National Opinion.

D. W. COBB, Editor.

BRADFORD, FRIDAY JAN. 1, 1869.

Summary of News.

A disastrous fire occurred in the city of Lynn on Christmas night. Two whole blocks and two dwelling houses were consumed, entailing a loss of about $300,000, and throwing out of employment about 600 operatives. The post office and Central National Bank were burned out, but all the mail matter and books of the post office were saved, and the money and papers in the bank vaults were uninjured.

A serious fire occurred in Concord, N. H., on the 26th. Union block, three stories high, occupied by stores, saloons, etc., was consumed. Loss $20,000.

A fire occurred in Portland last Thursday, from carelessness in handling kerosene oil, by which a large store was burned. Loss $15,000.

An attempt was made on the 26th to assassinate Gen. McKee, who was elected as a republican Congressman from Mississippi. The attempt was made on a steamer. The would-be assassin got the worst of it, receiving a severe wound, while the General escaped with a slight scratch.

The reports that there is a difference between Gen. Grant and the radical Congressmen in regard to the Tenure-of-Office bill, is without foundation. Gen. Grant has not expressed an opinion in favor of the repeal of the bill; but on his attention being called to the published statements, on Saturday, said that he had not given any attention to the subject, as he thought the matter belonged to Congress, which body understood the question better than he did himself.

Andrew Johnson has issued a proclamation of universal amnesty to all who were engaged in the late rebellion. The question now arises whether this will interfere with the cases now pending in court, including Jeff. Davis's.

Advices from Cuba state that 800 filibusters have landed at Bay Cochinas on the 16th. There are conflicting reports in regard to the condition of affairs but it seems that the government is without power to put down the insurrection.

Senator Edmonds has introduced an important bill providing for putting Georgia back under the reconstruction act.

Gen. Howard, of the Freedmen's Bureau, has been mustered out of rank as Maj. Gen. of Volunteers. He is the last of the volunteer line in service. He is a Brigadier in the regular army.

Gov. Bullock of Georgia, who is at Washington, received last Friday, despatch announcing the assassination of the last Republican Sheriff left in that State,—it was Sheriff Norris of Warren County.

The Vicksburgh Times says: "City scrip has gone far below par, the corporation is badly in debt, the gas is shut off from every public lamp in the town, and a judgment against the city, which was compromised, providing a certain amount be paid by a given time, will put every dollar's worth of public property under the hammer, unless something is speedily done."

Senator Ramsey has introduced a bill to abolish the franking privilege. Good! Now let Congress do an act of justice to the country and make the bill a law. Let us have an end of Congressional dead-headism, and put a million and a half of dollars into the Treasury annually by so doing.

The Pope thinks of deeding a part of his remaining domains to Napoleon, to get money to hold the rest with.

A gentleman in Nashua, N. H., recently died leaving a will depriving his daughter of all interest in a policy of insurance on his life which he had attained "for the benefit of his wife and children." His executor collected the insurance, amounting to $1,400, and refused to pay the daughter any portion of that sum. Thereupon she sued him, and the Court has just given a decision in her favor, holding that an insurance policy cannot be changed by a will.

The Adjutant General of the army reports that there are less than 50,000 men in the service.

It is said that Frank Reno, one of the express robbers lynched the other day at New Albany, Indiana, alone knew of the place where was deposited ninety thousand dollars, the proceeds of one of his many robberies. His sister visited him some days before he was hanged, and tried to induce him to tell where this hoard was concealed, but he refused, telling her that if he could not live to enjoy it, no one else should. The secret died with him.

Mexico is tolerably quiet, while in Panama they haven't had a revolution for nearly two weeks.

THE HEARTH AND HOME.—We have received the second number of this new journal just started by Pettingill, Boles & Co., 37 Park Row, N. Y. It is a sixteen page sheet, the size of Harper's Weekly or Frank Leslie's, and is illustrated. It is devoted to the farm, garden and fireside. Edited by Donald G. Mitchell and Harriet Beecher Stowe. It will make a choice addition to the useful and interesting reading of the day and is deserving a place in every family. Price, $4 per annum in advance.

