

News.

From Wednesday's Oregonian we have dates to December 22d. Both branches of Congress had adjourned to January 5th.

On the 21st the main wall of the hospital buildings of the Bennington Howard University at Washington, fell, precipitating fifteen workmen some fifty feet to the ground, injuring them all more or less seriously.

The jury in the Young murder case at Indianapolis, after being out thirty-six hours, failed to agree. Mrs. Clem was immediately arrested for the murder of Jacob Young, the first trial having been for the murder of Mrs. Young. The prosecution has sufficient additional evidence to warrant them in the belief that conviction will be secured on a second trial of Mrs. Clem.

The Brooklyn council, on the 21st, voted \$300,000 in aid of the building of a bridge across East river, to be paid as soon as \$200,000 was secured from other parties.

The Times says the policy adopted by Sheridan is entirely new, but he has been compelled to adopt it by the miserable failures of the Indian Agents and the Peace Commissioners. He trusts that he will not be obstructed in the execution of his policy by the President or Congress.

A Tribune special says Gen. Grant has ordered General Babcock to go in person to Arkansas and examine the condition of affairs there and report at once to headquarters.

The Herald says there is more anxiety to get on the Pacific Railroad committee than any others.

Further particulars have been developed of stupendous custom house frauds. It appears that goods to the value of over half a million, from time to time, have been invoiced by Guteman, Thomas and others.

The Avaranche's Little Rock correspondence says many prominent citizens have fled from the Conway county militia to that city. The Ku Klux were committing unheard of atrocities. General Upham reports from Augusta that a detachment under Captain Taylor drove the insurgents out of Woodruff into Jackson, killing one and capturing prisoners, arms and ammunition.

Specials say that Seward's dispatches from Cuba show that the insurrection cannot last much longer unless civil war should break out in Spain.

At Toronto, Dec. 21st, the Court of Queen's Bench refused to grant a new trial to Whalen, the murderer of D'Arcy McGee. The prisoner will appeal against the ruling of the Court of Errors and Appeals.

In London (Eng.) on the 21st, the full report of the President's message had been received. The Times refers to the President's stubbornness and denounces his repudiation proposition. It approves of the action of the Senate and House in their disposal of the document.

Indian Campaign.

The Oregonian gathers some facts in relation to the campaign, to be prosecuted this winter against the Indians of the plains, from the St. Louis papers. The plans as projected and now in progress, include the services of 5,000 troops divided into eight bodies, the whole under the command of Phil Sheridan, who are moving simultaneously from the east, north and west of the location of the hostile Indians, and will cover the country and force them toward the western portion of the Indian Territory, or the region intersected by the 35th parallel of latitude and 105th meridian. It is expected that the converging columns will thus be able to compel the Indians to surrender and be placed on reservations, or will chastise them into peace. The hostile warriors number between three and four thousand, and will hardly be able to resist the forces now being sent against them. They have never known Uncle Sam before to take the "war path" with the winter coming on.

According to the statement just published in a work by A. H. Jackson, of New York, city, the Indian wars of the last thirty-seven years has cost the Government \$290,000,000. The Black Hawk war cost \$5,000,000 and 400 lives; Florida war, \$150,000,000 and 1,500 lives; Sioux war of '62, \$40,000,000; Cheyenne war of '64, and another difficulty with Sioux, \$80,000,000; the war which commenced in 1867 with the Cheyennes, and which is not yet settled, has already cost some \$15,000,000. The cost of Indian wars on this coast is put down at \$30,000,000. It is to be hoped that this winter's campaign will thoroughly civilize our red brethren, and stop this expensive warfare forever.

An enormous gray Clydesdale stallion, purchased in Canada, weighing 2,300 pounds, was one of the curiosities on exhibition at the State Fair in Vermont.

An American traveler states that a supper, night's lodging and breakfast, in Belgium, costs 36 cents. Delightful country!

NEW PAPER.—It is announced that Beriah Brown will start a paper at Salem.

It is said that Sunday services in Boston are now liberally attended.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—In the Senate, Ramsey reported a bill abolishing the franking privilege.

Edmunds introduced a bill respecting the admittance of Georgia, and providing a provisional government for that State. Referred to Judiciary Committee.

Williams introduced a bill for the better administration of justice in the Territories. Referred.

