

Republican Ticket for 1872.

FOR PRESIDENT, U. S. GRANT. FOR VICE PRESIDENT, HENRY WILSON.

Presidential Electors, A. B. BRADHAM, of Union county, W. D. HARRIS, of Washington county, J. P. GAZLEY, of Transylvania county.

Albany Register.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 9, 1872.

Not Probable.

It was Carl Schurz who said that if Greeley is elected, he will select from all parts such a Cabinet, and draw around him such men, as the nation will place entire confidence in.

The men who seem to have the warmest confidence of Greeley at this time, are members of, or in sympathy with, the Tammany Ring. Appointments from that quarter might suit the office-seeking Democracy, but not the honest yeomanry of the nation.

Let Loyal Men Remember.

The New York Tribune is now engaged in speaking in terms of compliment and praise of those confederate Generals who support Greeley, and in using the most harsh and vindictive language towards those Generals and officers who support Grant.

Transmogrified.

It is said that the whilom editor of the Tribune, now the "wood-chopper" of Chappaqua, has become studiously neat and tidy in his habits since his nomination for the Presidency.

Sumner's letter to the colored people is that of a disappointed politician, whose thwarted inability to lead and control has soured his disposition, and rendered him a misery to himself, and a disgraceable monument of selfishness and pretentiousness to the vision of every man who loves consistency and truth.

While Sumner in his letter to the colored citizens is very severe in his strictures on what he designates the "rings" which support President Grant, why is it that he omits to annihilate on the Tammany Ring, the Office-seekers' Ring, the Cotton Loan Ring, and a host of other Rings, which support the "Sage of Chappaqua"?

The Reason.

Democratic journals say they much prefer Greeley to Grant on the principle of choosing the lesser of two evils; but Greeley is considered the lesser, because he possesses a disposition and character which promise to yield implicit obedience to their wishes.

We know not, we ask not, just what is in thy heart; We know we can use thee, whatever the part.

Charles Sumner, in his letter of advice to the colored people, arraigns General Grant for having voted for James Buchanan. He forgets to add that Grant Brown, the man whom he now supports for Vice President, did all he could through the columns of the Missouri Democrat in procuring the election of Buchanan.

During the month of July last, the public debt was reduced over \$3,000,000. This persistent reduction of the national debt is very distressing to our Democratic Chappaquas.

In the letter of Charles Sumner to the colored people he says he is against the policy of hate; and yet no public man in the nation shows a more vindictive and hateful disposition in his writings and speeches, than he.

Because Greeley owns a farm and occasionally goes to it and cuts down a tree, the farmers, especially Democratic ones, are expected to vote for him for President.

The returns from the city election at Louisville, Kentucky must be very cheering to Democratic Chappaquas—over the left. It usually goes Democratic by a goodly majority—up in the thousands—but since the grand revolution (?) has been inaugurated, it has gone Republican.

The Democratic Chappaquas who burnt powder and yelled themselves hoarse over the, as they supposed, Greeley victory in North Carolina, must be willing to sell out now tolerably cheap—say two cents on the dollar.

News from North Carolina up to the 6th inst., indicate that the State has gone Republican by a majority of from one to two thousand. Phillips, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, figures Caldwell's majority at 1,400.

Anything to beat Grant, from a bowel complaint that Brown had in New York, to a clam-bake that Greeley was going to attend at Silver Springs, on the 6th.

As we go to press, the latest Washington telegrams from North Carolina state that the Republicans have carried the entire State ticket by majorities ranging from 1,500 to 2,000. When it is remembered that at the last general election in 1870, the Democrats carried North Carolina by a majority of 4,995, and then consider the tremendous efforts which have been used by the Liberals and Democrats to carry the present election, its significance as indicating the popular feeling in the South, cannot but increase the cheer and confidence of Republicans.

The first news from North Carolina caused the Democracy in these parts to open their mouths and tip toe around like peacocks. The last news doubled them all up with the Gratz Brown gripes, and as they go around sad and humped up like, their under lips hang over their chins, and they slobber at both ears.

A Brownsville, Texas, special says that the details of Mexican outrages given before the Commission are shocking. Men were made poor in a day by their heads being driven over the Rio Grande. Men were killed for a dollar tribute. A reign of blood is in the country.

