CONGRESSIONAL.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 11.

SENATE.

The Senate took up the Clayton and Bulwer treaty discussion, and Mr. Cass the floor for a short speech. He commenced by alluding to the discussion which took place in Manchester on the treaty, in which he was at a loss to know which most to admire, the ignorance of the speakers or their boldness. That misfortune is attributable at the time, he must be believed that the treaty would deprive England of her power and influence in Central America. While expressing he views on that occasion he expressly stated that he desired the existence of European power and self-government of European power and self-government in the American continent, not actually held as colonies by some European government, and that he believed the true policy of public law, expressed in the policy of the American states, fully justified the proclamation. The majority was prepared for this consideration—nor do he believed it and he believed that in our glorious future the consequence of the western hemisphere from the Brazilian and in vigorous of the eastern was to constitute one of our principal claims to the respect of mankind. If he could not get the Monroe doctrine he would get the next best thing, he would seek to procure by international arrangements the exclusion of European influence from this continent, even by force if necessary. With an expression of the views he voted for the Clayton treaty, if that treaty had utterly failed of its purpose, as recent discussions indicated, the fault was not with those who voted for its ratification upon the faith of its expressed engagements. Mr. Cass then replied at great length to Mr. Clayton's exculpation in his speech of the special session that he misrepresented the language used by him in his private letter in explanation of the treaty, and proceeded to show that Mr. Clayton was not accurate in his recollection of those remarks. He then examined on the correspondence which passed between Sir Henry Bulwer and Secretary Clayton in which the former claimed and the latter admitted the exemption of Honduras from the engagement of the treaty which it covered the whole of Central America. This proceeding and the subsequent acquiescence of the executive, without referring the matter to the senate as the proper authority to decide upon it, to substitute the opinions of an individual for the action of the proper body. It was past contradiction that a large portion of the senate never thought of excluding Honduras from the engagements of the treaty, and would have voted against its ratification had they believed that such an attempt would have been made.

Mr. Cass concluded his speech at half past two o'clock, when Mr. Clayton got the floor, and the subject was postponed until tomorrow.

HOUSE.

The Ingraham resolution was taken up.

Mr. Phillips moved an amendment vindicating the right of Kossta to protection as an American citizen.

Mr. Perkins offered a resolution calling for all correspondence with foreign governments relative to similar cases.

Mr. Clingman moved the previous question—ayes 82, noes 58.

Mr. Dean, who reported the resolution from the committee on military affairs, closed the debate in the following words:

"We have taken our position as to European colonization on this continent and its adjacent islands. We are now called to step forward and assume distinctly our position as to the rights of those who are entitled to the protection of our government, whether they be naturalized citizens or not; and that position is that the deck of an American ship is in all places sacred, and the spot on our own soil or on foreign soil on which a person invested with American nationality stands, is as inviolable as the sanctuary of the gods."

The amendment of Mr. Phillips was voted down without a division. The resolution was then adopted to the form as originally reported—ayes 174, noes 9.

THURSDAY, Jan. 12.

SENATE.

Mr. Clayton spoke in reply to Mr. Cass until the adjournment, without concluding, confining himself chiefly to combatting Mr. Cass' assumption that British Honduras was intended to be included in the Bulwer treaty. Central America was considered in its present political and not in its geographical description, as laid down in some maps. Adjourned to Monday.

HOUSE.

The resolution to print 50,000 copies of the compendium of the census was taken up.

Mr. Meacham moved an amendment providing for 100,000 copies. The amendment was agreed to, and the resolution adopted.

Mr. Houston, from the committee of ways and means, reported back the senate bill relative to the mode of paying senators, with an amendment making the accounts suitable at the treasury department, instead of by a committee of the senate; adjourned.

MONDAY, Jan. 16.

SENATE.

A resolution was adopted, providing for the appointment of a joint special committee to express suitable thanks to the rescuers of the San Francisco passengers.

Mr. Dixon gave notice of an amendment to the Nebraska bill, repealing that part of the act admitting Missouri which prohibited slavery north of 36:30.

Mr. Dixon's amendment to the Nebraska bill was ordered to be printed. It proposes to add an additional section providing that so much of the 8th section of the act admitting Missouri as prohibits slavery or involuntary servitude, other than as punishment for crime in the territory, obtained in the session of Louisiana, having north of 36:30' shall be deemed wholly inapplicable to the territory of Nebraska, and all other territories of the United States, the people of whom shall alone have the right of deciding whether slavery shall or shall not exist therein.

The Clayton and Bulwer treaty was then taken up, and Mr. Clayton proceeded with his remarks until the adjournment.

