

# Bridgeport Evening Farmer

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## ANOTHER CAVALRY DETACHMENT GOES ACROSS BOUNDARY

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## HYDROAEROPLANE, FIVE ABOARD, IS WRECKED; 2 LOST

### Big Machine Falls Into Potomac River After Flight To Capital.

#### TWO PASSENGERS REPORTED MISSING

### Tugboat Picks Up Three of Survivors—Boat Made Record Trips.

Washington, May 11.—One of the large hydroplanes which has been flying between Newport News and Washington fell into the Potomac river near Mt. Vernon, Va., early today and was wrecked.

Three occupants, badly injured, were rescued by a tugboat. Two are missing. The machine fell about 100 feet. The tugboat which went to the rescue picked up three men, two of whom were rushed to Alexandria to a hospital. The tugboat then returned to search for the two missing men.

The machine on Monday completed a round trip from Newport News to Baltimore with five men aboard, establishing several records. Shortly after the return to Newport News it was decided to make a return trip to Washington the same afternoon. On the trip engine trouble developed, causing the boat to alight near Mount Vernon and make the remainder of the trip on the surface of the water. Repairs were made and the return trip to Newport News was begun this morning.

On board were Pilot McAuley, Mechanician Philip Citer and Louis Krant and the two passengers. Pilot J. C. McAuley, of Newport News, and Mechanician Philip Citer, of Cleveland, bruised and badly shaken up, were taken to the Alexandria hospital.

The two missing men are Louis Krant, a mechanic from the Newport News aviation camp, and Charles Good of Ohio, a student aviator from the camp.

The machine left the Washington navy yard about 7 o'clock this morning for the flight to the Atlantic coast aerodrome station at Newport News. It was about a mile from Mt. Vernon, opposite Bryan's Point, one of the propellers which had worked loose, was thrown off its axle and the machine plunged into the river.

## BEACH NEAR ST. MARY'S OWNED BY CONNECTICUT

### City Owns Roadway, That Skirt Exclusive Black Rock Dwellings.

#### COMLEY PREPARES REPORT TO COUNCIL

### Beautiful Waterfront Drive Possible when Park Boulevard is Completed.

The point of land fronting on Ash Creek on which St. Mary's-by-the-Sea is located is not the property of the city, or of Paul Spofford Pearsall, but is a public beach, according to the conclusion of City Attorney William H. Comley, Jr.

The city has no rights in the property nor has any individual according to the city attorney. It is a public beach which is on the beach in the town of Orange, which by a recent decision of the supreme court was declared a public beach. A property in which no individual has any special right but in which all residents of the state have common rights.

Years ago when the section in the vicinity of the beach was part of the town of Fairfield, persons from Danbury and the smaller towns in the northern part of the county, made frequent visits to this beach in the summer. Here they enjoyed bathing, caught fish and crabs and dug clams. This custom had been carried on from earliest history of that section down to within recent years.

The action of Mr. Pearsall aroused residents of Black Rock and recently Mr. Pearsall was compelled to open the highway again. That there is a highway over Grover's hill which cannot be closed to the public, City Attorney Comley is certain, but just where the highway runs is a matter of doubt. This highway is shown on the earliest maps of the section but its layout has been changed several times.

Mr. Pearsall, however, has a fence on either side of the highway and a gate which he has given orders to have closed one day a year. By this means he has caused Mr. Pearsall to make effort to establish perfect title to all his property holdings in that vicinity. Tuesday in the town clerk's office he was filed deeds and transfers from John W. Sterling and John B. Gaver, executors of the estate of Thomas W. Pearsall, his father, to Morris Pollinger of the following property in and about the Grover's hill road.

First parcel—All that certain piece or parcel, containing four acres, more or less, bounded on the north by land now owned by Margaret Smeeth, on the west by the land now or late of Jonathan Thorne, and Thomas W. Pearsall, on the south by the highway and on the west in part by land now or late of Jonathan Carr, and in part by the land now late of John Clark. This land was conveyed to Thomas W. Pearsall by a deed from Samuel E. Penfield and others, on July 26, 1892 and recorded August 7, 1892.

Second parcel—A plot containing three and one-half acres conveyed to Thomas W. Pearsall from Roxanna Penfield on September 14th, 1891, bounded on the south by the highway and on the west by another piece of land formerly belonging to Thomas W. Pearsall, (the first parcel described).

