

RUTLAND HERALD.

RUTLAND, VT.

TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 3, 1838.

CONGRESS. We have omitted to give a regular Journal of the Congressional proceedings lately, because it partook of so little interest. Private claims seemed mostly to occupy the time excepting when debating on the Great Loco Foco Sub-Treasury Scheme; or otherwise, the great Scheme to save "the party" from total ruin. But "the die is cast," and all is lost—the honor, "the glory," the "spoils," and every thing dear to the "greatest and best" and to "the Democracy of numbers." Not a loop hole is left to hang a hope upon. Hence "the party" may well exclaim "farewell to all our greatness."

Since the rejection of the Sub-Treasury project Mr Webster has brought forward his deposit project, as it is said, with some prospect of success. Mr Buchanan has also introduced a plan for disposing of the public funds, which receives some favor. But it is too late to effect any thing this session. Both Houses have resolved to adjourn on the 9th inst; and we are not sorry that the session is about closing. There is not time enough to mature and pass a law for settling the great question of regulating the currency permanently. It is so deranged and the state of mind which the members are now probably in renders it impracticable. During the interval of the two sessions, some of the "pure in heart" will receive some precious "instructions" from the ballot box which may afford them some light to guide them in the dreadful labyrinth which seems to have out-traded itself in their way.

Our N. Y. Saturday paper brings Washington dates to Thursday. The proceedings of the Senate on that day were highly interesting, which we shall notice more particularly next week. Mr Webster's Deposit Bill, it is said, will pass the House and may get through the Senate.

Mr Bond's Speech, which we conclude in this week's paper, is like a twenty-four pounder before a feeble breast work. It carries dismay and death into the Tory ranks.

VAN BUREN MOVEMENTS.—Some of the administration papers in this State are proposing the Hon. LYMAN FRANK as a candidate for Governor. Others the legitimate candidate, Mr Bradley. It would be a pity if there should be a serious division in the Tory ranks at this auspicious juncture of their political affairs. It might have a tendency to defeat "the party" at the September election!

We are inquired of occasionally why the Loco Foco don't get up a State Convention, as usual. Answer.—There is no go to the State Treasury Scheme! No spoils to distribute!

Democratic Whig State Convention.

The Democratic Whigs of Vermont assembled in Convention at the Free Church in Montpelier, June 25th, pursuant to the call of the State Committee.

The Convention was called to order by William Upham Esq. Chairman of the State Committee, and organized by appointing William A. Griswold, President pro tempore, and Charles Hopkins Secretary pro tempore.

A committee composed of the following named gentlemen was appointed to nominate officers of the Convention, namely:

Windham County, George C. Hall; Rutland Co., Geo. T. Hodges; Windsor Co., Lyndner Raymond; Addison Co., William Nash; Orange Co., Jacob K. Parlin; Washington Co., Chauncey L. Knapp; Chittenden Co., Timothy Follett; Calais Co., Erastus Fairbanks; Orleans Co., S. Stimpson; Lamoille Co., Thomas Waterman.

The House being insufficient to contain the members of the Convention, on motion, the Convention proceeded in procession to the Brick Church.

The committee to nominate officers of the Convention made their report, which was accepted; and the Convention made choice of their officers as follows:

WILLIAM A. GRISWOLD, President.
Theophilus Crawford, Zimri Howe, Ebenezer N. Briggs, Henry F. James, Thomas Waterman, Timothy Follett, John N. Pomeroy, Charles Hopkins, Ferrand F. Merrill, Secretaries.

The President made an appropriate address on taking the chair.

A committee on resolutions was appointed, composed of the following persons, namely:

Messrs. Phineas White, Charles Hopkins, Wm. C. Kittredge, Robbins Dinwiddie, Davis Rich, C. L. Knapp, Charles Adams, Cornelius Lynde, Wm. J. Hastings, Erastus Fairbanks, Titus Searl.

