Foreign.

Canada.—There has been a serious disturbance at Brockville among the volunteers, and it is reported that an individual was killed in the affray. A company of the 83d regiment was despatched on foot to Brockville early yesterday morning.

The affray commenced in consequence of an individual having exposed in his shop window some caricatures of the officers and men recently disbanded, who in revenge broke his windows and threw his goods into the street. The rifle corps was called out, and succeeded in restoring peace.

We have heard from an authentic source, that martial law has already been, or soon will be, superseded by the suspension of the habeas corpus act over the whole province.—*Montreal Herald.*

General Theller has been reprieved from his sentence. For what punishment he is reserved we are uninformed. The gallows on which Lount and Matthews suffered as indicative of the merciful intent of the wielder of the Royal Prerogative.—*Toronto Patriot.*

Texas. Recognition of Texian Independence by England—the consequent defeat of annexation and loss to the United States of the commerce of this young but growing Republic.

We have been favored with the perusal of a letter from London, dated the 15th day of February last, which affords much information in regard to the subjects which head this article. We would premise that the writer of the letter had every opportunity of correct information, and that whatever he says is entitled to the most explicit confidence.

It is stated that the most friendly dispositions were evinced by the British Government towards Texas. That the delay in recognizing has resulted mainly from the outbreaking of the Canadian revolution. Another cause assigned for the delay, was the expectation that Mexico would have invaded Texas during the past winter—the government believing that if ever an invasion was attempted, it would be at that time or never.—*New Orleans Bulletin.*

South America. The Journal of Commerce has dates from Buenos Ayres, to the 3d of March.

Governor Rosas has issued a decree, requiring five or six friars who lately came out from Spain, and whose conduct was so scandalous, that they could no longer be endured, to be taken to the Police Office, and there kept till they could be sent out of the country. This decree, it is stated, was eulogised by all classes.

On the 22d of Feb., being the anniversary of Washington's birth-day, the U. S. flag was displayed from the residence of the American Consul at Buenos Ayres, and also at the mast-heads of the American vessels in port.

Affairs in the Banda Oriental remained as before.—The insurgents under Gen. Rivera, were still in arms, and there was no immediate prospect of their being subdued. It was reported that the town of Darazno had been sacked by them.

The war between Buenos Ayres and Chili on the one part, and Bolivia and Peru on the other, still continued the Treaty of Peace which had been drawn up and signed was afterwards abandoned.

RUTLAND HERALD.

RUTLAND, VT.

TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 8, 1838.

AWFUL DISASTERS. Our readers will doubtless be shocked at the dreadful disasters with which some of our distant fellow citizens have been recently visited; some accounts of which will be found in our preceding columns.—The frequent Steamboat disasters call aloud for legislative interposition.

Virginia Revolutionized!

The conquests of the Whigs come so fast that we have hardly room to record them in detail, and accommodate our readers with other important passing events of the day.

We have now the pleasure to add VIRGINIA, our ancient and venerable Southern sister to the list of Whig States—making, if we mistake not EIGHTEEN!—leaving eight only with the administration. ["How are the mighty fallen!"] Several of these eight are prepared to send in their adhesion to the Whigs and are impatient for an opportunity.

At the recent State Election in the Old Dominion for delegates to the Legislature, out of ninety members returned, SIXTY-THREE are Whigs and 27 Loco Focos.—Last year the same Districts elected 53 Loco Focos, and 37 Whigs. Relative gain 32. How many cheers shall we give for old Virginia?

Maine Congressional Election in Oxford District.

The Boston Atlas of the 4th gives returns of 18 towns. Result—Long (Whig) 2971—Parris (Administration) 2945. Last year the Locofoco majority in these towns was 441. The administration majority in the District last year about 1300.

Great Whig Triumph!
THE CITY OF BALTIMORE REDEEMED!!

"The election of a Member of Congress, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Mr. McKim to represent the 4th Congressional District in Maryland, took place on Wednesday last, and resulted in the election of Mr. Kennedy, the Whig candidate. The result from the entire District was as follows:

	Kennedy (W)	Marriott (V B)
Baltimore city	5357	5357
Ann Arundel	1652	840
Annapolis	20 maj	
Total,	7029	6197

Mr Kennedy's majority in the entire District 832 votes. At the election in 1837 the Van Buren candidate had a majority of 293 in Baltimore city; and the average majority, in the whole district, for the Van Buren Ticket, was 251."—*Bost. Eve. Gaz.*

☞ WHIG gain since July last !!!!!!!

From the Baltimore Chronicle.