Third parcel—Three acres conveyed to Thomas W. Pearsall from Cornelia and Carrie E. Penfield, bounded by the property of George F. Gilman and Harriet V. S. Thorne.

Fourth parcel—Right of way in common with Jonathan Thorne, Jr., extending from Beach avenue to a point opposite the dividing line between the first and second parcels described above, southerly about 800 feet to a junction with the first parcel.

Quit claim deed for this last piece is given by John W. Sterling and John A. Gaver as trustees of the will of the late Thomas W. Pearsall for Paul Spofford Pearsall and his sister, Charlotte Pearsall Walker.

With the same deeds and transfers were deeds and transfer of the property from Morris Pollinger to Paul S. Pearsall. The consideration was \$9,000. Morris Pollinger is a clerk in a real estate office, Wilmet Wheeler of the Bridgeport Land & Title Co., who conducted the transaction, said that it was surely the town clerk's office to the property Mr. Pearsall holds at Grover's hill.

City Attorney Comley says that all the property in the vicinity of the point on Grover's hill and the beach there is a public beach. By recent vote of the common council he was instructed to establish title for the city to the property and take the necessary steps to open it to the public and turn it over to the care of the park board as part of the park system.

If the park board desires to take charge of the beach and the land adjoining and lay out walks, trees, shrubbery, etc., it is doubtful if the state government will object but Attorney Comley says he cannot say for the land for the city nor can the board of aldermen or any other officials of the city.

(Continued on Page 11.)

## THREATENED WITH DESERTION BY SPEEDY THIEF HUSBAND, MRS. PAPP MURDERS HIM AT FACTORY BENCH

### RIZZO RELATES OWN STORY OF SLAYING UNCLE

#### Collapses in Paroxysm of Tears As He Tells of Mother's Wrong.

### VENGEANCE IN HEART, FEIGNED FRIENDSHIP

#### Years Since Palermo Incident Failed to Temper Heat of Anger.

Inquest into the death of Angelo Rizzo, shot by his nephew, Michael Rizzo, as the victim was entering his home, 173 Sterling street, Monday night, has revealed one of the strangest and most interesting crimes ever staged in this country.

That blood heritage, filial devotion and impulsiveness of the Southern European race may not be overcome by one generation in the great American melting pot, were among the features disclosed in the frank confession of the young slayer who sought refuge in a prison the unique story to Coroner John J. Phelan.

Tradition, impressionistic stories of wrong, cool deliberation to murder followed by qualms because of the deed, and a final, fatal, over-coming by sudden impulse, and the plea of the dying man for succor from the mortal wounds that were received by him without premeditation of the cause were other features that stood out prominently in the testimony given.

The story of young Rizzo, still a minor, which supplemented the story told by the police by his uncle, was again related by witnesses at the inquest and which caused him at its conclusion to collapse in a paroxysm of tears and prayers to his "Dear Mother," was dramatically told by the prisoner to the clanking shant of a pair of handcuffs left dangling at his wrist.

Rizzo said that on the night of the murder he had felt lonesome for a brother, in this city, who was working at the Remington Arms & Ammunition Co.'s plant. He went over to the lodgings of his uncle, Michael Rizzo, who was dramatically told by the prisoner to the clanking shant of a pair of handcuffs left dangling at his wrist.

His uncle asked by the comely sister of his father, who had a box of candy and some flowers for her forewoman -- the shop, said he would join his nephew.

Two or three days before that time, Salvatore Mazzetta, a companion who was alleged by the prisoner to have tried previously to kill his uncle, had recalled the fact that the uncle dared not go to Syracuse and face the law, and he had sought protection only. Though the sight of his uncle had always resurrected the spectre of his dead mother before his eyes, yet the devotion of the uncle to the nephew with whom he worked constantly in the factory, had each time deterred him from the shooting.

Uncle and nephew walked down Congress to Main street. The uncle was chatting amiably and apparently young Rizzo was unperturbed. They bought the box of candy, which was under the victim's arm when he was shot. They sought flowers at Main and Bank streets, but found the shop closed. They then walked together to a store above the Lyric theatre. They walked back to the house, Rizzo still intent upon killing his uncle.

They entered the door of the uncle's home they walked without a hint of his doom being given to the victim.

As they said goodbye and the elder Rizzo turned to go in the house he received his mortal wounds from behind.

"I could not help it," shouted the prisoner as he concluded his statement to Coroner Phelan.