A committee of three from each county, for presenting nominations for State Officers to the Convention, were appointed as follows:

Windham County—Messrs. Shaffer, Crawford, Billings; Windsor—Messrs. Hopkins, Fletcher, Gleason; Rutland—Messrs. Hodges, Mescham, Hammond; Addison—Messrs. Woodner, Munsell, Howe; Orange—Messrs. Priddy, Carpenter, Parlin; Chittenden—Messrs. Bradley, Pennington, Hill; Washington—Messrs. Dole, Warren, James, Cashman; Calais—Messrs. Stimpson, Simonds, Mory; Lamoille—Messrs. Allen, Bailey, Waterman; Essex—Mr. Searl.

The Convention adjourned to 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

2 o'clock, P. M.

Convention met pursuant to adjournment. The committee appointed to nominate State officers presented their unanimous nomination as follows:

For Governor, SILAS H. JENISON.
For Lieutenant Governor, DAVID M. CAMP.
For Treasurer, HENRY F. JAMES.

Resolved unanimously, That the report of the Committee be accepted, and that the nominations reported be recommended to the Free-men of Vermont for their suffrages at the ensuing election.

The Committee on Resolutions reported, and the Convention adopted, the following Resolutions, viz: Resolved, That our public servants, its administrators are responsible to the people; and that, whenever our rulers are unfaithful to their high trust, it is alike the duty and the interest of the people to remedy the evil.

Resolved, That the present administration, by its extravagant expenditures, and by resorting to the deleterious measure of issuing Treasury notes—is guilty of disregarding the general welfare, and is speedily preparing the way of increasing the burdens of the people.

Resolved, That in the two favorite measures of the administration, viz. the Treasury note and the sub-treasury bill, we recognize the elements of a national general bankruptcy—with capital limited only by the resources of the nation, and with branches at every point where a dollar of the public money is to be received or disbursed; and that we solemnly protest against such an institution as giving to the President power over the purse and the sword—power to purchase the rental, and to corrupt the press—power to control the banking institutions of the states, to disturb commerce, and thus to reach the business of every man—power, dangerous to the general welfare and tending to subvert our free institutions.

Resolved, That in attempting to force the passage of the sub-treasury bill, which has been condemned by the popular vote of fourteen out of nineteen States, the administration exhibit a reckless and wanton disregard of the will of the people.

Resolved, That the attempt of the present administration to consolidate power in the hands of the Executive, is unparalleled in the history of our government and exhibits a marked and alarming departure from the republican principles and practice of Jefferson, Madison and Monroe.

Resolved, That we consider slavery as a National evil and hope the time is not far distant, when the last vestige of it shall disappear. We believe there is no concentration that can justify freedom in awarding to others any superior privileges. It is obvious that the increase of slavery tends to diminish our own power, for while the representation and apportionment is on a basis of the whole population, the power of electing the representatives is confined to the whites. Thus, South Carolina, with a white population of less than 255,000 has nine representatives, while Vermont, with population of more than 280,000, has only five. We ought not, therefore, in the admission of new states to award to them any political superiority, unless we are willing to acknowledge them as political masters.

Resolved, That political equality among the States is necessary to the promotion of equal right. We, therefore, deprecate any further departure from this principle as dangerous. If this Union ever be dissolved, it will be by the political ascendancy of some favored part and as lovers of our country, devoted to the constitution, it is our duty to resist the first appearance of danger.

Resolved, That if any state hereafter seek to be admitted into this Union, it ought to be admitted only on the terms of perfect political equality, and that any, the least departure from this principle will directly tend to dissolve this Union.

Resolved, That to encourage enterprise and to secure to honest industry the enjoyment of the fruits of its labor, are among the prominent objects for which Government is established. Such has been the action of Government that in times past, these objects have been attained to a degree that has excited the admiration of the world, but for the last nine years, its effects are seen in a wide spread desolation. If we want to point out any particular measure, which is more than another, has brought about this result, it is the policy of the government in relation to the currency. That a currency of uniform value is indispensable to a prosperous business, is too clear to be disputed. We hold it equally certain that Congress is bound to provide and maintain such a currency. Every derangement of the currency bears most heavily on those engaged in the honest and useful, through the land, the laboring and the industrious classes have been most sorely oppressed.