Senator Wilson is drawing immense crowds in Indiana to listen to his speeches.

If the Wash papers in the United States are for Grant and Wilson.

Commenced.

Gen. Grant is charged with nepotism, because he has appointed a few of his relatives and friends to office under the government, as though this was a most heinous crime.

But where's the crime? It proves him a man of generous heart—complying with a divine command, to provide for those of his own household, thus redeeming his name from the charge of infidelity.

The few appointments of his friends, allowing to the utmost all that is charged, is but a paltry pittance of the thousands of offices within his gift, and, with perhaps one or two exceptions, are of but a third or fourth-rate class. Think of Clas Sumner, to whom greatness of mind has so generally been accorded, and whose name ought to have gone down to posterity in its greatness untarnished, standing up in the American Senate, in the fulness of his fame, betraying such malignant little ess of soul in trumpeting charges which don't amount to a breach of political ethics even in these days of degenerate politicians.

What of Schurz, a fugitive from his native land, taken up in this country of refuge and dangled into greatness and power by a confiding people, then turning his back ruthlessly upon the party that made him what he is, because some limit was sought to be placed upon his insatiable desire to control government appointments, proves him an ingrate—a disorganizer and a turbulent spirit in the land of his adoption, and throws at least a shade of suspicion over the record he made in the country he left.

Then there is Greeley, Fenton, Tipton, and others of less magnitude, by their course in pulling down what little fame they have built during a lifetime, meriting the contempt of their former friends, securing no respect from their life-long enemies, but preparing an ignominious finale to a life of fitful, overweening ambition.

Did the world ever exhibit a more pitiable cause for wailing, withering, blasted greatness, than these malecontents have shown? What is the sum of Gen. Grant's offending? That he keeps his own counsel, selects his own advisers, is true to his friends, like a good horse, visits occasionally the seashore, smokes his cigar, and preserves his identity among men, and is President of these United States, all to the utter disgust of these great Solons, who have been in public life so long that they have come to believe that this government and all that pertains to it belongs to them.

It is not charged that Grant is dishonest, or that his administration of the government has not been a good one; but that they have not been sufficiently flattered and consulted, and their wishes in all things obeyed. In short, the whole thing grows out of a spirit of jealousy, and that basest of all passions, envy, which so often fastens itself upon even great, but selfish minds, and which works as a subtle poison, but never fails to destroy its victim, and that without remedy.

A verteu editor relates that he once stopped at a restaurant in Washington, and noticing that the waiter was unusually sober, asked him if he was sick. "Yes," very curtly. "I is." "What's the matter?" "Why, sir, Washington's the wus place ever I see. When it's dry you can't see where you're gwine, and when it's wet you can't go."

A Scotch nurse was out with a baby in the master's garden, and the gander inquired, "Is it a haddock or a haddock?" "A haddock," said the maid. "Well," says he, "I'm glad o' that, for there's ever mopey women in the world." "Heeb, mon," says Bess, "did ye no ken there's ay' an'ist sown o' the best crap?"

EASTERN NEWS.

Vice President Colfax is announced to speak at a number of places in Indiana. Greeleyites have reported that he would not speak.

At Keokuk, Iowa, on the 30th ult., at the formation of a Grant club of one thousand members, several influential, life-long Democrats declared for Grant.

A letter from General Dix is published in which he says he is not justified in supporting Mr. Greeley without abandoning all his political principles.

During a heavy storm on the 2d inst. at Binghamton, N. Y., Rude Creek overflowed and carried away the house occupied by a family, named Owen, drowning two children.

On the night of the 2d, at New York, a gang of river pirates forced an entrance at the wharf of the Hamburg Steamship dock, at Hoboken, and stole watches valued at \$50,000 to \$60,000.

A Virginia goat has been trained to catch rats.

They freeze ice cream by steam at Columbia, S. C.

A Richmond, Va., lady ordered a forty-two dollar pair of stockings, for her wedding.