The Galaxy for January contains "Cipher, Part 2," "New York Journalists," "The Liberal Triumvirate of England," "A Belt of Asteroids," "The Dream Child," "The Lanman Scandal," "The Waking of the Cid," "Edwin Booth," "The Flight of Diomed," "Our Crime Land Excursion," "English Grammar," "Swallows," and a great variety of miscellany, drift wood, &c., making a very interesting and attractive book. This number commences the seventh volume. Published by Sheldon & Co., New York, at $4.00 per year.

"ONWARD."—This is the title of Mayne Reid's new Magazine, for the Youth of America, the first number of which is before us. This new venture in the world of literature starts with a promising prospect of success, if we may judge from the appearance and contents of the first number, which will not only interest and instruct the youthful mind, but also furnish palatable and nutritious food for the mature mind. The magazine is embellished with elegant engravings, contains about 90 pages of reading matter, and costs $3.50 to single subscribers. G. W. Carleton, Publisher, 497 Broadway, N. Y.

Bro. Earle, of the Barton *Standard*, who was lately sued for libel, in the sum of $10,000, consoles himself over the announcement that Horace Greeley, and Samuel Bowles of the Springfield *Republican* are in the same fix. He says: "So it appears that us three, that is, Samuel, Horace and Araunah, are in for a large share of enjoyment the coming summer."

FEARFUL TRAGEDY IN TENNESSEE.—A horrible tragedy occurred at Salt Lake, about forty miles from Chattanooga, Tennessee, a few days since. It seems that Mr. Beane, a school teacher, attempted to whip a boy named Hutchinson, who resisted and left school. A day or two afterwards young Hutchinson, accompanied by his brother and a man named Smith, visited Beane's house for the avowed purpose of chastising him. Beane saw them coming, and anticipating their errand, armed himself, as also did Mr. Moore, who happened to be at the house. On their arrival Hutchinson said they intended giving Beane a thrashing. Moore remonstrated, when Smith drew a pistol and shot him dead. This was a signal for all to produce pistols. Beane shot and instantly killed Cyrus Hutchinson, brother of the school boy. He had scarcely fired when Smith, who had instantly killed Moore, fired another barrel of his repeater at Beane; the ball struck, but failed to immediately disable him. Beane then turned on Smith and lodged three balls in his body, inflicting wounds which resulted mortally in a few minutes. Twenty minutes after the affray commenced, Moore, Beane, Cyrus Hutchinson and Smith lay dead on the ground within a few feet of each other. Hutchinson's brother was the only person who escaped unhurt.

STATISTICS OF MASONRY.—It is estimated by those who have some knowledge of the subject that at present there are, in round numbers, about 1,250,000 Free and Accepted Masons scattered upon the face of the globe. Of this number some 150,000 are in England, 100,000 in Scotland, and 50,000 in Ireland. There are about 600,000 on the continent of Europe, 300,000 in the United States, and 50,000 in other parts of the world. In England there are two or three thousand persons initiated every year, and the Masonic body is said to be everywhere increasing.

The Bellows Falls Times says: —We would attract the attention of our readers to the fact, that Dr Rarey the American Horseman commences his lectures on and exhibition at Saxtons River on Saturday Dec. 26th.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 27. Rev. John Black, of the Red River Relief Committee, reports that there are there 484 families, comprising 2342 persons, who are in absolute want, and must receive assistance or starve.—In addition there are several hundred others who will need assistance before spring. The buffalo hunters are returning empty handed, the fishing is a failure, and of rabbits, usually very plentiful in winter, not one is to be seen. He asks for 1000 barrels of flour and other supplies, to preserve the lives of these unfortunate people.

The only nation that is absolutely quiet in these times is Patagonia.

The latest fashion among the swells is to dye their moustaches yellow.

A proof readers' society in Boston calls itself the "House of Correction."

A woman in Greene County has six husbands. She is reversing the Mormon rule.

The Erie Railroad is the fattest goose that the lawyers have had during late years.

A newspaper is indeed a ship at sea, and always in a storm.

Old Harvard is experimenting with earthquakes, by letting off explosives in cesspools.

Some say that the quickest way to destroy weeds is to marry a widow. It is, no doubt, a most agreeable species of husbandry.

One swallow doesn't make a Summer, but young men should remember that too many swallows are sure to make a fall.

Finding they couldn't break our blockade of the Southern coast, the British now want to be paid back their losses in the attempts to do it.