Resolved, That our duty to our country and ourselves—our oath to maintain inviolate the constitution—our love to the institutions of our land, and our desire to transmit to posterity the blessings of liberty—all demand of us the pledge that we will unite in untiring efforts for a thorough and speedy reform of the abuses of the present administration.

The Convention was addressed by Messrs J. P. Miller, William Upham, Stephen Herrick, Charles Adams, C. L. Knapp, R. V. Griswold, Erastus Fairbanks, E. P. Walton Jr., Milton Brown, Charles Lyman Jr., Dinwiddie, J. Y. Vail, Wm. P. Briggs and others.

Mr R. W. Griswold presented the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the law authorizing imprisonment for Debt is a violation of the plainest principles of justice—that it is a fruitful source of crime and oppression—that it is opposed to the genius of our institutions, and the spirit of the age in which we live—and that it is the duty of the Government of Vermont to efface so foul a stain from her books of law.

On motion of Col. Artemus Cushman, Resolved, That while we approve the establishment of model institutions which offer facilities for business and enterprise beyond an exclusive metallic currency—we equally disapprove of all such institutions which offer a currency that cannot in due time be converted into specie.

On motion of Mr. Fairbanks Resolved, That the thanks of this Convention are due to the Hon. Wm. A. Griswold for the able, dignified and impartial manner in which he has presided over its deliberations.

Resolved, That the thanks of the Convention be presented by the Secretaries to the two Congressional Societies of this Village for the use of their Rooms.

Resolved, That the proceedings of the Convention be signed by the officers and published in all the Whig papers in the State.

After a short address by the President, the Convention dissolved.

WILLIAM A. GRISWOLD, President.
THEOPHILUS CRAWFORD, Zimri Howe, Ebenezer N. Briggs, Henry F. James, Thomas Waterman, Timothy Follett, John N. Pomeroy, Charles Hopkins, Ferrand F. Merrill, Secretaries.

Productive Farm. The Alms House farm in Salem, contains 35 acres. In 1835 it was in a wild state and covered with rocks. The papers of the town were placed upon it under the care of Mr. Pont Epton. In 1815 the produce was as follows, viz: pork killed, weight 7,500 pounds; 12 live pigs sold for 32 dollars. On hand 57 pigs, 400 bushels of corn, 2,250 bushels of potatoes, 500 bushels of turnips, 3 tons of squashes, and fifty tons of pumpkins, besides furnishing all the common summer vegetables of the Alms House. In a few years the expenses of the public poor were reduced from ten thousand dollars a year to less than one hundred dollars, besides a great increase of good order, morality and happiness.

How would a similar statement of the products of our Rutland poor house farm compare with the foregoing? We conjecture it would fall a little short! Hence it is to be hoped that the overseers will set about an improvement, and be enabled to procure a result that would not make the reader blush at the sight thereof as it is feared it would now—that is—alongside of the Salem poor-house farm.

SUICIDE.—Mr. Jonathan Morse of Newfane, on the 14th inst. committed suicide by shooting himself with a common hunting gun loaded with shot. Being out of health on that day, he kept his room; and as the woman received company that afternoon in another part of the house, he of course had an opportunity of making preparations for the shocking deed, undiscovered. About half past 6 o'clock P. M. the report of a gun was heard in his room, when his wife, followed by others, rushed in, and discovered he was dead! His heart's blood was already on the floor; and it appears he never breathed or even struggled after the discharge of the gun, so deliberately and closely was the fatal instrument held to his heart. A dependency, which for many years was at times manifest in his appearance, and which had increased of late, it is believed, drove him to the horrid act. He was often times heard to say, that "to him a dismal gloom was stamped on the face of every thing!" The opening beauties of spring and summer had ceased to please his eye; and the birds, as they sang their sweetest songs, no longer charmed his ear.—Hindham C. Democrat.

The Legislature of South Carolina has passed a bill for rebuilding the city of Charleston, which provides for raising by loan \$2,000,000, to be made part of the capital of the State Bank, and to be let out on suitable security to those who will build on the burnt district.