"For 23 hours, my mind was in a whirl. I wanted to kill him all the time. I left my house with that intention, but I could not do it on the street. Even to the very end of the walk I could not do it. As he received his wounds in the house I said to myself, it must be done. I must revenge my poor dead mother. Oh! my mother! my mother!"

"I have never done anything wrong before in my life. I could not help it—I only saw the wrong that had been done to her and which I thought all Bridgeport knew."

The crime of murder for which Rizzo will undoubtedly be charged, is (Continued on Page 12.)

### PACKING HOUSE MANAGERS FINED UNDER U.S. LAW

#### Prosecution Instituted Under Department of Agriculture Rules is Ended.

### SETTLEMENT MADE ON EVE OF TRIAL

#### Crowe, Coughlin and Roberts Named For Defendant Corporations.

New Haven, May 11.—The cases brought by the United States against branch houses of the Cudahy Packing Co. in New Haven and Bridgeport and of Morris & Co. in Bridgeport, charging violation of the rules of the department of agriculture concerning the inspection of meats in "unofficial houses" of the meat packers have been settled without trial by payment of fines aggregating \$450, with costs, it was announced today.

The defendants entered a plea to the effect that they would not contend and Judge Thomas imposed a fine of \$200 and costs each upon both the Cudahy and the Morris company on the Bridgeport complaints which involved 17 counts each, and \$50 and costs against the Cudahy company on the New Haven complaint which embraces two counts of a different character.

The managers of the branch houses who were mentioned as defendants were J. A. Crowe for the Cudahy company in New Haven; J. A. Coughlin for the Cudahy company in Bridgeport, and George D. Roberts for Morris & Co. in Bridgeport.

These were the first cases to be brought in the country.

The cases involved rules of the department of agriculture relating to inspection of meat in interstate commerce, rules which Congress in 1908 gave the commission right to make. "Unofficial" or processing houses of the meat packers are those branch establishments in which meat is re-handled and in which there are no government inspectors.

## BRIDGEPORT CAR RUNS DOWN GIRL IN TORRINGTON

### Scalleys, on Way to Funeral, Figure in Accident—Allowed To Go.

Torrington, Conn., May 11.—Margaret Carey, eight years old, daughter of John Carey, of this place, was run down and seriously injured on Main street this noon by an automobile driven by George Edward Scalley, of Bridgeport, and owned by his brother, William F. Scalley, of that city. With him were Mrs. Mary Scalley, Mrs. Oliver J. Cook and John McHale.

The party was on the way to Middlebury, Vt., to attend the funeral of a cousin, Mildred Sargeant, and was permitted to proceed after being examined by the police. It is not expected that any charge will be made against young Scalley.

The Carey girl received a geyere laceration on the left shoulder and possibly internal injuries.

The Scalleys live at 403 State street. The driver of the car is a clerk for his brother, William F. Scalley, who conducted a second hand furniture business at 405 State street under the firm name of Scalley Brothers.

## FORMER VILLISTA LEADER ARRESTED IN BORDER PLOT

Corpus Christi, Tex., May 11.—Col. Morin, former Villa officer, charged with forming a plot for an uprising against Americans in this vicinity, was arrested 19 miles south of San Antonio today by United States Marshal Hansen and taken to Kingsville. Morin was heavily armed and important papers were said to have been found in his possession. He resisted arrest but was overpowered.

### Machine Moulders of Crane Co. Strike

Sixty machine moulders of the Crane Co. quit their jobs this morning. It was said they demanded more pay, and shorter hours.

At the plant of the company it was said that no demands had been made of the company.

### Savings of Her Lifetime, Collected With Prospect of Happy Home, Dissipated in Gambling and Drink, Woman Kills Mate When He Tries to Cast Her Off.

### Shophands Look on As She Shoots Him But Prevents Her From Taking Own Life With Revolver She Had Jitney Driver Purchase For Her.

"Nick, come on, let's go back to our old home in Canada," said dark-eyed Mary Papp to her husband in the Bridgeport Metal Goods Co. factory this morning on Cherry street.

"No! Go away from me," answered Nicholas Papp, aged 25, of 357 Spruce street. These were the last words he was to speak on earth.

Several workers at the benches of department 100, the inspecting room of the factory, laughed at the spat.