The Senate held a brief executive session. A resolution was adopted asking the Secretary of the Interior for information as to whether the Indians recently attacked by Custer were hostile or peaceable.

The Senate took up the resolution expressing sympathy with the people of Spain. Davis and Salisbury objected, characterizing the latter part of the resolution as a piece of officious impertinence. The resolution passed—41 to 5. The resolution sympathizes with the effort of the people of Spain to establish a more liberal form of Government, and expresses the hope that it may be conducted in such a manner as will promote the triumph of liberal institutions, and earnestly appeals to the people not to allow the present opportunity to pass without securing immediate emancipation of the slaves, and finally the abolition of slavery throughout the Spanish dominion.

The Clerk of the House appeared with a resolution on the death of Thad. Stevens. Cameron, Buckalew, Morrill and Sumner delivered eulogies. The Senate adjourned to Monday, having first adopted appropriate resolutions on the death of Stevens.

A resolution was adopted to print 300,000 of the eulogies delivered on Thad. Stevens.

Wasburne reported a pension bill, which appropriates \$24,000,000. Its consideration was postponed till January 5th.

Sypher presented the credentials of Mainard, a colored representative from Louisiana, which were referred to the Committee on Elections.

Julian introduced a bill which passed, extending the provisions of the Pension Act to orphan children of deceased soldiers.

The death of Finney, of Pennsylvania, was announced, and appropriate remarks were made by Pettis, O'Neal, Randall and Woodward, and a committee was appointed to receive the remains at New York, upon their arrival from Brussels, and accompany them to the Pennsylvania House.

On the 17th, the Senate confirmed the appointment of Charles H. Poor, as Rear Admiral in the Navy. Other appointments in the same service were confirmed.

Morton introduced a bill which provides for the purchase of about thirty acres of land on Meridian Hill, as a site for an Executive Mansion, and appropriates \$150,000 for that purpose.

The Senate Committee of Investigation on the alleged corruption in connection with the purchase of Alaska, examined nearly all the leading newspaper correspondence to-day.

MEMPHIS, Dec. 18.—The Avaranche's Little Rock special says the latest information from Augusta shows that that place is nearly deserted by the citizens. Those remaining hourly expect an attack upon the militia from the outsiders.

In the Legislature, Brooks introduced a bill requiring all persons to withdraw from the Ku Klux within thirty days, under the penalty of imprisonment for ten years in the penitentiary, which was ordered printed.

A resolution was adopted flooring the Governor's proclamation of martial law in Conway county.

RICHMOND, Dec. 18.—The farm of Ex-Governor Wise, in Princess Ann county, so long held by the Government, was yesterday surrendered to the owners.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 19.—A meeting of the Farragut Prize Association was held last evening, and a letter from Admiral Farragut read stating that he was doing all in his power to forward the claims of his men for prize money for captures. A number of other letters from naval officers were read.

NEW YORK, Dec. 19.—A New Orleans special to the Herald, says the steamer Havana, which cleared from New York for New Orleans as a merchant vessel, hoisted the Peruvian flag, when the crew mutinied and were discharged. Custom House officers boarded her on Friday. The Captain refused to enter her at the Custom House, on the plea that she is a Peruvian naval vessel. Collector Fuller demanded of the Peruvian officials the production of the vessel's papers, showing by what authority a vessel clearing from New York as a merchantman for New Orleans can appear as a vessel of war. Not getting any satisfaction to-morrow, he will seize the vessel, unless he gets contrary orders from Secretary McCulloch. The same difficulty occurred when the iron clads left. Fuller was firm, but Seward harmonized the matter. Garcia ignores the course of the collectors and the marshals, and is determined to carry his point.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—The Herald's Washington dispatch says that the great bustle apparent at the State Department yesterday, notwithstanding its being Sabbath, is supposed to have been for the preparation of dispatches for Minister Johnson.

It is supposed that Laird & Co. builders of the Alabama, are trying to obtain the proceeds of the blockade runner which they built and which was captured during the war and sold.

A clerk in the Register's office of the Treasury Department is missing. His accounts show a deficit of several thousand dollars.

