

AUSTRINIANS ROUTED IN THE ALPS

Italians Claim Capture of Two Miles of Trench Defences in Carnic Alps After Hard Battle—Other Posts Are Taken.

German Official Statement Reports Heavy French Losses in the Argonne With More Than 2,000 Officers and Men Prisoners.

Geneva, Switzerland, July 14—The Italians have captured two miles of Austrian trenches in the Carnic Alps, according to a despatch received today by the Tribune from Villach, an Austrian town on the river Drave, 52 miles northwest of Laibach.

The Alpine troops, these despatches say, dragged their artillery to the heights near Roskofel, which is situated at an altitude of 8,600 feet.

The Italians also are said to have captured two important ports south of Gorizia.

GERMANS CLAIM BIG SUCCESSES IN ARGONNE

Berlin, July 14.—The German official statement issued today announced the capture yesterday of French positions in the forest of the Argonne for a width of three kilometers (1.9 miles) and for a depth of one kilometer and also that the Germans claim they have 2,851 prisoners, took two field cannons and rendered eight cannon useless.

ARMIES IN GALICIA AWAITING MUNITIONS

London, July 14.—For more than a week now, the Austro-German offensive in Galicia and Poland has been hanging fire while the Russians, their center having fallen back on a more advantageous line in the heights to the north of Krasnik, apparently are awaiting the next move of the Teutonic forces.

Fresh ammunition and reinforcements may bring a sudden revival of activity in this war zone but meantime the western front by reason of the uncertainty as to which side plans a general offensive, will offer the greatest possibilities of interesting developments.

The French claim their front in the Argonne forest, after being canted by a violent attack by the army of Crown Prince Frederick William, has been restored, the net result being a costly advance for the Germans, by the strength of the offensive at this point leads the British press to speculate whether the Argonne or the Woerwe districts will not be selected for a general German offensive rather than the battle grounds in Flanders.

Many reports from Balkan sources revive the rumors that Turkey is weary of war and anxious for a separate peace. Through none of the reports finds confirmation some sections of the British press profess to believe that they are not improbable in that Turkey is beginning to feel the pinch of ammunition shortage in the Dardanelles by virtue of the refusal of Rumania to allow munitions to cross her borders.

FIVE KILLED AS NEUTRAL SCHOONER HITS A MINE

London, July 14.—The captain and four members of the crew of the Swedish schooner Daisy were killed when the vessel was sunk by a mine off Freetown, according to a Reuter despatch from Stockholm.

NON-BELLIGERENTS PROTEST HINDERANCE OF COMMERCE

Paris, July 14.—A despatch from Stockholm to the Overseas News Agency says that the Swedish minister in London has delivered to the British government a sharp protest against the perpetual postponement of Swedish commerce.

Bank Commissioner Chooses Assistants

Hartford, July 14.—The board of control has approved the following appointments made by Bank Commissioner E. J. Sturges: J. K. Risland, deputy bank examiner; F. E. Soule, Daniel P. Landon and W. H. Edwards, examiners; Anna E. Bartlett, secretary; Helen E. Burns, stenographer.

Motorist Is Too Ill To Answer Charge

New Britain, July 14.—Arthur N. Rosenberg, a New Britain tailor, was unable to appear in the Berlin town court this morning to answer to a charge of reckless driving, because of his injuries and the case was continued to Saturday morning. Rosenberg was driving his auto Monday night on the Berlin turnpike when it was overturned, killing E. A. Longano, one of his employees.

MILLWRIGHTS IN STRIKERS' RANKS AT ARMS WORKS

Structural Iron Workers on U. M. C. Work Join Those of Arms Plant.

PENFIELD SUSPECTS GERMAN INFLUENCES

Nearly 400 Now Estimated To Be On Strike, Halting Construction.

Labor troubles at the Bridgeport Arms Works and the U. M. C. Co., extended today. Major Walter G. Penfield, head of the plant, blames German influences.