Then, suddenly two shots rang out distinctly in the room where 25 men and girls are employed at the benches and Nicholas Papp slid from his chair to the floor dead, both bullets having penetrated parts of his head and neck, either of which could have caused instant death.

The workers turned to see a woman with her hair dishevelled, a white sport coat thrown open to disclose a pretty blue suit and champagne-colored shoes, with a revolver pressed against her head.

There was a scramble to disarm her in which Paul Duki, of Waterbury, a foreman in the shop, managed to deflect the aim of the pistol as she pulled the trigger, and the bullet struck harmlessly against a nearby machine.

Laughter on the part of employees changed to shrieks in the pell mell for safety as all realized Papp was dead and that the woman was still discharging the revolver.

Someone ran for a priest and Rev. Henry Callahan of St. Stephen's Hungarian R. C. church, responded. On the way he called Sergeant John O'Connell and Policeman Dan Bell. As the priest knelt on the big machine shop floor, where the machinery had been temporarily stopped that the last rites of the church might be administered in silence, the hysterical voice of the grief stricken woman might be heard crying, "Let me die! Oh! Let me die with him. Why did you take the place away from me. I want to die with him!"

Behind the curtain of the stage where this morning's tragedy was enacted lies a strange tale of love, fidelity and devotion.

A second act discloses dissipation, gambling and profligate waste of mutually earned moneys, topped by a threat of abandonment.

Nicholas, aged 25 and his wife, four years his junior, were born in Hungary. They were married five years ago in Welland, Canada, where their parents reside. She had saved considerable money by hard labor. When they came to this city four weeks ago they had savings of \$1,000, with which they were to start a home if employment seemed steady.

Nicholas, who had worked in the factory who kept her husband from home, took him to saloons and finally involved him in gambling. She had protested against his desertion from the path of righteousness. He had turned a deaf ear.

Last night he did not come home until after midnight. She arose from her bed and dragged him from a slumber. Because of this act he threatened to leave her saying, "We have no more money, so what's the use of living together."

"I can't leave you Nick," she said, adding "because I love you so much." She told him that before she would part from him she would kill herself and again asked him to go back to their parents in Welland.

He repulsed her and brooding over the great injustice that was about to be done, the woman did not sleep during the night. At 7 o'clock this morning she shot together at 7 o'clock this morning. She was dressed in her working clothes.

They renewed the quarrel of the night before. Nick insisted that if she did not leave him he would go.

"I can't go and leave you, Nick," she pleaded as they entered the shop. "For I love you too dearly."

"Well, then, I'm going to ask for my pay and leave you," the husband retorted as he took his place at the long bench at which both worked some distance apart.

## FOUR BEEN EXECUTED FOR SAVING FEEL REVOLUTION, PARLIAMENT INFORMED

London, May 11.—Fourteen persons have been executed in Ireland. Harold J. Tennant, parliamentary under-secretary for war, told a questioner in the House of Commons today. Seventy-three persons have received sentences of penal servitude, and six of imprisonment at hard labor, the under-secretary said.

The execution in County Cork of Thomas Kent, although it took place before Parliament adjourned, gave assurance that no further death sentences would be carried out until the debate was concluded, has brought forth further protests from Irish parliamentarians. The nationalists also are concerned at the continued arrest and deportation to England, for confinement in English jails of rebels from all parts of the country.

Lists containing 400 names or more persons arrested have been published. The latest estimates of casualties in

Public places them at about 1,000, of which 400 were killed. These figures included soldiers, insurgents and civilians.

The fact is noted in Dublin that since the insurrection there has been an increase in the rate of recruiting there. Even while the controversy over the causes and manner of handling the insurrection is still in progress, efforts are being made to reach a compromise on the home rule question. Those who most desire this are urging that Lord Harding, after he has concluded his inquiry into the disturbances, shall be appointed, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland. It is believed that a diplomat would be more likely to bring the two parties together than would a politician. There are rumors in parliamentary circles that negotiations of some kind are being arranged and that Sir Edward Carson and John Redmond, the leaders of the two parties, are concerned with them.

## QUINN DIES OF BURNS RECEIVED AT TENDING BONFIRE

### Trousers Caught in Blaze, South End Resident Suffered Fatal Hurts.

As the result of burns received when his trousers caught fire as he was burning brush in the yard of his home, 131 Walnut street, about two weeks ago, John J. Quinn, one of the best known older residents of the South End died today at the Bridgeport hospital.