The cause of the Defeat. The Locofoco organ of this city, with some affectation of composure, which he confesses he did not feel, essays, in his paper of yesterday, to give some reason for the defeat of his party—the principal one is thus frankly stated:—

"*We were absolutely without sufficient funds to pay the necessary expenses incidental to an election.*"

The government will understand this as a direct reproach; and it will furnish a text for the Globe to discourse most indignantly on "bribery at elections!" Was the contingent fund exhausted on New York, or is this to be taken as an acknowledgement that the National Treasury is empty? Have the forty thousand office-holders been depleted till they have no blood left, and is the premium on treasury notes now applied to other purposes than elections? Which of these things caused the pressure on the party? A pressure which no honest man will regret! Why is it that the party are left without sufficient funds "to carry the election?" Or has the administration, shocked at the extent to which bribery and fraud were carried in New York, refused further to advance in the work of sin? Or has it become so satisfied of the inefficiency of bribery and fraud, as to refrain from resorting to it here?

Some of these things have occurred, for we take pleasure in saying that we did not feel the force of the misspent power of the Government bearing down on us on Wednesday as on former elections, and exciting its partizans to acts of outrage and violence. We also noticed the absence of the mercenaries from other cities. The wards were not flooded with illegal voters, and when any of them did apply to vote, they generally refused to perjure themselves. The usual stimulus had not been administered. At an early hour this fact was observed. It gave confidence to the Whigs, and dismayed their opponents.

The Steam-ship Sirius, which departed from N. Y. on Tuesday for Liverpool, is the bearer of about 17,000 letters. The Great Western leaves on next Monday.

The Legislature of Michigan have passed an order requiring the chartered Banks in that State to resume specie payments on the 16th of June.

From the New York Express.

THE POLICY OF THE PARTY.

We have in a late Albany Argus, the bulletin of the recently patched up Administration party in the Legislature of this State, which leaves the public no further doubt as to their designs, or of the particular banners under which men will arrange themselves. We have not room to copy this bulletin of the antique regiment of the Senate, and of the little squad in the House, nor is it necessary, as their principles are fulminated in the resolutions below.

"Mr Mann, from the committee appointed to draft resolutions for the consideration of the meeting, reported the following:

"*Resolved*, That the course of Martin Van Buren as President of the United States, has fully justified the expectations of those by whom he was elected to office; And that the measures of public policy which he recommended, and the principles which he has avowed as the rule of his political conduct are in strict accordance with *the doctrines of the democratic party*, and are calculated to *promote the best interests of the country.*

"*Resolved*, That we regard the Independent Treasury Plan as the *safest mode* that has been devised of providing for the collection and disbursement of the public revenue; that its adoption is due alike to the government and to the people; and that the most important object which it promises to accomplish, is to place the public funds where they will not be converted into discounted notes, and thrown into the channels of business with the inevitable effect of communicating to them an artificial stimulus and excitement."—*Alb. Arg.*

The value of these endorsements can be estimated by the remembrance of the fact, that in 1834, the same party endorsed the Pet Bank System with the same zeal and that now, this session, with the professions of Hard money of Bank and State in their mouths, Gov. Marcy recommended, and all the party approved his loan of State Stocks, the closest *marriage* the banks and the State could well have made.

Character of Sub Treasurers. At length we are enabled to give our readers some authentic information as to the true character of some of that class of men which it is proposed in the "Reform Bill" to make depositories of the people's money.

We have just printed a document of four hundred pages, in answer to a resolution offered by Mr Garland on the 5th ult. containing the information sought for in a resolution offered by that gentleman in October last, at which the Secretary of the Treasury reported could not be furnished, without a special appropriation by Congress to meet the expenses attending it.

In a report signed, by V. M. Garesche, addressed to the Hon. Levi Woodbury, dated Columbus, Mississippi, June 14, 1837, (page 241.) we find the following:

"The account of the Receiver, which I have made out and transmitted herewith, presents against him a balance of $53,909,54. His own account makes it 53,272,73; it is also annexed. His assets, of which I also send you the list, amount to $61549,23, rating the land at $1,25 only, but might probably realize double the amount. The man seems really penitent; and I am inclined to think, in common with his friends, that he is honest, and has been led away from his duty by the example of his predecessor, *and a certain looseness in the code of morality*, which here does not move in so limited a circle as it does with us at home. *Another receiver would probably follow in the footsteps of the two.* You will not, therefore, be surprised, if I recommend his being retained in preference to another appointment; *for he has his hands full now, and will not be disposed to speculate any more.*"

In about two months after this report must have been received by the Secretary of the Treasury, that officer recommended to Congress to establish the system of Sub-Treasuries, and to make the above described officers in part, the Sub-Treasurers! What will the American People think of the prudence, discretion and judgement which could have dictated such a course of policy?—*Madisonian.*

☞ This is but one case from among three columns of just such (and some worse,) given in the Madisonian of yesterday.—*New Yorker.*

☞ HON. GERRIT D. WALL, the Van Buren U. S Senator from New Jersey made the following frank avowal in a recent speech in the Senate:

"Here, sir, in the presence of the American people, I avow that I was a Federalist, and acted with that party, zealously and actively so long as their flag waved in New Jersey."