The U. S. Commission now in session in Texas to investigate the recent Mexican outrages there, have made some interesting developments. It is thought that agriculturalists are actually assisting cattle thieves. The efforts of Texan officers to recover before Mexican authorities have proven useless. Cattle stealing has been on the increase since the rebellion. Many murders have been committed, of army officers, couriers, soldiers, killed for plunder. State officials, Custom-house officers have been killed by the thieves. Nothing is safe from them.

A meeting of the colored citizens of Louisville, Ky., on the 1st, condemned the course of Sumner as unworthy of respect, and resolved to act with the Republican party.

A meeting of colored voters at Terre Haute, Ind., on the 1st, acknowledged Sumner's great services to the colored race, but declined to follow him out of the Republican party.

Milk is selling at a cent a quart in Minnesota.

The Connecticut State Convention will meet at Hartford on the 10th.

An entire business block, comprising eleven buildings, in Plymouth, Ind., was burned on the morning of the 2d. Loss \$40,000. A Mr. Poe was severely injured by falling from the roof of his building.

Judge Stanley Mathews, who was temporary chairman at the Cincinnati Convention, addressed an immense Republican meeting at Cletton, Ohio, on the evening of the 2d, and in a powerful speech, announced his determination to support Grant and Wilson.

A large meeting of colored citizens at Indianapolis, Ind., on the 2d, passed resolutions condemning the advice of Sumner to them; but on the contrary they resolved to do all in their power to elect Grant.

The colored voters of Detroit, Mich., at a large and enthusiastic meeting, after being addressed by Rev. G. Wilson, of Boston, a pupil and intimate friend of Sumner, who advised them to disregard Sumner's advice, passed resolutions pledging upswerving fidelity to the party which made colored men free, and determining to support Grant.

Burkhardt Wetzler, of Rochester, N. Y., recently divorced from his wife, on the ground of adultery, met her on the 31st ult., in company with her paramour, Jacob Galtzman. After striking the latter a fearful blow in the face, he shot him through the heart, and then shot himself, dying instantly. The woman escaped.

Michael Lowry, of New York, on the 31st ult., threw his wife from a third story window to the yard below. She will not recover.

By an explosion in a refinery at Cleveland, Ohio, on the 31st ult., one man was killed and another fatally injured.

The boll and army worms have done and are doing great injury to the cotton plantations of the South. But 50 bales will be made now where last year 100 bales were made. Planters are depressed.

The street car troubles had entirely ceased at Savannah, Ga., on the 31st ult.

Dean Academy, at Franklin, Mass., was burned July 31st; loss, \$120,000.

The recent Indian outrages in Texas, are charged to the Kickapoo.

A mob of disguised men, of Baltimore, Maryland, on the 31st ult., took three incendiary negroes from officers, and hung one of them to a tree. The fate of the others is not known.

The negroes of Covington and Newport had an excursion on the Ohio river on the 1st, which resulted in a continuous row. Razors, clubs and fists were used, many and bruised.

John A. Logan spoke for two hours to an immense audience, at Leavenworth, Kansas, on the 31st ult., on the frauds perpetrated by fictitious claims for property taken by Col. Jennison's regiment, in Jackson county, Mo., in 1861-2, to which Jennison is alleged to have sworn.

A reunion of all who were prisoners in the rebel prisons, is called by Hon. Harry White and forty others, to be held at Pittsburg on the 17th of September.

The Governor of Arkansas on the 31st ult., issued a proclamation deprecating the necessity which would compel him to place Pope county under martial law, but expressing his determination to do so, if the citizens did not return to their homes, lay down their arms and attend to the daily avocations of life.

At the Zombs Police Court, N. Y., on the 31st ult., General Kilpatrick entered a complaint against S. J. Jennings, of the New York Times, for alleged libel in a recent issue of that journal. Jennings was brought before the court on the 1st, and waived an examination, and was discharged on his own recognizance. The papers were sent to the Grand Jury. General Kilpatrick also sued the Daily Whig and Courier of Bangor, Maine, for libel, laying the damages at \$30,000.

Eight hundred German Catholics assembled in Mozart Hall, Cincinnati, Aug 4th, and passed resolutions of indignation at the expulsion of Jesuits from Germany.

Enough wild grapes are in Texas this year to make more wine than was ever manufactured in France in one year.