Three different attempts have been made to set fire to the remains of the city of Charleston, since the late fire. The Mayor offers a reward of \$1000 for the discovery of the offenders.

Sentence of Abner Kneeland for Blasphemy.—There was a large concourse of people in the Supreme Court this morning, to hear Mr. Kneeland's sentence. He came into Court, attended by his wife and family, and a number of female friends. The bench was full, and, at the direction of the Chief Justice Shaw, Mr. Willard, the Clerk, read the sentence, which was sixty days' imprisonment in the Common Jail. Mr. Kneeland made no remarks on the sentence, and was immediately removed to prison.—Boston Transcript.

THE STATE CONVENTION.

As we anticipated it would be, was the largest ever held in Vermont. Various estimates as to the number have been made, varying from 600 to 800; judging, however, from actual counts at different times and from the fullness of the House, on the floor and in the galleries, we think in safe to say that 700 is near the true number present when the Convention was full. The nominations were unanimously concurred in, and a spirit was manifested which promises well for the cause. Upon the resolutions there arose an interesting discussion; and we shall not be charged with undervaluing the speeches of any gentleman, when we say that father Herrick of Randolph—a Patriot of the revolution, who suffered his full share in a British prison ship—for his pungent touches at the false democracy of the loco focus, for his occasional outbursts of true patriarchal eloquence, and for his earnest invocation to the people to maintain the principles of their patriot fathers—exceeded them all in interest and effect. Slavery, the currency, and the presidency, were subjects of earnest discussion; and although conflicting views were fearlessly expressed and maintained with the boldness and independence characteristic of true Whigs, the final decision on them all was made with great unanimity. The Presidential question was referred to the next convention; a resolution upon the subject of a national bank was laid upon the table; and the opinions of a large majority of the convention on the subject of slavery, and the admission of new states, are embraced in the resolutions. In view of this convention, we say to our friends—be of good cheer—do your part faithfully—and Vermont, at the next election, will give a largely increased majority against loco-focusism.—Watchman.

Earthquake.—The Cincinnati Republican of Monday says:—A slight shock of an earthquake, was felt in this city by a number of persons, about 9 o'clock on Saturday morning last. At Louisville, we learn, that the shock was felt quite sensibly.

Melancholy Accident.—We regret to learn that three young gentlemen, of the ages of 15, 16 and 17, states, and named of the American Hotel, were drowned yesterday at West Point, while bathing in the river.—American.

Whitewashing Extraordinary.—The Rev. Mr. Williams, whose return to the South Seas was noticed a few days ago, gives, in one of his narratives, a laughable account of the effect produced on the natives of one of the islands by a successful attempt which was made to convert the coral of their shores into lime. After having laughed at the process of burning, which they believed was to cook their coral for food, what was their astonishment when in the morning they found the missionary's cottage in the rising smoke as white as snow! They danced, they sang, they shouted, they screamed for joy. The whole island was soon in commotion, given up to wonder and curiosity. The *bon ton* immediately voted the white-wash a cosmetic and *lily-leaf*, and superlatively happy did many a swarthy coquette consider herself could she but enhance her charms by a dab of the white brush. And now party spirit ran high, as it will do in more civilized countries, as to who was or who was not entitled to preference. One party urged their superior rank and riches; a second got the brush, and was determined at all events to keep it; and a third to overturn the whole, that they might obtain some of the sweepings. They did not scruple to rob each other of the little share that some had been so happy as to procure. But soon new lime was prepared, and in a week, not a hut, a domestic utensil, a war club, a garment, but was white as snow; not an uninitiated lot what had his skin painted with the most grotesque figures; not a pig but what was similarly whitened; even mothers might be seen in every direction capering with extravagant gestures, and yelling with delight at the superior beauty of their white-washed infants.—London Herald.

MARRIED.

In Rutland on June 27th by Rev. Giles Munroe, Mr. David D. of Rutland, to Miss Emily Pettigrew of Chittenden.

DIED.

In Clarendon, 25th inst., very suddenly, Mr. Josiah Howard, aged 30.