If you are truly benevolent and charitable perhaps you will, when you see your neighbor in distress, ask some other neighbor to help him.

A Western paper gave itself the following obituary notice on Thanksgiving Day: "No paper will be issued from this office to-morrow—or any other day. The Sheriff's officers are around."

Booth, the tragedian, had a broken nose. A lady once remarked to him: "I like your acting, Mr. Booth, but to be frank with you, I can't get over your nose." "No wonder," replied the tragedian,—"the bridge is gone."

A man who was misled into purchasing a minig claim in Nevada, suggests that the coat of arms of that State ought to be a Shamrock and Lyre.

"Look out for pain!" should be posted up at fashionable assemblies of the present day. The rose hue on the cheeks of some of the fair ones, is, in many cases, not fast colors.

A sensational writer in a City of Mexico newspaper has achieved a great success by a description of an American duel, two locomotives on a single track being the "weapons."

It is better to have strength of principle than of mere muscle, but better yet to have both. A man who is strong in intellect and integrity is on the best of terms with nature and the world.

An eccentric clergyman lately said in one of his sermons that "about the commonest proof we have that a man is made of clay, is the brick so often found in his hat."

Fence posts which are exposed to alternate wet and dryness, may be protected from decay by being dipped in hot coal tar before being set, and then being sprinkled with dry sand.

—The debates at Hamilton college have decided that married life does not confer more happiness on mankind than single life. The debaters being single men, of course they know.

—Velocipedes are so common in Paris, and used so much evenings, that a recent police edict compels the riders to affix a lamp to them in consequence of the accidents that have happened from their use.

—A 20 inch gun was cast at Fort Pitt foundry recently, which weighed eighty five tons, and is destined for Fortress Monroe.

—A disgusted secesh during the war said that Floyd Pillow and Price are pretty good generals—take them as they run.

The St. Louis bridge across the Mississippi will cost four and one half million dollars.

—The people of Cincinnati are going to chop the election liberty poles and flagstaffs into firewood for the poor.

—New York burglars find their occupation made easy by the fire escapes placed on tenement houses.

—The word Charlestown may be separated into ever two hundred different words.

—It was once said of a conceited selfmade man, "he is self made and worships his creator."

—An aching void—The socket from which a tooth has just been drawn.

The elegant Episcopal Church at Waterbury, Conn., was burned the day before Christmas. Loss $100,000; partially insured.

The President has pardoned another New Yorker convicted of running an illicit still.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 28.—A Cheyenne dispatch says that seventy-seven head of horses and mules have been run off by the Indians in the neighborhood of Laporte since Wednesday. The Indians are believed to be from the north and a portion of Red Cloud's band.

The Hartford Courant says there are more deacons in Wethersfield than in any other place in Connecticut. The other day, a well-known deacon went to the steamboat wharf to see a friend off; and as the boat started the friend said, "Good bye, deacon;" whereupon twelve men who stood upon the wharf immediately tipped their hats, and responded, "Good bye, sir!"

TIMELY CAUTION.—There is great danger that the numerous and shocking accidents which occur from the use of kerosene oil will produce the belief that the genuine article is dangerous, which is entirely untrue. These accidents may all be traced to the use of a cheap naptha burning liquid. The best chemists assure us that Kerosene oil, of legal standard, will *not* ignite or burn if a lamp containing it is broken, such oil will *extinguish* flame when brought in contact with it. When heated to the usual point, while burning in a lamp in the evening, the cap may be taken off the lamp and a lighted taper thrust into the oil without danger; it may be turned out upon the floor, and flame applied, and it will not ignite or explode. These facts should be remembered and implicitly relied upon, as it would be a great misfortune to have the erroneous idea prevail that *all* kerosene is dangerous.

But how shall the genuine be distinguished? Fortunately the Journal of Chemistry furnishes a simple and convenient test; and that, or something equally decisive, should be used by every dealer before he offers kerosene for sale, and by every purchaser before he runs the hazard of destroying life and property by the use of a combustible counterfeit. The test is as follows: Take a common quart bowl; fill it one third full of boiling water; add cold water, a little at a time, until a thermometer placed in it indicates a temperature of 110 degrees F. A tablespoonful of the oil to be tested may be turned into the water, and stirred about with the thermometer. It will float on top, and it may be touched with a lighted match or bit of paper. If it takes fire, the oil is dangerous, and the seller can be prosecuted under the United States law.