No man will think the worse of Mr Wall for this honest declaration. Van Buren will be just as ready as ever to give him a Foreign Mission when the Whigs eject him from the Senate. And yet the name of democracy is unblushingly invoked to sustain him and put down his colleague, Hon SAMUEL L. SOUTHARD, who has fought through every battle of forty years under the banner of democratic principles, and aided in the election of JEFFERSON MADISON and MONROE, while Wall was a leader of the Federal Opposition. Such are the hollow pretences by which Van Burenism maintains its sickly existence.—*Alb. Evc. Jour.*

GREAT FIRE AT CHARLESTON, S. C.

Slips from the office of the Augusta Chronicle, April 23, state that intelligence of a most destructive fire at Charleston had been received by the rail road cars from that city.—The fire commenced at a quarter past eight the preceding evening, and when the cars left at 6 A. M. one third of the city was supposed to have been destroyed, the fire was still raging, and it was feared that another third of the city would be consumed before the progress of the flames could be arrested.

Letters of a little later date than the above describe the fire as having commenced on the corner of Beresford and King streets, from which it extended to Archdale, up Archdale and St. Philips to Liberty, along Liberty and Society to East Bay street, down East Bay to Hassel and thence in a circuitous course through the intersecting blocks to the place of beginning.

Among the buildings destroyed, are the new Inter-state Meeting house, the new theatre, Catholic church, Jewish synagogue, the new market houses, and Masonic Hall. A block of five new stores on Pearl street, is the whole of the line were saved. The fire was confined to the above limits.—*N. Y. Courier.*

We extract an extract of a Charleston letter, dated

CHARLESTON, April 22.

This city is half in ashes. The fire broke out about 8 o'clock last evening and has been raging till to day at noon. Fitch, Wiley & Co.; Kelsey & Hartstene; Miller, Ripley & Co. are burned out with considerable loss. We have saved three quarters of our goods. Thousands worth are going every where exposed. The new hotel just finished, to open 1st May, is burned to the ground. You have no idea what an awful fire this has been, but it has been badly managed, and several lives lost by blowing up the buildings, some of them due east.

Dreadful Steamboat Disaster.—The Steubenville (O.) Union of the 27th ult. says, it becomes our painful duty to record a serious disaster which took place on board the packet Ecuaw, yesterday morning about six o'clock. The boat was preparing to leave our wharf for Wheeling, in the performance of her daily trips, and the engine had made but two revolutions, in backing out from shore, when by some cause two of the flues collapsed, which did great injury to the boat, and many persons on board. The clerk, Mr Fulton, was slightly scalded; one of the engineers, Mr Smith, badly scalded—we regret to learn his life is despaired of, Mr O'Neal, employed on board, had his skull trepanned; Mr Vanassell, a deck hand was thrown overboard, and was drowned; an individual, whose name we could not ascertain, is missing. This we believe was the first explosion of the kind that ever occurred at Steubenville,—who to console we know not, but believe it was caused by institution, and we hope in future more care will be taken.

Yet another Steamboat Explosion. The Cincinnati Post of the 27th ult. says, "The steamboat Oronoko, Capt Young, collapsed a flue near Vicksburgh, on her passage to N. Orleans, and from 30 to 50 persons were severely scalded eight of whom are since dead. Several passengers on board at the time of the accident, arrived here this morning on the Monarch, who give the above information."

A Desperate and Fatal Encounter. We learn from a gentleman direct from Alabama, that a bloody affray took place at Montgomery, in front of the Montgomery Hall, between two brothers named Bell and two brothers named Mooney, in which both of the Mooneys and one of the Bells were killed. The other Bell is so dangerously wounded that his life is despaired of. Pistols and Bowie knives were the weapons. How long will such scenes be permitted to disgrace the Southwest?—*Southern Times.*

Correspondence of the Journal of Commerce.

WASHINGTON, May 2d, 1838.