Mr. Van Wick's reports on the revenue frauds is printed. It says: "In continuing the investigation commenced more than a year ago, I find merely that the frauds yet existing in the revenue department are of the same kind as here-

tofore, but not to the same extent by reason of the reduction of the tax on whisky, and making the estimate of capacity on amount of production. When the capacity system shall be improved and modified as experience already demonstrates will be necessary, the frauds will be lessened and the revenue increased. The greatest want is comparatively honest officials, but no improvement can be hoped for under the present Executive. This fact Congress should have observed and acted on long ago, and then devised a system which human ingenuity could not so easily circumvent.

The lock factory, Union bank building and a few others were destroyed by fire. Total loss, \$10,000, mostly insured. Four firemen were injured by falling down from a ladder.

Mr. Greely has a three column letter to Senator Morton on his recent speech as to the resumption of specie payments. He differs from Morton, and believes a prompt resumption possible, and argues on that point at length.

In a speech at a banquet in Philadelphia, on Saturday night, Colfax said, relative to the incoming Administration, that it will be characterized by the most searching retrenchment honesty, effective and high character in everything connected with the public service; rigid guardianship over the Treasury against unwise and extravagant schemes of financial policy, which shall maintain our credit unimpaired, appreciate our currency, and place us on a firmer basis.

CHICAGO, Dec. 21.—A large four story brick building, in process of erection, was blown down yesterday, completely demolishing in its fall the houses on either side. One was unoccupied. Several persons were in the other some of whom were considerably injured. Their escape from death was a miracle. Four horses were killed in a barn, which was also crushed by the falling walls.

The Republican's Washington special says that Baron Boasloff, late Danish Minister to Washington and now Secretary of War of Denmark, arrived yesterday to press the treaty for the ratification of the St. Thomas purchase.

Commissioner Rollins has finally concluded not to tender a resignation, but to remain in office until Grant's inauguration.

The Tribune's Omaha special says the Union Pacific Railroad track is completed 962 miles west of Omaha.

The Nebraska State House at Lincoln will be ready for the reception of the new Legislature, which meets in January.

SPRINGFIELD, Dec. 21.—Orders have been received at the U. S. Arsenal in this city to pay the workmen four-fifths of the usual rate per day for all work done since August 20th, when the eight hour law went into operation. Work is to be resumed next month on the ten hour system.

By Cable we have the following dates: PARIS, Dec. 8.—It is rumored that the Turkish Admiral (Hobdard Pascha) followed the Greek steamer Empires into the port of Syria and sunk her.

The Emperor and Empress to-day visited Queer Isabella.

GIBRALTAR, Dec. 19.—There was a heavy shock of earthquake here to-day, but caused no damage to life or property.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 18.—It is officially announced that the Sultan has resolved to enforce the demands of Greece. Four frigates have sailed for the Archipelago.

CADIZ, Dec. 17.—The city is tranquil, and recent fugitives are returning to their homes.

PARIS, Dec. 19.—Dispatches report that Turkish ships have been sent to Greek waters to establish a blockade, and that Turkish troops are collecting on the Greek frontier to prevent volunteers from making incursions into Thessaly and Macedonia.

The following is the latest which has been received from the East: The Greek Government has dispatched two men-of-war to Syria to demand of Seabold Pasha that he shall not obstruct the free entrance of the harbor. There were three foreign vessels at Syria, belonging respectively to the French, British and Prussian navies. Seabold Pasha will not attempt to blockade Syria, and has already allowed the Greek ships to enter the harbor.

A letter from Athens of the 12th, represents the city as a scene of great popular animation. Bands of men are flocking from the interior, and parading the streets. Great bitterness of feeling is being shown against the French Admiral, who is unpopular, on account of the energetic demands he had made on the Greek Government to preserve peace.

NEW YORK, Dec. 19.—The Herald's Constantinople special says a rumor is current to the effect that the Turkish Admiral (Seabold Pasha) followed the Greek steamer Eryvinto a harbor of Syria. It is reported that the commander of the French war steamer Turbin requested the Turkish Admiral not to adopt coercive measures till he heard from Constantinople. This the Admiral agreed to do, and now awaits orders.

A Madrid special to the Herald says it is announced there that a conspiracy has been discovered at Navarra, and several arrests of parties implicated, have been made in Cadiz, notwithstanding the proclamation of clemency recently issued by the leaders of the late insurrection.