The Norfolk Chronicle condemns the use of check reins on horses. They spoil their mouths, impair their tempers, render them generally uneasy.

If you would not have your horse acquire the habit of hanging in the halter, do not strike at him in front when young.

Judge Portly got up an earthquake tableau recently. He had taken supper with an old Thespian friend after the performance at the theatre. Both being in a convivial mood, numerous bottles as well as jokes were cracked. Finally, the Judge found himself on the way to the bedside of his stately spouse. Not wishing to disturb the slumbers of the old lady, the Judge thought he would grope his way silently to bed in the darkened room; but that last pickled oyster had upset his centre of gravity, and stumbling over an ottoman the Judge went to the carpet with a force that made the glassware jingle, the windows rattle, and the floor tremble. "Merciful Heavens!" exclaimed Mrs. Portly, as she rose from her couch and turned on the gas "My dear, are you hurt?" "No, but I think the earthquake must have reached New York!" replied the old sport, trying to regain his equilibrium. "I think so too, for I am really shocked!" said Mrs. Portly, as she realized the situation.

THE POPE OF ROME.—PIUS IX, after a very serious illness, has again appeared on the Corso. It is not generally known that he is now seventy eight years of age, having been born in 1790, though the Annuario Pontifico, repeating a mistake made in the reign of Gregory XVI, gives the date of his birth May 13, 1792. "The Pope always laughs," says a correspondent, when he takes up the Annuario, and the other day observed: "They rob me of two years, and I am so much older than the world gives me credit for."

It is not great calamities that embitter existence; it is the petty vexations and small jealousies, the little disappointments, the minor miseries, that make the heart heavy and the temper sour. Don't let them. Anger is a waste of vitality, it is always foolish, and always disgraceful, except in some very rare cases, when it is kindled by seeing wrong done to another, and even that noble rage seldom mends the matter.

A soldier was sentenced for deserting, to have his ear cut off. After undergoing the brutal ordeal, he was escorted out of the court yard to the tune of the rogue's march.—He then turned, and in mock dignity thus addressed the musicians:—"Gentlemen, I thank you, but I have no ear for music."

A drunkery is often called a "public house," by which many a man has become a public example of crime; by which countless thousands have become public paupers; the private homes that have been ruined by public houses are incalculable. The public house is the public source of nine-tenths of all our public and private misery; and it would be a public mercy if this true republic would publicly sweep the publican and his public house from our great republic.—*Echo.*

Godey's Ladies' Book
FOR 1869.

The cheapest of Ladies' Magazine, because it is the best! The friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the encourager and publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy.—The best writers in the literary world will contribute to the pages of the Lady's Book during the year 1869. Marion Harland, authoress of 'Alone,' 'Hidden Path,' 'Moss Side,' 'Nemesis,' and 'Miriam,' will contribute a story every month.—Our former efficient corps of writers has also been retained. The O. Fogy papers will be continued. Beautiful Steel Plates. Of these the Lady's book contains fourteen each year superior (we challenge comparison) to any published in this country, either in book or periodical.

Our Fashion Plates—The original double fashion plates will be continued. Model cottages, the only magazine in this country that gives these designs is the Lady's book. Drawing Lessons. In this we are alone. Original Music. Godey's is the only magazine in which music prepared expressly for it appears. We have also a children's, a horticultural, and a health department.

Godey's Invaluable Receipts upon every subject, for the Boudoir, Nursery, Kitchen, House and Laundry. Tinted engravings—this is a series of engravings that no one has attempted but ourselves. They give great satisfaction, Ladies' Fancy Work Department—some of the designs in this department are printed in colors, in a style unequalled.

TERMS FOR 1869.

One copy 1 year, $3. Two copies 1 year $5; Three copies 1 year $7.50; Four copies 1 year $10; Five copies 1 year and an extra copy to the getter up of the club, making 6 copies $13; Eight copies 1 year and an extra copy to the getter up of the club making 9 copies $18; eleven copies 1 year and an extra copy to the person getting up the club making 12 copies $25.50.