The Joint Resolution of Mr Clay was taken up to-day, in the Senate, and Mr Wright moved its reference to the Committee on Finance. A debate took place on the question, in which the secrets of the resolution were alluded to. Mr Wright said that the subject should be referred to the Committee for consideration to-morrow, and that it should be reported upon in a few days. One of the reasons given against the measure by Mr Benton was, that the country was full of specie, and that the Banks were not only able to resume, but to pay their circulation, dollar for dollar. The motion to refer was agreed to, yeas 27 to 20. The reference is a matter of form. It is quite possible that some of the administration Senators who voted for the reference may yet vote for the resolution. Three or four of them could be named who are relied upon to come forward in support of a measure so necessary for the welfare of the country, and so imperatively demanded by their constituents.

The prospects of Mr Clay's Resolution or of some similar one, in the House, are very good. It is believed that it will there obtain a great majority—some say a vote of two-thirds, as all, or nearly all the Western administration men will go for it upon a pinch. But we shall see.

The House employed the whole day again in the discussion of the Report of the Dorling Committee, without coming to any result.

More steam. The big Press of the Courier & Enquirer to strike off 6000 per hour, has arrived and will soon be set in operation. 6000 an hour, when the old hand Press could only go 250, is rather an increase of power and expedition. Some papers instead of wishing that they had a Press to strike off 6000 per hour, might desire 6000 subscribers, for whose benefit they would like to strike off that number.—*N. Y. Star.*

CONNECTICUT.—The Legislature of Connecticut convened at New Haven on Wednesday last. Wm. W. Boardman, Whig, was elected Speaker of the House by a majority of 106 votes over all others. Chauncey F. Cleveland, the Loco Foco candidate, who was Speaker last year received 37 votes, and there were three scattering. The Joint Committee appointed to canvass the return of votes for State officers, reported that the whole number of votes returned for Governor is 50,101—of which, W. W. Ellsworth has 27,115.—*Journal of Commerce.*

MARRIED,

In Pawlet, 29th ult. Mr Samuel Wood to Mrs Minerva Sikes.

In Pawlet, 26th ult. by Rev. Joseph Ayres, Mr Franklin Jones to Miss Polly Veits both of P.

In Poultney, 12th of April, Mr Towne to Miss Love Wheeler.

DIED.

In this town, on Friday last, Mr Wm. W. Waters aged 30.

In this town, April 23d, Lydia Ann, daughter of Esra and Betsy Worthen, aged 16 years.—*Printers in N. Y. and N. H. are requested, &c.*

In Clarendon, 24th of April, Miss Eunice Wheeler, wife of David Wheeler, formerly of Mt Holly, aged 74.

In Castleton, 23d ult. Hon. Samuel Moulton, Post Master in that town, aged 55.

In Benson, 10th ult. Julia Elizabeth, daughter of Mr Mosely F. King, aged 20 months.

NEW AND CHEAP GOODS.

HODGES & GILMORE.

HAVE just received, and now offer to their friends and customers a more extensive and better selected assortment of merchandise than they have heretofore had; bought mostly with cash at very reduced prices, and comprising most articles usually kept in country stores. The following articles complete a part.

Black, Blue, Brown, Adelaide, and Invisible Green Broadcloths; Black, Blue, Drab, Lavender and Fashionable Striped Cassimeres, Buckskins; Plain, Plaid and Striped Satinetts; a great variety of Tailoring Marseilles and Silk Vestings; Summer cloths, French Bombacine, Black Lasting; Princetts, Canton and Rouen Cassimeres; Repellant Cloth; Stoneman; York Jeans, and Fancy Drillings for gentlemen's wear; White and Brown Linen Drilling; Padding; Canvass; Bleach'd Drilling; Buckram; Cotton and Russia Diapers; Bird's Eye and Table Diapers; a splendid assortment of English, French, and American Calicoes; Cambrics and Muslins; Printed Bishop's Lawn, for dresses; Ginghams; Furniture; Cambric Dimity; White and Brown Jeans and Satteens; Plaid, Sarcenet, and Jaconet Cambric; Book, Swiss, Mull, and Jaconet Muslin, plain and aged; Long Lawn; a large assortment of plain and fancy Bobinet Laces; Thread Edgings; plain and fancy Blond Lace, Edgings and Quillings; Bobinet Footings, and Insertings; Lace Capes; Muslin Capes, wrought work; Fancy Handkerchiefs; Scarfs; Linen Pocket Handkerchiefs; Ladies Cravats; Merino and Tartan Shawls and Handkerchiefs; Silk and Cotton do.; White, Green, and Black Gauze Veils; Spottsfield, Pongee, Fleg and Bandana Handkerchiefs; Black and White Lace Gloves; Black White and Color'd Kid do.; Gentlemen's Gloves; Pearl and Lace Buttons; Black, Blue, Black, White and Pink French Crape; Sarsnets; Black and Blue Black Gro de Swiss and Gro de Rhine Mournings; a variety of color'd Silks for dresses; Color'd Florences; Color'd Satins plain and figured for Bonnets; Cap and Bonnet Ribbons, plain and figured; Leghorn, Tuscan and Straw Bonnets; Misses do.; Silk Braids, Tapes, Cords, Bindings; Canton Handkerchief; Black Silk Cravats; Women's stitched black white and color'd Silk and Cotton Hose; Gentlemen's plain and mixed do. half do.; Irish Linen; Linen Cambric; Brown Cambric; Green Baize; Silk and Cotton Velvets; Thread; Silk and Cotton Gimmelles; Canton Flannel; Black Merino and Circassian; Chally and Muslin De Laines; Floor Matting; Oilcloths; Wadding Cotton; Shoe Thread; House Paper; Fancy Brooms, &c. &c.