The millwrights, 100 of them, went on strike at 1 o'clock. Twenty-five structural iron workers of the Parry Construction Co. went on strike this morning. They did not report for work.

There were about 250 structural iron workers out already. This included a millwright, now on strike, up to nearly 400.

The strike of the millwrights was for more wages. They are the craft over which all the trouble began.

Whether a millwright, a union carpenter, or a union machiner, at the union structural ironworker, is the point to be settled.

To-day, for the first time, the question of wages entered the controversy. As union carpenters, working at the Arms Plant, the millwrights received \$3.75 a day. As union structural ironworkers, they would receive \$5 a day.

They decided today, to join the Metal Trades' affiliation, which would pay to correspond to their union connections.

The ironworkers who struck this morning are all those employed on the so-called U. M. C. buildings, which are south of Boston avenue. Those already out were employed north of Boston avenue on the so-called Bridgeport Arms Works.

Work of installing machinery in the big buildings is practically at a standstill today and beyond the carpentry work being done on the buildings in which the steel work is already completed, there is nothing stirring in the way of additional structural work.

Major Penfield last night issued a statement in which he said that the recent bricklayers' strike was actuated by officials of the union who had been paid \$2,000 in New York city to call the strike and tamper the work of putting up new buildings. He said that the same conditions obtained in relation to structural iron work.

These statements are vigorously denied by local labor leaders today and the head of the arms company has been asked to give explicit details as to where and to whom the money was paid.

That German influence has been at work in fomenting the strike is denied in all quarters today with the exception of Major Penfield who says:

German influence is most likely to have been at work in the case of the labor unions can tell me why they have decided to call out our men and stop our work then I will be willing to believe that no money has been paid them or that German influence has been at work.

Many international heads of the various unions involved are at present in this city. Conferences of the machinists, metal workers, structural ironworkers and other unions were held today. Labor circles tonight will be busy with meetings at the various halls and conferences.

Major Penfield today was closed for several hours with Samuel P. Pryor, general manager of the U. M. C. company. What subjects had been the topics of conversation other than matters of general construction could not be ascertained.

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZER OF THE HOD CURTAINERS UNION, ORGANIZED IN BRIDGEPORT TO THE NUMBER OF 600, ABOUT HALF OF WHOM WORK ON THE ARMS COMPANY BUILDINGS, CALLED A MEETING OF THE UNION TONIGHT. THIS WILL BE HELD AT 52 CANNON STREET AND THE QUESTION OF STRIKE WILL BE PUT TO THOSE PRESENT. THEY ARE DEMANDING SHORTER HOURS OF LABOR WITH TIME AND A HALF ON OVERTIME WORK WEEK DAYS AND SUNDAY TIME ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON AND SUNDAY WORK.

International Vice President J. J. Keppeler of the International Association of Machinists, stated today that with a meeting scheduled for Friday with the structural iron workers, the tool and die makers were to be called into conference by President Samuel Carlisle, financial secretary of the Bridge and Structural Iron workers of Connecticut. They will be asked to take action looking towards a strike in sympathy with the other workers on iron.

Vice President Keppeler, of the Machinists said today that Fred Enos, secretary of the Board of Trade, was appealed to by his organization this afternoon in an effort to see whether he could not force the warring local firms and bodies to adjust this matter by arbitration.

"Our unions," said both Keppeler and John A. Johnson, first vice president of the Structural Iron Workers of America, "are willing to submit this matter to arbitration by any competent authority that the arms company may proceed with their work but the carpenters absolutely refuse to do this."

In reply to this statement, Martin Kane, head of the local union and speaking in the absence of John Flynn, general organizer for the Carpenters and Joiners' Union of America, said:

"Why should we arbitrate, when there is nothing to base this strike on? The book of Deuteronomy to organizers of the American Federation (Continued on Page 14.)

THAW TO LEARN FATE BY NIGHT IN FINAL FIGHT

Jury Gets Sanity Case This Afternoon After Arguments By Lawyers.

PAST LIFE RAKED UP BY THE PROSECUTION

"Insane When He Killed White, He's Insane Now," Says Attorney General.