Godey's Lady's book and Arthur's Home Magazine will be sent 1 year on receipt of $4; Godey's Lady's book and Once a Month will be sent 1 year on receipt of $4; Godey's Lady's book and the Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $5.50; Godey's Lady's book Arthur's Home Magazine, Once a Month, and Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $6.50.

The money must all be sent at one time for any of the clubs, and additions may be made to clubs at club rates. Canada subscribers must send 24 cents additional for every subscriber to the Lady's Book and 12 cents for either of the other magazines to pay the American postage. How to remit—in remitting by Mail, a Post office order or a Draft, on Philadelphia or New York, payable to the order of L. A. Godey, is preferable to bank notes, as should the Order or Draft be lost or stolen, it can be renewed without loss to the sender. If a Draft or Post Office order cannot be procured, send United States National Bank notes. Address,

L. A. GODEY,
N. E. Corner Sixth and Chestnut Sts. Philadelphia.

A young man about jumping from a train while in motion, was detered by a reporter, who asked for his name, age, business and residence, for an obituary item.

If our readers do not think that it requires nerve to edit a newspaper out West, let them read this, the experience of "one of them fellers," as told by himself: "One evening—it was moonlight, in the summer time—we sat alone in the porch by the cottage door, holding that little white hand in a gentle pressure; one arm had stolen round her waist, and a silent song of joy, like "the music of the night," was on our soul. Our lips met in a sweet delicious kiss, and blending softly to her ear, we whispered a tale of passionate devotion; we proposed. In a moment she tore her hand from ours, and, with a look of ineffable scorn, said: 'What! marry an editor? You git out!' We did."

THE REBEL DEBT.—According to some Virginia papers, there is a portion of the Southern people foolish or stupid enough to believe that the compulsory payment of the rebel debt may be brought about. An effort was made some time ago by the Richmond City Council to assume the payment of the expenses of the Confederate Army. The District Court of Appeals, sitting at Lynchburg, has declared in a recent decision that city and Danville liable for the issue of these notes.—The United States Courts, to which an appeal has been taken, will, of course, declare the whole proceedings null and void, as they are clearly in conflict with the Fourteenth Constitutional Amendment, forbidding the assumption of the rebel debt.

Mr. L. D. Moody of Chicago, has a way of blanting out his sentiments at prayer meetings. Not long since, at one of those meetings, some one rose and stated that the Erring Woman's Refuge, was in great need, and asked the prayers of the congregation in its behalf.—One of Chicago's richest men, who is said to be somewhat minute in his contributions for benevolent objects, volunteered at once to lead the meeting in a prayer in behalf of the institution named. He had scarcely closed, when Mr. Moody got to his feet and said it was wrong to ask God to do what he had given us the power to do ourselves.—"The idea," said he, "of a man who can draw a check for one hundred thousand dollars asking God to give money to the Erring Woman's Refuge is preposterous! Let him give it himself."

Our English friends believe in *a posteriori* argument in education, and spank young ladies at school until they are eighteen. The treatment is said to produce the happiest results.

Legal Notices.

John B. Peckett's Will.

STATE OF VERMONT
BRADFORD DISTRICT, ss.

In Probate Court, holden at West Fairlee, within and for said District, on the 9th day of December, A. D. 1868, an instrument purporting to be the last Will and Testament of John B. Peckett, late of Bradford, in said District, deceased, being presented to the Court here for Probate by John B. Peckett, Esq. the Executor therein named.

It is ordered by said Court that all persons concerned therein be notified to appear at a session of said Court to be holden at the Trotter House, in Bradford, in said District, on the second Tuesday in January, A. D. 1869, and show cause if any they may have against the probate of said Will, for which purpose it is further ordered that a copy of the record of this order be published three weeks successively in the National Opinion, printed at Bradford, Vt., previous to said time appointed for hearing.

A true copy of record.
Attest ALVAH BEAN, Register.

Harriet Eastman's Estate.

STATE OF VERMONT
ORANGE COUNTY DISTRICT, ss.