Domestic Goods.

Brown and Bleached Sheetings and Shirtings; Bed Ticking, Drillings, Whale Jeans, Checks, Whitings, Batting, Cotton Yarn, Wick Yarn, Gentlemen's Silk Hats.

An extensive assortment of Hardware, Crockery, Glass and China Ware, &c.

Groceries--Very low.

Russia, Sweden and English Iron, Waggon Tire, Band and Hoop Iron, German cast and American Steel, Boston Nails, Glass, Putty, Saw Mill and Cross Cut Saws, Waggons and Cart Boxes, large quantity Liverpool Stock Salt, Turks Island and coarse Washing do., Linseed and Sperm Oil, Grindstones, Paints, Dye Woods, Annatto, Shaller, Rope, Brass Kettles, Nova Scotia Plaster.

The above with a great variety of articles too numerous to mention in an advertisement, have been selected with much care, and purchased so low that they can and will sell them a little lower than they can be had at other stores in the country, for cash, or very good credit. They ask their friends to examine their assortment before purchasing.

Rutland, May 7, 1838. 29

THE VENDUE

OF FURNITURE, &c., commenced in our last, stands adjourned to the 24 day of June next.

A. W. REED,
Constable.

DAVID CHATTERTON'S ESTATE.

STATE OF VERMONT, } THE Hon. the Probate
District of Rutland, ss. } Court for the district of Rutland.

To all persons concerned in the estate of David Chatterton, late of Mt. Holly, deceased.

GREETING.

Whereas, the executor of the estate of David Chatterton, deceased, proposes to render an account of his administration and present his account against said estate for allowance at a probate court to be holden at Rutland, in said district on the first Monday of June next.

Ordered, therefore, and You are hereby notified to appear before said court at the time and place aforesaid to show cause, if any you have, why the said account should not be allowed, and that a publication of this order three weeks successively in the Rutland Herald printed at Rutland be sufficient notice.

Dated at Rutland this 7th day of May, A. D. 1838.

H. B. TOWSLEE, Register.

A true copy.
Attest, H. B. TOWSLEE, *Register.*

29

NEW GOODS.

DANIELS & BELL

HAVE recently received and now offer for sale a very large assortment of new and fashionable Goods. Among which may be found

Broad Cloths.

Extra Superfine Black Blue, Brown, and Invisible Green Broad Cloths; Superfine blk. Blue Olive, Drab, and Oxford mixed do.

Cassimeres and Satinetts.

Black, Sage, Lavender, Drab, and Steel Mixed Cassimeres; Black and Blue Mixed, and Fancy Satinets.

Summer Cloths.

Plain & Striped Linen Drillings, Fancy Buck Skin, Striped Jeans, Nubians, Stoutenets, &c. &c.

Vestings.

A great variety of Marseilles, Fancy Silk and Satin Vestings, Extra Super Lyons Silk Velvet, for Vestings; Red Padding, Canvass, blk. and Brown Linens, Col'd Cambrics, &c. &c.

Calicoes and Prints.

An extensive assortment of the best fabrics of dark and light French Prints and Muslins, fast colors. ALSO—A large assortment of British & American Prints; Furniture American and English Ginghams.

White Goods.

Stream Loom Shirtings and Sheetings, extra fine and common, Irish Linens, Linen Cambrics, Long Lawns, Linen Cambric Hdkfs., Book, Swiss and Mull Muslins, Plain and Plaid Swiss Cambrics, & Jacknets, Bishops' Lawns, Plain and Fig'd Bobinet Lace Quillings, Edgings, Insertings, Furniture Dimity, and Fringe, Linen, Damask, and Diaper for Table Cloths.—Bird's eye do., Canton Rubes, Jeans, Drillings, Cross Linings, Foundations, Tapes, Bobbins, Cords, &c. &c. &c.

Silk Goods.