Mr. Quinn was removed to that institution on April 29 and his condition became steadily worse until death resulted. Mr. Quinn lived many years in the South End. He was a member of the Loyal Order of Moose, Court Paganonock, F. of A., and the Ancient Order of Hibernians. He is survived by his widow and five children, Mrs. Margaret Tierney, Mrs. C. E. Carlson, the Misses Christine and Jennie Quinn and Thomas Quinn.

## COAST STEAMER RAMS A BARGE; BOTH DAMAGED

Newport News, Va., May 11.—The Merchants' & Miners' steamer Berkshire, which left Newport News last night for Baltimore, collided with a barge in Hampton Roads later and the steamer was run aground on Hampton Bar to prevent her from sinking.

The barge was reported in a sinking condition. The Berkshire is leaking badly but probably can be repaired temporarily by divers. The vessel is in no danger.

## J. H. CROSSLEY, REALTY BROKER, SUED ONCE MORE

### Gave Mortgage on Brass Co.'s Property as Security—\$10,000 Asked.

The Bridgeport Brass Co. today brought suit for \$10,000 against J. Harry Crossley alleging that Crossley had given the company's property at Housatonic avenue and Grand street as security for a loan, when he knew at the time he did not own the property.

Papers in the action, which is returnable to the superior court, were served today. All the furniture in Crossley's office in the Security building and all property in which claims to have an interest have been attached.

It is claimed that on April 23, 1910 F. H. Lyon sold to Crossley, who was acting as agent for the Brass Co., the Housatonic avenue property on which Crossley's claim is now located. In 1912 Crossley gave quit claim deeds transferring the parcels to the company.

On April 23, 1914 while the company owned the property Crossley is alleged to have sought a loan of \$5,000 from Arthur Lieberum, of this city. He gave a mortgage on the Housatonic avenue property, although he knew he did not own it. On April 18 last, Lieberum brought suit against the company to foreclose the property because Crossley had not paid the \$5,000. This action involves the Brass Co. in litigation to establish claim to its own land and will result in great expense.

This is only one of the numerous legal tangles in which Crossley has recently become involved.

## QUIET IN SANTO DOMINGO

Santo Domingo, May 11.—The American supply ship Culligan arrived here today. Quiet prevails although business is suffering on account of disturbed political situation.

## FOUR HUNDRED QUIT JOBS IN ANSONIA SHOP

### Expectant Salesman Walks Right Through Plate Glass Window

Ansonia, Conn., May 11.—Without presenting any demands at all, the employes of the Ansonia Manufacturing Co., numbering about 400, either went on strike or were forced out by the strikers this morning.

One department of the plant quit work at 9 o'clock, according to a decision reached at a meeting last night and forced the other workers out. There was no violence. The men are said to want an eight-hour day and more pay.

The strikers went to Socialist hall where a short meeting was held at which it was decided to begin picket duty this afternoon at 1 o'clock and to hold another meeting at 2 o'clock. The employes of the room in which the strike started, make shell fuses for the English government.

Hurrying into the store of the Aimwell Co., 956 Main street, today, A. J. Bernstein, a traveling salesman walked right through a plate glass 9 feet by 6 feet which workmen were preparing to set in one of the show windows of the store. Bernstein lives at 29 Norman avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y., and is salesman for Moses Bernstein, manufacturer of shirt waists, of West 42nd street, New York.

In anticipation of a large order Bernstein was in such a hurry that he could not detect the glass partition that barred his entrance to the store. He struck the glass with force enough to demolish it. He suffered severe lacerations of the nose and face which were dressed by Dr. J. F. Canavan, who was summoned with the ambulance. Bernstein arranged to pay for the glass.

## Conductor Accused of Trying To Steal \$50, Given Hearing

On the charge that he picked up \$50 which had been dropped on the floor of a trolley car on Watson St. St. Clair, a trolley conductor of this city, was arraigned before Judge Curtis and a jury in the criminal superior court this morning. William Clampanetti testified that on March 11 last he was a passenger on a car on which St. Clair was also riding.

Julius Gertz, an employee of the Adams Express Co., took out a roll of bills to pay his fare and the money dropped to the floor. Clampanetti said St. Clair put his foot on the money, then covered the bills with his handkerchief while he picked them up. St. Clair was not on duty at the time. He declares he did not take the money but says the bills found upon him were his.

The hearing was resumed this afternoon.

(Continued on Page 11.)