In Gratton, Vt., June 1st, of consumption, Mary Ann Wilson, aged 15 years.

In Winchester (N. H.) 9th inst. Capt. Luther Wright, formerly of Swanton, aged 65.

In Gratton (N. H.) John Follenberg, a revolutionary pensioner, aged 83.

In Deering, Major Riley, a revolutionary soldier, aged 89.

In Heath, Mr. Mr. David Baldwin, a revolutionary pensioner, aged 83.

In Gloucester, Mr. John Tarr, a revolutionary soldier, aged 82 years and 8 months; he fought at Bunker Hill.

In Patrick County, Va., Mr. Joseph Terry, a soldier of the revolution, and one of the band of heroes who, under Gen. Wayne, attacked and carried the British lines at Stony Point. Soon after this affair he was taken prisoner by the enemy, and experienced all the miseries of the British prison ships, and the cruelty and tyranny of their commanders.

In Trenton N. J. Mr. John Montjoy, aged 57, he served as a soldier in the revolutionary war, and enjoyed good health until the day of his death.

In Hartford, Ct. Major Timothy Hatch, aged 81.

In Suffield, Rev. Asa Morse, 66—in Litchfield, Rev. Joseph E. Camp, aged 73—in South Canaan, Rev. Charles Prentice, 60—in Simsbury, Elizabeth, relict of the late Capt. Amariah Humphrey, 66.

In Beverly, Wm. T. Manning, a rev. pensioner, 81.

In Plymouth, June 25, Mr. Wm. Hostley, aged 91.—Printers in Mass. are requested &c.

SEMI-WEEKLY REPORT OR MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY, June 27.
Flour.—The market is without the slightest change. Western, 7 1/2 to 8; Ohio, 7 3/4 to 7 1/2; Georgetown and Howard street, 8.

Grain.—All descriptions of grain dull. Rye, has declined, sales at 100 cts. Corn also dull at 75 cts. Premiums.—The market continues extremely inactive, sales very limited. Long 2 1/2 to 10 1/2 cts; Hams remain at 10 to 13 cts.—N. Y. Express.

BRIGHTON MARKET.—Monday, June 25, 1838.
At market 140 Beef Cattle, 20 Cows and Calves 240 Sheep, and 250 Swine.

Poultry.—Best quality of 8 to 8 1/2; second quality 7 to 7 1/2; third quality 6 to 6 1/2.

Cats and Calves.—In season. Sales were made at 25, 30, 35, 40, and 50.

Swine.—Lots were sold at 25, 27 1/2, 30, and 35.

Sheep.—One lot was sold to public, and those without weighing; two small lots of old at 10; at retail, from 10 to 12, according to size and quality.

ISSACHER REED'S ESTATE.

STATE OF VERMONT, ss: Be it remembered that the Probate Court, held at Rutland in said district, the 24th day of July, 1838.

Present Wm. HALL, Judge.
An instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of Issacher Reed, late of Rutland, in said district deceased, being presented to the Court, here by Alexander W. Reed, the executor therein named for probate. It is ordered by said Court, That all persons concerned therein be notified to appear at a session of said Court to be held at Rutland on the first Monday of August next, and show cause if any they have, against the probate of said will for which purpose, it is further ordered that a copy of the account of this order be published in the Rutland Herald printed at Rutland, three weeks successively as soon as may be.

H. B. TOWSLEE, Register.
A true copy of record.
Attest, H. B. TOWSLEE, Register.

Cotton Goods.

BURT & MASON has just received 3000 Yards Brown and Bleached Shirtings and Sheetings, of various qualities and widths.

300 Yards 3-4 & 1-2 Tickings.
300 do. Brown Drillings.
300 do. Cotton Batte.
Candle Wick and Wadding.
Cotton Yarn, a superior article.
All of which will be sold very low.
Rutland June 30, 1838.

Iron Ware.

BURT & MASON have just rec'd. a full assortment of Stanley's Iron Ware, which they sell very low.
Rutland, June 30 1838.

Shingles.

200,000 Best quality Spruce Shingles. Also a large supply of Spruce and Hemlock lumber of most kinds for sale by
BURT & MASON.