Black and Blue Silk, Gros de Swiss and Gros de Naples Silks, blk. Satin do.—Sinchaw & Florences, assorted colors, Blk. and Col. French and Satin Crapes, Green & White Gauze, Veils, Green Berage, Fancy Silk Gauze & Hetzuns, Dress Hdkfs. Pongee and Flag do.; Sup. black Italian do., Cap Gauzes & Belt Ribbons, Gallooms, Imperial Cords, Silk Laces, Brode best blk. blue and assorted Sewing Silk and Twist, &c.

Hosiery and Gloves.

Black White and Colored Plain and Ribbed Cotton and Worsted Hosiery.

Gents and Ladies' Superior Kid Gloves, blk. White and Col'd Plain and Lace Silk do. Linen and Cotton do. a large assortment.

Domestic Goods.

Brown Sheetings, Bed Ticking, Cotton Drillings, Cotton Yarn, Wicking Wadding Batting, &c. &c. &c.

Shoes.

Farwell's Walking Shoes, Kid Slips, French do. Children's and Misses Slips.

Bonnets.

Straw and Florence Bonnets Open Work do.

GROCERY & GLASS WARE.
Hard Ware and Cutlery.

A very extensive assortment, which it is superfluous to particularise.

HOLLOW WARE--IRON AND STEEL.

Wagon Tire and Box Moulds, Cart and Wagon Boxes, Wrt. and Cut Nails; Mill and Cross Cut Saws, &c.

DRY GROCERIES---A Fresh and choice assortment.

PAINTS, OILS AND DYE STUFFS.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

SURGEON'S INSTRUMENTS.

Particular attention will be paid to this branch of the business. Physicians and Families may depend on having their prescriptions promptly and carefully attended to.

Suffice to say that their Stock is now very complete and having been purchased at the recent very low prices of Goods in Market they will be sold at prices which cannot fail to give satisfaction to their customers and friends who are particularly invited to call and examine them.

Rutland, May 3, 1838. 29

LADIES' COMPANION.

NEW VOLUME COMMENCES WITH THE MAY NUMBER.

Since the publication of the MAY NUMBER, the demand for the LADIES' COMPANION has been unprecedented and beyond the most sanguine anticipations. At the commencement of the volume an additional number of copies were printed, which was considered at the time adequate to supply all the orders which might be received, and leave a considerable number on hand for subsequent calls. The publisher is more than gratified in stating that the whole edition was newly exhausted before issuing the seventh number of the volume; and at this time but very few complete sets remain on hand, to supply the numerous calls which are daily received from every section of the United States.

In consequence of this great unforeseen increase of new subscribers, he has determined to double the number of impressions for the subsequent year; while he most gratefully appreciates the unprecedented encouragement extended to the Ladies' Companion, and at the same time he begs to assure the readers of the Magazine and the public in general, that it is his ardent resolution to meet with a corresponding liberality on his part to merit its continuance.

SPLENDID STEEL ENGRAVINGS by our best artists, accompanying each number—illustrated by tales and spirited sketches—which will as heretofore, continue to be magnificent and far superior to those published in any other magazine in America.

The Ladies' Companion contains a larger quantity of reading matter than any other Magazine issued in this country, and its subscription price is only three dollars a year.

ITS LITERARY CHARACTER Will undergo considerable change, as the publisher of the Ladies' companion, in order to show his appreciation of the public favor already extended to him so liberally, has secured the aid of MRS ANN S. STEPHENS, late editor of the "Portland Magazine," and author of scenes of the most beautiful and popular tales ever presented to an American public. No lady possessing greater variety of talent, or better calculated to conducting a ladies magazine, could have been selected from the galaxy of female genius which is the glory of our country. In addition to the powerful talents of Mrs Stephens, the proprietor has secured a list of contributors, whom combined, will render the Ladies' Companion one of the most interesting and talented magazines of the day.

Mrs L. H Sigourney, Mrs Jane E. Locke, Mrs Woodhull, Mrs Emma C. Embury, Miss A. D. Woodbridge, Miss H. L. Hosmer, Miss Charlotte Cushman, Miss Mary Jewett Jackson, Robert Hamilton, James Brooks, Rev. J. H. Church, Rev. A. A. Lipscomb, Greenville Miller, N. C. Brooks, A. M., S. E. Brewer, James Frothed, William Cutter, John Neal, Henry F. Harrington, Isaac C. Pray, Jr., James L. Hall, Edward Malbone, James B. Phillips, E. Burke Fisher, R. Shelton Mackenzie, L. L. D.

With many others who will occasionally contribute to the pages of the work, and every exertion will be made to render the Ladies' Companion, what a work devoted to the female public of community should be, interesting, useful and instructive.

