LARGEST PAID CIRCULATION OF ANY OLYMPIA NEWSPAPER

Official Paper of the Grange

Washington Standard

Published Continuously For 54 Years

"Hew to the Line, Let the Chips Fall Where they May"

VOL. LIV. NO. 13. ESTABLISHED NOV. 17, 1860. OLYMPIA, WASHINGTON, FRIDAY, JUNE 19, 1914. PRICE FIVE CENTS. WHOLE NUMBER 2,808.

1,500 EXPECTED AT EAGLES' SESSIONS

LOCAL LODGE PREPARES FOR UNUSUALLY LARGE ANNUAL MEETING.

With at least 1,500 guests expected and perhaps more, for reports from all over the state indicate that more lodge members expect to attend than generally join in the annual meetings, the ninth annual session of the Washington State Aerie, Fraternal Order of Eagles, will be held in Olympia a week from next Monday and Tuesday—June 29 and 30—and the local lodge members are arranging a varied program for their entertainment.

Considerably more interest prevails in the coming session at Olympia than is usual, according to reports reaching local Eagles, and they would not be surprised if 2,000 or 2,500 delegates visited this city during the two days' convention. They are making arrangements to handle a record-breaking crowd and, whatever the number that attends, each one will be assured comfort and plenty of entertainment.

Grand Ball Big Social Event.

The big social event of the convention will be the grand ball on Tuesday evening, June 30, which will close the convention and will be held at the Tumwater club. Elaborate preparations are being made by the local Eagles for this event and it promises to be one of the most brilliant of its kind the capital city has recently seen.

The sessions of the convention will be held at the Olympia theatre, the meeting of the state aerie to be called to order at 10 a. m. June 29 by R. E. Eastman, worthy president of Olympia Aerie No. 21. Then will come addresses of welcome by the mayor on behalf of the city, by Governor Lister on behalf of the state, and by P. D. Moore on behalf of the local lodge. These will be responded to by C. S. Baker, state president, on behalf of the state aerie, and by Thomas J. Cogan, grand worthy president, on behalf of the grand aerie. The morning session will close with an address by Hon. Thomas M. Vance, representing the local lodge.

Fraternal Parade a Feature.

Monday afternoon comes the grand fraternal parade which, it is expected will surpass any others in recent local history, when uniformed men only will be allowed in the parade and the local lodge will give a first prize of $50 for the aerie having the most members in parade and $25 for the second, and a first prize of $40 and a second of $20 for the aeries making the best appearance in the parade. Following the parade, the state aerie will hold another business session, while the visiting ladies will be entertained in various ways.

That evening a big clambake will be staged at electric park, Tumwater, and "some time" is also promised in this event and those who know how the local lodge entertains look forward to a great "feed." Later in the evening there will be the competitive exemplification of degree work by teams representing various aeries, to which members only will be admitted and for which the state aerie offers a first prize of $75, a second of $50 and a third of $25.

Tuesday will be given over entirely to business, the delegates remaining in session until the work is completed. In the evening comes the grand ball.

Big Logging Contract is Let.

A contract that means a great deal to Montesano was drawn up yesterday by W. H. Abel, whereby the Grays Harbor Lumber company, of Hoquiam, let the work of logging two sections of good timber adjoining Montesano on the east, says the Chehalis County Vidette. This work is to commence as soon as the camp can be put in, and will afford employment to 125 men. It is estimated that two years will be required to log the entire tract and during this time the entire force will be constant at work.

AUTO "TURNS TURTLE"

Only One of Seven Passengers Slightly Injured.

A broken arm and a sprained thumb were the only injuries received by any of the seven passengers, Mrs. G. C. Henry of Chehalis being the unlucky one, when an auto driven by Dr. C. W. Hanson of Chehalis turned turtle when the brake refused to work on the steep hill between Olympia and the Country club at Butler's cove. All the passengers were under the car when it stopped rolling, but the men extricated themselves first and then pried the car up with a log, releasing the women. In the car besides Dr. Hanson, were his wife and two small children, his mother Mrs. L. Hanson, and Mr. and Mrs. G C. Henry, his brother-in-law and sister. Mrs. Henry was taken to the local hospital for treatment. Two wheels were broken on the automobile and the steering gear twisted.

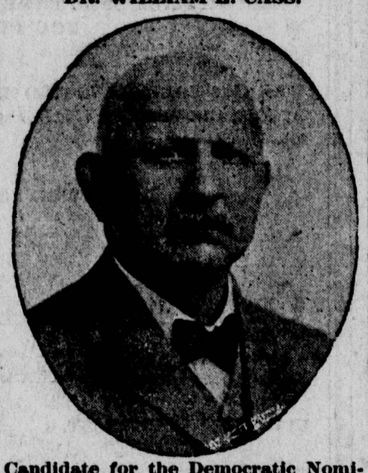
W. E. CASS ENTERS RACE FOR CONGRESS

VANCOUVER, WASH., PHYSICIAN WOULD REPRESENT THIRD DISTRICT.