At a political discussion at Salem, Virginia, recently, between General Quenton and Colonel Mosby, a Dr. Wittiere, becoming offended at some remark made by Mosby, challenged him, and was accepted. On the 4th both parties were arrested and bound over to keep the peace. It was reported that they would go to Bladensburg and fight.

Five business houses fronting on the public square in Nashville, Tenn., were burned on the morning of the 5th.

William Lloyd Garrison, in a column-and-a-half letter addressed to Charles Sumner, reviewing the Senator's recent communication to colored voters, says: "I propose to speak with equal plainness, and as earnestly counsel my colored countrymen not to follow your lead in this matter, but as voters to move unitedly for the re-election of Grant, for every consideration pertaining to their safety and happiness, and the furtherance of national peace and unity."

A colored meeting at Oberlin Ohio, on the night of the 5th, resolved not to be led into the Democratic camp. Bear full allegiance to the Republican party, is its advice to all negroes.

A burning oil well at Titusville, Pa., on the 5th; burned three men to death, and, it is feared, mortally burned two others.

Senator Wilson spoke plainly to workmen at a monster meeting at the Indianapolis, (Ind.) Wigwam, on the 5th, inst.

The colored vote at Pittsburg, Pa., is from 1,300 to 2,000, solid for Grant.

Chris Rafferty, of Chicago, shot police officer O'Meara dead, and shot at officer Scanlon, while a warrant for his arrest was being read to him in a saloon. He was arrested.

The Independents beat the Democrats badly at Newport and Covington. The latter voted in favor of \$500,000 subscription to the new bridge.

A terrible tornado visited Harrisburg (Pa.) on the night of the 5th. Many buildings were injured and hundreds of trees were blown down.

The Liberal Republican State Central Committee of Boston have published a justification of their support of Greeley.

Mr. Greeley's proposition to pay \$400,000,000 to the master's of emancipated slaves, meets with no greater favor than his other proposition to pension the wounded rebel soldiers.

FOREIGN NEWS.

A dispatch from Suzy reports 2,000 Egyptians advancing on Abyssinia with a view to conquest. The Emperor Kassai is marching to meet them, but it is thought his defeat is certain, and that Magdala will fall into the hands of the invaders.

Advices say that the Attorney General for Ireland had announced in the British House of Commons, on the 23d ult., the purpose of the Government to prosecute twenty-four Roman Catholic clergymen in Ireland for alleged participation in the Galway affair.

It is now expected the Board of Arbitration at Geneva, will complete their work within a month.

The reports that Lord Hatherly has resigned the High Chancellorship of England, are premature.

A dispatch from Quebec, Aug. 5, says that at the general elections for the Center and West divisions, yesterday, the Cauchon men in Center took possession of the polls and commenced fearful excesses. The Ross men banded together to repel their attacks, but were too weak for their assailants, who were 2,500 strong and armed with revolvers. A fearful encounter took place at the foot of Eustache street. Several lives were lost, while the wounded are numberless. The Dominion artillery had to be called out, as well as the armed provincial police. The polls being taken possession of, no fair returns could be made, but Cauchon, the French Canadian candidate, is declared returned. The English-speaking population, it would seem, are to be exterminated by the French, according to the statements of the leaders of the French party. It is feared that more blood will be shed, as the Diamond Harbor boys are going up town to avenge the death of their men.

Next to the expulsion of the Jesuits, the subject most discussed in Germany now is the necessity for reducing the flow of emigration to the United States. The vast increase of emigration this year seems to have aroused the Government to a realization of its loss. Laws have been passed visiting punishment for evasion of military duty with a penalty of 50 to 1,000 thalers and imprisonment for one month to one year.

The Imparcial, speaking of the Cuban insurrection, says that over 13,000 rebels have been killed, and 70,000 have surrendered to the Spanish authorities. Ten thousand horses, 5,000 arms and 3,000 swords have been captured.

Three cases of Asiatic cholera have occurred at Berlin, Germany. William Bradford, the American artist, has received commissions from Queen Victoria and the Marquis of Lorne to paint for them several pictures representing scenes in the arctic zones.

The American residents of Paris, France, gave a banquet to Stanton on the night of July 31st. Washburn presided.