In Probate Court holden at Newbury, within and for said district, on the 17th day of December, A. D. 1868. John Bailey, Jr., Administrator on the estate of Harriet Eastman late of Newbury in said district deceased, presents his administration account for examination and allowance, and makes application for a decree of distribution and partition of the estate of said deceased. Whereupon it is ordered by said Court that said account and said application be referred to a session of said Court to be held at the Trotter House, in Bradford, on the 3d Tuesday of January, A. D. 1869 for hearing and decision thereon; and that all concerned be notified hereof, by the publication of this order in the National Opinion, printed at Bradford, three weeks successively as soon as may be, that they may appear, and at said time and place, and show cause, if any they may have, why said account should not be allowed and such decree made.

By the Court. Attest H. W. BAILEY, Judge

John Peach's Estate.

STATE OF VERMONT,
ORANGE COUNTY DISTRICT, ss.

In Probate Court, holden at Newbury within and for said District, on the 2d day of December A. D. 1868.

A. M. Peach, Administrator on the estate of John Peach, late of Newbury in said district, presents his administration account for allowance. Whereupon it is ordered that the same be referred to a session of said Court to be held at the Trotter House, in Bradford, on Tuesday of January, 1869 for hearing and decision thereon; and that all concerned be notified hereof, by the publication of this order in the National Opinion, printed at Bradford, three weeks successively as soon as may be, that they may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they may have, why said account should not be allowed and such decree made.

By the Court. Attest H. W. BAILEY, Judge.

Solomon Jewell's Estate.

STATE OF VERMONT,
ORANGE COUNTY DISTRICT, ss.

In Probate Court, holden at Newbury within and for said district, on the 16th day of December, A. D. 1868.

Geo. Jewell Administrator on the estate of Solomon Jewell late of Newbury, deceased, makes application to settle his Administration account upon said estate. Whereupon it is ordered that the same be referred to the 2d Tuesday of January next at the Probate Court in said Bradford for examination and allowance, and that all concerned be notified hereof, by the publication of this order in the National Opinion, printed at Bradford three weeks successively, as soon as may be, that they may appear at said time and place, and show cause. If they have any, why said account should not be allowed, and such decree made.

By the Court. Sign'd
Attest H. W. BAILEY, Judge.

LYMAN CLARK'S ESTATE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, having been appointed by the Honorable Probate Court for the district of Bradford, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Lyman Clark, late of Strafford, in said District deceased represent insolvent, and the term of six months from the 29th day of October, 1868, being allowed by said Court to the creditors of said deceased, to exhibit and prove their respective claims before us; Give notice, that we will attend to the duties of our appointment at the dwelling house of the widow of the deceased, in Strafford, in said District, on the 27th day of April, next, at ten o'clock, in the forenoon.

CHAS. BARRETT, }
D. M. BRAGG, } Commissioners.
Strafford, Dec. 3d, A. D. 1868.

JACOB LEIGHTON'S ESTATE

THE SUBSCRIBERS, having been appointed by the Honorable Probate Court for the District of Bradford, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons, against the estate of Jacob Leighton late of Corinth in said District, deceased, represented insolvent, and the term of six months from the 9th day of November 1868, being allowed by said Court to the creditors of said deceased, to exhibit and prove their respective claims before us; Give notice, that we will attend to the duties of our appointment at the Store of J. K. Darling, in Corinth in said District, on the 5th day of January and 6th day of April next, at one o'clock, in the afternoon, on each of said days.

J. K. DARLING, }
A. S. COTTON, } Commissioners.
Corinth, Dec. 8th A. D. 1868.

JOHN M. THOMPSON'S ESTATE

STATE OF VERMONT
BRADFORD DISTRICT, ss.

In Probate court, holden at Newbury, within and for said District, on the 16th day of December, A. D. 1868.

Edwin Fuller, Administrator *de bonis non* of the estate of John M. Thompson late of Newbury in said District, deceased, makes application to said Court for license to sell all of the real estate of said deceased, representing that said sale will be for the best interest of all concerned. Whereupon, it is ordered by said Court that said application come under consideration and be heard on the 3d Tuesday of January, A. D. 1869, at the Trotter House in Bradford, and, it is further ordered, that all persons interested be notified hereof, by publication of this application and order thereon, three weeks successively in the National Opinion printed at Bradford, before said time of hearing, that they may appear at said time and place, and, if they see cause, object thereto.

By the Court.—Attest,
H. W. BAILEY Judge

That Iron is valuable as a Medicine has long been known, but it has only since the preparation of it in the particular form of Peruvian Syrup was discovered that its full power over disease has been brought to light. Its effect in cases of dyspepsia and debility is most salutary.