Dr. William E. Cass of Vancouver, Wash., one of the prominent Democrats of Southwest Washington, who recently announced his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for congress from this—the Third—district, spent the fore part of this week in Olympia and Shelton in the interest of his candidacy, for which he is making a tour throughout the district.

Dr. Cass is the second Democrat in this district to enter the congressional race against Representative Johnson, the Republican incumbent, George Hazzard of Tacoma, having made his announcement a week or so earlier, but Dr. Cass is the first to undertake a canvass of the district. In making his announcement, Dr. Cass says:

DR. WILLIAM E. CASS.



Candidate for the Democratic Nomination for Congress in This District.

"I believe in the statesmanship of President Woodrow Wilson and his Democracy, and that under his leadership the future will be illustrious in the betterment of all civic affairs, in the betterment of the conditions of our citizenship and of mankind, and that it will contain wonderful possibilities for our commercial supremacy, for our industrial advancement and for the universal and nation-wide prosperity of our republic. I propose to support his administration, if elected."

Dr. Cass was one of the leaders in organizing Clarke county so efficiently in the campaign two years ago and his known ability as an organizer his wide acquaintance throughout the district and the support which his home county will give him are expected to make him a very strong contender for the nomination in the primaries September 8. He knows the conditions in the Third district well enough to realize that the Democratic nominee will be compelled to draw votes from all parties to be elected, as the Democratic vote two years ago was but 23.9 per cent of the total cast, and expects to make a whirlwind campaign to win.

Mrs. H. C. Heermans delightfully entertained at a bridge luncheon Tuesday afternoon in honor of Mrs. M. E. Hay, wife of former Governor M. E. Hay.

ANOTHER PIONEER DIES

Mrs. Melissa Rice, Native of County, Passes Away.

Death claimed another pioneer during the last week when Mrs. Melissa Rice, 58 years old, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Longmire, among the oldest and best known pioneers of the state, and herself a native of the state, died at the Tacoma General hospital last Thursday. Mrs. John A. Longmire, a sister-in-law of Mrs. Rice, died the week before.

Funeral services for Mrs. Rice were held at Yelm Sunday afternoon. She is survived by her husband, a daughter, Mrs. James L. Mousman of Yelm, two sons, J. F. and C. C. Rice, and two sisters and six brothers.

Mrs. Rice was born in the blockhouse near Yelm June 6, 1856, during the Indian war, and lived in this state all her life. At the close of the war her parents located on the now historic Longmire homestead about two miles from the blockhouse where she grew to womanhood and was married December 1, 1874, to L. N. Rice, who had come to this county from Kentucky the previous year. In 1886 they moved to Seattle, where Mr. Rice engaged in the wholesale meat business, retiring 13 years later and returning to Yelm, where he acquired the Longmire homestead and where the family has since resided.

PRESIDENT SIGNS CANAL TOLLS BILL

OPPOSES IMMEDIATE ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS—URGES TRUST LEGISLATION

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 19.—The last act in the president's long fight for the passage of the measure repealing the exemption of Panama canal tolls for American coastwise shipping, occurred here Monday morning when the president signed the measure without ceremony. The bill was passed by the senate last Thursday night, was approved by the house as modified Friday, and signed by Speaker Clark and Vice President Marshall Saturday, the president's absence from the capital delaying his approval until Monday.

Immediately the president turned to the progress of the anti-trust legislation and emphatically opposed Representative Underwood's plan for an immediate adjournment of congress until after election and consideration of an anti-trust program then at a special session, by declaring that to delay these measures would be the worst possible thing for national business interests.

Says Sentiment Manufactured.

For that matter, so far as business is concerned, the president told the newspaper correspondents, there is abundant evidence that the present so-called depression was manufactured in the hope of compelling delay. He charged plainly that a combination of business interests was behind such an effort but assured his hearers that the effort was doomed to defeat.

Business really, he added, was in a perfectly healthy condition. There was much unnecessary delay, the chief executive concluded, in disposing of Panama canal tolls repeal bill and he was convinced that at least part of it was due to a desire to tie up anti-trust legislation, which he intended, however, to insist should be put through as planned.

Vote on Tolls Bill.