General Dulce sailed with the fleet for Cuba to-day.

LONDON, Dec. 19.—The French official journals say that the changes in the ministry are in confirmation of the Emperor's programme of policy, which is liberal at home and pacific abroad.

MADRID, Dec. 20.—A riot broke out in Terre, in the Province of Semora, caused by the hostility of the people to the organization of a State guard, in that town. It was quietly and quickly suppressed by the authorities.

The Correspondence asserts that the Carlists have formed a deep spread conspiracy for the possession of the Government, which only awaits the breaking out of strife between the Liberal party to develop its design.

PARIS, Dec. 20.—Queen Isabella has made a visit to the Emperor.

The Patrie says that the Porte will submit to the Great Powers documentary proof that Greece intends to incite insurrection in the Turkish Islands and then take possession of them.

From the North dates are to the 18th: VANCOUVER, Dec. 18.—A new stretch of cable was successfully laid to-day between San Juan and Lopez Islands, placing Victoria in telegraphic communication again with the main line.

The Legislature of British Columbia was formally opened yesterday by Gov. Seymour. His speech was received and gives usual satisfaction. In regard to confederation he says the question remains stationary for the present. Pending the settlement of the Hudson Bay Company's claims to the North West Territory, he strongly recommended the establishment of a Colonial Savings Bank under the management of the Government, and concludes by congratulating the Colony on its improved condition and encouraging prospects.

A farmer named Burtis, on Salt Spring Island, was found lying on his back riddled with buck shot and his throat cut from ear to ear. No traces of the murderer have been discovered.

The revenue cutter Wyanda arrived yesterday, and sails for Sitka on Wednesday next.

SAN FRANCISCO.—Under date of Dec. 21st, we have the following items from San Francisco:

W. J. Moulder, second mate of the ship Santee, was convicted on five counts of inflicting unusual punishment upon a sailor boy.

Thomas Brookbanks, convicted of manslaughter by killing Palmer, at the Montgomery House, last May, was sentenced to penitentiary for one year—the lowest penalty allowed by the statute.

Last night James Baxter, while intoxicated, went into Mr. Graham's stable, on Ellis street, and lay down by a horse in one of the stalls. Sometime during the night the animal lay down upon the man and he was found dead in the stall this morning.

Hon. A. A. Sargent, General McCook and Tom Fitch are among the passengers booked to sail for New York by the steamer Golden City to-morrow.

The libel case on trial of Pennypacker vs. the Bulletin. The suit originated in the Bulletin's article on Mr. Hayward's prosecution of Pennypacker for an alleged attempt to black mail.

N. S. Arnold has been held to bail in the sum \$6,000 to answer the charge of assault with intent to kill John Best by hitting him on the head with an iron bar.

On and after the first inst. the Pacific Mail Company will do their own freighting. It has heretofore been done by Wells, Fargo & Co. on commission.

A GOOD ONE FOR STOCKHOLDERS.—The following palpable "hit" is too good to be lost, so we give it as it will fit other localities than Paris. It is a "good thing," credited to a Parisian gamin (urchin, loafer boy), and reminds one of the part performed by the incorporators of railroad projects, etc., in various portions of the country. Here it is:

Two gentlemen were chatting on the Boulevard. One was a great speculator, developing the plan of a magnificent project, the other a dazzled capitalist, ready to snap at the bait. He hesitated a little, but was about yielding, merely making a few objections for conscience's sake.

Near these two passed a couple of youngsters of ten or twelve years. They were looking into a tobacco shop close by, and one cries to the other:

"By the pipe! I'd like to smoke a son's worth of tobacco."

"Well," said the other, "buy a son's worth."

"Ah!" as luck will have it, I haven't the son."

"Hold on, I've got two sons."

"That's the ticket, just the thing—one for the pipe and one for the tobacco."

"Oh, yes; but what am I to do?"

"You? Oh, you shall be a stockholder; you can spit."

It was a flash of light. The capitalist thrust his hands into his pocket and fled. The speculator cast a furious look at the urchins, and turned down the street.

CHEAP REMEDY.—We find in one of our exchanges what is said to be an excellent remedy for burns. It says if you lay a piece of charcoal on a burn, the pain will immediately subside. By leaving the charcoal on the burn one hour, the wound will be completely healed. This is a very cheap remedy, easily obtained, and no possible harm can result from its use.

