.

The Fargo A. G. comes out in a neat new head.

Grand Forks has a string band of "colored gentlemen."

The first wedding in Big Stone City occurred on Christmas day.

Fargo has a night school, for the benefit of those who work all day.

Grand Forks will soon have its United States land office in operation.

The necessity for a night telegraph operator at Bismarck is very great.

The Park hotel at Fargo has been sold to John M. Scott, for \$5,300 including furniture.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

WALL STREET.
New York, January 7.
Money—6 7/8 cent.
Governments—Quiet.
Stocks—Strong, buoyant.

NEW YORK.
New York, January 7.
WHEAT—Spring quiet, nominal. Winter 1/2c better, fairly active.
RICE—Quiet, 96@97c.
CORN—Dull. Receipts 108,000. Western mixed 57@60c.
BARLEY—Firm.
OATS—Dull. Mixed western, 48@50c. White 49@52c.

PORK—Firm, \$12.75.
BEEF—Unchanged.
LARD—Stronger, \$7.85.
BUTTER—Unchanged.
WHISKEY—\$1.09@1.10.

CHICAGO.
Chicago, January 7.
WHEAT—Strong, higher. Closing weak. \$1.29 1/2 January, \$1.30 February, \$1.30 1/2 March.
CORN—Unsettled generally, 40c cash, 40c February, 45c bid May.
OATS—Firm, 34 1/2@35c cash, 34 1/2 bid February, 39 1/2 bid May.
RYE—80c.
BARLEY—Lower, 85c.

PORK—Opened stronger. Closed weak. \$13.40 cash, \$13.55 February, \$13.75 March.
LARD—Stronger, \$7.55 cash, asked January, \$7.67 1/2 February.
WHISKEY—Active, \$1.10.

MILWAUKEE.
Milwaukee, January 7.
WHEAT—1/2c lower. Closed unsettled. Hard \$1.30 1/2. No. 1, \$1.29 1/2. No. 2, \$1.27 1/2 cash, \$1.28 1/2 February.
CORN—Steady, 40@43c.
OATS—34 1/2c.
RYE—78c.
BARLEY—73 1/2c.

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RYE—78c.
BARLEY—73 1/2c.

SEMPLE & MUNROE,
House Painters,
Graining, Glazing and Kalsomining

PAPER HANGING A SPECIALTY.
All Work Guaranteed
To give Satisfaction.
SHOP AT COATES' STAND, Broadway

Orders left at Mills & Purdy's and at E. M. Coates' will receive prompt attention.

BANKS
THE FIRST NATIONAL
Bank of Yankton

Financial Agent of the United States
Approved Depository for Disbursing Officers.
JAMES C. McVAY, President
W. H. McVAY, Cashier.

Drifts bought and sold. Collections made and promptly remitted for.

Sewing Machines
REPAIRED.
Needles, Pure Oil, Attachments, &c..
at the
SINGER OFFICE,

Third Street,
YANKTON, DAKOTA
F. HAMMOND, Manager.

Charles Eiseman

FALL AND 1879 WINTER

ANNOUNCEMENT.

NEW AND ELEGANT LINES OF DRESS GOODS
CONSISTING OF

Momie Cloths, Brocaded Cashmere, Plain Cashmere,
FANCY SUITINGS! SATEENS IN ALL STYLISH SHADES.
Brocaded Silks and Silk Velvets in all shades to
Match Dress Goods.

ALSO, COMPLETE LINES OF EVERY VARIETY OF DRY GOODS
AND CLOTHING AT

CHARLES EISEMAN, COX'S BLOCK, Yankton, Dakota.

YANKTON
CIGAR FACTORY
F. HIRSHSTEIN,
PROPRIETOR,
—Manufacturer of—

DOMESTIC AND HAVANA
CIGARS
35 Different Brands!

GIVE ME A CALL
BEFORE PURCHASING ELSEWHERE.

Try and patronize
HOME INDUSTRY
and you will receive better satisfaction than
from patronizing outside enterprises.

My Success is Your Own.

BLANK BOOKS!
Made to order and kept in stock.

LEDGERS, JOURNALS, DAY BOOKS
COUNTY RECORDS,
Or any style of Blank Record Book made to
order at the
PRESS DAKOTAIAN OFFICE

J. P. REDAELLI,
REPAIRER OF
WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY.

Having been in the service of Potter & Wood for three and one half years and having had charge of all their repairs, the people of Dakota have had an opportunity to convince themselves by experience that I am fully competent to give satisfaction in all the details of the business. I solicit a continuance of the valuable patronage which has come to my hands during my residence in Yankton.

I am now in business for myself, having fitted up a store on Third street, opposite the Press and Dakotainian office, where I will be ready at all times to attend to the wants of customers. Orders by mail or express given prompt attention. All are respectfully invited to call and inspect my stock.

J. P. REDAELLI, Yankton.

J. A. WEEKS
BOOTS AND SHOES

My Stock of Boots and Shoes for
the Fall and Winter Trade is Com-

plete, and I have the Leading Styles
from the best factories. They were

bought before the late advance in
prices. Never had a larger stock in
store. Will NOT be undersold. Al-

ways keep in mind the place: "Exclusive Boot &
Shoe Store," Capital Street.

Charles Eiseman

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AND CLOTHING AT

CHARLES EISEMAN, COX'S BLOCK, Yankton, Dakota.

THE PERFECT
Long and Chest
PROTECTOR.

THE GREAT
PRESERVER OF HEALTH

They are the most comfortable, healthy and
economical garment worn, giving more protection
and warmth, with less weight and bulk, of
any garment ever invented. A preventive and
cure for rheumatism, sore throat, lung diseases,
and many ills caused by colds. They are high-
ly recommended by the leading physicians.

They are made of heavy, fine, all wool goods,
covered with chamolai skin front and back, giving
perfect protection to the vital organs. Un-
like garments made of all skin, they do not
retain the moisture of the body. They do not
roll up and get out of place, as is the case with
the old style of Protectors.

FOR SALE BY
BATES, THE CLOTHIER,
Yankton, Dakota.

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