New York, July 14.—Harry K. Thaw may know by tonight whether he is to be set free as the outcome of his nine years' fight to prove that he is sane or whether he is to be sent back to the Matteawan asylum as insane.

Most of the day was spent in the final arguments of the lawyers for the state and for the prisoner. Both sides consumed much time and the state went into detail of Thaw's life.

In summing up the case of the state, Deputy Attorney General Cook reviewed the life of Thaw from the time of his birth, until he was deported from Canada after his escape from the state hospital for the criminal insane at Matteawan. He recalled to the jury that Thaw had thrice been declared insane and told of an alleged attempt to stab a fellow student at Harvard University, of his alleged attempt to shoot a cabman and of a fight in an all-night restaurant in which he was hit on the head with a water bottle.

"Thaw was insane during all this time," Mr. Cook went on; "he was insane when he shot and killed Stanford White; there is no doubt of that. And the same conditions prevail today."

Mr. Cook repeatedly turned from the jury box and shook his finger at Thaw, sitting five feet away. He referred to him as "Evelyn Nesbit's Thaw" and "the true virgin of his."

Thaw, meanwhile, seemed to be unaware that Mr. Cook was anywhere nearby. He chatted with his counsel and once turned and smiled at a friend sitting among the spectators.

During the latter part of Mr. Cook's summing up, United States Senators Ollie James, of Kentucky, and Hughes of New Jersey, entered the courtroom and took seats on the bench with Justice Hendrick. Mr. Stanchfield, counsel for Thaw, began by declaring that neither he nor the court was concerned with the previous actions of Thaw.

"The question," said Mr. Stanchfield, "is whether he is sane today."

Counsel then took up the remark made on the stand yesterday by Dr. Austin Flint, chief of the asylum, who stated that "the unwritten law does not go here."

He said that legally Dr. Flint was right but that technically he was wrong. He related several instances among that of the late General Daniel E. Hickles, in an attempt to show that aroused passion, resulting in killing, had often been excused by juries.

Armed passion and insanity, he said, are not the same. He pointed to the man who had wronged the woman he loved, said Mr. Stanchfield, caused Thaw to kill Stanford White.

Mr. Stanchfield read to the jury a portion of a decision by Justice Jenkins, a litigation in which Thaw was concerned. In this the justice pointed out that Thaw, having been acquitted of murder, his commitment to Matteawan was not in the nature of punishment but was for the purpose of restraining an alleged insane person who at large might be a menace to the peace of the community. Such a commitment, according to Justice Jenkins, was valid only so long as the person committed might remain insane.

Mr. Stanchfield discussed the case of Thaw in every detail, including the finding of the commission appointed by the federal courts to examine Thaw while he was in New Hampshire, subsequent to his deportation from Canada.

MAYOR FAVORS NEW HOUSING ORDINANCE

"I am heartily in favor of the proposed ordinance regulating the construction of three-story tenement houses," declared Mayor Wilson today. "I am opposed to the manner in which tenement houses have been erected in this city and I am in favor of any measure which will safeguard the lives of people of our city against fire."

The mayor said further that he would favor the New York ordinance which requires that a light be kept burning from sunrise to sunset in the hallways of all houses where more than two families reside. The text of the proposed ordinance, which forbids the future building of any houses more than two stories and a half in height and designed for more than two families unless the exterior walls are of brick or fireproof material, will be found today in the advertising columns of the Farmer. A public hearing on the ordinance will be held at the city hall next Monday night.

OWNER CAPTURES MEN WHO STOLE HIS BOAT

A sloop owned by Richard Newcomb of 213 South avenue was stolen last night from an anchorage on the dock of the Locomobile Co., and this morning complaint was made to the police. Detectives in an automobile went toward New Haven and Newcomb toward Norwalk. At a late hour this afternoon, Newcomb announced he captured the thieves.