Straw Bonnets.

BURT & MASON have just rec'd. one case Donatable and Tuscan Bonnets, of the best style which will be sold very low.
Rutland, June 29 1838.

GROCERIES.

BURT & MASON Have rec'd. a large supply of West India Goods, at low prices.
Gunpowder, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, Son-chong, Pouchong, and Bohea Tea; Double refined Lard, Lard and Broth, Sausages; Malt, Rice, Sugar, Coffee, Chocolate; Prepared Cocoa; Cane Syrup; Lard and Keg Raisins; Hard Soap; Ground Pepper and Spice; Ginger; Cloves; Cassia Buds; Nutmegs; Mace; Dried Currants; Citrons; Summer and Winter Lamp Oil; Caraboy Saff; Cayenne and Plug Tobacco; Shortcut and Smoking Tobacco; Ground Mustard;

Windsor Money.

BURT & MASON will receive 300 dollars Windsor Money, at a discount in exchange for Goods.
Rutland, June 29 1838.

FARMERS

WHO wish for first rate Hay and Tools had better call at the subscriber's Store and examine his assortment before purchasing elsewhere, as he has a large assortment of the same. Some of which are extra fine, and a better article than can be found in this village.
Rutland, July 2, 1838. JOHN STRONG.

Flour! Flour!!

100 BARRELS, and 20 half BARRELS, just shipped from the Mill, made from Genesee Wheat; a fine article; known and warranted; now receiving, and for sale at the Troy price, add freight, by
JOHN STRONG.

Strayed.

STRAYED from the subscriber on the 27th of June last, a small 2 year old mare colt, said colt has a white hind leg from the hock to the gambel joint. Whoever will return said colt or give information where she may be had shall be rewarded by
DANIEL BARTLETT.

Danby, July 2nd, 1838.

NOTICE.

TO ALL whom it may concern, this may certify that I have sold my 50 N. Hiram, his time, and shall not claim any of his wages, or pay any debts of his contracting after this date.
SHERBORNE, June 25, 1838. JONATHAN TWING.

Looking Glass Plates.

JUST received, an assortment of Looking Glass Plates of various sizes, and now offered, by the subscriber, for Sale.
Rutland, June 11, 1838. JOHN STRONG.

JAMES KIMBALL'S ESTATE.

STATE OF VERMONT, ss: Be it remembered that the Probate Court, held at Rutland in said district the 20th day of June, 1838.

Present Wm. HALL, Judge.
To all persons concerned in the Estate of James Kimball late of Rutland, deceased,
Greeting,
Whereas, the administrator of the Estate of said deceased having proposed to render an account of his administration, and present his account against said Estate for allowance, Orderd, That said account be examined in Probate Court at a session thereof, to be held at Rutland, in said district, on the first Monday of August next, and that all persons concerned therein, be notified to appear at said time and place, and show cause if any they may have against the allowance of said account, and that a copy of this order be published in the Rutland Herald printed at Rutland, as soon as may be, three weeks successively.
H. B. TOWSLEE, Register.

A true copy of record.
Attest, H. B. TOWSLEE, Register.

Commissioners' Notice.

WE the subscribers, being appointed by the Hon. Probate Court for the district of Fairhaven, commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of
MARTHA HINMAN,

late of Orwell, in said district, deceased, represented insolvent, and also all claims and demands exhibited in offset thereto; and six months from the 23d day of May 1838 being allowed by said court for that purpose, we do therefore hereby give notice that we will attend to the business of our said appointment, at the dwelling house of Josiah H. Chittenden in said Orwell, on the first Thursday in September next, and the fourth Thursday of November next, from two o'clock until six o'clock P. M. on each of said days.
P. M. CORBIN,
JULIUS C. THOMAS, Commissioners.

Dated at Orwell, this 9th day of June, 1838. 25

Nails, Nail Rods, &c.

JUST received, and now offered for sale by the subscriber, a quantity of Nails and Nail Rods and Bands Iron, as have the agency of the Nail Works, I shall be glad to supply Merchants, and others, wishing to purchase any quantity at the Factory price.
JOHN STRONG.