Mr. Petus' report on Phelps' case is favorable to Mr. Phelps's right to his seat, and is signed by Messrs. Felch, Geyer and Williams. The minority report is signed by Messrs. Butler and Bayard.

HOUSE.

Mr. Orr introduced a bill for the relief of the survivors of the army saved from the steamboat San Francisco, which which was referred to the committee on military affairs.

A resolution similar to that offered by Mr. Pennie in the Senate, for a suitable expression of thanks to the rescuers of the San Francisco, was adopted.

Mr. McDougal introduced a bill to establish a line of military posts, opening a common road, and authorizing the construction of a telegraphic line and railroad from the Mississippi to San Francisco, and moved that it be referred to a special committee, which motion was agreed to.

On Tuesday, in the Senate, Mr. Douglas gave notice that he would move to take up the Nebraska bill on Monday next.

Mr. Sumner gave notice of an amendment to the Nebraska bill, retaining the Missouri compromise.

In the House, no business of special interest.

SENATE.

MONDAY, Jan. 23.

Mr. Petit moved that the Committee on Private Land Claims be allowed a clerk. Agreed to.

Mr. Douglas asked leave to make report from the Committee on Territories. He said their instructions had been directed to the fact that the southern boundary of Nebraska which was 36° 30', would divide the Cherokee Country. The committee on Territories had determined to recommend the 37th degree as the southern boundary. The people of that region are now asking for a territorial government. The report of the committee was received and ordered to be printed.

The Nebraska bill was then taken up, and Mr. Dixon proceeded to explain his amendment. He said it was not his intention to bring it. Parties who had taken active part in the repeal of the Missouri compromise had given the whole subject into his hands. He intended to the adverse, they will raise a howling upon their offspring, greater than anything they can bequeath to them, with a healthy constitution.

SALT RHEUM.

My daughter, Hannah, has been severely afflicted with an eruption ever since her childhood. It has been named Scrofula, Salt Rheum, &c. It was, I think, the Salt Rheum, which was of the very worst form. It destroyed her health, strength and appetite. She was so weak she could not walk. About 1 1/2 years ago I purchased a bottle of Myers' Extract of Rock Rose. She took two bottles, and a marked change for the better was soon perceptible, and in four weeks she was able to attend school and become her usual self. Her health has been perfect in consequence of your health. We hope and think the humor entirely healed. Her general health is greatly improved, and for many years she has not been so well as at present.

H. G. DUNLAP.

Mr. H. G. Dunlap is Deacon of the Congregational Church of which I am the Pastor, and I cheerfully and cordially endorse the testimony of his family as true.

J. H. TWICHELL.

For sale by BARRETT & SON, and C. DUNY & SON, Rutland; LINCOLN & GRAVES, Castleton.

PROBATE'S CONVENTION.—The Editorial Convention of the gentlemen representing the papers of the women's rights of the state, agreed to form a Publisher's Association. A resolution was unanimously adopted that in no case will advertisements be received from Advertising Agencies at less than regular rates. Nineteen papers in the Eastern and Western counties were represented. The members of the Convention dined at the American House, Springfield, on the invitation of the publishers of the Republican.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—A train on the Vermont Central ran upon a stick of timber which was lying upon the track Friday afternoon, and by the concussion, the conductor, named Douglas, had both legs broken, and several passengers were somewhat bruised.

ALBANY, Jan. 20.

The Dry goods store of George White & Co., on Broadway, was robbed last night of silks and satins to the value of five or six thousand dollars.

The Mansion House at Mount Vernon is now one hundred and eight years old, having been built in 1743.

—A telegraphic cable was extended across Hudson River, from Fort Washington to Fort Lee, on Saturday last. It weighs 1555 pounds, 1 three-fourths of an inch thick, and one mile in length. It was put down by Hoare's Washington and New York Telegraph Company.

—LIBERATED SLAVES.—Messrs. M. M. and F. T. White of Cincinnati, recently inherited an estate in North Carolina, a part of which was eleven slaves. They were offered $10,000 for the slaves, which they refused, and the liberated slaves recently passed through Cincinnati on their way to Indiana, where they will settle as agriculturalists.

ANSWER TO "L." PROBLEM.

At the end of the twenty years the descendants of this marriage of eleven would amount to the number of 36,212,992, all and young, supposing no deaths in the family. P.

PROBLEM.

Three equal cubes have each other extremity and exclusive of ground. What would be their dimensions? Also what will be the diameter of a large circle circumscribing these three equal circles? P.

CAMBRIDGE CATTLE MARKET.

[Reported for the Rutland Herald Advertiser.]

At market 743 Cattle, about 700 Beeves, and 43 Stores.