POSTMASTERS WILL MEET IN NATIONAL CAPITAL, OCT. 20-22

Washington, July 14.—This year's convention of the National Association of First and Second class Postmasters will be held here Oct. 20-22. Selection of Washington as the meeting place was announced today by E. S. Shannon, of Nashville, Tenn., secretary of the organization.

GOING AWAY?

Let The Farmer follow you on your summer vacation. Keep in touch with friends and happenings at home. Telephone your order, No. 1208.

TO REFUSE MANY GIRLS ENTRANCE TO CITY NORMAL

Board of Education Raises Admission Mark For Would-Be Teachers.

MUST AVERAGE 80 AS B. H. S. SENIOR

New Haven School Will Have to Care For Bridgeport Graduates.

New Haven Normal school will have to care for many Bridgeport girls who would be school teachers, as a result of a new rule placed in force this week by the board of education. Refusals of admission to the City Normal school in Bridgeport are expected to be many.

Investigation is being made of the Training school as a result of the girls who graduated from Bridgeport High school, and who would enter the Training school and unless they averaged 80 for the year, they will be refused permission to make out an application. The mark hitherto has been 70.

About 25 graduates of the High school are planning to enter the Training school as a result of the board's education canvass. How many of these will be refused couldn't be learned today because the investigation of their marks has not been completed.

When young women just out of the High school went to the board of education blanks they were not allowed to take their seats in the classroom, as has been done in other years. This, Dr. C. W. Deane, superintendent of schools, explained today, is to save the girls the necessity of paying for a physical examination in the event that they have not the passing mark.

Many of the young women were perturbed. They are making plans to enter the Normal school. Some raised the contention that many a good teacher has been developed, even though she didn't average 80, and they said the best scholars don't make the best teachers.

Dr. Deane, however, said this is not the case. In general, he said, the better a scholar the better a teacher and the cases where teachers have been developed from persons who had not attained better than average marks, are few.

As many will undoubtedly be refused admittance, because of the new marking standards, New Haven Normal school will receive the surplus. Some of those who know they will not qualify were rather indignant today because they will not have a chance to prove what they can do in Normal school.

The conclusion was drawn that the crowded conditions at the Training schools is the cause of the new system but Dr. Deane said today:

"The system was adopted by the board to improve the efficiency of the teachers in the Bridgeport schools. We have no idea yet how many will be refused."

PROGRESSIVES AND SOCIALISTS WON'T HAVE PRIMARY LIST

Failure to Poll 10 Per Cent. Vote at Last Election Loses Right To It.

There will be no Socialist or Progressive party primary lists in Bridgeport this autumn. Each of these parties failed to poll 10 per cent. of the total vote cast at the last election and the registrars of voters are not obliged to prepare primary lists for them unless those officials will be satisfied that labor will not prevent either party from placing a ticket in the field if they so desire.

Registration for the primaries will be from August 6 to August 14 this year. The office of the registrars of voters, which is now on the second floor of the Masonic Temple, will be open every day except Sunday, August 8, from noon until 9 o'clock in the evening. Those voters whose names were on the last year's lists and who are still residents of Bridgeport will be retained. Those made voters last year must register to have a vote in the primaries this fall.

There will be only two lists this year, Democratic and Republican, but the other parties, including the Socialist Labor party and the Prohibition party, will probably name candidates. There is also the usual talk of a Citizens' ticket but thus far it has no material form.

IMPERIAL WOOL CO. SUES BUILDING FIRM

Declaring that the Marling Construction Co. of assets to R. G. Dun in order to procure credit, the Imperial Wool Co., of New York has brought suit against the Marling firm for \$400. It is alleged that the Marling Co., represented to Dun agents that it had assets of \$35,892 and liabilities of \$4,342.85.

Relying upon this statement the Imperial Wool Co., took the Marling Co.'s note for \$360 on January 2, 1915. Since then it has been found impossible to collect on the note. It is claimed that the Marling Co., removed and concealed personal property. The present action is returnable to the common pleas court, September term.