THE MUSICAL DEPARTMENT is under the supervision of Mr J. WATSON, whose qualifications for the task are too well known to require our testimony.

The department of the Ladies' companion has ever contained a large share of attention, and has been looked upon with no little interest by its readers, and more especially the Ladies, whom the publisher is in the highest degree anxious to please. And it will continue to be a subject of more than usual care to him and to the Professor under whose supervision it is placed.

THE WORK IN GENERAL. One every department of it equally careful supervision will be strictly exercised by the editors, and all appropriate expenditures will be liberally bestowed, as it is the design of the publisher, with the aid of his contributors the editor of female in make the Ladies' Companion distinguished for the beauty and accuracy of its typography—the variety and high tone of its literary articles—the quality and value of its music, and the unequalled splendor of its PICTORIAL EMBELLISHMENTS.

It is the determination of the publisher to convey every means to maintain the superiority which the Ladies' Companion has attained.

From the foregoing it will be perceived that the Ladies' Companion embraces every department within the range of belles lettres and the fine arts; and no exertions or expense will be deemed too great to render the work equal to any other extant. The flattering and general testimonials of nearly every contemporary Journal in the United States, and in fact, long on the other side of the Atlantic, have strongly asserted the admirable claims of the Ladies' Companion to the support of the public generally. There is no work that gives its readers such a great return for their subscription. THE PRIZE ARTICLES Will all be published during the year. These articles will comprise the successful candidates for the premiums of one thousand dollars awarded by a committee of literary gentlemen in August last.

TERMS---Three Dollars a year, in advance, or ☞ Four Dollars during the year. ☜

No subscription received for less than one year.

Letters must be addressed to the proprietor, at No. 107 Fulton St. New York. (*Post paid.*)

WILLIAM W. SNOWDEN,
Proprietor.

Office 107 Fulton Street, (Between William and Nassau streets) New York. 29

NEW GOODS.

JUST received and will soon be received by

JAMES BARRETT, JR.

at his *NEW STORE* one door North of the Court House, (DON'T FORGET THE NAME AND NUMBER) a great variety of

GOODS

adapted to the present and coming season, which he will sell as low as those who have so much to say about their MONEY. The following is a small part of his very extensive stock of Goods, viz.

Dry Goods,

Black, Blue, Brown, Invisible Green, Mulberry, Mixed, and other Broadcloths; variety of Cassimeres; Satinetts, Flannels, blk. and red Merino and other Shawls; Gennetts, French Summer Cloths, White and Brown Linen Drillings, a great variety of Cotton Goods for Pantaloons and children's clothes; Jeans, Drillings, Vestings, American and English Prints, White and printed Lawns and Challies, Plain and Color'd Cambrics, Bobbinet and Work Blonde Laces, Edgings and Quillings, India Book, Swiss and Mull Muslins, Jaconet Cambrics, Brown Cotton, Worsted and Silk Hosiery, Silk, Fur Nut and Suede Gloves, blk. and col'd Sinet, silk and Cotton Velvets, yard Fancy Silks and Satins, Furniture Dimity, Linsey, Shirting and Sheetings, Marseilles Quilts, superior Table Diapers, Bolting, Brush, cotton Yarn, Bobbinet; Tuscan and Straw Bonnets, Ribbons, a great variety, Umbrellas, Paper Hangings, &c. &c.

Crockery and Glass Ware---Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs--Window Glass and Nails.

U. S. MUSKETS, for Training; sheet Lead, Powder and Shot.

West India Goods & Groceries.

Bohea, Souchong, Hyson Skin, Young Hyson, and Hyson Teas; Sp. and Brown Sugars, Molasses, Coffee, Rice, Salmon, Cod Fish, Pepper Spice, Ginger, Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace, Cassia, Keg and Box Raisins, Lemons, Oranges, Sheep and Chewing Tobacco, Sperm Oil, Candles, Saleratus, Starch, Figs, Almonds, English Walnuts, Castanas, Citron, Pepper Sauce, Mustard, Hard Soap, &c. &c. &c.

Iron and Steel, Nail Rods and Plate.

Hard Ware and Cutlery.