The tolls repeal bill carrying an amendment specifically reserving all rights the United States may have under the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, was passed by the following vote:

Democrats, Bankhead, Bryan, Chilton, Clarke (Arkansas), Culberson, Fletcher, Gore, Hitchcock, Hughes, James, Johnson, Kern, Lea, Lee, Lewis, Martin, Myers, Overman, Owen, Pittman, Pomerene, Saulsbury, Shafroth, Sheppard, Shively, Simmons, Smith (Arizona), Smith (Georgia), Smith (Maryland), Smith (South Carolina), Stone, Swanson, Thompson, Thornton, West, White, Williams—37.

Republicans—Burton, Brandegee,

(Continued on page 8.)

TANNER TO WRITE BILLS

Attorney General Will Aid in Framing Measures for Legislature.

Attorney General W. V. Tanner has notified the state officials and departments that if they will make their recommendations to him at once he will draw such legislation as they desire to have passed by the next legislature.

Heretofore the departments have simply made their recommendations to the legislature, trusting the members of that body to draw the necessary bills. As a result but few of the recommendations have been enacted into law.

Mr. Tanner plans to gather all the data from the departments and then draw the bills. This, he believes, will do away with much of the ambiguity that has marked the session laws and will obviate the necessity of judicial construction to determine the true meaning of some of the bills.

It is believed that if the state officials co-operate in the matter that the next session of the legislature will remove more obsolete and fallacious legislation from the statute books than ever before. It will be difficult to draw legislation for some of the departments at this time, however, because of the pendency of initiative bills concerning them. These initiative bills cannot be amended by the legislature within a period of two years.

COMMITTEE REPORTS ON POWDER FACTORY

SAYS STATE COULD SELL EXPLOSIVE TO FARMERS FOR 7 CENTS A POUND.

The question of establishing a state owned and operated powder factory is now up to Governor Lister, the special committee composed of Ralph Metcalf and John A. Rea of Tacoma, and State Chemist E. Fulmer, having made its report without recommendation, thereby leaving the entire matter in the hands of the executive.

The committee obtained the services of R. S. Waddell, an expert from Illinois, to assist in the work. He found that a factory capable of turning out 10 tons of 40 per cent nitroglycerine powder or dynamite would cost $40,000 exclusive of the cost of the site. Forty acres of land on the tide water would be necessary as a site.

Could be Sold for 7 Cents.

Mr. Waddell estimates that powder could be manufactured and sold direct to the farmer for 7 cents a pound. The farmer is now paying from 10 cents to 14 cents a pound. This latter figure includes freight charges which were not figured in on the Waddell estimate of the cost of manufacturing. Taking this into consideration it is estimated that there would be a saving to the farmer of about $200,000 a year in the state of Washington.

In the report Chemist Fulmer denies the statement accredited to him by the State Grange that powder could be manufactured at a cost of 3 cents a pound. He says that he had made no investigation of the matter and did not know what it would cost at the time he was said to have made the statement.

The committee points out that the legislature made no appropriation for the maintenance and operation of a factory and did not provide a revolving fund so that additional legislation would be necessary before the factory could operate. But the factory could be built now and be ready for operation at the time when an appropriation made by the next legislature became effective.

Mr. Waddell in his separate report points out that a state factory would be laboring under a slight disadvantage in competing with the powder trust. It could not buy supplies as cheaply, not buying in such large quantities, and could not extend credit.

(Continued on page 8.)

FEW SIGN "SEVEN SISTERS."

Olympians Are Not "Strong" For Initiative Bills.

The "Seven Sisters" bills and the Socialist eight-hour law were not very warmly received in Olympia, according to the petitions filed with City Clerk I. N. Holmes for checking, the Socialist measure receiving the most signatures—120—while of the "sisters" the bill abolishing the employment agencies was most favored, being signed by 57.

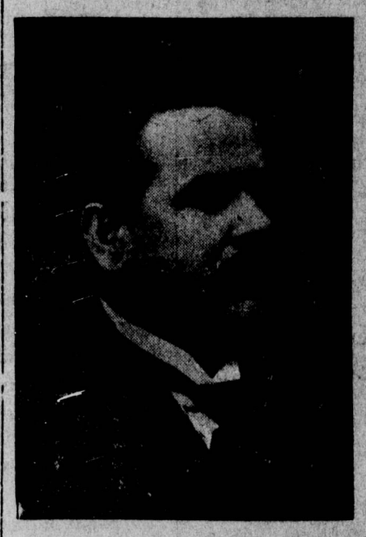
The number of names attached to the different petitions was as follows: No. 6, "Blue Sky" law, 53; No. 7, Abolishing burea of inspection, 52; No. 8, Anti-employment agency bill, 57; No. 9, First aid bill, 56; No. 10, Anti "pork barrel" road bill, 53; No. 11, Fish and oyster bill, 50; No. 12, Abolishing state tax commission, 50; No. 13, Eight-hour bill, 120.