ONE CENT PURCHASES Receipt For Parcel Post Mail Matter

On and after September 1, it will be possible to obtain a receipt for a parcel post package on the payment of an added charge of one cent. The affixing of a one cent stamp to the parcel will show that a receipt has been given. The name of the addressee shall be written in the receipt by the sender.

The new rule will prove a boon to those who have occasion to make use of the parcel post and is something that many steady patrons of this form of mail service have been trying to obtain since its institution. The giving of a receipt puts the sender on the basis of the express companies, who provide receipts for parcels entrusted to them.

WEATHER FORECAST

Generally fair tonight and Thursday. Light, variable winds.

G. O. P. BAG MEN MUST TELL UNDER OATH COMPLETE FACTS OF HILL ELECTION SCANDAL

CAPITAL AWAITS WILSON ON NEXT NOTE TO BERLIN

Will Probably Discuss Reply At Cabinet Meeting on Tuesday.

Washington, July 14.—Pending the return of President Wilson from Cornish, N. H., it was believed here today there would be no further developments in the situation that has arisen between Germany and the United States over the German submarine warfare.

Just when the President would return to take up with his cabinet the latest German note was not definitely known, but the President in a despatch to Secretary Tumulty said that he would be here soon. The supposition is that he will be in Washington the last of the week and that the subject will be considered at Tuesday's cabinet meeting. The President's telegram was given out as a White House statement and ended rumors concerning his attitude toward the German reply.

It indicated that the President had reached no decision as to the policy of the government and it is believed to have been called forth by statements that he had already made up his mind to do so. Secretary Lansing said that as soon as both had maturely considered the situation the President would return personally to confer with Mr. Lansing and the cabinet after which there would be as prompt an announcement as possible of the purposes of the government.

It originally was President Wilson's intention to summon Secretary Lansing to Cornish but the plan has been given up. Secretary Lansing and other cabinet members continued today to view the situation as grave, but gave no hint as to how the problem should be met.

CHILDREN MARCH AT FINAL RITES FOR ARCHBISHOP

Chicago, July 14.—Five thousand children marched slowly under the dripping trees of North State street today, escorting the body of Archbishop James Edward Quigley from the archbishop's residence to the cathedral of the Holy Name. Hundreds of adults were turned away from the cathedral to make room for the children whose welfare was the chief interest of the late churchman's life.

At the cathedral solemn pontifical requiem mass was celebrated. The body will be state until midnight. The funeral will be held tomorrow.

Cardinal Gibbons and Papal Delegate Bonzano are among church dignitaries here for the ceremonies. Other distinguished churchmen in attendance included Archbishop Ireland, Hanna, Blenk, Glennon and Moeller. The Bishops who will attend the funeral include the Right Rev. Fathers John E. Fitzmaurice, Erie, Pa., and John P. Ferally, Cleveland, O.

MOOSE ORGANIZER'S CREDITORS GATHER

A first meeting of the creditors of Charles L. Dennis, organizer of the Loyal Order of Moose in this city, has been called for July 24 at 10 a. m. by Referee in Bankruptcy John W. Banks. In the schedule of liabilities filed to-day in the bankruptcy court, Dennis says he owes \$9,098.84 and has no assets. The biggest creditors are the C. H. Sprague Co., of Boston, Mass., \$3,868 and H. W. Hitchcock of New Haven, \$2,800.

There is nothing in the schedule to indicate that Dennis owes anything to the Moose. His only assets are household furniture and wearing apparel, valued at \$200, these goods being exempt under the law. Dennis, who was a former member of the firm of Dennis & Squires, local coal and wood dealers, went into bankruptcy a few days ago.

NEW YORKER HERE TO WARN GIRLS OF WHITE SLAVE PERIL

Avowing as his mission, warning girls against "white slavers," Louis S. Krause, of the bureau of moral hygiene in New York, has come to this city in a touring car.

He obtained permission today from Superintendent of Police Eugene Birmingham to make speeches in various parts of the city and to urge young women to point out the danger.