Prices.—Market Beef—Extra per cwt., $8.00; first quality $7.50; second do., $7.00 a $7.25; third do., $6.50; ordinary 6.00 a 6.00. Hides $6.50, Tallow, $8.50 a 9.00. Pelts $1.37 a 1.50. Calf Skins, 12c per lb. Barrelling Cattle, $6.00 a 6.50. Veal Calves, $6, 7, a 8.

Stores—Working Oxen—$92, 107, 115, 125, 134, 142, a 210. Cows and Calves, $30, 31, 35, 38, 42, 44, 47, 54 a 74. Two years old, $21, 25, 28, 30, 33 a 41. Three years old, $38, 44, 47, 50 a 76.

Sheep and Lambs—1929 at market, all sold quick and well. Extra $5.00, 7.00, 8.00 a 12.00. By lot, $3.50, 3.75, 4.00, 4.25, 4.50, 4.75 a 5.00.

Swine—Still fat 4 75, and cash fed 5c per lb.

Remarks—Market firm and sales quick, nearly all sold by 11 o'clock, and some resold at an advance. About 4000 good hogs, in the carcass came in by rail road, sold at about 7c per lb.

| NUMBER FROM EACH STATE. | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Cattle. | Sheep. | Swine. | Horses. |
| N. H. | 120 | 311 | — | — |
| Vt. | 486 | 1059 | — | — |
| Mass. | 65 | 559 | — | — |
| N. Y. | 72 | — | — | — |
| Mich. | — | — | — | — |
| Ohio | — | — | — | — |
| Canada | — | — | — | — |
| Total | 743 | 1929 | — | — |

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL.

*Reported for the Herald.*

New York Prices Current.

| | |
|---|---|
| Ashes, pearl, P lb | 0.12 a 0.12½ |
| Pots | 0.12 a 0.13 |
| Obs | 0.10 a 0.11 |
| Cheese, new milk | 0.09 a 0.11 |
| Skimmed | 0.05 a 0.06 |
| Flour, Genesee Cat | 6.50 a 6.75 |
| Ohio & Michigan, fancy | 6.25 a 6.37 |
| Extra | 5.87 a 6.00 |
| Common | 5.62 a 5.68 |
| Corn, Northern, yellow | 0.80 a 0.83 |
| Western | 0.81 a 0.82 |
| Southern Yellow | 0.80 a 0.82 |
| do. White | — |
| Oats, Northern | 0.45 a 0.47 |
| Southern | 0.45 a 0.47 |
| Pork | 20.00 a |
| Beans, West | — |
| North | — |
| Wool, Saxony | 0.75 a 0.80 |
| Full Blood Merino | 0.50 a 0.55 |
| Mod. and 3 qrs | 0.45 a 0.50 |
| Native and 1 qr | 0.40 a 0.45 |
| Hops, Pacific | 0.40 a 0.45 |

Boston Prices Current. (Cash)

| | |
|---|---|
| Butter, Prime, Orange Co | 0.20 a 0.21 |
| State | 0.16 a 0.19 |
| Ohio | 0.14 a 0.16 |
| Cheese, N. York, fair | 0.09 a 0.11 |
| Medium | 0.07 a 0.08 |
| Corn, Western | 0.80 a 0.82 |
| South Yellow | 0.80 a 0.82 |
| North Yellow | — |
| South White | 0.80 a 0.80 |
| Wheat, Genesee | 1.60 a 1.70 |
| Oats, Southern | 0.50 a 0.52 |
| Northern | — |
| Flour, Gen. Extra | 6.37 a 6.50 |
| Ohio Fancy | 6.37 a 6.50 |
| Genesee | 6.37 a 6.50 |
| Wool, Saxony Fleece | 0.75 a 0.80 |
| Full Blood Merino | 0.50 a 0.55 |
| 3 and 4 do | 0.45 a 0.50 |
| Native and 1 do | 0.40 a 0.45 |
| Pulled Superfine | 0.45 a 1.00 |
| Pulled No. 1 | 0.40 a 0.45 |
| Hops, new | 0.40 a 0.45 |
| Whole Beans, West | 1.00 a 1.12 |

## Special Notices.

Myers' Extract of Rock Rose.

Every day furnishes additional proof of the efficacy of Myers' Extract of Rock Rose in the cure of rheumatism, salt rheum, and all impurities of the blood. For sale by all druggists. Price $1 per bottle. Effectiveness of any kind, should lose no time in trying it. Parents whose children are afflicted with scrofula, should not hesitate to give it freely. By attention to the advice, they will save a lifelong upon their offspring, greater than anything they can bequeath to them, save a healthy constitution.