COTTERILL URGES A UNITED DEMOCRACY

SENATORIAL ASPIRANT ALSO TELLS OF PROGRESS OF CANDIDACY.

Urging the presentation of a united front by all Democrats to the attacks to be expected in the coming campaigns, George F. Cotterill of Seattle, candidate for the Democratic nomination for United States senator, was the guest of honor at a luncheon given by the Thurston County Democratic club last Saturday, attended by more people than had greeted any other senatorial candidate, according to those who were there.

GEORGE F. COTTERILL



Senatorial Candidate Who Spoke to Local Democrats Saturday.

Mr. Cotterill made a stirring Democratic speech, recounting the constructive work of the party in the present congress and not attempting to hide or discount the criticism now becoming current, which, in fact, he advanced, as the reason why Democrats should unite at this "trying and crucial period to combat the unjust, carping criticism and to deliver more Democracy to remedy the evils we hove borne."

The former Seattle mayor has been making one of the most active campaings of any of the senatorial aspaigns of any of the senatorial as- the other day spoke of his candidacy as follows:

"Since making the announcement of my senatorial candidacy some two months ago, I have visited all portions of the state and have met with hundreds of Democrats and had correspondence with other hundreds, covering every county of the state. I am more than ever encouraged by the personal work done by fellow-workers in the cause of progressive Democracy, who are making my cause their own and carrying forward an earnest campaign of personal effort throughout the state.

"I am grateful for these many evidences of confidence," he continued, "and if I should be honored with the Democratic nomination in September, you can assure our Democratic friends as well as our political opponents that they will see a campaign from then until the popular election in November which will not only send a Democratic senator and several Democratic congressmen to support our president as he applies constructive Democracy to our nation, but also a Democratic legislature to support Governor Lister in a policy of real retrenchment."

112,101 NAMES ON BIG "DRY" PETITION

PROHIBITION HAS MORE THAN THREE TIMES NECESSARY SIGNATURES.

George D. Conger, state superintendent of the Anti-Saloon league, says that 112,101 signatures have been procured for the proposed initiative state-wide prohibition bill. The petitions were filed with the secretary of state Tuesday of this week.

Seattle heads list of signers with 14,000; Tacoma is second with 9,000; Spokane third with 5,000. Other communities show: Bellingham, 2,000; Everett, 1,500; Walla Walla, 1,000; Olympia, 790; Yakima county, 3,000; Pacific county, 2,000. Puyallup has 1,259 signatures out of 1,400 registered at time. This petition is said to be the biggest ever filed in country, California's having 84,000 names and Chicago's, 70,000.

Following its filing with the secretary of state, Superintendent Conger issued the following statement:

"There has been a persistent effort going on for the past six weeks to destroy the petition, or rather to get a chance to destroy the petition. Great sums of money have been offered for an opportunity to get at the petition. It is a peculiar one in this, that no person can sign two of them, and if this one was destroyed it would be practically impossible to duplicate it. In one instance a great sum of money was placed out in the open and the agreement was that I would get 50 per cent down and the balance when the petition was destroyed. My office force was also tempted and one employe was tendered a goodly sum of money and an amount equal to five years' pay in event it should result in losing the position held."

Approximately 32,000 signatures are required to give an initiative measure a place upon the ballot. At the election of 1912 approximately 330,000 votes were cast. If the same number should be cast this year on the prohibition question the Anti-Saloon league forces would need about 55,000 more votes than are represented by the signatures they possess, to insure passage of the bill.

The Stop-Look Listen league, which is opposing the "seven sisters" initiative measures and the proposed eight-hour law, is now bending its efforts toward having signers of these petitions withdraw their signatures. Attorney General Tanner ruled last week that signatures could be withdrawn at any time up to the moment when Secretary of State Howell completes his count and check.

Some results of the campaign have been made apparent already, as a few requests for withdrawal of signatures are reaching the secretary of state in advance of the petitions, which will not be filed until July 3. At last accounts the "seven sisters" measures lacked about 7,000 signatures of the 32,000 required. Strenuous efforts are being made to obtain this number of signers before July 3, but the interjection of the withdrawal feature into the fight promises to complicate matters so that it will be impossible to determine for some weeks after the petitions are filed whether the final count will show sufficient names.

Big New Mill at Tono Running.

The new mill of the Wabash Lumber & Shingle company at Tono opened this week with James Gilchrist as manager and Walter Ainsley superintendent. The mill will have a daily capacity of 100,000 feet and will add materially to the pay roll at Tono. A shingle mill is being erected and will be opened later. The new concern is a re-organization of the Salzer Valley Lumber company, which was forced to abandon its Centralia mill owing to the exhaustion of its timber supply.