Krause brought with him the rumor that "white slavers" are on the rise. He said he was stabbed twice and shot once.

Bridgeporters Soon to Testify As to Contributions and Collections Made in This City—Hill Defence is That Money Was Spent Not Only For Him, But For Whole Ticket.

UNIQUE FORM USED IN MAKING CANVASS OF VOTERS IN DISTRICT

Voters Checked Up According to Party, Then, Too, in Their Preference As to Congressional Candidate, and Expenses Are Paid By Congressional Committee.

Stamford, July 14.—Homer S. Cummings, counsel for Former Congressman Jeremiah Donovan in his contest for the congressional seat to which E. J. Hill, Republican, was declared elected last November, is going to the bottom of the \$40,000 campaign fund disbursed by the Fourth District Republican Congressional Committee.

This became known today when Mr. Cummings served notice on Milton Fessenden, of counsel for Mr. Hill, that he would call several collectors and contributors to testify when the preliminary hearing is resumed here Friday.

Though the names of the witnesses to be called were not made public, several Bridgeporters are expected to take the witness stand. The collectors of the famous \$10,000 fund include Senator Frederick A. Bartlett, Fred Enos, F. E. Kipp and Ima Kipp, all of Bridgeport. There are a score of Bridgeport contributors whose donations varied from \$20 up to \$200.

It is the contention of counsel for Mr. Hill that the congressional committee, supposedly working in behalf of the whole Republican ticket, had a legal right to expend the enormous campaign fund. Mr. Donovan's counsel will seek to prove that the election of Hill was the primary purpose of the committee, and the collection and disbursement of the \$10,000 fund was with this end in view. This law allows the expenditure of approximately \$750 for the election of a congressman in this district.

In an endeavor to prove this latter contention, Mr. Cummings last yesterday afternoon, drew from Milton Fessenden some rather startling disclosures of the working methods of the congressional committee in their efforts "to win the whole ticket."

Boston Gets Bomb Threat From 'A Spy'

Boston, July 15.—An afternoon paper announces the receipt of an anonymous communication in which the writer, describing himself as a German spy, states that two bombs have been placed in the state house and another in the custom house tower and that these will be exploded "about Friday."

Also the governor is to be killed, according to the message, which was crudely lettered with a lead pencil.

It was turned over to the police who recently examined a similar message against the custom house without determining whether the writer was a crank or a so-called practical joker.

AGED MARINER FALLS DEAD ON EVE OF WEDDING

Sea Captain Found in Highway Way Was Well Known Stratford Man.

Colebrook, Conn., July 14.—On the eve of his marriage to Mrs. Abba Shith, John Blakeslee, a retired sea captain of Stratford, Pa., was found dead today on a highway bridge in North Colebrook.

Death was due to heart failure, the medical examiner said. Blakeslee, 76 years old and came here recently to be married.

In his pocket was a note requesting that "B. Blakeslee, of Stratford," be notified.

Capt. John Blakeslee was born in Stratford and was well known in that town as well as in the vicinity of the lumber and coal and his ship had made countless voyages along the Atlantic Coast.

He was an uncle of E. J. Blakeslee, a reason why the police were notified of his death by the Colebrook authorities. The nephew went to Colebrook to-day to make arrangements for the funeral.

THREE KILLED IN RACE FEUD

Macon, Ga., July 14.—Three white men are dead today at Cochran, Fannin county, and a posse estimated to number several hundred farmers, heavily armed, has surrounded the home of a negro farm hand who is alleged to have shot and killed the three men. The negro has barricaded himself in his home.

Continue Case of O'Neill, Who Threw Motorman Out Window

Timothy J. O'Neill of 584 Arothe street who yesterday assaulted Motorman Edward Mulranan of a South Main street car while the car was in motion near East Washington avenue was granted a continuance of his case in the city court today until Friday. His bail was fixed at \$200. He is charged with assault, drunkenness and breach of the peace. Mulranan's car ran wild for more than a block during the encounter with O'Neill until Doorman Taylor and other passengers overpowered O'Neill.