GOLD DISCOVERIES IN ARIZONA.—Of recent gold discoveries in Arizona, the Virginia Enterprise says that a party of fifteen men, with Herman Schoneman at their head, penetrated far into the Apache country, and discovered a region in which they found placer mines which they believe to be as rich as were those of California in early times. In one place Mr. S. obtained three bits in washed gold in coarse grains from a single pan of dirt, carrying the dirt fifteen miles to wash it. The dirt was not scraped from the crevices of a ravine but was taken from a hill of gravel. Water could be got upon these gold fields and immense fortunes taken out of the diggings but for the relentless Apaches. No small party can stay in the country.

At the recent revival meeting in the M. E. Church, South, at Dallas, Polk county, Oregon, under the ministrations of Rev. A. E. Sears, twenty-five persons were added to the church, and many more were made to realize their sinful condition, who gave evidence of a determination to mend their ways, says the Signal of that place.

Jonathan Way, of Dallas, was fined \$100, recently, for selling whisky to a minor.

At a regular communication of Harmony Lodge, No. 12, F. & A. M., Portland, the following officers were elected for the ensuing Masonic year: W. H. Brackett, W. M.; W. H. D. Joyce, S. W.; W. A. Daly, J. W.; J. L. Atkinson, Treasurer; W. D. Carter, Secretary, and A. G. Walling, Tyler. Installation will take place on the 27th inst., in conjunction with Willamette Lodge, No. 2.

The act incorporating the town of Roseburg, through the chicanery of some one, says the Ensign, did not reach there in time for a vote to be taken on it as required, therefore Roseburg will have to remain in statu quo for two years more.

The Guard says that a little child of Mr. and Mrs. Cook, of Eugene, was playing on the floor with a doll, when she fell down and immediately expired.

Mr. Ainsworth Chambers shot a large, white swan near his father's residence, on Chamber's Prairie. It measured seven feet six inches from tip to tip of the wings. A large flock of them wintered, last winter, near the place where this one was shot.

G. W. Hobart, Esq., of Silverton, has invented a machine for stuffing harness collars, which is pronounced a success. It requires but fifteen minutes to stuff a collar, and it does its work well.

From the Journal of the 19th, we learn that the revival meetings at the M. E. Church in Eugene City still continues, with unabated interest.

The same paper asks: "If the Republican members of Congress constitute a Rump, what may the Democratic members be said to constitute?"

A fire occurred at La Grande on Wednesday evening of last week, which consumed the livery stable of Geo. Coggan. Twelve horses, four buggies, hay, oats, and other feed in the stable, totally destroyed. Loss between \$5,000 and \$6,000.

At a meeting held by the Corvallis people to consider the Yaquina railroad question, it was decided to make a preliminary survey, and then ask Congressional aid to build the road.

The Eugene Guard says that the gambling law, which went into effect on Friday last, has made sad havoc among the "cardists" of our town. This vice has been carried on to an alarming extent in our community of late, and we are truly glad that it has been stopped.

SIXTH ANNIVERSARY OF EMANCIPATION.—The colored people of Oregon intend celebrating the sixth anniversary of the emancipation of the slaves in the United States, on the 1st day of January, 1869, at the Court House in Portland, commencing at 6 o'clock P. M. The exercises are to consist of reading the Emancipation Proclamation, oration, poem, music, vocal and instrumental, etc. The oration is to be delivered by Rev. Bishop Ward, of the African M. E. Church. The Oregonian says the colored people of Portland are making extensive preparations to entertain guests from other parts of the State, and it is expected the celebration will be rather imposing.

RINGING WORDS.—The New Haven (Conn.) Palladium, a leading Republican journal of that State, prints the following stirring words in regard to the result of the election in that section:

That our own Connecticut has redeemed herself is cause for profound gratitude for all who cherish a just pride in her record during the war. She but hesitated for a moment, her heart was still true to freedom. She could not forget the brave dead who sleep in her valleys. She could not write "In vain!" on the tombs of Lyon, Mansfield, Sedgewick and Foote. She but bided her time, and when she saw the traitors she had already helped to defeat in the field of battle, arrayed in line, she gave them a volley as truly fatal as over her Boys in Blue fired into the rebel ranks. There is no mistaking the verdict she has pronounced upon those who claimed that she had joined the party of treason and dishonesty. She comes back to the ranks of her New England sisters with honor, and there will be rejoicing over her return. True to herself, New England is once more in unbroken line.