Rutland, June 15, 1838. 26

On Consignment.

A CASE of Superior Rides, thirty and twenty four inches, just received from the manufactory and now offered for sale by the subscriber. To which the attention of Sportsmen and others wishing to purchase is requested.
JOHN STRONG.

Rutland, June 16, 1838. 26

Millinery.

MISS T. S. WEEKS has just returned from Mr. (Albany and Troy,) with the latest and most fashionable articles, and can furnish Ladies Dresses in Broadway (N. Y.) Style—French Summer Hats and Bonnets—Also, in Victoria Gipsy Boston fashion.—Will sell Bonnets for orders on Stores in Wallingford, Clarendon or Rutland.—Then, open and plain Straw on hand for repairing—Also, an Imperial pressing Machine.
N. B. TOWERS or other Girls wanted at said business. Wallingford, two doors south of Temperance House.

Groceries.

JUST received, a fresh lot of Groceries, which makes my stock complete. The attention of our keepers, and others wishing to purchase, or look is requested before purchasing elsewhere.
JOHN STRONG.

Rutland, June 16, 1838. 26

List of Letters Remaining in the Post Office at Rutland Vt., July 1, 1838.

Almon Holton Miss.
Augusta Frederick.
Barnes Joseph.
Barker Francis.
Barnes Lorenson D.
Beckford Asahel.
Briggs Amos.
Burrill J.
Russell Augustus.
Bourne George H.
Bourjoe Asahel.
Bliss Patty Mrs.
Cousens Stephen.
Chittenden W. H.
Caruth Daniel.
Conant Peter.
Carpenter Elisha.
Clark Samuel Mr.
Dyer H. H.
Dunklee Abel.
Durkee David.
Dolph David.
Drew Susan Miss.
Dwyer Jeremiah.
Durkee Lucy Miss.
Dorwin M. Mrs.
Eggleston John.
Eggleston Collins.
Edna Helen K.
Eastman Samuel.
Evans William S.
Fisher Jos.
Farmer Eli.
Farmer R. L. Miss.
Farrar Rebecca Miss.
Foster H. N. Messer.
Fudge William J.
Ford Henry.
Gardner John.
Gouldsop Abel.
Houghton Rodolph.
Hunt William R.
Hunt Jonathan.
Hoskins T. K.
Harrington Thaddeus.
Hassell Daniel J.
Hogg Nelson.
Horton G. W.
Hooker William.

Holley Andrew.
Hitchcock & Morgan Messrs.
Howard Susan R. Mrs.
Hopper Orville L.
Gerris Mary Mrs.
Jackson Ephraim.
Krym August.
Kimball Asa.
Kimball Eliza.
Kimball Susan Mrs.
Kimble Hiram.
Matheson Charles.
Merry M.
Miles Mrs. Maria.
McLaughlin Daniel.
Mead Eliza S.
Morgan Eleazer H.
Morgan Margaret Mrs.
Mason A. H. Messer.
Mason Boomer J.
Osgood Abigail L. Miss.
O'Brien George.
Paisant Solomon.
Pratt Nathan.
Powers Warren.
Pock Lucius H.
Purdy Lucius M.
Rollins Nathan.
Reed Nathaniel.
Richardson John G. J.
Richardson Asa. Miss.
Shaw William K.
Stocker Martha M.
Smith Fanny Miss.
Smith Mary J. Miss.
Seward H.
Snow Polly Mrs.
Snow Mrs. Ann Miss.
True Osgood.
Temple William.
Waterhouse Harry.
Wheeler A. T.
Wilson Dr.
Williams Harriet Miss.
Williams Joseph R.
Wissell Isaac.
Wright William.
Waller Loyal H. E.

THOMAS J. ORMSBEE, P. M.

Sheep Tobacco.

THE real James River Leaf Tobacco, put up in bales of from eighty to one hundred pounds, but will be sold in quantities to suit purchasers, at the New Store.
JOHN STRONG.

Rutland, June 14, 1838. 263w.

Butter! Butter