SALT RHEUM.

My daughter, Hannah, has been severely afflicted with an eruption ever since her childhood. It has been named Scrofula, Salt Rheum, &c. It was, I think, the Salt Rheum, which was of the very worst form. It destroyed her health, strength and appetite. She was so weak she could not walk. About 1 1/2 years ago I purchased a bottle of Myers' Extract of Rock Rose. She took two bottles, and a marked change for the better was soon perceptible, and in four weeks she was able to attend school and become her usual self. Her health has been perfect in consequence of your health. We hope and think the humor entirely healed. Her general health is greatly improved, and for many years she has not been so well as at present.

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J. H. TWICHELL.

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Masonic Notice.

THE regular meetings of Central Lodge, No. 5, are held in Odd Fellows' Hall, Pelham Block, on the first Thursday in each month, at 7 o'clock P. M. All Free Masons in good standing are respectfully invited to attend.

Rutland, 1854. HENRY HOLDEN, Sec.

From the Independent Journal.

ONE OF THE BEST remedies for coughs, colds, asthma, consumption, and other diseases, now glasses, or process before the public, is Dr. Wistar's Compound Pitch Lozenges. The proprietors are now ready to offer at wholesale preparations to the trade. We have tested their valuable Pitch Lozenges ourselves, and we unhesitatingly recommend it to our friends. It can be obtained of our principal druggists.

POND & MOREY, wholesale Agents, Main and Washington streets, Rutland, Vt.

We take great pleasure in calling attention to the Advertisement of Messrs. Edward Lambert & Co., of 335 and 337 Canal street, New York. Their goods are well known and deservedly popular. The name of this firm was formerly Lambert & Co. and it was the most extensive dealers in Silk and Fancy Goods in the city of Philadelphia, and for the last two years in New York, which we remember for the purpose of being able to give our customers a proper idea of their goods. We know of no more reliable house in the trade, and we feel confident that our friends will be well pleased with their goods and prices.

Persons who are in the habit of using the best of tooth powder, should remember that Dr. Lyon's Celebrated Tooth Powder is the best article for the teeth ever offered to the public. Sold by all druggists.

Twelve Premiums.—Thirteen years ago the firm of Fairbanks, Greene & Co., 252 Broadway, New York, commenced the manufacture of Fairbanks' Scales, and have received twelve premiums for them. Persons wishing to purchase a good scale, should remember the name, Fairbanks, Greene & Co., 252 Broadway, New York.

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is an old favorite, and deservedly so, for it has been in use for many years, and has proved itself to be a most reliable remedy for all pulmonary complaints. It is a perfect specific for coughs, colds, and incipient consumption, and relieves the most aggravated cases of asthma and bronchitis. Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass. Sold by all druggists everywhere.

Twelve Premiums.—Twelve years ago the firm of Fairbanks, Greene & Co., 252 Broadway, New York, commenced the manufacture of Fairbanks' Scales, and have received twelve premiums for them. Persons wishing to purchase a good scale, should remember the name, Fairbanks, Greene & Co., 252 Broadway, New York.

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.—Having been in use for many years, and proved itself to be a most reliable remedy for all pulmonary diseases, consumption not excepted, we feel confident in recommending it to our friends and the public. Sold by all druggists everywhere.

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.—Having been in use for many years, and proved itself to be a most reliable remedy for all pulmonary diseases, consumption not excepted, we feel confident in recommending it to our friends and the public. Sold by all druggists everywhere.

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"THROW PHYSIC TO DOGS."

Fellowsville, N. Y.

Messrs. Fairbanks & Co.—Gentlemen: I have for some time been troubled with the Dyspepsia, and I feel bound to say that the only thing which afforded me any relief was Fairbanks' Vegetable Dyspepsia Bitters.

JOHN DUNLAP.

Sold by all druggists everywhere.

Used to Ladies.

Ladies who are troubled with Dyspepsia and to wear those tight lacings which are considered so fashionable at the present time, will find Fairbanks' Vegetable Dyspepsia Bitters a most valuable remedy for the relief of Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Nervous Headache, Sick Headache, Nervous Debility, Loss of Appetite, Lassitude, Pain in the Side, Back and Limbs, Dizziness, Jaundice, Fever and Ague, Fever and Chills, Chronic Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic, Cholera Morbus, Nausea, Vomiting, Costiveness, Piles, Worms, Nervous Diseases, Palpitation of the Heart, Dropsy, Gravel, Female Complaints, Nervous Irritability, Low Spirits, Loss of Sleep, Pain in the Back, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Fever and Ague, Fever and Chills, Fever Sores