As an instance exemplifying the truth of this proverb, "In the midst of life we are in death," three members of the Knickerbocker Ball Committee, which, says the Virginia Safeguard, has been in type a few weeks, have "gone to that borne whence no traveler returns." Two of them were violent deaths.

STATE ITEMS.

NEWS PARAGRAPHS.

Yale college has graduated 150 Smiths. Lawrence (Mass.) employs 35,000 factory girls.

The cigar, shoe and tobacco makers are on a strike in New York.

At the ensuing election in England about 1,000 women will vote.

In point of voting population, San Jose is the third city in California.

The new M. E. Church at Austin, Nevada, cost \$50,000 currency.

Cincinnati polled 9,600 more votes than Chicago at the late election.

A Prussian infant of four years weighs two hundred and twenty six pounds.

One county in Ohio raised a quarter of a million bushels of peaches this year.

Poor girls are furnished lodging and meals for five cents each in New York.

One and a half billions worth of liquor is annually sold in the United States.

The longest settled Congregational minister in California is Rev. Geo. Moor.

The city of Lima (Peru) is afflicted with earthquakes, yellow fever and small-pox.

The snow sheds on the Central Pacific Railroad extend a distance of twenty-two miles.

Wine, it is said, is being made in Gainesville, Fla., of tomatoes, which is reported splendid.

The Society of the Jesuits has been suppressed in Spain and the Spanish Islands, and their property confiscated.

An individual in Maine has been indicted as a common nuisance for stirring up perpetual strife among his neighbors.

ALBANY RETAIL MARKET.

Table listing market prices for various goods like wheat, oats, flour, sugar, etc. with prices per bushel or barrel.

New York quotations to the 21st are as follows:

Gold opened in New York at 134 1/2, closing at 135 1/2; sterling, 109 1/2 @ 110 1/2; U. S. bonds, 5 20s, 110 1/2 @ 109 1/2, for issues of 1862 and 1867.

California flour and wheat dull and nominal at \$7 @ 12 and \$2 20 @ 25.

Liverpool quotation for California wheat steady at 12s.

San Francisco quotations to same date show no improvement in breadstuffs:

Flour—Superfine, local brands, \$4 75 @ 4 87 1/2 @ 100 lbs; extra, \$5 75 @ 5 87 1/2.

Wheat—Santa Clara, \$1 50; common, \$1 65; choice shipping, \$1 85; market closed firm at \$1 80 @ 1 85 for best samples.

Barley—Market firm at \$2 25 @ 2 55 for feed and brewing.

Oats—Market firm at \$2 @ 2 25 for California. Sales of Oregon or terms reserved.

MARRIED.

At the residence of Wm. Smith, on the 18th inst., by S. H. Claughton, J. P., C. S. Dustin to Rufina Smith, all of Linn county, Oregon.

NEW TO-DAY.

Stockholders' Election. NOTICE. The Stockholders in the Linn County Agricultural Association are notified that their next annual election for a Board of seven Directors will be held at the Court Room in Albany, on the 1st Thursday, the 7th day of January, 1869, at 1 o'clock P. M. JAMES ELKINS, Secy.

TUCKER'S CELEBRATED SPRING BEDS!

THE TUCKER SPRING BED IS SAID BY all who have used them to be the CHEAPEST and BEST now in USE.

We refer with confidence to all who have tried them. Read the following EXTRACTS FROM LETTERS:

Metropolitan Hotel, Washington, Dec. 6, 1866. THOS. J. FISHER, Esq., Pres. Tucker Manufacturing Co.—DEAR SIR: Some two years ago the beds of this establishment were thoroughly refitted with your superior "Tucker Patent Spring Bed," which, since then and now, have given the patrons of this Hotel universal satisfaction.

These beds are now manufactured, by permission of Patentees, at Albany, Oregon, and are for sale at all the principal furniture stores in Portland, Salem, Albany, etc. For particulars address, E. CARTER & SON, Albany, Oregon. Dec. 26, 1868-16.