Persons who have become thoroughly chilled from any cause, may have their circulation at once restored by taking into the stomach a teaspoonful of "Johnson's Anodyne Liniment" mixed in a little cold water, well sweetened.

"'Tis a penalty of nature that all must fade and wither." The first inroad upon our personal charms is generally denoted by the hair, and in most cases prematurely. Let all who would preserve their natural capillary adornments make haste to apply that never-failing potency, "Barrett's Vegetable Hair Restorer."—*Hartford Courant.*

Those who suffer from coughs, colds, bronchitis, croup, influenza, or whooping cough, will find sure relief in Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, which has now been in use for nearly half a century, and still maintains its long established reputation as the great remedy for all diseases of the throat, lungs and chest.

To beautify and dress the hair, and restore it to its natural color, and impart that beautiful gloss, odor, etc., use Mrs. S. A. Allen's Improved (new style) Hair Restorer or Dressing, (in one bottle.) Every druggist sells it. Price One Dollar. 20eow1

NATIONAL BANK OF SPRINGFIELD, Wells River, Vt., Dec. 1, 1868.
The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank, for the election of Directors, and the ensuing year, will be held at the banking House, on Tuesday, the 12th day of January next, at 10 o'clock in the A. M.
GEO. LESLIE, Cashier.

ORANGE COUNTY NATIONAL BANK of Chelsea, Vt.
The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Bank, for election of Directors, and such other business, will be held at their Banking House on Tuesday Jan. 12th, 1869, at 10 o'clock a. m.
J. C. HOUGHTON, Jr. Cashier.
Chelsea Vt. Dec. 11th 1868.

Liberation.

THIS is to notify all to whom it may concern, that I have this day given my son Edmund Henry Gates, his time during the remainder of his minority, and will claim none of his wages or pay any debts of his contracting after this date, Dec. 5th, 1868.
HARLEY M. GATES.
In presence of Moses H. Ray and Lyman H. Smith.

TO PHYSICIANS.

NEW YORK, August 16th 18—.
Allow me to call your attention to the preparation of Compound Extract Buchu, of unexpected parts are Buchu, Long Leaf Juniper Berries.

Mode of Preparation.—Buchu, Juniper Berries, by distillation, etc., etc. Combining the active properties of each, and more palatable than any other. The active properties are by this menstruum extracted.

Buchu, as prepared by Druggists generally, is of a dark color. It is a fact that it has no fragrance; the action of a vehicle to extract its active principle, leaving a very unsightly residuum. Many of the best physicians prescribe it in preference to any other preparation of Buchu. The Buchu in my preparation is free from impurities, the small quantity of alcohol employed as a menstruum is entirely evaporated, leaving the active principle, to be tested by any person upon inspection, it will be found, and will be found to be free from any acrid or other impurities. The Buchu as made in the Compound Syrup and the tincture can be used in cases where fever or inflammatory state. In this you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.

Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation, with a feeling of confidence I am respectfully, H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist and Druggist of 15 years Experience in Philadelphia, and now located at the Drug and Chemical Warehouse, 594 Broadway, New York.

From the largest Manufacturing Chemist in the World.

I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. Helmbold, he occupies the Drug Store opposite my dwelling, and was successful in conducting business where others had not been successful before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise.

WILLIAM WELDRIDGE,
Firm of Powers & Weightman, Manufacturing Chemists, Ninth and Brown Streets, Philadelphia.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT OF BUCHU for weakness arising from indiscretion, the combined powers of Nature which are supposed by so many alarming symptoms, which will be found, Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Wakefulness, Horror of Disease, or Forebodings of Evil, and Pain in the Back, Dimness of Sight, Prostration, and inability to attend into the enjoyments of society.

The constitution once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S Extract Buchu invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity ensues.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu, in all affections peculiar to Females, is unequaled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Painfulness, or suppression of customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrous State of the Uterus, and all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from habits of dissipation, imprudence in, or the decline or change of life.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure, completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, copaiva and mercury, in all these diseases.

Use Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu in all diseases of these organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

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The reader must be aware that, however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect the bodily health and mental powers.

All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. Helmbold's Extract Buchu is the great Diuretic.

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