Fish Lines, Linen Twine, Double Plane Irons, Sheep Shears, Saw Files, Allerton's sewing Awls, Shoe Knives, sets Knives and Forks, Ivory Combs, Plated Tea Spoons, Chest Handles, Mahogany Knobs, Wallets, Shoe Hammers, Curry Combs, Cushman's Augers, Yellow Quills, Gimblets, Percussion Caps, Fish Hooks, Knitting Pins, Needles, Slates, Chalk Lines, cut Brads, Shoe Nails, cut Tacks, Shop Twine, Whitewash Brushes, Table Hinges, Pad Locks, Cupboard, Chest, Trunk, Till and Mortise Locks, Butts, Mouse Traps, Bonnet Cord, Glass Paper, Manure Forks, Sad Irons, Scythe Stones, Hemp Bedcords, Manilla Rope, Hemp Rope, Cattle Cards, Trace Chains, India Twine, Jacket Lamps, Iron Candlesticks, Table Spoons, Glass Knobs, Cork Screws, Shop Hammers, Shoe Reps, cast steel 3 square Files, Screws, Brick Blind Hinges, Brass Pad Locks, Bonnet Wire, Shoe Thread, cast steel Back Saws, cast steel Stables, Plated Brass Cole Bills, Compasses, Bonnet Paper, Butcher Knives, Iron Table Spoons, Pocket Knives, single and double bladed, Cod Lines, Wrot Norfolk Laterns, Varnish and Paint Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Tailor's Shears, Mortise and Former Chisels, Gouges, Turning Chisels and Gouges, Brass Nails, Snuffers, Bed Screws, Coat Hooks, Brass Ox Balls, Razor Strops, Looking Glasses, Wool Cards, Single Plane Irons, Spoke Shaves, Hair Brushes, Ink Stands, Cork Screws, Jappan Lamps, Scissors, Shaving Brushes, Shoe Pincers, cast steel Squares, Try Squares, Shoe Tacks and Nails, Circular Saws, Hand, Wood, and Steel back Saws.

The above Goods will be sold very low for cash, most kinds of produce, or on short approved credit.

Rutland, May 7, 1838.

CONSIDER BOWEN'S ESTATE.

STATE OF VERMONT, } BE it remembered that
District of Rutland, ss. } at a special Probate Court held at Rutland in said district this 20th day of April, A. D. 1838.

Present WM. HALL, Judge.

A copy of the last will and testament of Consider Bowen, late of Pittsford, in said district deceased, being presented to the court hereby Erastus Bowen and Oliver Bowen, the executors therein named for probate:

It is ordered by said court that all persons concerned, be notified to appear at a session of said court, to be holden at Rutland on the first Monday of June next, and show cause if any they may have against the probate of said will for which purpose it is further ordered, that a copy of the above order be published three weeks successively in the Rutland Herald printed at Rutland as soon as may be.

A true copy of record,

29 Attest, *H. B. TOWSLEE, Register.*

HARRIS O. STEWARD'S ESTATE.

STATE OF VERMONT, } BE it remembered,
District of Rutland, ss. } that at a special Probate Court held at Rutland, in said district this 25th day of April, A. D. 1838.

Present, Wm. Hall, *Judge.*

To all persons concerned in the estate of Harris O. Steward, late of Clarendon deceased.

Whereas, the administrators of the said deceased, propose to render an account of their administration, and present their account against said estate for allowance at a Probate Court to be held at the Probate Office in Rutland on the 1st Monday of June next;

Therefore, you are hereby notified to appear before said court, at the time and place appointed to show cause if any you have, why the said account should not be allowed. And that this notice be published in the Rutland Herald, printed at Rutland 3 weeks successively as soon as may be. *H. B. TOWSLEE, Register.*

BARTON BROMLEY'S ESTATE.

STATE OF VERMONT, } THE Hon. the Probate
District of Rutland, ss. } Court for the District of Rutland.

To all persons concerned in the estate of Barton Bromley, late of Danby, deceased.

GREETING.

Whereas, the administrators of the estate of Barton Bromley, deceased, propose to render an account of their administration, and present their account against said estate for allowance at the Probate court to be holden at Rutland, in said district on the first Monday of June next.

Ordered, therefore, and you are herby notified to appear before said court at the time and place aforesaid, to show cause if any you have, why said account should not be allowed, and that a publication of this order three weeks successively in the Rutland Herald printed at Rutland as soon as may be shall be sufficient notice.

Dated at Rutland this 7th day of MAY, A. D. 1838.

H. B. TOWSLEE, Register.

A true copy.
29 Attest, H. B. TOWSLEE, *Register.*

Paper Hangings.

BURT & MASON have just received a large supply of paper hangings of the latest style, which they are selling at low prices.

Rutland, May 5, 1838. 29

Iron and Nails.

BLOOM Iron, one and two Horse Wagon Tire, Cart Tire—Also, 2000 lbs Cut and Wrot Nails, just received and for sale by

BURT & MASON.

Rutland, May 5, 1838. 29

Tag Wool.

BURT & MASON wish to purchase 10,000 lbs. Clean Tag WOOL.

Rutland, May 7, 1838. 29